

AN OLD CHIEF

Ex-President Cleveland Discusses Strength of Democracy.

HE SOUNDS A NOTE OF WARNING

Consequences of False Leadership Are Inevitable, Teaching Lessons Not to Be Disregarded.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 18.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland today sent a letter of regret, to be read at the dinner of the Brooklyn Democratic Club, at Brooklyn, this evening, to commemorate the birth of Thomas Jefferson.

Mr. Cleveland says: "Whatever successes may have attended a party of opportunity, with sails spread for every transient breeze of popular sentiment or excitement, experience has abundantly demonstrated that it is only strong when courageous in right, and only victorious when its forces are marshaled under its old and well organized standards. There has never been a time when a false leadership of our party and a departure from the simple Democratic faith, have not been quickly discovered and ruthlessly rebuked by listless support, pronounced defection and bitter defeat. These consequences have thus far been so inevitable that the lessons they teach cannot be disregarded without inviting calamity.

"The healthfulness of our party may well be questioned when it shrinks from such examination of its position as will enable it to avoid disaster by keeping in the course of safety, under the guidance of the true Democracy. Therefore, those who claim to be the followers of Thomas Jefferson will fail to discharge their solemn duty if, in this time of doubt and temptation, they neglect such examination, and if this discloses a tendency in the party control to subordinate the principles of the pure Democracy and to distrust their conquering power, then the conditions should not continue without a brave and early Democrat protest."

JEFFERSON'S BIRTHDAY.

New York, April 18.—The Brooklyn Democratic Club gave a dinner tonight, at the Germania Club, to commemorate the 157th anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson. In responding to the toast: "The Restoration of Jefferson Democracy," ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio, declared that the party of Jefferson could not survive as half Democrat and half Populist. He repudiated socialistic theories brought into the party by Populists. Speaking of the Chicago platform of 1866, he declared that it enunciated many great and enduring truths, but coupled them to at least one fatal error—the un-Jeffersonian and under existing and commercial conditions impossible proposition of 16 to 1.

HAD A HOT DEBATE.

PARTISAN RANCOR MANIFESTED IN THE CONGRESS.

Two Members, Grosvenor of Ohio, and Williams of Mississippi, Come Together.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The debate on the naval appropriation bill, under the 5-minute rule today, drifted into politics, and for a good portion of the afternoon, members fought, hammer and tongs, across the political aisle. The partisan rancor almost culminated in a sensational scene between Grosvenor, of Ohio, the champion of the administration, and Williams, of Mississippi. Some of the Democrats began worrying Hawley of Texas, by pointedly asking if the President had not changed his mind on the Puerto Rico tariff question; and Grosvenor finally threw himself into the breach. Williams made an interruption that drew a sharp rejoinder from the Ohioan about an "unfair advantage" taken by the Mississippian. This aroused the wrath of the latter, and after Grosvenor had concluded, he made a stirring response in which he said that parliamentary language would not permit him properly to characterize Grosvenor's offense. Later, Grosvenor disclaimed any intentional affront, and there the matter ended.

RUSSIA IN INDIA.

British Indifference May Lead to a Serious Clash Later.

New York, April 18.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London, says: The vacuum caused by the shrinkage of war news is filled with dispatches far afield, and with political rumors and gossip. The Times publishes the text of a letter from the Ameer of Afghanistan commenting upon British indifference to Russian aggression, and conveying the significant hint to the Indian government that the present is the time for deeds, not for talk. The thoroughly entertained opinion in diplomatic circles is that Russia will not take advantage of the British situation in South Africa, but will wait until the end of the war, or until the time comes for the division of Portuguese territory in South Africa between Germany and England. Russia will then, offset the British and German gains in this country by ordering an advance on Herat and by strengthening her grip on Persia.

WILL BE REPEALED.

Objectionable Canadian Mining Laws to Be Abrogated.

New York, April 18.—A Montreal dispatch says: Hon. Smith Curtis, minister of mines in the British Columbia cabinet, announces that the alien labor law which was passed by the British Columbia legislature at its last session, to exclude American miners from the Atlin district, will be repealed at the July session of the legislature. To allow Americans to work placer mines in the meantime, the government had decided to grant free miners' certificates to companies incorporated under the laws of British Columbia. As the expense of incorporation is small, the Americans holding claims or deciding to do so, can follow out their inclinations with little more trouble than British subjects. After the law is repealed all will be on the same footing.

CONDITION OF FRUIT.

Serious Damages Reported from Some Sections in the Northwest.

Portland, April 18.—The cold snap last week throughout the Northwest, undoubtedly damaged the fruit crop, but to what extent can not be determined at present. In some localities the fruit is apparently badly damaged, while almost on an adjoining section, the trees are not hurt in the least.

TURKEY MUST PAY

American Claims for Damages to Property Pushed.

A SENSATION AMONG DIPLOMATS

Europeans Surprised at the Course of the United States—Collection to Be Enforced.

Spokane, Wash., April 18.—A Greenwood, B. C., special to the Spokesman-Review, says:

"Advices received here from Chesaw, on the north half of the Colville Indian reservation, state that soldiers are going into the agricultural lands in advance of the date set in the President's proclamation—October 10th. The portion of the reservation to be opened to agricultural settlement contains 1,500,000 acres. Out of this the Indians have been allotted less than 100,000 acres.

MOUNTAINS MOVE.

London, April 18.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: The mountain which overlooks the town of Klappi, which the landslide recently occurred, has undergone a seismic disturbance which is spreading throughout the entire province of Bohemia, between the rivers Elbe and Eger. The heights of the Bohemian middle range are moving and houses and churches have collapsed in some thirty villages. Railway embankments have been moved, streams diverted and roads sunk. Thus far there has been no loss of life, but a constant watch is imperative.

CHINESE ARE IN JAIL.

CHARGED WITH THE MURDER OF A POLICE OFFICER.

Eight Mongolians Held for the Crime of Killing the Chief of Police of Steveston, B. C.

VANCOUVER, B. C., April 18.—Eight Chinese are now in provincial jail, at Westminster, charged with the murder of Alexander Main, chief of police of Steveston, or with being accessories to the crime.

One of the prisoners, Chan Yee Chung, today confessed to the murder, stating that Yip Leck, a highbinder, had ordered the assault upon the chief, but that the murdered officer had first been struck on the head from behind with a mattock, wielded by a third Chinese, who has fled and who has not yet been captured. The mattock with its iron hook was today found near the cabin covered with blood, and a long knife was also found with traces of blood upon its blade.

WORK RESUMED.

Croton Landing, N. Y., April 18.—In accordance with the promise made last night by General Roe, in command of the troops, work was resumed today at the Cornell dam. The strikers made no opposition. About 200 men reported for duty. None of them were strikers, and there still remain out between 400 and 500, mostly Italians. As the men were assembling at the works, two companies of troops made a demonstration on the hill to convince the strikers that the soldiers were ready for any emergency.

A KENTUCKY TRIAL.

Frankfort, Ky., April 18.—Taking of testimony in the trial of Colonel Colson, charged with killing Lieutenant Scott and L. W. Demaree, was commenced this morning. Captain B. B. Golden who was shot during the duel, testified regarding the shooting. He said that Colson fired the first shot, but he didn't know who fired the second. Nothing new was brought out in cross-examination.

NAMED A PRESIDENT.

Houston, Texas, April 18.—The Trans-Mississippi congress today elected John R. Pikin, of New Orleans, president.

THE NEGRO QUESTION.

AGAIN CAME UP IN THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

A Bill Introduced to Prevent Southern States from Disfranchising the Colored People.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 18.—Senator Chandler today introduced a bill "For the prevention of the denial or abridgment of the right of citizens of the United States to vote on account of color." Introducing the bill, Chandler said:

"It provides that any requirement of any qualification for suffrage, prescribed by any state in its constitution or laws, which directly or indirectly is made to apply to the great body of colored citizens of the state, while it is not made to apply to the great body of white citizens, is hereby declared unconstitutional."

NEW NAME CHOSEN.

Kansas City Populists Condemn Bryan and Rockefeller.

Kansas City, Mo., April 18.—The middle-of-the-road Populists, at their mass convention today, effected a permanent state organization, and adopted a new name—The Progressive People's Party. The name will be presented to the National Convention for ratification. The platform condemns W. J. Bryan and John Rockefeller for their alleged connection with trusts.

The delegates to the Cincinnati convention were instructed to vote first and last for Wharton Barker, for president, and Ignatius Donnelly, for vice-president.

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Science and Sentiment.

A Miracle of Science, Matched By a Miracle of Love.

Some time since the newspapers told a thrilling story of a devoted husband who had poured the life blood from his veins into the wasted body of his wife. The one thing which would save her was blood—good, red blood. Her condition was such that her stomach and digestive and nutritive system failed in extracting from the food she ate the necessary blood supply. So new blood was introduced into her veins by transfusion direct from her husband's body, and with the new blood came new life.



It is, perhaps, not unnatural that in the popular view of such a case the sentimental features should entirely outweigh the scientific interest which attaches to it. "The blood is the life." How impressive that statement becomes with this scene before us! Scientifically it follows that any attempt to build up the life must be made through the blood. Purer blood means healthier life. More blood means more life. New blood means new life. Just in proportion as the blood is impure, thin, deficient in the red corpuscles of health, so the life will be marred by weakness and disease.

BEGIN WITH THE BLOOD.

The lesson taught by Nature and by Science to every scholar in the school of physical suffering is this: The cure of disease must begin with the blood. And it is in accord with the teaching of Nature and of Science that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery operates to give physical healing and strength. It makes new blood. It makes more blood by increasing the activity of the blood-making glands. It purifies the blood from the germs and poisons which corrupt the vital fluid and breed disease. In doing this it removes the common cause of disease, increases physical vitality and vigor, and builds up the body with good, sound flesh.

There are a great many claims made for medicines as blood making and blood purifying which are at once as unsound as they are unscientific. The statements made of these medicines would convey the idea that as soon as the medical fluid is taken into the stomach it is at once, by some marvelous alchemy, converted into good, red blood. But blood is made from food, not from medicine, and a deficient blood supply is commonly due to the fact that the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased. The nourishment in the food is only partly extracted, and this partial nourishment is only imperfectly assimilated. There is a loss and a leakage going on in each successive process of digestion and assimilation.

MINING MEN KNOW

When the stamps in the mill are working imperfectly, more gold will be lost in the tailings than will be saved in the battery. That's the way it is when the stomach is not working properly—the rich, nutritive elements of the food are lost. Many a man, in summer time, has picked up a bucket which has been standing unused in the sun, and undertaken to carry water in it. He fills the bucket and the water leaks and spurts on every side, and by the time he reaches the barn half the water is lost.

That's only another illustration of the loss which occurs in the weak stomach from the leakage of the nutritive values in the foods which are eaten.

Common sense then says at once—if the blood is made in the stomach, we must put the stomach and its allied organs into good working order before we can have good blood, or an increased supply of blood. That is just the primary work which is done by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It goes back of the blood to the blood makers. It cleanses the stomach of the foulness which must fester the food put into it, and so foul the blood made from the food. It strengthens the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition, so that they do their work perfectly, the nutritive values in the food being perfectly extracted and perfectly assimilated. It increases the action of the blood-making glands, so that the blood supply is increased. The blood is pure because there's nothing in the stomach to contaminate it. It is rich because all the vital elements of the food eaten are extracted and put into the blood instead of being wasted. It drives out disease germs because germs depend on corruption for their life. They are like maggots which only live in tainted meat. When the blood is clean the germs disappear. He cannot live in the same veins and arteries with that rollicking red corpuscle of health, which brightens the eye, reddens the cheek and rounds out the body.

THEN WHAT HAPPENS?

If "Golden Medical Discovery" does all these things the results ought to show in the body, which is built up from the blood. Of course they ought, and they do. In every one of the thousands upon thousands of letters received from those who have been cured by this great medicine there is scarcely

ever missing the reference to the gain in sound flesh, the increase of strength and the clear complexion which have accompanied the cure of the disease.

"It gives me great pleasure to inform you of the benefits that I have realized from the use of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets.'" writes Mrs. J. C. Fink, of Yost, Rowan Co., N. C. "Last winter I was so bad off that I thought it impossible for me to live until Spring. I was taken sick in January and was in pain all over. The doctor was called and he said my liver was out of order. He gave me some medicine, but it did me no good. I grew steadily worse. I could not eat as much as one bite of bread without great pain, and was so hungry all the time that I thought I would starve to death. My head ached, my shoulders ached; I was cross; my brain failed so



much that I thought I was almost insane. I could not sleep nights only a short while at a time. Would get up mornings so weak and nervous I could scarcely stand. My hands and feet were cold all day and at night they were burning hot. So I worried on and on, though some day I thought I could not live until the next. Some days my bowels moved—I dare say, twenty-five times, and scarcely anything but mucus and blood, accompanied by sickening pains in my stomach and bowels. In this way I suffered I think about two months when a friend of mine induced me to write to Dr. Pierce for advice, which I did. His answer was that I had liver complaint and indigestion, and advised me to take his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I followed the Doctor's directions closely, and in a few days I could discover that I was getting better slowly. Every day I felt just a little better, then I could begin to eat a little lighter diet. Then I began to sleep a little better at night, and in the morning would feel refreshed and rested. Next I began to gather a little flesh, and then I began to improve rapidly. I kept right on taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and his 'Pleasant Pellets,' and kept getting better every day. I took eight bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and several vials of 'Pleasant Pellets,' and I felt that I was well enough to leave off medicine and go to work, which I did with pleasure. I have not taken any medicine since, except Dr. Pierce's Pellets. I can eat anything and as much as I want, and it never hurts me a particle."

THIS IMPORTANT FACT

is suggested by the letter of Mrs. Fink: Many diseases in organs remote from the stomach are caused by the stomach, and must be cured through the stomach. It is a common thing to find people who have taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for "stomach trouble," expressing their wonder at the cure of the diseases of the liver, kidneys, heart or lungs. There really is nothing wonderful in such cures.

The poisonous flower of disease may blossom in any part of the body and yet root in the stomach. "Golden Medical Discovery" plucks up the root and the disease dies away. But, that cures of diseased lungs should be wrought in this way, seems to some people incredible. Yet the lungs are nourished and built up just like every organ of the body—by blood. Turn a leaping stream of rich, red blood into a diseased spot and it's like turning a stream of water into a fire. It stifles it at once, and the fire extinguishes it altogether. Blood is life to the lungs just as well as to the heart and the "Discovery" by making more blood and richer blood, heals the lacerated tissues and strengthens the organs assailed by disease to fight against it and throw it off. Even when the lungs have been weakened by many hemorrhages, and the body has grown weak through lack of power to eat or assimilate food, when the cough has been obstinate and deep rooted, and emaciation most extreme, health comes back by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

"Last spring I was taken with severe pains in my chest, and was so weak I could hardly walk about the house," says Mrs. G. E. Kerr, of Fort Dodge, Webster Co., Iowa. "I tried several physicians and they told me I had consumption, but that I might perhaps live a good many years. I heard of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and I thought I would try some of it. Before I had taken the first bottle I was very much better. I took five bottles of it and have not had any return of the trouble. I have also taken Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Pleasant Pellets with good results."

"My wife had hemorrhages of the lungs," writes W. A. Sanders, of Hern, Mason Co., W. Va. "She had ten hemorrhages, and the people all around here said she would never be well again. But she began to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and she soon began to gain strength and flesh. After taking ten bottles she was entirely well. Should you think this will do you a good to publish, just use it, and if any one disputes the merits of this almost omnipotent medicine they may enclose self-addressed envelope with stamp, and I will answer, the same as written in this letter."

Persons suffering from chronic forms of disease are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence strictly private and absolutely confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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As chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, each man a specialist, Dr. Pierce has in the last thirty and odd years treated and cured more than half a million persons. Most of these were in the advanced stages of disease, and many of them given up to die by local physicians. No other offer of free medical advice has behind it an institution like the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, or a similar staff of skilled physicians.

There is no alcohol in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and it contains no opium, cocaine, or other narcotic. Ignorant and unscrupulous persons having published false formulas of this medicine, the manufacturers of the World's Dispensary Medical Association, will

GIVE ONE THOUS-

AND DOLLARS for any bottle of "Golden Medical Discovery" (or "Favorite Prescription"), which on analysis shall show the appearance of alcohol, or opium, cocaine or any other narcotic as an original ingredient.

There is no substitute for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If you are led by the claims and cures of the medicine to have confidence in it and to try it, do not be put off with a "just as good" medicine, substituted for the sake of more profit only. No substitute medicine will satisfy you if you want the cure which results from the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" only.

GIVEN AWAY.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book of 1008 pages, and containing over 700 illustrations, is sent free on receipt of stamps to defray expense of mailing only.

Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper covered book, or 31 stamps for cloth binding, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, New York.

TOM MOORE'S HARP.

Instrument on Which Was Composed Many of His "Irish Melodies."

Tom Moore's harp is now in New York city. It recently arrived from Dublin, and is now the property of Marie Glover-Miller, the church and concert singer, to whose grandfather Moore presented it in 1850. The poet was a close friend of Professor Glover, Mrs. Miller's grandfather, who was one of the well-known family of Glovers, musicians and composers.

The harp, which is now about 135 years old, was used by Moore in the composition of his famous "Irish Melodies." It is interesting to note how these poems came to be written. In 1796 the publishing house of Power & Co. of Dublin invited all the harpists and minstrels of Ireland to a great musical congress at the capital of many of which is involved in obscurity, for the purpose of harmonizing and preserving this traditional national music. After the melodies had been transcribed, Moore was engaged to write words to them. The airs were harmonized by Sir John Stevenson and Professor Glover, and then began the long Irish and wide popularity of the "Irish Melodies."

It was on this harp that Moore composed "The Harp That Once Through Tara's Halls," "The Meeting of the Waters," "Go Where Glory Waits Thee," and "The Last Rose of Summer." In 1810, when Moore left Dublin after the publication of his "Melodies" by the Powers, he took the harp with him to London. There he found himself a social lion, and in the fashionable drawing-rooms of the British capital he used this harp and his fine voice to strengthen his popularity.

The harp is of the style known as the Irish Dalriada. It is about three feet in height and weighs perhaps ten pounds. It must have been a beautiful instrument when new, with its green iron pillar and a graceful sweep of neck. Oddly enough, it has no pedals. Its compass comprises thirty notes, diatonically in the key of G.—From "Tom Moore's Harp," in Werner's Magazine for March.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

In an airship, designed by a Haitian, a series of fans are mounted in a car partially supported by a gas balloon, the fans being used to drive air through adjustable pipes, which are adapted to turn toward any point to move the ship in the opposite direction.

For boats a newly patented propeller has a horizontal rod projecting through the rear of the boat and adapted to be reciprocated, with a square frame on the end of the rod, in which leaves are hinged to close and push the boat ahead at each backward thrust of the rod.

To measure small doses of medicine without the use of a spoon a new bottle stopper is provided with graduations inside the hollow top, with a double passage through which the liquid flows into the measure, being prevented from flowing back by a dam partially covering the passage.

Articles on display in show windows can be removed without disturbing the window by a Connecticut man's device, which has a pair of curved fingers mounted on one end of a pole, with a grip and thumb lever at the opposite end connected by a cord to the fingers to shut them on the article desired.

Rain water is thoroughly purified by a new filter, which receives the water into its lower chamber, allowing the heavy impurities to settle, with gauze partitions placed at intervals throughout the filter to support filtering material, through which the water rises to the outlet pipe at the top.—Chicago News.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

"What would you say," said the fair theosophist, "if I should tell you that I was born in Egypt three thousand years ago?"

"Why, I should certainly say you don't look it."—Brooklyn Life.

Fine printing, Statesman Job Office.