

# GREAT GAINS WERE MADE

## Every Portion of the State Shows Increased Republican Majorities.

### The Machine Ticket Was Beaten in Multnomah County—Complexion of the Next Legislative Assembly.

(From Daily Statesman, June 7.)

As the clouds of battle clear away, the results of the recent election are found to be overwhelmingly Republican throughout the entire state, with the exception of Multnomah county, where the "regular" Republican Legislative ticket was slaughtered with the possible exception of two Representatives. Increased majorities or pluralities were everywhere received by the Republicans, and in several counties formerly controlled by the Fusionists or Democrats, the Republicans elected their tickets. The Republicans have certainly made big gains throughout the state, and the news will be most welcome to the National Convention which meets in Philadelphia soon.

Thomas H. Tongue, Congressman in the First district, and Malcolm A. Moody in the Second, have also been re-elected by increased pluralities. Mr. Tongue's vote is about 3000 over that of Dr. Daly, while Mr. Moody's is over 8000, and possibly 9000, over his Democratic opponent.

The Legislature has a Republican majority of about forty. As the Legislature is to elect a United States Senator for the full term of six years from March 4, 1901, to succeed Hon. Geo. W. McBride, this is most important. Following is the political division in the twelve hold-over Republicans and three hold-over Fusionists.

	Reps.	Fus.	or Cit.
Senate.....	23	7	
House.....	42	18	
Joint ballot.....	65	25	
Republican majority.....	40		

(Following are the names of the Senators and Representatives elected.)

- SENATORS.**  
 Cass and Curry—T. M. Dimmick, R. Crook, Klamath, Lake and Wasco—J. N. Williamson, Rep.  
 Douglas—D. C. Marsters, Rep.  
 Douglas, Lane and Josephine—R. A. Booth, Rep.  
 Multnomah—F. P. Mays, Rep.; R. D. Inman, Dem.; A. C. Smith, Rep.; J. E. Hunt, Rep.  
 Polk—B. F. Mulkey, Rep.  
 Union and Willamette—Justus Wade, Fus.  
 Wasco—T. H. Johnston, Rep.  
 Washington, Multnomah and Columbia—Alex Sweek, Cit.

Washington—W. H. Wehrung, Fus. Wheeler, Gilliam, Grant, Sherman and Wasco—W. W. Steiner Rep.  
 Yamhill, Tillamook and Lincoln—W. Tyle Smith, Rep.

### REPRESENTATIVES.

- Baker—W. E. Grace, Dem.  
 Benton—R. J. Nichols, Rep.  
 Clackamas—J. L. Kruse, Rep.; John Talbert, Rep.; Charles W. Toole, Rep.  
 Clatsop—John Hahn, Rep.; B. F. Allen, Dem.  
 Columbia—Norman Merrill, Rep.  
 Coos—A. H. Black, Rep.  
 Curry and Coos—R. D. Humm, Rep.  
 Douglas—C. Ross King, Rep.; A. R. Mattoon, Rep.  
 Gilliam, Grant, Sherman, Wasco and Wheeler—George Miller, Rep.; G. H. Castanach, Rep.; George A. Barrett, Rep.  
 Harney and Malheur—W. T. Baker, Fus.  
 Jackson—W. A. Carter, Rep.; M. Stewart, Rep.  
 Jackson and Douglas—E. D. Briggs, Rep.  
 Josephine—George W. Colvig, Rep.  
 Klamath, Lake, Crook and Wasco—R. A. Emmett, Rep.; A. D. Roberts, Rep.; H. McGreer, Rep.  
 Lane—L. T. Harris, Rep.; James Hemenway, Rep.; Ivan McQueen, Rep.  
 Linn—C. B. Montague, Fus.; W. H. Ingram, Fus.; Mark Peery, Fus.  
 Lincoln and Polk—W. L. Welle, Rep.  
 Marion—Henry Keene, Rep.; J. M. Poorman, Rep.; C. D. Hartman, Rep.; J. N. Smith, Rep.; L. L. Pearce, Rep.  
 Multnomah—John Driscoll, Cit.; F. A. Heilemper, Rep.; George W. Holcomb, Rep.; C. W. Nottingham, Dem.; Otto Schumann, Cit.; J. J. Shipley, Cit.; H. A. Smith, Cit.; M. E. Thompson, Rep.; D. M. Watson, Cit.; G. M. Orton, Cit.; George L. Storey, Rep.; and Elmer E. Mallory, Rep.  
 Multnomah and Clackamas—A. S. Dresser, Rep.  
 Polk—George L. Hawkins, Rep.  
 Tillamook and Yamhill—B. L. Eddy, Rep.  
 Umatilla and Morrow—Asa B. Thompson, Rep.  
 Umatilla—L. B. Reeder, Rep.; T. J. Kirk, Rep.  
 Union—D. A. McAlister, Dem.  
 Wallowa and Union—Gilbert Reavis, Fus.  
 Washington—Hubert Bernard, Fus.; A. W. Vincent, Fus.; O. E. Edson, Fus.  
 Yamhill—E. F. Lamson, Rep.; Clarence Butts, Rep.

# NOT SO TAME

## National Congress Deadlocked on Naval Appropriation Bill.

### THE FIGHT IS IN THE SENATE

#### Much Excitement at Last Night's Session—New Conferees Appointed in the Lower House.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—When the house tonight, at 10:30, took a recess until 2 a. m., tomorrow, the two chambers of the National Legislature, with heads down and horns locked, were in a desperate struggle over the item in the naval appropriation bill relating to ocean surveys. Final adjournment of congress is postponed until it is over.

The proceedings in the House during the day were tame and without a dramatic incident. This was partly due to the fact that the firm position taken by the House on the armor plate provision transferred the fight to the floor of the Senate, and to the obstinate refusal of Lentz, an Ohio Democrat, to permit an unanimous consent legislation until the Republicans leaders agreed to allow the testimony in the Coeur d'Alene investigation to be printed. Lentz held the House by the throat all day, and except for privileged matters, things legislative were practically at a standstill.

But tonight there was enough excitement to compensate for the dullness of the day session. The House got the dander up over the failure of the conferees to abide by their instruction on the ocean survey item, and after an exceedingly sensational debate in which Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, made some startling disclosures as to the manner in which Commander Todd, hydrographer of the navy, had waged his campaign against the stand taken by the House in favor of a coast and geodetic survey, during the ocean survey work. The House rejected the conference report by an overwhelming majority, and the speaker took the most unprecedented course of appointing new conferees on the part of the House, who are act members of the naval committee.

### FEEDING THE COLTS.

A handy device for feeding grain to colts in pasture is here illustrated and described by Dr. J. C. Curryer, of Minnesota. A small yard or pen is fenced in with one rail or plank on each side, high enough for the colts to run under and still high enough so the mares will not get over. Put the box or trough in the center of the yard and place some grain in it. The colts will soon go through and learn to eat. In this manner they are kept growing and when weaning time comes are accustomed to grain feeding and will keep on growing without any falling off. If the pen is covered, the grain is kept dry and colts have a shady place during the warm part of the day.

### SALEM'S CHINESE POPULATION.

There Are About Fifty Chinese in the Capital City—One Native-born Chinaman.

(From Daily Statesman, June 7.)  
 The twelfth census now being taken will show a Chinese population in the Capital City, of about fifty persons, and seven Japanese.  
 The enumeration of Salem's Celestial inhabitants was made on Tuesday afternoon by Census Enumerators William Manning, assisted by Tong Chee, an interpreter. Chee is well-known in Salem being salesman at G. Steiner's poultry depot. The enumeration shows about fifty resident Chinese, of whom seven are women and twelve are children. Besides the twelve children, who are all native born, there is one native-born Chinaman, viz Ah Sing, who is cook at Hotel Salem.  
 It would appear from the number of Chinamen seen on Salem's streets almost daily, that the number residing within the city exceeded fifty, but it is explained that many reside on farms surrounding Salem and spend much of their time in the city, which accounts for the great number usually seen upon the streets.  
 The census enumeration will show but seven Japanese residents in the Capital City and of the seven, four are women.

**TO SPRAY HOPS.**—There is an item in another part of the Statesman this morning, predicting the possibility of hop lice not appearing in sufficient numbers this year to do damage to the crop. However, the growers in this vicinity, who have been accustomed to spraying, are making preparations for this work the present season. In fact, one of the largest growers will not put the matter off more than a few days longer. The lice have already appeared in this yard, and also the fly. The three or four outside rows will be sprayed at first and the general spraying will be followed up by a second application of the poison and even a third, if found necessary. Hon. A. N. Gilbert also says the lice and the fly have appeared in the Gilbert & Patterson yard, though not in large numbers. These yards will be sprayed, as Mr. Gilbert is of the opinion that this expense is one that must be calculated upon in order to make the industry a substantial one from year to year. The cost of spraying twice is all the way from \$2 to \$3 an acre, including the help. Each spraying outfit requires four men to operate; one at the pump, two with the nozzle, and one to drive the horse used for the means of traction. The outfit is not necessarily an expensive one.

### A FULL APPROPRIATION.

The work of the commercial organizations of the valley in behalf of the Columbia river has not been in vain as the following telegram received yesterday by Secretary Henry B. Thielens, secretary of the Salem Chamber of Commerce, from George Taylor Jr., president of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, will indicate: "McBride wires conferees have agreed to retain full appropriation for repair jetty. We also retain provision for survey for canal between Celilo and The Dalles. Congratulations."

### A RECORD-BREAKER.

The convict labor furnished to the Northwest Stove Foundry, by the state of Oregon during the month of May, aggregated \$1075.00. This is the largest amount ever earned in one month by the prisoners employed in the foundry, and May is, therefore, a record-breaker.

### POULTRY AS SOIL-IMPROVERS.

Some poultrymen are favorable to the method of keeping poultry in small flocks, in confinement, with two yards to each flock, in the greater opportunities given for improving and using the land. Only one half of each acre will be occupied at the same time by the fowls, the other half being devoted to gardening, alternating the hens and the garden as occasion permits. The half acre in vegetables will produce as much as was formerly secured on an acre, and no manure need be bought or hauled, for not only will the hens (like sheep) scatter the droppings themselves, but they also accumulate at night a large quantity, which may be applied where it will be most serviceable. One great source of fertility to the land from the keeping of poultry, in addition to the droppings, is an enormous loss of food from the trampling of the fowls, the pickings from the trough, and the discarded amount due to fermentation, all of which serve as plant-food. Keeping fowls in yards, removing them frequently and turning under the manure, prevents the fowls from living in hith, and permits of an enormous production of crops. On a piece of light, sandy soil that has been considered almost barren, where a flock of thirty hens were kept for a year, was grown an enormous crop of potatoes, beans, cabbage and peas. The growth was excessively rank, and for three years after the same plot was more productive

# THE ELECTION

## Discussed by Republicans in the National Senate.

### ANTI-EXPANSIONISTS ARE ASKED

#### To Explain the Results of the Oregon Campaign—McKinley's Success Is Candidly Predicted.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—In the Senate this evening, when the suggestion was made by Cockrell, that an informal recess be taken until the naval conference report was received from the House, Carter, Republican of Montana, said the time spent in awaiting a report, "might be employed profitably by the anti-expansionists, in submitting their views on the Oregon election."

He directed attention to the fact that Representative Tongue, who four years ago was elected by only sixty-five majority, had been re-elected this week by a majority of more than 3000.

"Oregon," said he, "gives a Republican majority of 10,000, and this man Tongue, who has consistently supported the present administration, Porto Rican tariff and all, has a known majority of more than 3000, and the back counties yet are to be heard from. It seems to me that the time might be spent well in hearing the explanations of the anti-expansionists for this condition of affairs in Oregon."

He predicted a victory for McKinley this fall. The first gun of the campaign has been fired in Oregon, which has given a Republican majority of 10,000 in the face of the Porto Rican tariff, and despite the erring wandering ways of a man, said to be a criminal in Cuba, Carter then entered upon a general discussion of the Philippine situation from a political point of view.

Mason, Republican of Illinois, made a half humorous, but serious reply to Carter. He declared that the Republican party had carried Oregon in spite of, and not because of, our Philippine policy, our policy towards the Porto Ricans and our treatment of the Boers in South Africa.

Turner said he had not gotten into the chamber in time to hear all of the "stump speech" of Carter, but he had arrived in time to hear him place McKinley firmly in the White House as the result of the next campaign. Turner sharply criticized the Republican leaders for declaring an adjournment when there were public measures demanding attention. These included the Nicaraguan Canal bill, the anti-trust bill and the eight-hour bill.

Tarantulas are being raised in Australia for their webs, which are being used in making threads for war balloons.

Pacific Homestead, Salem, Or. Best farm paper. Issued weekly. \$1 a year.

### LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Marion County.—Department No. 2.

Salem Building and Loan Association a corporation, plaintiff, vs. Ernest H. Lehman and Emelia F. Lehman, his wife, defendants. Captured when there were public measures demanding attention. These included the Nicaraguan Canal bill, the anti-trust bill and the eight-hour bill.

### WILL SOON BE FREE

W. E. HOWE, DEFAULTING TREASURER OF KLAMATH COUNTY

To Be Discharged from Prison June 15th—His Sentence Commuted—In Governor's Office.

Gov. T. T. Geer yesterday granted a commutation of the sentence of W. E. Howe, former treasurer of Klamath county, who is serving a seven years' term in the state penitentiary for embezzlement of public funds. The prisoner's sentence expires on July 21st, and the commutation is for the purpose of giving him a discharge on June 15th. Howe was received in the penitentiary in 1894, having been convicted of the embezzlement of a large amount of the funds of Klamath county. His default was made good by the bondsmen, one of whom, the present State Treasurer, Hon. Chas. S. Moore, being compelled to pay \$1600 as his share of the loss.

The commutation was granted upon the recommendation of the sentencing judge, accompanied by a large list of petitioners, many of whom were among the most prominent men in Southern Oregon. State Treasurer Moore also urged clemency, saying that the embezzlement of the county funds by the former treasurer was the first wrongful act ever known to have been committed by him. Mrs. Howe, the prisoner's wife, is now a resident of Oakland, California, and is anxiously awaiting the release of her husband.

I prefer a sailing ship to a steamer— one pleasant companion is worth a shipload of commonplace fellow voyagers.

### CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Signature of J. C. Fry

### NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, executor of the estate of Thomas Cochran, deceased, has filed in the County Court of the state of Oregon for the county of Marion, his final account as executor of the estate of Thomas Cochran, deceased, and that Saturday the thirtieth day of June, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., has been fixed by said court for hearing the same. All persons interested in said estate are hereby required to appear in said court at said day and hour and show cause, if any they have, why said account should not be allowed and approved.

L. G. COCHRAN, Executor of the Estate of Thomas Cochran, deceased.

5-11-74

# THEY ARE CANNING

## ALLEN PACKING CO. BEGAN OPERATIONS YESTERDAY MORNING.

### A Force of Forty Hands Is Employed—Cherries Will Also Be Preserved—Early Crop of Peas.

(From Daily Statesman, June 7.)

The Allen Packing Company yesterday morning began the operation of its cannery in this city. Strawberries are being canned and a force of forty hands, principally girls and women, is employed.

On Tuesday the company received 300 crates of berries, paying therefor 3 cents per pound, which is equivalent to 3 cents per box as they average one pound per box. So plentiful were the berries at that figure that the company was threatened with being swamped but yesterday morning the price was reduced to 2 1/2 cents per pound and during the day 100 crates were received.

A few cherries were received yesterday, the company paying therefor 1 1/2 cents per pound. This is a low price but the fruit is not of the best variety for canning purposes. It is expected the Royal Ann and other more substantial varieties will bring as high as 3 cents per pound. O. V. Allen, a member of the company, is personally superintending the operation of the plant.

The crop of gooseberries this year was very light. It has been estimated that the entire crop in this locality this season will not exceed 100 gallons. The crop is not sufficiently large to pay the cannery to handle the fruit and none will be canned this year.

Following strawberries and cherries, the company will turn its attention to vegetables. Peas will be very extensively handled. The pea crop is early this year and will be ready for canning about the 25th inst. This vegetable is usually not in its prime before July 4th.

### IMPROVEMENTS IN FARM MACHINERY.

Manufacturers of farm machinery have reached such a high standard that relatively few improvements and changes have been made in the past two or three years, except in the use of better material and workmanship in construction. It is true, of course, that improvements are constantly being made, but these are in the line of perfection of old devices, instead of anything especially new. Many devices tried years ago have recently been brought into use because more economical methods of using them have been found, because more radical improvements have ceased to be practicable, and perhaps, also because when they were first invented the community would not have appreciated their use.

The spring support of the cutting apparatus of mowing machines, now almost universally used, was first brought out in 1825. Foot levers on mowers and roller bearing are but the application of old ideas. A spring tension on chain driven mowers is one of the most recent improvements.

In grain drills the principal improve-