

Make Flesh and Blood

Hon. J. H. Fletcher, formerly Governor of South Dakota, but now a resident of Salem, Ore., says: "For over two years my daughter had been declining from a strong, healthy, rosy-cheeked girl to a pale, weak and helpless invalid. She was afflicted with terrible headaches, and gradually grew weaker and more languid, apparently without cause. I tried several doctors, but all without avail. One day a friend, I bought a box of

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

and to our surprise, before it was used up her headaches ceased, the color began to return to her cheeks and lips and her strength began to assert itself. I bought five boxes more, and by the time she had finished them she was completely restored, and to-day she is a robust, rosy, healthy girl, instead of a pale, tired and sickly one."

From the Oregon Independent, Salem, Ore. "I bought five boxes more, and by the time she had finished them she was completely restored, and to-day she is a robust, rosy, healthy girl, instead of a pale, tired and sickly one."

WORK OF CONVICTS

STATE PRISON IS AN EXTREMELY BUSY PLACE.

Full Force Employed in the Foundry—The Contemplated Changes in the Big Institution.

(From Daily Statesman, May 2.) This is a busy time of the year at the Oregon penitentiary, and there are very few idle people around the big prison at the East end of State street at this season. Of the 216 prisoners in the big penal institution, yesterday, 120 were employed in the manufacturing department of the Northwest Stove Foundry, while nearly that many more were employed in the prison, in the fields, etc.

The foundry, which is the main source of revenue, as run to its full capacity, and is turning out a large amount of work. During the month of April the average number of prisoners employed in its various departments was 120 per day, and the state's receipts from this work for the month reached the handsome sum of \$1000.02, the largest amount received from this source, during any one month, since Supt. J. D. Lee assumed management of affairs.

A large force of convicts was yesterday engaged, under the direction of Deputy Warden T. E. Cornelius, in gardening inside the wall. They were setting out tomatoes, transplanting onions and doing other work in the vegetable plots within the stockade. Another force of men, under the direction of Farmer J. H. Porter was doing the spring plowing and other farm work. Nearly 100 convicts are usually engaged in doing the routine work about the prison; these are the hostlers, bakers, butchers, sweepers, porters, waiters, laundrymen, and flunkies of all kinds. These men are, of course not constantly engaged, their duties being light; and they do not perform much more than one third the work that would be done by an equal number of free laborers and require constant watchfulness.

No decision has yet been arrived at regarding the proposed improvements and changes in the prison, for which an appropriation of \$15,000 is available. It is probable, however, that the present kitchen will be removed, from its present location under the chapel, to the vacant south wing, a room 40 by 80 feet. The plan, at this time, is to equip the new kitchen with steam cookers, as used in the big Californian prisons. Another improvement contemplated is the building of a larger boiler house, adjoining the south wing on the east side, of sufficient size to give place to two boilers—one for reserve—and here will also be located the bathing department. Radiators will be placed throughout the entire prison, and the building will thus get the full benefit of the steam heat. The bakeovens will also be rebuilt and very much improved. These changes will not exhaust the appropriation, and a balance will probably remain to be turned back into the State Treasury.

Two United States prisoners, Frank Richardson and W. H. Cronin, are the latest additions to the crowd under Supt. J. D. Lee's charge. They are on full independence, were convicted of counterfeiting, and will each serve six months, at the expense of the United States government.

IT IS SOLD.—The threshing outfit, received by the E. M. Croisan Implement house yesterday, is sold to Short Bros., of Clymer. This is the first outfit sold this year, by a Salem firm, and shows that this house is determined to still maintain its lead in the implement business. The outfit was from the celebrated Russell & Co's factory, for which Mr. Croisan has the Salem agency. This firm, through Mr. Croisan, sold in 1899, nineteen engines and thirteen separators, which record he intends breaking this year.

A COSTLY PLACE TO LIVE.

The wonders of the Cape Nome gold fields in Alaska are just being heard in the East, and it is computed that 50,000 fortune-seekers are prepared to make the long journey of from 2,000 to 3,000 miles from Seattle or Victoria to the distant mining region on the shores of the Arctic ocean. The trip is long and arduous, costing \$100 for first-class passage, and \$50 a ton for freight. The American consul at Victoria points out that living expenses at Cape Nome are extravagantly high, and that fortune-hunters should be

prepared with an abundance of ready cash. The charge at the restaurants for a dish of ham and eggs is \$2. for three eggs the same; pork and beans, 75 cents; a loaf of bread, 25 cents; and for coffee and bread and butter, \$1. Beef and butter are \$1 a pound; potatoes, \$10 a hundred; tomatoes, \$3 a can. A shave costs \$1; a hair cut, \$1.50; a bath, \$2; and washing a shirt, 75 cents. Carpenters receive \$1.50 an hour, and the hire for a horse, team, and wagon, is \$10 an hour. In the mad rush for the new gold fields these simple, practical facts should not be forgotten.—Leslie's Weekly.

A Minister's Mistake. A city minister was recently handed a notice to be read from his pulpit. Accompanying it was a clipping from a newspaper bearing upon the matter. The clergyman started to read the extract and found that it began: "Take Care of the Best Couch Care." This was hardly what he had expected and, after a moment's hesitation, he turned it over, and found on the other side the matter intended for the reading.

A CHALLENGE.—The Statesman last night received three samples of growths from the farm of Hon. John Minto in South Salem, and the same are on display in the big show window of the business office. One of these samples is a bunch of Orchard Grass 5 feet 3 inches in height; another is an Orchard Grass 3 feet 9 inches high, and the third, a bunch of Red Top Clover, 3 feet 4 inches high, the latter being in bloom. This is a splendid growth for the 1st of May, and can scarcely be equaled, at this season of the year, in any portion of the world.

TWO REMITTANCES.—State Treasurer Chas. S. Moore yesterday received remittances, on account of state taxes, from two counties. The treasurer of Multnomah county, R. W. Hoyt, sent in \$45,000, and M. Lichtenhal, treasurer of Morrow county, remitted \$7995.64, the full amount of that county's indebtedness on account of the tax levy for 1899.

RAILROAD UP MONT BLANC.

The cost of the railroad to be built from the Arve valley to within 1,150 feet of the summit of Mont Blanc will be over \$4,000,000. The projectors say it will be in operation at least four months of the way to the top by July, 1902. A tunnel will be excavated, in the lower entrance to which will be in the valley west of Chamounix. The tunnel will follow the upleading ridge on the left side of the Taconnaz glacier. This tourists will be carried up the northwest side of the mountain instead of the northeast side, the route followed by climbers from Chamounix. The tunnel will be a little over six miles long, with two, or three openings to the surface on the route, where platforms will be built at points most favorable for viewing the scenery. At a height of 12,600 feet, where the tunnel will pass under the summit of the Aiguille du Gouter, a small hotel will be built. Thence the tunnel will be dug under the Rochers des Bosses to the height of 14,300 feet, where the terminal station will be erected. Sledges drawn by a cable will carry the passengers over the hard snow to the hotel at the summit.—Bulletin of the American Geographical Society.

For good years the average fig crop of the Smyrna district amounts to about 26,000,000 pounds, but last year the yield was only 18,000,000 pounds. The harvest time in Asiatic Turkey is November. The figs are chiefly shipped three months later.

Individuality is everywhere to be spared and respected, as the root of everything good.—Jean Paul

WOOD FOR ASYLUM

BIDS OPENED AND THE CONTRACTS AWARDED YESTERDAY

Many Thousands of Cords Offered to the State in Lots Varying from 20 to 2,500 Cords.

(From Daily Statesman, May 2.)

The Board of Trustees for the Oregon Hospital for the Insane, yesterday opened bids for wood for that institution. The advertisement for bids called for 3500 cords of big fir wood for the main building and 1500 cords for the Cottage farm. The bids for big fir aggregated 12,530 cords, while three bids were received offering in the aggregate 295 cords of second growth fir; one bid for 800 cords oak, and two bids for 200 and 25 cords, respectively, of ash wood. The bids of the following were accepted:

Table with 3 columns: Name, Cords, Price. C. F. Clark 3000 \$2 74, N. P. Williamson 200 2 74, Mike Mark 30 2 60, Frank Karlson 200 2 70, D. E. Johnson 60 2 74

Total 13490. A list of all the bids is given below, the last four given under the head of "Big Fir," and the last one under "Second Growth," stipulating delivery to the Cottage Farm, but these have not yet been awarded:

Table with 3 columns: Name, Cords, Price. N. P. Hansen 115 \$3 00, P. H. Rasmussen 75 3 00, C. J. Bartruff 125 3 00, J. M. Kirby 125 2 95, F. R. Anson 3500 2 95, E. M. LaFore 200 2 75, C. F. Clark 3000 2 74, D. Schuenger 100 2 75, N. P. Williamson 200 2 74, Mike Mark 30 2 60, Mark Skiff 1000 3 00, Frank Karlson 200 2 70, Joe Gerig 75 2 75, W. D. Ingersoll 50 3 00, E. H. Stege 50 3 00, Peter Gerig 50 2 75, P. J. Gerig 30 2 75, Frank Munkers 40 3 00, F. C. Crey 50 3 00, John Clough 125 3 00, H. O. White 25 3 00, Mark Cresse 25 3 00, J. H. Wagonman 140 3 00, A. J. Yates 100 3 00, Henry Slough 100 3 00, Wm. Wolfmeyer 50 2 75, D. E. Johnson 60 2 74, Thos. Reisleck 65 2 75, J. F. Omara 250 3 00, J. E. Ross 40 3 00, John Turner 50 2 99, W. M. Jones 50 2 94, J. T. Turner 25 3 00, Chris. Hegemann 50 2 75, Fred Stettler 50 2 75, F. C. Johnson 150 3 00, Otto Graham 25 3 00, D. G. Bushby 75 3 00, H. A. Tanner 20 2 75, Josh Sutter 100 2 75, Cornelius & Wentzel 625 3 00, F. E. Barnes 50 3 00, F. H. Howell 50 3 00, Letitia Wanless 30 2 75, A. A. Bashor 125 2 75, J. A. Nuts 35 2 80, Salem Fuel Co. 200 3 00, Wm. Goodrich 300 3 00, A. M. Drager 35 2 75, B. B. Gesner 400 2 25, N. W. Drager 50 2 25, C. H. Richards 50 3 00

Second Growth Fir. M. W. Rulison 125 2 00, J. H. Smith 120 2 50, A. G. Smith 50 2 25, Oak, J. O. Fry 800 3 25, Ash, D. Schuenger 200 3 25, Peter Gerig 25 3 00

A NEW ODD FELLOWS' HALL.

The Turner Lodge Buys an Excellent Building—Other Deeds Placed Upon the Records.

(From Daily Statesman, May 2.) Judging from the number of deeds filed for record yesterday, in the office of the Marion county recorder of conveyances, the real estate market appears to be somewhat livelier than was the case in the past.

Among the deeds filed was one by which M. Howe, the Turner merchant, transfers to Fidelity Lodge No. 36, I. O. O. F., a lot and the store building, the upper floor of which has, for the past ten years, been the home of the lodge. The building is one of the most substantial frame structures in Marion county, and could not be constructed for the sum paid for it by the lodge. The lodge room is as good as can be found in a small town in the valley, of ample size, and comfortably and conveniently arranged, and the Turner Odd Fellows are to be congratulated upon their purchase of so neat and valuable a home for the small amount paid for it. Arrangements are under way for the proper dedication of the new possession of the lodge which, it is hoped, will take place with imposing ceremonies at no distant day.

Among the documents placed on record yesterday were ten deeds, with an aggregate consideration of \$5550. Three satisfactions of mortgages were also recorded, for \$1800, \$700 and \$200, respectively, and the transcript of the will of the late Jacob A. Hussey, of Turner, was recorded. The deeds filed were: Luke McGinnis and wife to Herman Hunke, 33 acres in T 8 S. R 1 W., also lots No. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.

STATE LAND BOARD

COLLECTIONS MADE DURING THE MONTH JUST CLOSED.

Receipts Paid to the State Treasurer—Applications for Loans Examined and Approved.

Table with 2 columns: Description, Amount. School principal \$15,661 43, School interest 2,489 52, University principal 60 00, University interest 64 20, Agricultural College principal 746 05, Agricultural College interest 22 60, Tide land 32 42, Swamp land 40 00, Total \$19,122 88

The State Land Board has examined a large number of applications for loans and twenty-six of these have been approved, aggregating \$33,725. The largest single loan in this list was \$5000, and the smallest \$250. Five applications for loans, ranging from \$300 to \$2000, respectively, were rejected by the board.

HIS FORGOTTEN DEPOSIT.

It Had Laid in a National Bank for Several Years.

A fact which illustrates in a remarkable manner the character of the late Bishop Williams has not as yet, we believe, been mentioned in print. It will be remembered that, in his will, after providing for personal gifts to a few friends he left to the Berkeley Divinity school such books from his library as it should desire and all the remainder of his property, the second choice from his library being given to Trinity college. It was noted at the time of the bishop's death that, in spite of the simplicity of his way of living and the sufficiency of his salary from the diocese, he had but about \$20,000 invested; his unostentatious liberality, including many gifts for the assistance of his students, had nearly exhausted each year all that he had to spend.

Not long after this, however, as is now known, his executors found that for many years he had on deposit in a national bank without interest a sum of money amounting to more than half as much as had been invested. This sum, with the ordinary increase in an interest-paying institution, would have doubled the amount which was known to be left to the Divinity school. Presumably some investment had been paid in deposited and forgotten, in the simple, unselfish way which was so characteristic of the great man. It may be added here that when some one ventured to suggest to the bishop that he was giving to too many



ROYAL BAKING POWDER

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Makes light, flaky, delicious hot biscuits, rolls, muffins and crusts. Makes hot bread wholesome. These are qualities peculiar to it alone.

I have found the Royal Baking Powder superior to all others. C. Gorky, late Chef, Delmonico's.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

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poor people, or people representing themselves to be poor he took up his prayer book and read from it the last question which was put to him before hands were laid on his head at his consecration: "Will you show yourself gentle, and be merciful for Christ's sake to the poor and needy people?" "I will so show myself, by God's help." He had kept his vow.—Hartford Courant.

THE RUNAWAYS.

Said Billy-boy to Bobby-boy, one wild and windy day, "There's wood to pile and lots of things—I say, let's run away." So hand-in-hand they scampered, and the blustering March wind heard, it whistled round the corner, but it never said a word. It chased along behind them and it caught them by the gate, it raced them down the driveway at a great and furious rate. It scatched for Billy's fingers and it found poor Bobby's toes, it flung a cap high in the air—it tweaked a little nose. It swept down like a whirlwind, it twirled them round and round. Till Billy-boy and Bobby-boy fell flat upon the ground. It tossed and teased, it tore about, it turned them o'er and o'er, and then it laughed and left them, and dashed back to town once more. And Billy-boy and Bobby-boy they stood upon their feet, their cheeks were almost frozen and their tears were almost sleet. Said Billy-boy to Bobby-boy "Whatever shall we do? We're miles and miles away from home!" Sobbed both, "Boo-hoo! Boo-hoo!" Said Billy-boy to Bobby-boy, "I see a house Oh! Oh!" Cried both, "This home!" Then home they ran as fast as they could go. —A. H. Allen, in Primary Education.

The sailor hats to be seen just now have high, straight crowns, the height accentuated by the bands, which are raised a little above it. The flowers, or silk, used for trimming is massed heavily at one side. One hat, for instance, has a great mass of bachelor's buttons on it and another two enormous rose-like flowers of white feathers. The most popular receipt for making a trimming for a sailor is to first put your hand around, carrying it a little higher than the crown and then taking a yard or two of soft silk of one color, but preferably of two or three, and massing it together at one side of the hat and standing high above it. That is the popular way of trimming all kinds of simple outing hats. The Persian or handkerchief trimming is used in this way. One hat trimmed with black and a deep Persian silk has the band around the hat of black, the lower part, the upper half Persian, and the black and the Persian massed at the side.

"Carry Sunshine with You." A bright, fresh, sunny face is always inspiring, and it always denotes good health as well as a happy heart. Many faces that were once overcast with gloom have been made bright and sunny by Hood's Sarsaparilla which cures all dyspeptic symptoms, strengthens the nerves and tones up and invigorates the whole system. Constipation is cured by Hood's Pills, the non-irritating cathartic. Sold by all druggists. Twice-a-week Statesman, \$1 a year.

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