

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, 77 N. MARKET STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

NEW TO-DAY.

CLOVER SEED—Good clean clover seed from the Hubbard ranch. This year's crop. Leave your order at No. 396 Commercial street. 1:26-31 w21.

WANTED—TO BUY A FEW DRY cows also some yearlings and 2-year-olds, for which the highest market price will be paid. Thomas-Watt Co., Salem. 5-27-99.

LOST, OR STRAYED—From my farm in the Waldo Hills, 23 head of Angora goats, sometime during the month of December. Any information concerning same will be properly rewarded. G. S. Downing, Salem, Or. 1:14-ti-dw.

STRAYED—Two heifers, one a brown, two years old; the other a red yearling. Both half Jersey. A liberal reward will be paid for return of same to G. W. Poiser, 1 1/2 miles north of Fair grounds on old stage road. W21.

EGGS

We take EGGS in TRADE and pay HIGHEST MARKET PRICE. Other stores paid 16-2-3 in trade today; and we paid 18 cents. We keep all kinds of COFFEE from 12 1/2 cents and upwards. TEAS all kinds that can be had on this coast.

Yokohama Tea Co.

No. 249 Commercial St., Salem, Or.

Now is the Time

To do effective spraying on fruit trees, etc. The eggs of insects are hidden in the rough places in the bark of the trees and the trees are bare of leaves so that all parts of them can be reached by the spray. Every egg destroyed now means hundreds of insects less for next summer. To make SURE of killing them use

BEAN SPRAY PUMPS

Which spray at a very high pressure and are sure to penetrate to the hiding places of the eggs and destroy them. The pumps are practically non-wearable and non-corrosive and with proper care will last a lifetime.

R. M. WADE & CO.,
Agents, Salem, Oregon.

500 Men Wanted!

to cut railroad wood at Wolf Creek, Josephine county, Oregon. Price \$1.25 per cord. Wood received and paid for in cash monthly. Car fare refunded to persons cutting too cords, or money advanced for same if security is furnished. Call on or write

J. T. TUFFS, Superintendent,
Wolf Creek, Oregon.

FIR FENCE POST, coated with

Carbolineum Avenarius.

Will not wear Cedar. It is also a Radical Remedy Against Chicken Lice. Its application to the inside walls of poultry houses will permanently exterminate all LICE.

Results: Healthy Chickens—Plenty eggs. Write for circulars and prices and mention this paper.

R. M. WADE & CO.,
SALEM, OREGON.

SALEM IRONWORKS

Your Work Solicited.

GEORGE E. SLY, Sup't

Cordova Wax Candles

Nothing else adds so much to the charm of the drawing room or parlour as the soft radiance of the Cordova Candles. Nothing will contribute more to the artistic success of the interior, than the use of these candles. The best decorative lighting for the parlor or the most elaborate function for college or mansion. Made in all colors and the most delicate tints by STANBARD OIL CO. and sold everywhere.

A CREAMERY PLANT FROM MR. SEARLES

F. S. TOWNSEND, OF PORTLAND, MAY LOCATE ONE IN SALEM.

The Concern Will Be Established Here if Farmers Furnish the Cream—No Subsidy Asked.

A creamery plant for Salem is now assured. F. S. Townsend, an experienced creamery man of Portland, proposes to establish such a manufactory in this community, provided the farmers within a radius of twelve or fourteen miles of Salem will pledge the regular delivery of the required quantity of cream for the operation of the plant. Mr. Townsend asks for no subsidy and will even arrange for the transportation and delivery of what cream may be subscribed.

Mr. Townsend owns and operates a cheese factory at Tillamook, also one at Hood River, and conducts two butter creameries, one of which is located on the Nehalem, while the other is in Astoria. Mr. Townsend, accompanied by C. M. Elspass, of Washougal, Washington, being agent for the Moody-Sharpley system improved creamery machinery, arrived in Salem yesterday morning and during their stay in the city spent the time very industriously. The gentlemen formed the acquaintance of Henry B. Thielsen, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, who escorted them about the city and presented them to many of the prominent and influential citizens who gave the promoters of the scheme much encouragement.

The plan will be established here when the delivery of the required amount of cream shall be pledged by the farmers. The question of whether or not this much needed institution shall be secured for Salem, rests entirely with the farmers, residing in the vicinity of this city, who are most vitally concerned in the matter. The capacity of the plant will be as great as the guaranteed supply of cream will warrant. In event the creamery is located here, Mr. Townsend will utilize both boat and rail for the transportation of cream to this city.

C. H. Markham, general passenger agent for the Southern Pacific Company assures Secretary Thielsen, that company will do everything in its power to assist in furthering the interests of the Willamette valley farmers. He says a nominal freight rate will be made for the transportation of cream by rail and that in event the creamery is established here, if farmers desire to purchase more cows from other sections of the valley to be used in connection with the dairy industry, the necessary transportation of such animals will be furnished absolutely free of cost. This is a remarkable concession on the part of the company.

Mr. Townsend claims that the Willamette valley is better adapted to successful dairying and butter making than any other section of the state, not excepting the celebrated Tillamook country. He maintains there is no better field for a creamery than Salem, and he is especially anxious to fill that field.

Farmers residing on both sides of the Willamette river and within a radius of twelve or fourteen miles of Salem, are requested to call upon or communicate with Secretary Thielsen, of the Chamber of Commerce, immediately, and notify him of the amount of cream they can furnish. No time should be lost, but early action should be taken and the creamery positively secured for Salem.

Mr. Townsend will attend the Farmers' Congress in this city, on the 7th and 8th of February, by which time it is hoped the necessary amount of cream will have been subscribed. Secretary Thielsen and other members of the Chamber are enthusiastic over the project and will work earnestly to see the farmers aroused to a realization of the importance of the situation and secure for Salem the location of the creamery.

CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS.

The most radical remedy against chicken lice and the best wood-preserving paint is Carbolineum Avenarius, manufactured in Germany only. The farmers all over the country count amongst their heaviest expenses to run the farm, the lumber bill. All are undoubtedly interested to learn of a medium to reduce the same at least to half its former cost. This medium is Carbolineum Avenarius, a wood-preserving paint based on 35 years' experience. Many are of the opinion that paint, tar and linseed oil will preserve the wood against rot and decay. These coatings only form an air-tight cover, but do not destroy the albuminous parts of the wood, which always start the rot. The coatings with above mentioned materials prevent the evaporation of the wood and the consequence is dry rot. Carbolineum Avenarius, on the contrary, penetrates deeply into the wood and destroys all present decay matter. The Carbolineum Avenarius is applied with a brush and imparts a nice nut brown color to the wood. It is used on the farm for painting barns, granaries, shingles, silos, posts, bridges, chicken coops etc., and all woodwork above and below the ground. Carbolineum Avenarius is also the most radical remedy against chicken lice. If you want plenty of eggs and healthy chickens, the chicken coop will keep clean from vermin. Keroleneum and whitewashing, which has to be repeated every month, is done away with and expenses for sulphur and insect powder are saved. Whoever desires further information about Carbolineum Avenarius should write to

R. M. WADE & CO.,
Salem, Oregon.

A BICYCLE PATH.

County Surveyor B. B. Herrick yesterday completed the task of surveying for a bicycle path to be constructed between the north end of the Front street bridge over North Mill creek and Westland, over a distance of 1 1/2 miles. The course of the path is through Mission Bottom. The path will probably be built during the coming summer.

THE HOP DEALER MAKES ANSWER TO THE GROWER.

Asserts That His Article, Published Last Fall, Benefitted Oregon Producers—Was Misinformed.

In yesterday's Statesman there appeared a letter, signed by "Grower," in which the writer called attention to what he called insincerity on the part of L. R. Searles, the local hop dealer, regarding his statements, about the Oregon hops. Accompanying the letter was an article, alleged to have been written by Mr. Searles last fall, and published in the Western Brewer, of Chicago, a journal conducted in the interest of the brewers' trade. This article, it was made to appear, differed materially in its statements from Mr. Searles' letter in the Statesman of the 24th inst. Yesterday the following letter was received by the Statesman, in reply to the letter of Grower, and it is self-explanatory:

"Editor Statesman: In your issue of the 25th inst., appears a letter signed 'Grower,' but evidently written by a hop dealer, who is ashamed to sign his own name but must hide under a nom de plume, in which he charges me with insincerity in my letter to you of the 23rd inst., as compared with the article written by me and published in the December 15, 1899, issue of The Western Brewer, of Chicago, Illinois. 'I am pleased that you published the article in question as it most assuredly proves my sincerity toward the Oregon growers of hops, when I have published in the journal of the consumers of hops an article which could be only of benefit to the Oregon hop growers, and did benefit them by reason of the large business that has taken place since the article in question was written; the sincerity of your correspondent would be much better, if he were to sign his own name to his communication, instead of hiding behind the name of 'Grower.' 'My letter to you of the 23rd inst., was written in a spirit of fairness to everybody concerned in the hop business in the state of Oregon, and while I was informed that the association did not sell the S. J. Kerr lot of 60 bales of hops, Mr. Winstanley's statement, that they did make the sale in question, is sufficient for me to change my statement as to sales, and I should have said that the Association has only sold 60 bales of hops in all. 'In regard to the crop estimate, this is purely conjecture on the part of everybody and until the end of the season, no definite figures can be obtained, but the opinions differ in regard to the fact that some dealers even estimate the 1899 Oregon crop as high as 80,000 bales, while nobody, except the Oregon Hop Growers Association, estimates it as low as 65,000 bales. 'Your truly, Louis R. Searles.'"

DEATH OF A PIONEER.

Mrs. Matilda C. Penter, Who Crossed the Plains in 1843, Passed Away in Tillamook County.

Mrs. Matilda C. Penter, died the 21st inst., at her home at Oreton, in Little Nestucca, Tillamook county, of old age. She was born November 15, 1820, in North Carolina. When quite young she removed to Tennessee and in a short time moved to Arkansas, where she lived until she grew to womanhood. In 1837 she was married to Samuel Penter. In about the year 1842 she moved to Missouri. In the spring of 1843 she, with her family and in company with her father, T. D. Kaiser, crossed the plains with an ox team. After suffering many hardships, in six months they landed at Oregon City. Shortly after they went to Yamhill county, and this not being unsettled, moved to what is now Salem, with her husband. Here they took up a donation land claim in what is now known as Highland, North Salem. Here she lived until 1883 when she moved to Little Nestucca. Her health broke down, and in 1888 she moved back to Salem. In 1893 she moved back to Tillamook county, where she resided until the end came, as stated above. Mrs. Penter had the honor of being the first white woman to arrive at The Dalles in a wagon. The company here abandoned their teams, and with untold suffering, proceeded down the Columbia river in small boats. It rained almost every day until they arrived at Oregon City, which took about three weeks. In her early life she became a convert to the M. E. church, and enjoyed a devout life to the end. Mrs. Penter was the mother of nine children, of which number but four remain to mourn her loss: T. H. Penter, of Nestucca; S. M. Penter, in British Columbia; and Mrs. H. I. Brown, and M. J. Penter, of Salem.

OUT AT LAST.

Roberts, Excluded by Congress, by a Decided Vote.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The case of Brigham H. Roberts, the Mormon representative-elect from Utah, which has occupied so much of the attention of the house since the assembling of congress, was decided today by the adoption of the resolution to exclude him by a vote of 278 to 50. The amendment to expel Roberts without seating him, offered by Lacey, was ruled out on a point of order, and the house only voted on the resolutions of the majority and minority of the committee. The latter—to seat and then expel Roberts—was defeated by a vote of 81 to 244. An analysis of this vote shows that 170 republicans, seventy-two democrats and two populists voted against it, and seventy-one democrats, six republicans, two populists and two silver republicans for it. The majority resolutions—to exclude Roberts and declare his seat vacant—were adopted, 273 to 50. The affirmative vote was divided as follows: Republicans 168, democrats 96, populists 4, and the negative vote, democrats 47, silver republicans 2, populists 1. Roberts was present throughout the

day and left the hall after the result of the last vote had been announced. As he did so he gave out a statement, justifying his retention of his plural wives on the ground that his moral obligation was more binding upon his conscience than the technical obedience to statutory laws, and saying that there was little excuse for the extraordinary efforts, made to crush a system already abandoned and practically dead. He said he was a martyr to a "spasm of prejudice." He would not, he said, attempt to run for congress again, although he would go back home with a light heart, confident of the future. Representatives Tongue and Moody, of Oregon, and Jones, of Washington, voted against the minority resolution to seat Roberts and then expel him, and in favor of the majority resolution to exclude him. Cushman, of Washington, was absent. Wilson, of Idaho, voted for the minority resolution, to seat Roberts and then expel him, and against the majority to exclude him.

BRYAN IS CHOSEN.

Democrats of Pennsylvania Endorse Him for President.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 25.—The state democratic committee set the pace for the democracy of other states today, by making Col. W. J. Bryan its choice for the presidency in 1900. This action was taken by the committee while Col. Bryan was on his way to Harrisburg, from New York to attend the meeting and confer with the party leaders. This is probably the first time in the party's history that the democrats of Pennsylvania have indicated their choice for president in advance of the state convention. The state convention will be held in this city on April 5th, and will adopt a platform along the lines laid down by the Nebraska orator, in his speech, tonight, before 5000 people at the Keller street hall. The platform will endorse the Chicago declaration of principles, denounce trusts and imperialism, advocate ballot reform and pure elections, and condemn machine politics.

THE RACE QUESTION.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Just at the close of today's session of the senate, the speech delivered by Money, of Mississippi, on the race question in the South, precipitated a heated colloquy between him and Chandler, republican, of New Hampshire, in which the latter alleged that the Southern senators, by their intemperate statements, were reopening the whole Southern question in the senate after it was supposed to be dead. The charge which Chandler particularly noticed was made by Morgan, of Alabama, who is absent, but as it had been reiterated substantially, in Chandler's opinion, by other senators, he declared he did not purpose to permit it to go unrefuted. The charge was that the civil war had been precipitated by designing politicians of the North, for the purpose of putting the slaves on political and social equality with the Southern whites. Chandler's refutation of the statement was made with his characteristic vehemence and aggressiveness, but as no reply was offered, the incident ended there. The urgency deficiency bill, carrying about \$9,000,000, passed.

THE STAMP TAX.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Among the important bills introduced in the senate today was one to repeal the war revenue stamp tax.

HONOLULU IS STRICKEN

THE CITY SUFFERING SORELY WITH BUBONIC PLAGUE.

Thirty-Nine Deaths Have Been Reported as a Result of the Visitation—Ten Blocks Burned.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 25.—The steamer Mowera, of the Canadian-Australian line, although she did not make a call in the usual sense at Honolulu, and brought neither mails, nor passengers from that plague-ridden city, learned, while at anchor off that port, that the bubonic visitation grew more serious daily. There had been thirty-nine deaths to date, including one white woman. The inter-island trade is described as paralyzed, and Hilo has so effectively barricaded its doors against the introduction of the disease that its protective force have orders to shoot any one attempting to dock steamers from the capital. Immigrant steamers continue to arrive from Japan, and quarantine accommodations are taxed to more than their capacity. In Honolulu a panic prevails, and the danger is vastly intensified by the popular terror. President Cooper, of the board of health of Honolulu, had ten blocks burned. Thirty-four hundred Japanese, at Honolulu, are in quarantine.

A CANNERS COMBINE.

Frazier River Packers Have Entered Into an Agreement.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 25.—The British Columbia combine was formed today, of the Frazier river canners, superseding the pools which had been arranged in default of a general plan of co-operation. The arrangement made is regarded as of the greatest importance to the canners. An arrangement has been made which for protective and operative purposes, makes the forty-eight canneries on the Frazier river one big institution. All the canners signed an agreement except two, and these represented the four canneries the directors of which reside in England.

The compact involves the price of salmon and the size of the pack. A committee will be chosen to set the price on salmon for the season. After the fishermen's price has been regulated, the canners will be bound each one by the deposit of a \$1000 certified check not to offer to pay more than the set price for fish. Should any can-

ner put up a larger pack than has been assigned to him, his surplus pack must be divided pro rata among all the other canners.

ARMED KENTUCKIANS.

Frankfort Ky., Jan. 25.—Armed men from the mountains, bearing badges with portraits of Governor Taylor pinned on their breasts, arrived in Frankfort today on special trains. The men numbering nearly 1,000 contrary to expectations, on advice of the republican authorities here left at 9 o'clock tonight. The consensus of opinion is that the visitors mistook this for the day on which the contest boards were to make their reports. The men were an hour getting aboard their trains and amused themselves during the delay by discharging their guns. The people of the city gave them a wide berth. They are expected to return when the contest ends.

SCHWANN'S CAMPAIGN.

Washington, Jan. 25.—General Ochs' cabled report, received this morning, indicates that General Schwann is conducting the campaign in the south of Luzon, with the greatest energy. He has located southeast of Laguna de Bay, what is probably the last considerable force of insurgents remaining in the old command, and today's report shows that with a small loss to himself and a heavy loss to the enemy, he has managed to completely dissipate this force, probably beyond the possibility of reconstruction.

SHE IS GLAD.

England Is Proud of the Troops in South Africa.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—(Saturday, 4:15 a. m.)—General Buller's phrase, "the men are splendid," thrills England with pride and confidence. His taking and holding Snienkop were considered permanent advantages.

Sir Charles Warren's opinion, that miles of the adjacent Boer entrenchments are untenable, is accepted by the most expert observers as obviously true because of the height of the position, although some point out that it may lack an adequate gun platform to resist artillery fire from two extended sides. It is not likely that General Warren will let go anything he holds, and the news of a further success is calmly awaited. The military authorities recognize, of course, that in the twelve or fifteen miles between Snienkop and Ladysmith there are continuous defensive positions and rugged hills and ravines which far outweigh Snienkop, but they are sure that the troops who have turned the Boers out of difficult places can do it again.

The Kildoran Castle reached Durban yesterday (Thursday) with 2,000 additional troops for General Buller, and three troopships have arrived from India.

The situation in the neighborhood of the other armies is unchanged by a forward movement by General French is daily expected. A dispatch to the Standard, from Rensburg, describes General French's position as now forming a great semicircle around the Boer positions. The correspondent says he could take Colesburg, two miles away, at any time.

CRAZY CONVICT.

Martin Kelly, a patient at the asylum, broke the window guards of the room in which he was confined, at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, and made his escape. A dozen attendants searched for him all of yesterday, and the police of the surrounding towns have been notified. Kelly was received from the penitentiary on April 12, 1899. He was sent to prison from Jacksonville on a charge of larceny. The authorities expect to recapture him in a few days.

COL. BAKER'S GRAVE.

Oregonian: Oregonians returning from visits to San Francisco say that the grave of Senator E. D. Baker, in one of the cemeteries of that city, is neglected, and has been for two years. It is a natural result of a mistake that was made when interment of this distinguished Oregon soldier and statesman was made in California instead of Oregon.

BORN.

BUREN.—In Salem, Oregon, Tuesday morning, January 23, 1900, to Mr. and Mrs. Max O. Buren, a son.

TRACY.—At the family home, near Marion, Oregon, Friday, January 19, 1900, at 6 a. m., to Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Tracy, a son.

MARRIED.

WHITNEY—HOPP.—At the Chatwin House, on Church street, in this city, Wednesday, January 24, 1900, Miss Carrie M. Hopp, of Champego, to Oliver C. Whitney, of Hubbard, Rev. John Parsons, of the First Methodist church, officiating.

GRAHAM—HELLENBRAND.—At the home of Mrs. Peifer, corner of Park and Clay streets, Portland, Oregon, at 8 p. m. Wednesday, January 24, 1900, Miss Charlotte Josephine Hellenbrand, of Salem, to William Wallace Graham, of Oregon City, Rev. Morrison, of the Episcopal church, officiating.

The bride is a native Salem girl, being the daughter of Charles Hellenbrand of this city. For about eight years she was employed as stenographer and typewriter in the office of the Salem Light & Traction Company. She was very widely and popularly known here and is a young woman of splendid business qualifications and possessed rare accomplishments.

The groom is a young violinist who has a promising future before him, being now quite an able musician. He has been studying under eminent masters in Germany for a number of years and has made rapid progress. Mr. and Mrs. Graham leave Portland next Tuesday over the Union Pacific road for New York City, whence they sail for Hamburg, Germany, where Mr. Graham will continue his studies for another three years. Mrs. Graham will prosecute her German studies and will also continue her music.