Executive and Judiciary Powers in Kentucky at War.

COURT OFFICER HELD BY TROOPS

Injunction to Restrain Governor Taylor from Interference Will Be Asked, by the Democrats.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 2.-The first clash between the executive and the judiciary powers of the state occurred today. A still greater clash is imminent tomorrow, and beyond the possibilities of tomorrow lies a sea with skies so lowering and of so stormy an aspect that no politician of either party can predict where it will carry Kentucky's ship of state. There can be no longer any concealment of the fact that affairs in this state are bordering upon a conflict in arms, and the beginning of a crisis is at hand.

The clash of today came when an officer of the circuit court of Franklin county was arrested by the military, while attempting to serve notice of a legal proceeding upon Governor Taylor. The clash of tomorrow may come when the officers of that court attempt to enforce the ruling of its presiding judge. Behind this judge the democrats will have tomorrow, for the first time, an active executive head in the person of Acting Governor Beckham, and from the democratic standpoint a regularly appointed adjutant general, whose orders the troops now encamped around the capitol building are bound to obey. If they decline to obey the new adjutant general, he will have power to organize military forces of his own, and proceed against all the people who defy the authority of his office and that of the governor of the

On the other hand the republicans are fixed in their attitude that there is an insurrection in the state; that Beckham and his actions, his adjutant general and his orders are those of people acting in opposition to law. They believe that they alone are in the right and as there can be but one right and all else wrong, those, who show resistance to the proclamations of Governor Taylor, are in rebellion against any attempt of any kind to remove to the body in any circumstances, and them from their positions around the cannot be replaced even by sugar. But capitol, resisting force with force, and that means civil way.

The first clash of today came when Aloneo Walker, a stenographer employed by the democratic attorneys, was placed under arrest in the capitol grounds charged with conduct tending to incite mutiny and riot. His conduct consisted in nailing upon the door of Governor Taylor's private office a notice that tomorrow morndemocratic attorneys the would appear before Judge Cantrill, of the circuit court, and ask for an in junction restraining Governor Taylor from all interference with the movements of the legislature, and from his announced attempt to remove it to

London in this state. Tomorrow an injunction will be asked, and there is no doubt but that it will be granted. It is equally certain remedies for it have received no little that the republicans will pay no at-tention to Judge Cantrill or his writs.

The democratic members of the legislature today effected a regular organization. For the first time since the swearing in of Governor Goebel, a secret session of the members of both houses was held in one of the parlors of the Capitol notel, at which the election of Goebel as governor, and Beckham as lieutenant governor, wits reaffirmed, first in separate sessions of the house and senate, and afterward in joint session. Preceding this a reward of \$50,000, for the arrest and conviction of the would-be assassin of Governor Goebel, was talked of.

WILL ATTACK THE BOERS

GENERAL BULLER EXPECTED TO MAKE AN EFFORT

To Break Through the Enemy's Lines and Relieve Ladysmith-Work in Cape Colony.

LONDON, Feb. 3-(Saturday, 4:10 m:).-Heliograms, flashed from Ladysmith three days ago, say that the Boer investment lines then were thinning, and that the besiegers were moving in force toward the Tugela, indicating that a collision was expected there. This intelligence bears out the other signs, that General Buller propose another attack.

The war office confinues to reveal nothing of what has happened in Natal. Without exception, the military critics regard with dismay the prospect of a renewal of assaults, unless General Buller has been heavily reinforced. and there is nothing to indicate that

this is the case. Lord Kitchener has been traveling from army to army in Northern Cape Colony, and General French, by instructions, is now in Cape Town consulting with Lord Roberts. Large engineering constructions are proceeding at Modder river, suggesting that Lord Methuen's foreified camp has been selected as a base from which to invade the Orange Free State.

VOTING FOR SENATOR

Thomas B. Bard, of Ventura, Chosen as a Candidate—The Burns Forces Are Fighting Angrily.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Feb. 2.—This afternoon forty-one republican members she is welcome everywhere. If she of the legislature, who had been voting goes to visit Mrs. Van Orden Brown.

against Colonel Burns, met and agreed to vote of Thomas B. Bard, of Ventura. for senator in the caucus this evening. The Burns forces sent a committee to the caucus which none of the Burns men had attend, to protest against the causus being held unless sixty-one members, a majority of the legislature, were present. Thomas Flint, chairman of the caucus, ruled that a majority of the eighty-five who had signed the caucus call constituted a quorum, and as the meeting was an adjourned one from that held last night, all would be

bound by its decisions. The Burns committee left the room leaving fifty-two members present. A vote was taken which resulted in Bard receiving fifty votes and Grant two. Bard was declared to be the nominee of the caucus. It is understood the Burns forces will refuse to recognize the nomination.

SUGAR AS FOOD.

Official German Reports Commend I in the Highest Terms.

I mentioned some time ago that elab orate experiments had been made in Germany with a view to ascertaining the effect of feeding troops on sugar The object was to fest the advantageof a sugar diet, in cases where great exertions have to be made within a brief period. According to the re ports submitted by the surgeons and generals, the experiments conducted in the various army corps have had a ve ry favorable result. Professor Pluhl who was formerly assistant to Profess or Koch, and is at present the head of the physiological laboratory of the army, states that it is proved that a sugar diet increases the muscular power in comparatively a very short time and in a considerably shorter time than white of egg, the effect of which however, is more lasting, though sugar has the advantage of being much cheaper. The extraordinary rapidity with which sugar is absorbed by the body explains the rapid effect on the new-ous system, which is of the greatest importance in all cases where a speedy bodily recuperation is desired, as, for instance, in long-distance marching. Professor Pfuhl, in a series of successful experiments with sugar on his own person, has found that, after long walks three or four lumps of sugar removed all feeling of lassitude, and to a certain extent restored elasticity in th muscles, this effect being frequently produced in the short space of a quarter of an hour. He is of opinion that artificial substitutes for sugar, such as saccharin, etc., have not at all the same

With regard to the experiments made by civilian doctors, I may mention that Professors Senator and Munk the eminent physiologists of the Berlin university, have come to the conclusion that sugar has a high nutritive value as the purest and most easily soluble hydrate of carbon. A certain minimum of albumen, differing accordthe commonwealth. They will resist ing to certain cases, must be supplied sugar as food for the people is very valuable, both on account of its cheapness and the ease with which it is manufactured. Artificial substitutes, however, can in no way replace sugar ass food.-Berlin Correspondence Paris Messenger.

THE NEED OF RELIGIOUS RE-

United and earnest prayer is this week being offered unto God for a revival of pure and undefiled religion. This is the conscious need in the hearts of God's people. There is much religious sloth and widespread spiritual declension. The causes of this condition have been long and widely discussed in the public prints and from the pulpit and platform, and the attention. When reduced to the final analysis, it will be found that sin is the cause of it all, and repentance the only remedy. And just so soon as the church by thorough heart-searching and prayerful confession, and unfeigned repentance, and absolute renunciation of evil, presents herself before God, will he bestow the revival blessing so much needed, and which is coming to be more and more desired and sought. The present spiritual status of the church calls for this preliminary and fundamental work within herself, if she would address herself effectually to the great cause of the world-wide evangelization.-Christian Intelligencer.

TACT WINS EVERY TIME.

You May Be Ugiy and Even Stupid but That Doesn't Count.

A woman of social position who has introduced more than one young woman to the "right people" was complaining the other day of the average girl's lack of diplomacy. "I can't do more than introduce her, advise her and push her ahead," she said, "and when she fails to become a fixed star, through inability to observe the simplest rules of common sense, why, I call it downright ingratitude. girls are social failures through their own faults. They may be ugly and stupid and even poor, but there are ugly, stupid and poor women in New York who have enviable social dispositions. On the other hand, a gir may have friends and clothes and books, and be, an uncertain quantity secially, just for want of tact. It makes me particularly indignant just at this season, when smart balls are being given and house parties are being organized. Why, some of the women invited to them are hopelessly dull, just the sort of persons not to have in country house or at a smart darice. Why are they asked? Because they have wit; not humor, or repartee, or conversational powers, but mother-wit that warns them what to say and when and what not to say and to whom. No calling requires greater skill or tact than that of guest, and no calling brings greater compensation being a guest at certain houses means a social position for life in some instances, not to speak of the pleasures and privileges of being a guest in these luxurious days.

"Mr. Blank is an ideal guest. She is a clever little witch, but most people think she is an angel. No wonder she is welcome everywhere. If she

whose beauty and belleship are things of the past, Mrs. Blank talks not of he success of the season's beauties.

"She may speak disparagingly of beauty, that flower which lasts but an

nour, except in some exceptional ases, and she may make a point of young and pretty Mrs. De Smythe, of whom the fading Mrs. Brown is jealous. The sons and daughters, to be sure, are still in the nursery, but to mention them in that casual way makes them seem quite grown up and their mother quite aged. In this way she gives her hostess the impression that her guest thinks sae-Mrs. Brownand young Mrs. De Smythe are of the same age, which is just what the faded beauty is trying to make herself and everyone else believe. Now, Margaret D— is just the other kind of a girl. 'Last autumn she visited the Links, a family that prides itself on its sporting proclivities. Well, would you believe it, that short-sighted Margaret, whose social position is anything but secure, had the gaucherie to beat Mr. Link in a game of golf the very first lay she played with him? She was elated, too, and wrote to me about it. sent her a severe epistle, as you can magine, telling her I was amazed and lisappointed at her lack of common sense. I wouldn't call it tact; it was so obvious. I advised her to wait until she had played half a dozen games of billiards with her hostess before permitting herself to win. Then when she aid win, attribute it entirely to hostess fuition. I also implored her not to fail to skate awkwardly and to be sure to come in last or fall off her horse if she rode cross country. She took my scolding in good part, and Mr. Links' spirits revived when she et him beat her every morning for a vited to go to the Crossroads again.

"Another stupid girl is Ethel Van Shaick. She hasn't a penny in the world, and her only hope of ever beworld, and her only hope of ever being even fairly well off is to marry well. Young Midas, whose father made his money in shoe polish—the only polish in the family, by the way is devoted to her, but the stupid child will never get him, as she seems to make it a point to talk of lineage and Knickerbocker stock and blue blood and other incongruous things to Mrs. Midas, whose family history is so obscure that, like the girl in the comic song, she 'don't know who she are.' Now, what is one to do with such un-diplomatic girls? They are no more able to look out for their own interests than babes unborn. It really seems a pity with such a fine chance as they have. But what can I do? Yes, two lumps of sugar, please."—Ex.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS.

Far Exceed the Expenditures Leaving a Comfortable Surplus.

Washington, Feb. 2.- The comparalive statements of the government's receipts and expenditures show that for the month of January, 1900, the refrom all sources amounted \$48,021,164, against \$41,774.930 for January, 1899. The expenditures during the last month aggregated \$39,189,006, against \$51,122,770 for January, 1899. Jeaving a surplus last month of \$8. 823,068. The receipts last month f.om Camp, February 2d, says: these various sources of revenue, to-

lows: Customs, \$22,094,279, increase, \$4, 000,000; internal revenue, \$22,779,855, increase, \$2000; miscellaneous, \$3,138, 029, increase, \$337,000.

The expenditures during the month are given as follows: Civil and miscellaneous, \$11,036,779, decrease, \$1,-222,000; war department, \$9,352,823. decrease, \$9,300,000; navy department, \$5,316,631, increase, \$90,000; Indians, \$947,113, decrease, \$3560; pensions, \$10,973,525, increase, \$6500; interest, \$1,562,222, decrease, \$4,000,000. Since July 1, 1899, the receipts have exceeded the expenditures by \$29,870,000.

The doctrine which, from the very first origin of religious dissensions, has been held by bigots of all sects, when condensed into a few words and stripped of rhetorical disguise, is simply this: I am in the right, and you are in the wrong. When you are the stronger, you ought to tolerate me, for it is your duty to tolerate truth; but when I am the stronger, I shall persecute you, for it is my duty to persecute error.-Macaulay.

The happiest woman sees not gladness alone reflected from her mirror: its surface will inevitably be some-times dimmed with sighs.—Mme. Louise Colet.

From Mrs. Sunter to Mrs. Pinkham.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 76,244] "One year ago last June three doctors gave me up to die, and as I had at different times used your Vegetable Compound with good results, I had too much faith in it to die until I had tried it again. I was apparently an invalid, was confined to my bed for ten weeks. (I believe my trouble was ulceration of womb).

"After taking four bottles of the Compound and using some of the Liver Pills and Sanative Wash, at the end of two months I had greatly improved and weighed 155 pounds, when I never before weighed over 138. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine I ever used, and I recommend it to all my friends."-MRS. ANNA EVA GUNTER, HIGGINSVILLE, Mo.

Mrs. Barahart Enjoys Life Once More. "DEAR MRS. PINEHAM-I had been sick ever since my marriage, seven years ago; have given birth to four children, and had two miscsrriages. I had falling of womb, leucorrhosa, pains in back and legs; dyspepsis and a nervous trembling of the stomach. Now I have none of these troubles and can enjoy my life. Your medicine has worked wonders for me."-Mrs. S. BARNHART, NEW CASTLE, PA.

General Buller Moving to the Relief of Ladysmith.

MAKE ANOTHER ATTEMPT

Dr. Leyds, Diplomatic Agent of the Transvaal, Is Received with Great Warmth in Berlin.

LONDON, Feb. 4-(Sunday)-Spen cer Wilkenson writes the following review of the situation in South Africa for the Associated Press after midnight:

"It is morally imposible for Buller's army, so long as there is any fight left to it, to sit still while Sir. George White is invested at Ladysmith. Better than that would be to lose 10,000 men in an attempt at relief. Accordingly, it is probable that General Buller will try again, and indeed, that he is now on the move and fighting.

NO NEW REPORTS. London, Feb. 4 .- An officer of the war office, at midnight, said that no week, and the result is she has been in news had been received from South Africa, and that none would be given out during the night.

> LEYDS IN BERLIN. Berlin, Feb. 3 .- Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, continues to be the sensation here. officers of the British embassy are amazed at the warmth of his reception and the interest taken in the war which is most intense. Dr. Leyds had another long conference with Count Von Buelow, minister of foreign affairs yesterday, at the foreign office.

> > LOSSES OF BOERS.

Sterkspruit, Jan. 29.—Commandant Oliver, of the Orange Free State, in a speech to the Boers at Ladygrey, said that his men were almost surrounded at normberg and, unless recruits were forthcoming, he would be compelled to abandon the position. It is admitted that the recent fight at Ladysmith the Boers lost 1100 killed and 600

Many colonists who fought at Stormberg have gone back to their farms and refuse to return to active service, these are some conspicuous burghers.

MANY WERE KILLED. Ladysmith, undated, via Spearman's Native deserters report the following gether with the increase as compared field cornets killed in last week's fight-

with January, 1899, are given as fol- ing: Lombard, of Waterburg; Grobelair, of Bremersdorp; Opperman, of Pretoria; Daniel Erasmus, of Mageliersberg, and one Free State cornet. The British artillery broke seven Boer guns. The Boer casualties were approximately 1000, though this information is not confirmed officially.

ARE UNEASY.

London, Feb. 3.-A dispatch to a London paper from Pietermaritzburg says: The appearance of the flying column of scouts in Zululand has created some uneasiness among the Boers over the border. A number of Boers have been hurriedly withdrawn from Ladysmith and Dundee to Vryheld to protect that place and oppose any British advance. The Boer force there is about 1000 strong with three guns.

A CAUCUS CANDIDATE.

REPUBLICANS SELECT ONE TO REPRESENT CALIFORNIA

In the United States Senate-Thomas B. Bard, an Operator in the Oil Fields Chosen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—Thos. B. Bard who been named, in the caucus of the republicans in the California legislature, for the senatorship to succeed Stephen M. White, as United States stenator.

Mr. Bard was born in Chambersburg, Franklin county, Pennsylvania, in 1841. Bard was a soldier in the civil war, and at its close came to California, where he managed the large estates of Col. Thos. A. Scott. At the present time Bard is largely interested in the petroleum industry in Southern California, and is one of the chief executives of the Union Oil Co.

BURNS WITHDRAWS.

Will Not Remain in the Race for United States Senator.

San Francisco, Feb. 3.-The Examiner this morning prints a statement over the signature of D. M. Burns, in which he formally withdraws his name from consideration as a candidate for the office of United States senator. This nsures the election of Thomas B. Bard, he republican caucus nominee.

After thanking the members of the egislature who have supported him, he reviews the incidents of the senatorial contest, and the proceedings of the caucuses held yesterday, stating that the action of the meeting of his opponents which harmonized on Bard, virtually controlled the action of the full caucus, and abridged the right of individual members to vote as they pleased. He states that a hearing was refused a committee of his supporters. but without comment states that he is a loyal republican, and submits the matter to the party for consideration.

WILL IT BE CLOSED?

Omaha, Feb. 3.-There will be a

meeting of the officials of the Union Pacific, the Oregon Short Line and the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company, at Salt Lake City, on Wednesday. One of the questions to be taken up is the consolidation of the agencies of the three companies. Witnesses for the Opposition Among the railway men it is considered that this move is preliminary to closing the Ogden gateway.

JUDGE KEY DEAD.

Chattanooga, Feb. 3.—Judge D. M. Key died in this city tonight, aged 76. SCIENCE OF DREAMS.

Results of a Series of Experiments by a German Professor.

Sleep is not "the brother of death,"

as the poets have said, from Homer to Shelley; but, on the contrary, "Sleep is the brother of life." So Professor Baschide asserts, who, in an article in the Uaturwissenschaftliche Rundschau, gives an account of his "experiments upon thirty-six dreamers." His subjects were of various ages, from one year to eighty years. In some cases his observations were continued during the whole night, and in others for great part of the nights He watched and recorded every change of physiog-nomy, every movement of the limbs, and every speech or sound uttered by the unconscious dreamers. The depth of the sleep was also carefully measured, while from time to time the dreamers were awakened, but without their own perception that the awakening was intentional. The professor obtained, as he writes at length, the following results: (1) We dream through-out the whole of our sleep, even in the deepest sleep which we imagine to be "dreamless." (2) There is an intimate connection between the depth of our sleep and the character of our dreams. The deeper we sleep the further back travels the retrospect into the past experiences of life, and also the more remote are the contents of the dream from reality. In a light sleep on the contrary, the subject of the dream relates to the experiences and excitements of the day, and has a character of probability. (3) In a comatose sleep the professor thinks there may perhaps be no dreaming. (4) Persons who assert that they do not dream " are the victims of physical delusion." (5) Dreams of a moderate character remain longest in the memory; the wilder the dream the sooner it is forgotten. London News.

Pictures of Electricity.

The photography of lightning is science's latest achievement. These are called "electrographs," and are considered of great value in the future knowledge of electricity. It is well known that a person struck by lightning bears an impression resembling a tree. The electrograph has proved that this is because lightning itself has a tree-like shape, which always leaves a vivid impression wherever it strikes. In this ! respect it is similar to the famous med-Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. which also leaves its impression—that of health-upon every one who uses it. This great specific is for all stomach ills, such as dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, 'malaria, kidney trouble, and all ailments which arise from impaired digestion. It will not offend the weakest stomach.

VEST WAS DISCOMFITED.

(St. Louis Republic.) "After Vest returned from the South he commenced the practice of law at Sedalia with John F. Phillips. While in his office at Sedalia one day Vest told me this story:

"When a boy at Frankfort just starting out on his career of public speaking he penetrated the knobs of Franklin county, Kentucky. He was making a speech to a small* crowd which had scattered about the stump on which he stood. The audience either sat or lolled back on the ground while he spoke. As he expressed it afterward, he thought he was playing the old Harry with the opposite side, when, at the height of what he con-sidered a splendid flight of oratory. some long, lean, lank, one-gallused shrill voiced fellow rose from a lounging position about the middle of the group and said:

"Go it, my peckerwood!" "Vest's hair was very red, and he wore a blue suit. He was knocked clear off the stump and adjourned the meeting.

Congressman J. P. Dolliver of Iowa always carefully prepares his speeches writing them out a day or two before delivery. He confesses to a certain degree of stage fright, yet is one of the best speakers in the hous...

The London Mail states that the emperor of Australia has given the archiduke Ferdinand two years to consider whether he will marry the Countess Sophie Chotek. If he does not marry her he must resign his rights of succession.

THE CLARK CASE

Benefit the Senator.

TWO PROVE TO BE PERJURERS

Memorialists Hired Them to Make Amdavits Which They Knew to Be Entirely False.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.-The senate committee on privileges and elections gave almost the entire day to hearing the testimony of Ben Hill and L. T. Wright, in its investigation of the charges against Senator Clark, of Montana. They were called by the defense, although they had come to Washington at the instance of the memorialists. Both testified that they had been engaged to make affidavits against Clark; that they were paid for them, and that the affidavits were false.

Both had been in Helena during the siting of the legislature as Clark's friends, and both had their expenses paid there. Hill claimed that Camp-bell and Whiteside had assisted him in dictating his affidavits, that they knew the statements contained in it to be false. Campbell made a statement assertion made by Hill and also the statements made by yon, yesterday.

After Faulkner had resumed the investigation, Senator Hoar interrupted him, asking him to curtail the inquiry, saying that, after the witness' (Hill) own admissions, no statement that he could make would be of value to any

WANTS MORE MEN.

London, Feb. 2.-Sensational rumors are current here that the militia ballot act will be put in torce February 14th, and that General Roberts, commander-in-chief of the British forces in South Africa, has cabled for 90,000 additional men, which, it is added, the government has promise. to give him, sending 50,000 militia and volunteers and 40,000 reserves. It is also said the volunteers will mobilize forthwith. It is even asserted today that the cabinet has especially deal with these matters. The militia ballot act makes every unmarried man btween 18 and 30 years of age liable to service for five years.

UTILIZES TELEGRAPH POLES

Mexico has a clever bird called the melanarpes, which has discovered a new use for the telegraph pole. At the foot of the post this bird makes a large hole, in which it rears its family; somewhat higher up the post it makes an observatory, from which bored holes permit it to observe the horizon in every direction; still higher this sagacious bird makes its storehouse, and thus the pole serves as ts house, fortress and warehouse.-Philadelphia Record.

CONDITIONALLY ENGAGED.

Edythe-Are Percy and Beatrice en-

Ethel-Well-er-conditionally! If her papa's wheat deal goes through all right, of course she would look higher than Percy, and, if her papa's wheat deal goes to smash, of course Percy would take to the woods!-Puck.

ROBERTS AT HOME.

Was Arrested for Lewd Cohabitation With His Wife.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 3.-Brigham H. Roberts arrived here this afternoon. While in the office of his attorney he was arrested for unlawful cohabitation with Dr. Maggie Shipp. He was released on his own recognizance to appear Monday for preliminary hearing.

Because half-a-dozen grasshoppers under a fern make the field ring with their importunate chink, whilst thousands of great cattle, reposing beneath the shadow of the British oak, chew the cud and are silent, pray do not imagine that those who make the noise are the only inhabitants of the field.-Burke.

Legal Blanks, Statesman Job office.



