Cronje Continues His Struggle Against Lord Roberts.

BRITISH ARE ADVANCING IN NATAL

The Hoers Are Reported Moving Away from Ladysmith-Rumors in Europe Are Discredited.

LONDON, Feb. 25,-(Sunday, 4:35) a. m.)-Since 2:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon nothing has been received from | Monday night. the scene of what the London papers call General Cronje's death-struggle, the war officials announcing at midnight that they had nothing to give out. They stated that they believed it impossible for Cronje to escape from the grip of Lord Roberts.

The report, circulated in Berlin, that Cronje had succeeded in making his escape, came from the Boer neadquarters in Brussels, where it was stated that details were still lacking.

The only news from other parts of the seat of war, received during the night, is a special dispatch from Colenso, under date of February 24th, stating that the British, in spite of strong opposition, were advancing slowly but surely, and driving the Boers from the kopjes between Grobler's Kloot and

while the certainty of relief is so strong at Durban that the authorities are actively preparing train loads of provisions, luxuries and medical comforts for dispatch to the beleaguered town as soon as communications are re-

BULLER'S WORK. Boer Head Laager, Natal, Feb., 23.-Yesterday the British crossed the Tugela in large numbers, with cannon and sixty wagons. They attacked Ermelo and the middle Burgher's commands, but were forced to retreat under a heavy Mauser fire. A renewed attempt on the Ermelo men was made this morning, but the British were again driven off. The fighting continues. The British losses were heavy. Eight am-bulances were employed in collecting the dead and wounded. Ladysmith fired a few shots-this morning at our outposts till silenced by "Long Tom."

DR LEYDS REPORTS. New York, Feb. 24.-A cable dispatch from The Hague, to a prominent Dutch resident of New York, printed in the Evening Journal cays: "Dr. Leyds has received the follow-

ing dispatch from President Kruger: of and well entrenched."

ON THE DEFENSIVE. dramatic condition that came over the fense in the house of commons The and demands with one of those terrible fighting speeches for which he is noted. With venomous retort and scorn he once more denied complicity in the Jameson raid, denied the so-called revelation of Independence Belge, and with deft phrases re-sented the opposition's agitation as a personal attack upon his much persecuted self. In the heat of the debate and with an overwhelming majority ready to cheer every bitter phrase, Chamberlain carried all before him. But, after reflection, many of those who thoroughly believe Chamberlain to be absolutely untainted, and who place no importance upon the letters stolen from Hawkesley, the counsel for the British South African company, regretted that the colonial secretary took the matter in such a personal

## WERE IN CONFERENCE.

TARIFF BILL

A Compromise on Legislation in the Interest of Puerto Rico May Be Reached.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.-The re publicans of the house of representatives met in conference at 8 o'clock tonight to consider their position on the Puerto Rico tariff bill. Unusual interest was attached to the meeting, owhas developed on the bill. About 100 republican members were present. The elment in opposition to the bill was well represented. The first definite proposition came from Peatre, of Maryfixing two years as the limit for the Portland harbor. operation of the proposed tariff. Powers, of Vermont, was the first to give voice to the opposition sentiment. His remarks were regarded as tending to-

ward a harmonious adjustment. Chairman Payne, of the ways and means committee, spoke at considerable length and manifested some feel- It's the surest Pile cure on earth and ing at times. The members gathered the best salve in the world. Cure guarfrom what Payne said that the secretary of war and those of the war de- Stone, druggist. partment officials, most familiar with Puerto Rican affairs, had drawn the bill.

the bill. cause of the positive attitude they have taken. McCall showed a disposition to accept any of the compromises suggested. Littlefield was more vehement, declaring that he had not surrendered littlefield was more vehement, declaring that he had not surrendered littlefield was more vehement. Street, New York, leads and cures. A cold in committeemen:

Brooks—S. R. Scott, Jacob Nailot, serve to render her any the less uneasy.

Brooks—S. R. Scott, Jacob Nailot, serve to render her any the less uneasy.

Cents by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Guy C. Looney clerks.

Englewood—H. Cadwell, Chas. Cal
Fine Printing, Statesman Job Office,

his views against the measure as a whole, although he felt disposed to turn the subject over to the president, as had been proposed. Littlefield also suggested that free trade be given to Puerto Rico, with the distinct declaration that this should not operate as a precedent applicable to the other insular possessions. possessions.

This was met with a counter-proposition from Throop, of Pennsylvania, that the 25 per cent rate as provided by the original bill be retained with the declaration that this did not operate as a procedent. Up to midnight none of the propositions had been voted upon, and the members began leaving the hall. The feelin- prevailed: however, that the two-year limitation would be agreed upon as a basis of compromise, and that with this change the bill would receive a pretty general, although not unanimous support. A committee of ten, five from each side, was appointed to go over the subject and re-port some middle ground. At 12:15 o'clock the conference adjourned until

## THE SCANDAL TESTIMONY.

SENATOR CLARK AND MARCUS DALY FACE TO FACE.

The Latter's Tool on the Witness Stand -The Interesting Story Continues.

WASHINGTON, Veb. 24.—Serator Clark and Marcus Daly, rival million-aires of Montana, faced each other during the greater part of today in the senate committee on elections, in the investigation of Clark's election to the senate of the United States. Daly wore a pleasant smile throughout the day, and Clark maintained an unrufiled countenance. It had been expected that Daly would be called to the witness Ladysmith reported by heliograph on Friday that the Boers were retiring northward in large numbers. Meanmony covered the sensational contest from the Daly side of the question. In questioning Toole, Faulkener asked:

"Did you not say, after Clark's elec-tion, that if you had \$100,000 more you could have defeated him, and that with \$200,000 you could have elected your man?

"I did not. We could have beaten him with half the sum because I believe that, with that mach money, it would have been possible to have the republicans, who voted for Clark, go on making patriotic speeches and voting for men in their own party."

## NEWS FROM CAPE NOME.

TWO MEN REACH DAWSON FROM THE DIGGINGS.

Plenty of Provisions to Feed the Miners Through the Winter-Rich Ground Found.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 24.-The first news of the winter from Cape Nome reached here today in the Dawson papers, reporting the arrival there Carl von Knobelsdorff and Charles Free State and Transvaal forces to- D. Campbell, who left Nome on Degether, south of Paardeberg, reinforced cember 10th, and reached the Klondike early this month. Knobelsdorff and Campbel: report:

There is plenty of food at Nome to last through the winter, and the only London, Feb. 24-Apart from the scarce article is wood, which was selfing at \$65 a cord. The supply of wood situation in South Africa, the event of along the beach was consumed for a the week was Joseph Chamberlain's distance of ten miles up and down from vigorous and almost vicious, self-de- Nome City. The price of coal, for sale, was 7 cents a pound, though there was colonial secretary met the accusations little of it on hand, and it was being rejused to buyers. The large transportation companies, however, had enough coal on hand to last, so there was not epusidered much likelihood of a suffering from cold. Flour was selling at \$6 a sack; bacon, 30 to 40 cents a pound; fresh meat, \$1 to \$1.25 a pound; meals, \$1 to \$1.50; and lodgings, \$1 to 4 a night. Eggs old for \$3 a dozen, and potatoes and onions \$15 per 100 pounds. Stampedes are reported to have been of frequent occurrence during the winter

The beach below and southeast of Nome furnished the best reports, in the Bonanza district there having been reported a rich strike in coarse gold. No. 1, below Discovery, on Anvil creek, a tributary of the Snake river, showed \$192,000 as the result of four months' sluicing. The men were sinking holes through the ice cut from the beach, in December, to find if there was gold on the bottom of the ocean,

## THE NEW COMMISSION

REPUBLICANS TALK OVER THE To Administer the Affairs of the Philippines.

> Washington, Feb. 24-It was officially announced this afternoon, that four of the five members of the new Philippine commission had been selected,

Judge Tast, of Ohio, Luke T. Wright of Tennessee; H. C. Ide of Vermont; Dean Worcester of Michigan. It is generally believed the fifth member will be Bernard Moses, of California.

## STEAMER ASHORE.

Portland, Me., Feb 24.-A steamer, believed to be the California of the Alland, who suggested a compromise, len line, is ashore off Fort Williams,

> Editor's Awful Plight, F. M. Higgins, Editor Seneca, (Ills.,)

News, was afflicted for years with Piles | p. m. that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes two boxes wholly cured him. anteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by Dr.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh poisons ev-Payne also conveyed the impression ery breath that is drawn into the lungs, that the president was not opposed to There is procurable from any druggist the remedy for the cure of this trouble. Lacey brought forward a compromise A small quantity of Ely's Cream Balm giving to the president full authority placed into the nostrils spreads over an to act. The speeches of McCall and Littlefield attracted much interest be-

HELD MARCH 29TH.

The roll call found quite a full representation of the committeemen present. The following was the representation, after proxies had been recognized and vacancies filled:

Aumsville-E. T. Judd. Aurora-Fred Will, by Dr. J. N.

Smith, proxy.

Breitenbush—R. M. Poc. Brooks-Daniel Ruggles, by M. L. ones, proxy. Butteville-A. H. Cone, by Fred

Champoeg-James E. Smith. Elkhorn-J. P. Case, by A. Gesner, Englewood-A. D. Wheeler. Fairfield—Theo. Rubens. Scous Mills—C. D. Hartman.

Dose, proxy.

W. Jones.

Gervais—S. W. Jones. Horeb—H. J. Hadley, by J. H. Mc-Nary, proxy. Howell—P. Dyer. Hubbard-Chas. Platts, by W. L.

Tooze, proxy. Jefferson—A. J. Shoemaker. Macleay—Wm. Ramsden. Marion—James Walker, by Arthur

Smith, proxy.

Mehanna—James Eskew, by J. F Hughes, proxy.
Monitor-W. R. Townsend, by J. P. Mt. Angel-Chas. Long, by George

Prospect—Sam Hughes. Salem No. 1—F. W. Waters. Salem No. 2—M. E. Goodell. Salem No. 3-A. J. Basey, by Earl Race, proxy. Salem No. 4—J. F. Hughes. Salem, East—B. B. Gesner. Salem, North—H. T. Bruce.

Salem, South-Bert Macy, by Jesse Maey, proxy. Sidney-R. O. Donaldson. Silver Falls-Jay Bleakney, by T. B. Patton, proxy.
Silverton, North—C. W. Younggren. Silverton-C. M. Hinkle.

Silverton, South-C. F. Hicks. St. Paul—Jas. L. Cook. Stayton—Henry Keene. Sublimity—R. E. Downing, by F. T. Wrightman, proxy. Turner-J. M. Watson. Woodburn-Henry Hall.

Yew Park-P. G. Norgren. Upon motion, F. T. Wrightman, James L. Cook, J. F. Hughes, T. B. Patton and E. T. Judd were made a committee on apportionment. A re- which, besides being noiseless, watercess was then taken until shortly after proof, warm, and germ-proof, is capa-2 o'clock, to hear the report of this committee.

A unanimous report was brought in. giving the apportionment shown below. making a convention of 256 delegates, the basis being one delegate-at-large for each precinct, and one for each 15 votes east for T. T. Geer for governor. Aumsville ..... 7 Aurora ..... 7

	- Ch - A-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C	- 23
	Breitenbush	
	Brooks	
	Butteville	
	Champoeg	
	Elkhorn	- 3
	Englewood	1
	Fairfield	*
	Scotts Mills	
	Gervais	- 3
	Hords	4
	Horeb	- 1
	Howell	- 5
١	Hubbard	- 5
	Jefferson	- 3
	Sidney	- 5
1	Macleay	3
1	Marion	3
1	Mehama	-
1	Monitor	- 4
J	Mt. Angel	4
I	Prospect	
1	Salem No. I	10
1	Salem No. 2	18
1	Salem No. 3	12
1	Salem No. 4	17
1	East Salem	4
١	North Salem	IC
١	South Salem	7
١	Yew Park	6
١	Silver Falls	2
ł	Direction	6
1	North Silverton	6
١	South Silverton	6
ĺ	SC FRIII	4
١	Stayton	6
J	Sublimity	6

Woodburn ..... 11 Tetal ......256 The report of the committee was adopted, after some discussion.

Turner ..... 9

Mr. Judd moved that the primaries be held on March 21st, and the county convention on March 29th, according to the recommendation of the state committee. Carried.

A motion was adopted that the committeemen, in precincts, having closed meetings, appoint the judges and clerks and the hours in those precincts be from 12 noon to 6 p. m., on the date of the primaries.

A motion carried to make the bour, for precincts having open meetings, 2

There was an attempt to declare that only voters of the party, who have heretofore voted the ticket, be allowed to participate in the primaries. This failed, it being shown that the primary law allows any one, who offers himself, to vote, the only restriction being that he shall not vote at two primaries in one year.

There was a question raised in regard to the right of Marion and Linn coun-

THE DATE IS FIXED vert, T. C. Smith, judges.
North Salem—Geo. C. Will, J. H.
McCormick, F. A. Davis, judges; Clinton Kurtz, E. T. Hall, clerks
South Salem—A. Dave, Fred Hurst, W. Rummell, judges; George Armtrong, Scott Bozorth, clerks.

strong, Scott Bozorth, clerks.

Salem No. 1—W. D. Claggett, C. M. Parmenter, H. C. Tarpley, judges; A. M. Southwick, Ed. Horgan, clerks.

Salem No. 2—E. M. LaFore, A. N. Moores, Eugene Willis, judges.

Silverton—T. R. Hibbard, W. H. Drake, P. W. Potter, judges; George Riches, Pearl Blackerby, clerks.

North Silverton—Wright Foshay, S. T. Hobart, A. G. Steelhammer, judges; A. F. Hobart, Wm. Erwin, clerks.

South Silverton—E. Small, M. Skaife, H. L. Allen, judges; A. Thompson, L. J. Aldrich, clerks.

son, L. J. Aldrich, clerks.

Prospect—A. A. Burton, E. K. Hall,
Frank Smith, judges; S. Cone, Fred

Drager, elerks.
Woodburn-Walter Durant, Peter Scarback, John Gates, judges; A. Austin, A. L. Auterson, clerkt. Yew Park-W. H. Simpson, G. W. Davis, S. H. Hatch, judges; N. Haas, B. Irving, clerks,

CURES BY LAYING ON OF HANDS.

Frank Griffit, Rochester, Ind., Claims Divine Healing Power.

Frank Grifit, son of Hiram Griffit of Rochester, Ind., is attracting widespread attention on account of what he calls his divine power of healing. He is now 24 years old and first became acquainted with his gift when 14. His father's horse had a tumor on its neck. The affliction became so severe that it was decided to kill the animal. Young Griffit took it in charge and in a few days it was well.

He next tried his power on a goitre on his sister's neck, which soon disap-peared. Since then he has cured more than 400 cases and has never made a failure. He refuses to work at any time except at night and during the wane of the moon.

Up to the present time he has reiused all offers of remuneration, saying that the gift is from God and is to be used to heal the afflicted. The healing s accomplished by laying on his right hand, which has a malformation resembling a cleft hoof. Griffit's father and two brothers are laborers.

COMPRESSED CORK AND ITS

Cork, as every one knows, is one of the best non-conductors of heat or sound, That it has not been more widely used in building is due chiefly o the difficulty of obtaining it in an madulterated form. A product called cork tiling has recently ben placed apon the market which is made of what is known to the trade as "virgin ork," ground, compressed, and otherwise treated by a patented process, and which is free from the cement and glue usually employed to hold the paricles together. We are informed that iles made of this pure, compressed cork form an admirable flooring. ble of withstanding hard usage. By varying the degree of compression and modifying the manufacturing process slightly, sheets of cork different in color and density are obtained, which, when sawed and finished in the form of panels, can be used for wainscoting alone, or in connection with corkile floors. Cork 'compressed into sheets and sawed to the size and thickness desired constitutes a very efficient oulley covering. It is said that a puley covered or lagged with compressed ork will transmit from fifty to sixty per cent, more power with the same

"I think I would go crazy with pain were it not for Chamberlain's Pain Balm," writes Mr. W. H. Stapleton, Herminie, Pa. "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for several years and have tried remedies without number, but Pain Balm is the best medicine I have got hold of." One application relieves the pain. For sale by F. G. Haas, druggist.

ension of belt than one having only a

smooth iron surface.

### DENVER'S CONSUMPTION . VICTIMS.

Increase Reported Last Year-Danger From Infection Pointed Out.

Tuberculosis caused more deaths in Denver during 1899 than any other the army, jails, prisons, public and disease. The annual report of the private institutions, etc., are open for Health Department shows that there were 536 deaths of tuberculosis during the brisk home markets, do not care the year, which was 31 more than during 1898 and 47 more than during 1897. prepared to do so after the war, when 6 Oi 489 deaths of consumption in the city during 1897, 88 were of patients who had concentrated the disease in the state, and of this class there were 99 in 1898 and 58 last year.

The increase in the number of deaths of consumption is attracting attention and a discussion of the situation occupies most of the space this year in the report of the State Board of Health. Already the danger from infection in the larger cities makes doubtful the wisdom of receiving patients here, and the State Board calls for the to obtain a part of this trade, in-mediate enactment and enforcement of drastic sanitary legislation.-New York Sun.

the The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the

AN ENEMY'S WORK.

Genevieve St. Clair, suspected nothng, partook freely of the arsenic she had received through the mails. Her complexion was immediately benefited. But presently her teeth began to de

ties to elect a joint senator this year but no action was taken.

The committee then adjourned.

The following judges and clerks were evieve, in sudden alarm.

The reflection that she was too beau-

## THE WORK GOES

T. S. TOWNSFND, THE CREAMERY MAN, WILL VISIT SALEM TODAY.

A Butter-Making Plant To Be Established in Woodburn by Another Man-Great Interest Shown.

(From Daily, Feb. 27th.)

Apparently, interest in the creamery plant that is to be established in Salem, is abating. Such should not be It is a matter of the greatest importance to the dairy interests of the Willamette Valley which is just beginning to be developed. There is a great and constantly growing need for a creamery in the Capital City, and inasmuch as such an institution has been secured for this community, farmers of the surrounding country should give tal patronage.

It is very probable however, that the indisposition that is now evidenced towards the proposition, will be replaced by the hearty and genuine support of the farming community when the machinery shall have arrived and put in place and the plant made ready for business.

T. S. Townsend, of Portiand, who will locate the plant in Salem, is an experienced creamery operator and,

recognizing in Salem and vicinity an excellent field for the creamery business, decided to establish such a plant here. Mr. Townsend expects to come up from Portland this morning when he will complete the final arrangements beginning operations. The Crystal Ice Works plant on East State street has been leased and the machinery will be placed therein. These quarters have cally been leased temporarily as it is, very probable that it will be necessary' to seek larger quarters operated any length of time.

W. L. Maple, of Vancouver, Wash-ington, has decided to establish a creamery at Woodburn. Mr. Maple addressed a public meeting in Woodburn last Saturday afternoon. Farmers to the number of about 200 were pres-He offered to build a creamery and make butter at 3 cents a pound; to call for milk at farmers' houses at 10 however, this same melon when recents per 100 pounds, and charge 1 cent a pound for cold storage in July and August. He would pay for milk every 30 days. He promised to have a creamery in operation in thirty-five days after assurance that he will receive milk from 200 cows. The result of the meeting was that the milk of over 225 cows was guaranteed. Therefore, the cheamery is a certainty. He will hold another meeting at Moniton Tuesday, and at Mount Angel Wednesday.

## THE NATION'S CAPITAL

CITY ON THE POTOMAC.

Reports from Three Consuls on Different Matters-What Is Said About the Rush to Cape Nome.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.-Type writers in Spain are considered at present a luxury, and not a necessity, among business men; and although in time manufacturers, lawyers, and others will use them, still, of course, if the price is increased, so also will be the difficulty in introducing them, as none are made in this country. According to the new Spanish tariff typewriters, which formerly paid less than 2 cents per pound weight, are now dutiable at over 64 cents per pound weight, or about thirty-two times as much as before. An ordinary typewriter weighs from 20 to 30 pounds with its cover and the accessories usually supplied with it, so that the duty on a first-class American typewriter is now, say, from \$13 to \$20, whereas before it averaged about half

Consul General Stowe writing from

a dollar per machine.

Cape Town to the state department, says: "While the representatives here of export commission houses in the United States are cabling large orders for food stuffs, other supplies are wanted by the government. Contracts for the building of railroads, for supplying bids. If our manufacturers, owing, to to compete at present, they might be there will be a "boom." The country will then be short of supplies, particularly in the line of food stuffs, and in many other directions the demand will be large. Vehicles, tools, harness, etc., will be needed. The destruction of furniture and household supplies has already been large. Telegraphic and railroad equipment, lumber, clothing, hats -the countless things required by a country emerging from war-will find a ready market. It behooves our manulacturers and producers to be prepared

The Pennsylvania Milling Company of New York, which owned the flour on the steamers Mashona, Maria and Beatrice, seized by a British cruiser off Delagoa Bay, has made a definite offer to sell the cargoes to the British government and the offer has been accepted. None of the other American shippers whose goods were detained, have made definite a statement as to the disposition they desire made of their property, but the probability is that Great Britain will take all these goods

and pay a fair profit on them. Consul Morrison, at Dawson City, reports to the state department: "The weather for the past month has been comparatively mild, the thermometer ranging from 15 degrees above zero to 18 degrees below. This exceptional mildness at this season of the year has interferred materially with the working of claims, causing many miners to suspend work on account of water coming in the shafts and drifts, and, unless colder weather comes soon, the output of gold will fall far short of the esti-

mate, which for this season has been calculated at \$25,000,000. The Cape-Nome excitement continues unabated. Word recently received from Skagway is to the effect that many are making preparations to undertake the journey of 2,600 miles over the ice via Dawson. If all who are contemplating it make the trip this winter, there will be one continuous line of people from Ben-nett to St. Michaels. Business in Daw-son is very dull. Many restaurants and two hotels have been forced to close their doors for want of patronage. Prices remain about the same

with apparently full lines of all staples." The war department is looking for Tilden Hughes, late private Company G, Sixth United States Cavalry, whose last address was Portsmouth, Scioto County, Ohio, He has been awarded a certificate of merit for gallantry at Santiago, but cannot be found.

Representative Levy, of New York. s almost ready to announce the details of his tax-reduction bill, by which he hopes to bring about a horizontal cut in the internal revenue tax imposed for war purposes. As there is a prospert that there will be a surplus in the treasury at the end of the fiscal year, he thinks the money now unnecessarily taken from the people ought to be left in their hands and many annoying and burdensome taxes removed.

Consul Heenan, writing from Odessa to the state department, says: "Patience and long credits are absolutely essential in order to do business in Russia. Russia, in a business way, is practically the great unknown. I would like to utter a word of warning to Americans attempting to do an indiscriminate business in this country. Much is published about the great opportunities in this coun'ry, but very little is told about the difficulties, losses, and empreparatory to installing his plant and barrassments which are always met with by those who fail to take the proper precautions. In case of failure, the home creditors are usually paid, but the foreign ones are not. The fact that we have furnished the Russian government with millions of dollars' worth of various goods and were paid for the same, is gratelying. The Russian government always pays, but discrimination should be used in dealing with the

business element generally. Consul Hayden, of Castellamare di Stabia, in writing to the state department, says: "In this portion of Italy, muskmelons at best are very inferior to the American fruit, lacking the sweet flavor of our melon. Strange to say, served for consumption in winter, is very acceptable. A custom exists here of pulling the melon from the vive while green, and hanging it up in the open air until winter, when it is eaten. The melon becomes not only far superior to the ripe fruit of summer, but quite equal to the American product. If this system could be adopted in the United States, it might prove of value,

That Throbbing Hgadache.

Would unickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous NEWSY NOTES FROM THE FAMOUS Strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cored: Sold by Dr. S C. Stone, druggist.

> Mr.- Grumps-The Ladies' Journal says a woman should make herself as attractive to her husband after marriage as she did before.

Mrs. Grumps-Huh! My father always gave me plenty of money to make myself attractive with. You don't .-New York Weekly.

A Michigan editor blasphemously refers to Senator Depew as "that diletation tante gentleman whose chief ability lies in telling funny stories and who was elected to the United States senate from New York to please the New York Central railroad.



# LOST VIGOR

Cures Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of selfabuse, or excess and indisblood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. cretion. Anervetonicand restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per hox; 6 boxes for \$2.50; with a written guaran-

tee to cure or refund the money. NERVITA MEDICAL CO. Clinton & Jackson Sts., CH!CAGO, ILL. For sale by D. J. Fry, druggist, Salem, Oregon.

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from system without the use of Meneromy.

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redical care for Relen, Finance and
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A Market Ger. Mallet Pers. A Treatment per
foodly or by testion. A Position Care in every case
indersiven. Write for Reak. PRILADS/SPRY of
A Market Ger. Mallet Pers. (A Market below)

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DR. JORDAN & CO., 1951 Market St., S. F.

# Mott's Nerverine Pills



nervous prostration and all ner"ous diseases .. the generative or

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remedy for

BEFORE AND APTER USING. gans of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or out Manhood. Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, our restive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. \$1.00 per box by mails 6 boxes for \$5.00.

"For sale by all druggists."