

END OF CASE

Heresy Charge Against Rev. McGiffert Has Been Dismissed

BY THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY

Report on the Revision of the Creed Submitted—Will Be Considered This Afternoon.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 22.—Anticipating that the judicial committee would make its report on the McGiffert case, at the afternoon session of the General Assembly, the commissioners and denominational friends crowded the church to its utmost capacity. In addition to this feature the committee on bills and overtures sprung a surprise on the assembly by submitting its report on the revision of the creed of the Presbyterian church. For this the assembly was not prepared, and the matter caused intense suppressed excitement. The matter was postponed until Wednesday afternoon.

The bringing up of the McGiffert case, and the result of the action of the judicial committee in the matter, were the greatest surprise yet sprung upon the assembly. The final action is in the nature of a compromise. It will be remembered that Dr. George W. E. Burch, D. D., of New York, charged that Rev. A. C. McGiffert, Ph. D., a minister of the Presbyterian church and a member of the assembly, had publicly denied the fundamental doctrine of the immediate inspiration by God and the truthfulness and authority of the Holy Scripture, as set forth in the Confession of Faith and the Scripture itself, in a book which he published, entitled, "A History of Christianity in the Apostolic Age." This charge was dismissed by the Presbytery of New York before which body it was tried. Dr. Burch took an appeal to the General Assembly. The appellant was given leave, this afternoon, to withdraw his appeal.

In January, 1900, Dr. Burch was warned by the Presbytery of New York, that if he failed to show probable cause for the charge, he must be censured for disturbing the peace of the church by instituting a trial for heresy, which was not justified by the higher courts of the church. The Assembly did not justify his action, and Dr. Burch chose to remove liability to censure by withdrawing his appeal.

After today the proposed revision of the Westminster Confession of Faith promises to be the principal topic of discussion.

BISHOP CHOSEN.

Chicago, May 22.—Dr. J. W. Hamilton and D. H. Moore were today elected Bishops by the M. E. General Conference. The hall rang with applause when Bishop Warren announced the election of Moore and Hamilton. The Bishops-elect were escorted to the platform and introduced to the conference. The conference then settled down to the consideration of changes in the organic law of the church. Various changes recommended by the committee on revision were adopted.

FOR ROAD PURPOSES

FIVE PER CENT LAND SALES FUND IS APPORTIONED.

Multnomah County Secures the Smallest and Harney the Largest Amount from This Fund.

(From Daily Statesman, May 23.)

Secretary of State F. I. Dunbar yesterday apportioned the 5 per cent United States land sales fund among the several counties, according to area. The state contains 60,957,760 acres, and the total amount distributed was \$4,404.06, making the munificence sum of \$0.0007-2247 per acre. This money is received from the United States Government, being 5 per cent of the receipts from the sales of public lands in the state of Oregon, which is apportioned to the several counties for public road purposes. Marion county, under this apportionment, receives but \$50.84. Multnomah county is the smallest in the state and receives \$30.77, while Harney the largest one in Oregon, receives \$490.85. The apportionment is as follows:

Counties	Acreage	Amount.
Baker	1,477,120	\$ 106.72
Benton	415,680	30.03
Clackamas	1,107,200	79.99
Clatsop	543,520	37.82
Columbia	431,040	31.14
Coos	1,004,480	72.57
Crook	512,256	37.09
Curry	949,120	68.57
Douglas	1,293,360	94.66
Gilliam	69,200	47.63
Grant	2,874,560	207.68
Harney	6,780,160	490.85
Jackson	1,780,880	129.10
Josephine	1,099,520	79.44
Klamath	3,914,240	282.79
Lake	5,130,240	370.05
Lane	2,604,160	188.14
Lincoln	637,440	46.06
Linn	1,431,520	104.87
Malheur	6,277,440	453.53
Marion	703,680	50.84
Morrow	3,208,240	23.37
Multnomah	281,920	30.68
Polk	424,640	30.68
Sherman	513,280	37.09
Tillamook	1,879,680	135.80
Umatilla	1,057,600	76.84
Union	2,004,480	144.82
Wallowa	1,050,080	76.84
Wasco	447,360	32.32
Washington	1,084,800	78.38
Wheeler	450,560	32.55
Yamhill		
Total	60,957,760	\$4,404.06

ROSES BIG AS SAUCERS.

Sent to a Delaware Lady Yesterday to Prove That Oregon Flowers Cannot Be Excelled.

(From Daily Statesman, May 23.)

At the request of C. S. Jackson, editor of the Pendleton East-Oregonian, which request was published in last Saturday's Statesman, the management of this paper yesterday forwarded a small shipment of choice Oregon roses to Mrs.

Ellegood, of Wilmington, Delaware, in order to prove to her ladyship that Mr. Jackson's statement that the size of roses when in bloom is not a misstatement of facts. Mr. Jackson had made that assertion when visiting at the lady's home last winter, and as his story was doubted, he was anxious to prove it, and requested the Statesman to send the flowers. The roses sent were furnished by several ladies of this city, as shown in the following letter, written by the Statesman to Mrs. Ellegood, at Wilmington, Delaware, yesterday:

"By direction of our friend, C. S. Jackson, of Pendleton, we are sending you by express some samples of Oregon roses. The express charges are prepaid. While we have roses the year through in the Willamette valley in Oregon, they are at their best a few weeks earlier than this; especially the large ones."

"Mrs. Wm. Brown, of this city, furnished the La Marque specimens and the Perle des Jardins; Mrs. A. J. Monroe supplied the samples of Viscountess Folkstone, and Mrs. Lot L. Pearce the La France and the Marechal Neil."

"We hope the roses will reach you without great deterioration, and that you will be obliged to admit that Oregon can raise roses as large as saucers, according to the statement of Mr. Jackson."

HOPS, WOOL, WHEAT

MARKET FOR 1899 HOPS IS NOT IMPROVED.

Shearing of Wool Has Just Begun—The Green Aphs Has Appeared in Some Localities.

(From Daily Statesman, May 23.)

Locally, the hop market is exceedingly dull and inactive, in fact, there is nothing doing. No sales amounting to anything have been made for several days. The growing crop, however, is looking exceptionally well.

Speaking of the situation yesterday, S. Farrar, a prominent local buyer, said: "All yards are looking exceedingly well. The weather could not be finer for hops. What makes good grass and asparagus is good for hop vines. Favorable reports are coming in from other hop countries, New York and England, and the prospects are favorable for a good crop."

"The market for 1899 hops does not seem as good as it was. There is not as good a demand nor is the price as good. The market has softened a little."

The wool market has opened up at 15 and 16 cents, but some especially fine fleeces have brought as high as 20 cents. Shearing has been pretty generally inaugurated throughout the valley, but will not be very lively until several days of good warm weather have been experienced, enabling the fleeces to dry out thoroughly.

Reports have been received during the past few days to the effect that green aphs had appeared in some sections of the valley and investigation shows that the reports were not without foundation. The pest has appeared principally in the low lands and while it does not exist to an alarming extent, a continuation of the present cool weather would prove conducive to the propagation of the aphs. A prominent farmer yesterday said that several days of warm weather would completely exterminate the unwelcome pest, but a prolongation of the weather of the past few weeks would jeopardize the crop. The pests thrive during the present cool weather.

LIGHTS AND SIDELIGHTS.

Lawyer Fullup—'scuse me fer bein' late—hic—m' dear. Wus workin' on 'ic—case.

Wile (sarcastically)—So I should imagine since you have a corkscrew sticking out of your pocket.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Northup—My congratulations on your marriage with the wealthy widow, old chap! Of course you are in clover now?

Hardup (sadly)—No; she isn't the loan widow I took her to be.—Chicago News.

"I wonder why women are so anxious to get together and sew for charity."

"As it were."

"What?"

"I mean sew to speak."—Philadelphia Press.

If you would know how a girl thinks she looks, read the description of the heroine in her favorite novel.—Detroit Journal.

Lulu—Aren't the peach blossoms lovely?

Flossy—Oh, yes; they always make me think of peach ice cream.—Chicago Record.

Sarah L. Bunn, who lived next door to David Hannum, the original of "David Harum," in Homer, N. Y., knew Edward Westcott, and says that he married a relative of David's and had always the greatest respect for him. She denies that he intended to ridicule Hannum.

THEY NEVER DO.

"There is such a thing as somnambulism, of course?" queried the anxious-looking young man as he appeared at the lawyer's office.

"Certainly," was the reply.

"But do somnambulist ever write letters?"

"Never heard of it."

"A somnambulist wouldn't write 250 love letters in a year, would he, and each and every one of them asking the girl to marry him and threatening suicide if she didn't?"

"Never."

"Then there's no help for me, and you may see the girl and settle the breach of promise suit on the best terms you can."

Herbert Spencer always begins his day's work by having the morning papers read to him. Then he attends to his correspondence and reads his proofs. In the afternoon he reads magazines, listens to good music, and takes a drive, and at 10 o'clock he retires.

Of all the paths that lead to a woman's heart, pity is the straightest.—Beaumont.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Strongest, purest, most economical and healthful of all leavening agents.

There are many imitation baking powders sold at a low price. They are made from alum, a corrosive acid which is poisonous in food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

THEIR GUN IS SPIKED

CONGRESSMAN TONGUE'S FRIENDSHIP FOR THE BOER REPUBLICS.

And His Effort to Secure Intervention by the President, Have Discomfited His Democratic Opponents.

The Democrats and Populists of the First Congressional district of Oregon are making an effort, at some points, to work up a pro-Boer sentiment against Hon. Thomas H. Tongue, Representative in Congress from Oregon, and urge that a successor should be elected who would be in favor of the American government making an effort to stop the bloody war in South Africa. The Democrats and their allies, however, are much chagrined to discover that Mr. Tongue, instead of being pro-English, has already done all an American citizen could do in the interest of the two Republics in South Africa. As long ago as last October he was one of a number of Representatives, Senators and Judges of the court, who petitioned President McKinley, through the New York World, to offer his friendly services in mediation between Great Britain and the Republics of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. Following this the President, at the request of the Boer government, signified to Great Britain his willingness to exercise his good offices—more than any other nation has done.

Mr. Tongue's petition to the President is a clear statement, and will at once prove to the reader that he is not so pro-English as his opponents would like to have the citizens of Oregon believe. The petition follows:

PETITION TO THE PRESIDENT.

To William McKinley, President of the United States:

The undersigned representatives of American public and private life most respectfully petition you to offer the friendly service of the United States in mediation between Great Britain and the Republics of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State.

Articles 1, 2, and 3, of the plan adopted by the Peace Congress make such offers the right of any friendly power, even during the course of hostilities. We respectfully submit that it is not only the right and duty of this nation, but also its high privilege, to strive to prevent the wiping out of our sister republics, the desolation of thousands of English and South African homes, the slaughter of thousands of civilized men, and the drenching of South Africa with blood and tears.

THOS. H. TONGUE.

ANTIQUITY OF FAMILIAR TERMS.

The antiquity of familiar terms, says the London Globe, is surprising when it is known. Many people are not aware that "What the Dickens!" or "cups in Shakespeare;" but fewer still will be prepared to hear that the phrase "a regular shindy" is found in an antique note to a poem called "The Popish Kingdom," published in 1570. A writer in The Athenaeum quotes this note.

which refers to the celebration of Maundy Thursday: "Midnight services are held in the church, the lights are put out, and a regular shindy follows, men being beaten and wounded."

HOUSE-CLEANING STRATEGY.

"Was that a porch-climber we saw over at Gamper's?"

"No; it was Gamper himself. He was afraid to go in at the front or back door for fear his wife or cook would set him to beating carpet."—Chicago Record.

BOUGHT A RAILROAD.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 22.—The Evening Telegraph says: The Pennsylvania Railroad has secured control of the Lehigh Valley Railroad by the purchase of \$600,000 shares. The price paid is given at \$23.50 a share. The New York Central is said to be behind the movement.

HE WAS LYNCHED.

Pueblo, Colo., May 23.—Calvin Kienle, colored, who murdered two white orphans here on Sunday night, was lynched this morning by a mob.

LICENSES GRANTED.—Robert McGilchrist and Miss Belle L. Farquhar were yesterday granted a marriage license by County Clerk W. W. Hall, upon the application of C. E. Tuttle, who signed the required affidavit. Hugh Murphy and Miss Addie M. Lemery also received a license, entitling them to become husband and wife, Joseph Lemery signing the affidavit.

From Manila to Australia is "like going down a river, for one is out of sight of land only two days." The voyage lasts 21 days, but the course is through the South Sea islands, which accounts for its resemblance to river navigation.

CAME TO TOWN FOR A CHANGE.

"Let's go in here and get something to eat," said one out-of-town visitor to another, as he stopped before a restaurant with the sign, "Homelike Cooking."

"No," replied the other, "We'll try some other place."—Detroit Free Press.

What It Means.—Mr. Rural—if there isn't no objection, me and my family will stop here an' take a rest. I see you've got a sign, "Family Entrance," over y'r door.

Longer—If you wasn't from Squeunk, or some such town, you'd know that that there sign means that this ain't no place fer families to enter.—New York Weekly.

President Eliot of Harvard is a good horseman, and frequently spends a part of his vacation in riding through New England. When, at such times, he passes a country schoolhouse, he never fails to dismount and visit it if the school is in session.

The German art journal Kunstwerk is waging war against the monotonous appearance of city houses. It wants them painted in the divers colors of old villages.

Fine printing, Statesman-Job Office.

HAVE DRAWN THE JURY

SELECTED BY THE COUNTY CLERK AND SHERIFF YESTERDAY.

The Thirty-one Men Chosen Will Try Cases at the June Term of Circuit Court Department No. 1.

(From Daily Statesman, May 23.)

County Clerk W. W. Hall and Deputy Sheriff B. B. Colbath, the latter acting for Sheriff F. W. Durbin, yesterday morning drew the jury list for the June term of the first department of the state circuit court. The thirty-one jurors drawn at this time will be called upon to act as grand or petit jurors at the June term, and will have a number of important cases to consider. Especially the seven selected as grand jurors (if a grand jury is empanelled) will have serious work to perform.

The jurors drawn are nearly all farmers, there being very few from the city of Salem. The list of jurors thus selected is as follows:

James Hunt, farmer, Butteville.
Frank Glover, farmer, Sublimity.
W. H. B. Stewart, farmer, Herten.
Herman Schellberg, clerk, Sublimity.
C. F. Lansing, farmer, Englewood.
J. H. Small Jr., farmer, Turao.
Ernest Denny, farmer, Silver Falls.
Phil Painter, farmer, Brooks.
H. J. Workman, farmer, East Salem.
Gideon Stolz, merchant, Salem No. 3.
T. L. Davidson, farmer, Yew Park.
J. R. Cook, farmer, St. Paul.
Scott Jones, farmer, Gervais.
U. S. Scollard, farmer, Woodburn.
A. G. Stedhammer, blacksmith, North Silverton.
H. T. Baughman, farmer, Monitor.
Chas. Hinkle, carpenter, Silverton.
H. C. Tarpley, laborer, Salem No. 1.
N. Miller, farmer, Woodburn.
E. S. Longacre, farmer, Jefferson.
J. E. Lewis, farmer, Annsville.
A. T. Yeaton, merchant, Salem No. 1.
G. W. Richardson, farmer, Jefferson.
T. R. Blackerby, merchant, Silverton.
T. J. Bleakley, farmer, North Silverton.
Hamilton Beatey, farmer, South Salem.
R. E. Downing, farmer, Sublimity.
Milton Meyers, merchant, Salem No. 2.
John Scollard, farmer, Chamboog.
Peter Lucier, farmer, Woodburn.
C. T. Bonney, farmer, Monitor.

HAD POSSESSION.

Washington, May 22.—The Nobles of the Mystic Shrine had undisturbed possession of Washington today. President McKinley reviewed the procession from the White House portico.

WORK IN CONGRESS.

Washington, May 22.—The House devoted the entire day to the Alaskan civil bill. Slow progress was made, only twenty-four pages being disposed of.

WHERE A CAT IS A NECESSITY.

Only Three Cats in Dawson City—One in Circle City.

A correspondent, writing from Forty Mile Detachment, Yukon Territory, under date the 15th of February, says: "I have been stationed here since just before Christmas, and we form the most northerly military or semi-military post that flies the British flag, being about 52 miles down the Yukon river, that is, nearly due north of Dawson City. This post of Forty Mile, or Fort Constantine, is the old original northwest mounted police post in the Yukon, and there used to be about 50 or 60 men here, but now there are only two. There is a great stampede going on from Dawson over the ice to Cape Nome, 1700 miles down the Yukon, near St. Michael's."

"We have a cat here, about whom a funny incident happened the other day. There came into our office in old miner, who had not been 'outside' for eight years, having been at Forty Mile and Circle before the Klondike was struck. 'Holy Moses!' he cried when he saw the cat, 'that's the first cat I've seen for six years. Say, officer, would you mind my stroking it?' So I asked him in, and he played with the cat for some time. When he started to go he said: 'My! that cat do make me feel home-sick!' Various people have offered us \$50 and \$100 for Tim, but K— won't part with him at any price. There are three cats to my knowledge in Dawson City, and one at Circle City 20 miles north of here, but I do not know of any others in this part of the country. They are a curiosity, but I believe a man could make money by bringing them out as a curiosity."—London Graphic.

CONTRACT AWARDED.—The State Board of Trustees for the Insane Asylum yesterday awarded the contract for building the close cottage at the asylum, to John Gray, of this city, accepting his bid of \$7823.81, being for the building with a hot water heating plant and brick foundation, which portion of the work will be done by the state. The contractor has four months, from the time the excavation and foundation are completed, within which time to construct the building.

NEIGHBORHOOD RESEARCH.

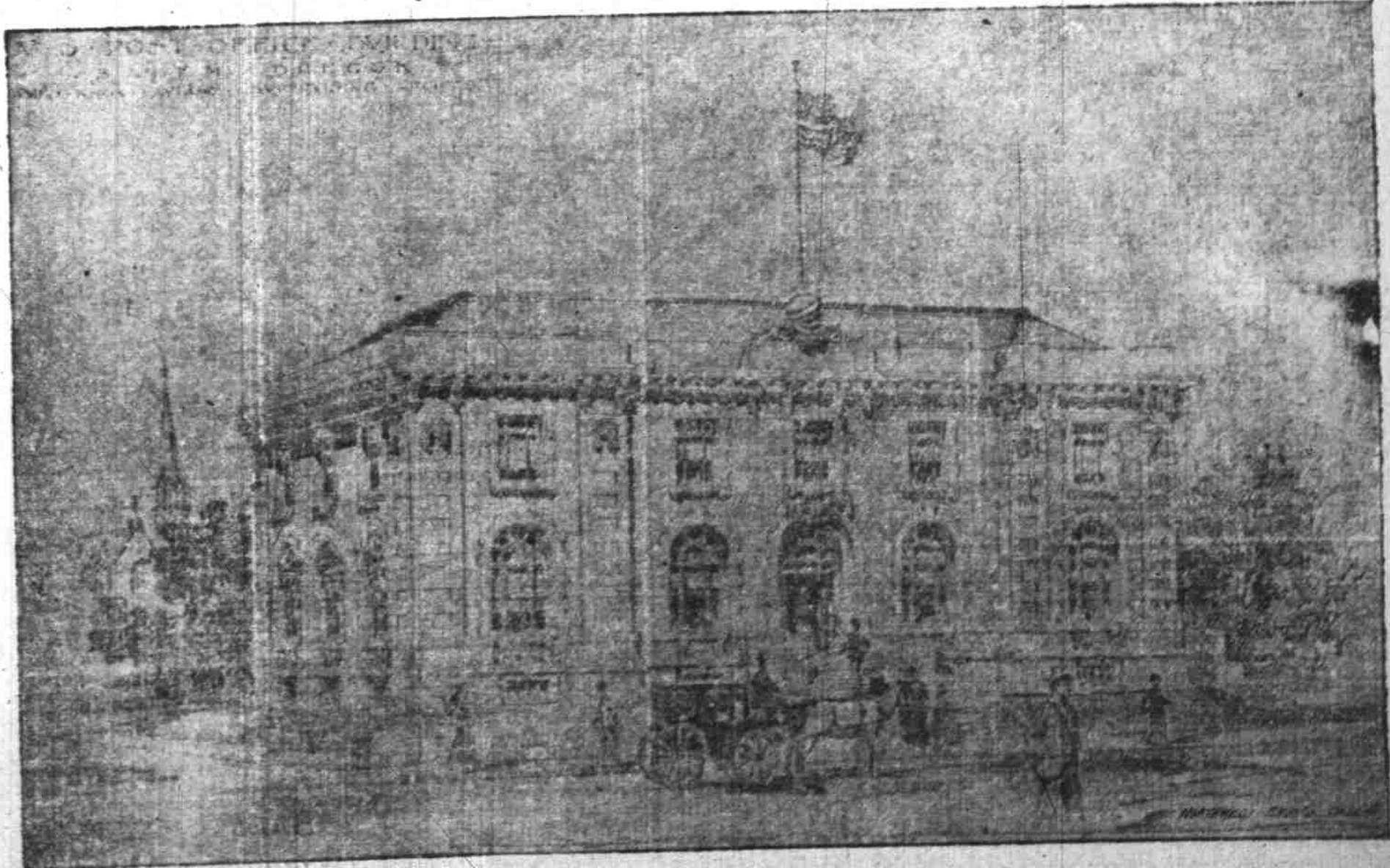
Mr. McNibber called this morning. "She hasn't been here for weeks."

"No. She said she saw a paperhanger's wagon at our gate and got so excited that she just had to come over and see what was going on."—Indianapolis Journal.

At Bed Time.

I take a pleasant herb drink, the next morning I feel bright and my complexion is better. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. It is made from herbs and is prepared as easily as tea. It is called Lane's Medicine. All druggists sell it at 25c. and 50c. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. If you cannot get it, send for a free sample. Address, Orator F. Woodward, Le Roy, N. Y.

Fine printing, Statesman-Job Office.



THE NEW UNITED STATES POSTOFFICE BUILDING TO BE ERECTED IN SALEM.