

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY

WEATHER CHANGES

BARRING FURTHER RAIN. MUCH GRAIN WILL BE SAVED.

Threshing Will Again Be Resumed in This Vicinity Within a Few Days.

The rain has apparently subsided for the present and farmers are more hopeful. Grain in some localities has been more or less damaged and in several instances cannot be used for milling purposes. Such grain can only be used for feeding purposes, but owing to the scarcity of hogs in this valley it cannot be very profitably used. The damage to grain, however, as disclosed by an inspection of a number of fields, is not thought to be as extensive as has been reported. While there was every cause for alarm among the farmers, it is generally thought the reports regarding the extent of the damage wrought by the storm have been greatly exaggerated. Owing to conflicting reports that have been received pertaining to the conditions of grain throughout the county, it is absolutely impossible to definitely estimate with the slightest degree of accuracy, the amount of damage to the Marion county grain crop that has resulted from the recurrent showers of the past ten days.

A very unfortunate condition is reported to exist in Isaac Needham's 250-acre grain field a few miles south of this city, the wheat of the entire field having been ruined by the rain. The grain had been cut and shocked in the usual manner practiced by Oregon farmers, no caution being taken to prevent damage from a possible rain storm. As a consequence the grain has sprouted badly and can only be used for feeding purposes.

Daniel Slevert, who is engaged in farming about three miles south of the state house, was one fortunate farmer. Mr. Slevert harvested from a forty-one acre field an average yield of 58 bushels per acre and was successful in having the same harvested and threshed before the recent severe rain came.

H. W. Timm, who also farms south of this city, reports a 30-acre field of grain on his place that is worthless for milling purposes but takes the misfortune good naturedly. The rest of the grain upon his place was properly capped and has not yet suffered from the rain.

Kirk Hubbard, of Polk county, left some samples of wheat that the Statesman office yesterday. The grain had been exposed to the rain but is not very seriously damaged. He says the samples were taken from shocks that were thoroughly wet but the kernels are only slightly swollen.

Reports from Sublimity and other sections of the county are discouraging, indicating that the damage from the rain has been general throughout the county.

The local market quotation remains at 48 cents but representatives of the Turner Flouring mills are traveling among the farmers, whom they are offering 52 cents per bushel for good wheat. One farmer was informed that he would pay him a better price if he would sell his grain but he decided to hold it, expecting the local quotation would advance considerably within the next few weeks.

Several hundred bushels of wheat were received at the Salem Flouring mills yesterday from farmers. It had all been threshed before the rain arrived.

A farmer residing near Brooks was in the city yesterday and said that with a continuation of yesterday's auspicious weather for another two days, that some grain would be in a condition for threshing. He said M. L. Jones' threshing outfit expected to resume operations tomorrow morning providing there was no further rain.

WORDS OF PRAISE.

For the Oregon Penitentiary and Asylum as Spoken By an Editor in Indiana.

The editor of the Greenblatt (Ind.) Star-Express, who attended the meeting of the National Editorial Association in Portland last month, and who on the occasion of the visit of that body to Salem, enjoyed the hospitality of the Capital City, speaks words of praise regarding Salem and the treatment he received here. After detailing the reception tendered the visitors, he recounts his visit to the asylum and penitentiary in the following terms:

"If Oregon wished us to speak well of her institutions, she need not have put us in good humor in order to have us do so, for nothing can be said of them except in praise. Certainly, as a state, she has a right to be proud of them."

"The penitentiary is clean, well ventilated and comfortable. The prisoners are employed in the bakeries and shops. As in other prisons, the more dangerous criminals are given the hardest labor. The prison barber was an interesting fellow. It was to most of us a strange sight to see one man in stripes shaving another man in stripes. The druggist was the most intelligent prisoner we saw. He was a little man with a Frenchy air. His little drug counter with its numerous scales and measures and the glass cases back of it, gave a scientific look to the whole room. The most entertaining villain, we all agreed, was a forger. He was an ex-plane tuner, and had turned his talents to account in his confinement. By making use of slats of wood and pieces of cord he had constructed an instrument from which he drew most enchanting strains. I think the poor old fellow really enjoyed his music more than we did. His face was a study, and we were glad that in listening to him we gave him pleasure."

"From the penitentiary we were taken to the insane hospital. This was indeed a marvel. Everything was exquisite. The polished floors were immaculate, the rooms in every ward

were beautiful, they were so scrupulously clean and neat. There was on every floor a patients' dining room. The linens and china were dainty. The atmosphere of the whole place was wholesome. In the court the men were watching a game of baseball. This they seemed to much enjoy. An Eastern doctor who was with us and who has made the study of insanity a specialty, constantly remarked upon the perfectness of the institution and declared that there was nothing in the East which could compare with the Oregon hospital for the insane."

"During our visit in Salem we met Mr. Howard Ragan, a native of Marion township, Putnam county, Indiana, and a brother of W. H. Ragan. We were glad to see a familiar face and Mr. Ragan was similarly affected, so we had a pleasant time together. Mr. Ragan is a prosperous merchant in Salem and thinks Oregon the greatest of states."

A RECEPTION.

TENDERED PROF. G. W. JONES BY THE TURNER MASONS.

Items of Interest from that Place, Gathered by the Statesman's Wideawake Correspondent.

TURNER, Or., Aug. 22.—A reception was tendered Prof. G. W. Jones, of Salem, at the Masonic hall last Saturday evening, by the Masons and their families, he being a member of that order here. Professor Jones gave a descriptive talk of this experience, while in Honolulu and the island of Luzon, which was thoroughly enjoyed by all. During the evening ice cream and cake was served. A delightful evening was spent by all present.

Miss Ethelroyenne Cromwell, of Los Angeles, and Miss Genevieve McKinley, of Salem, are the guests of Miss Irma Riches.

Mrs. Frank Neal left for Wolf Creek, Josephine county, last Saturday, where she will join her husband, who has been there some time. They will reside at Wolf Creek permanently.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will give an ice cream social, next Saturday evening, August 26th. Mr. and Mrs. Emory Barzee and daughter, and H. W. Smith, have returned from a six weeks' trip through Lake and Klamath counties.

Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Ransom have gone to Fish Lake on their annual outing trip.

A woman, establishing agencies for books, called at a residence, in this place last Saturday morning. The lady of the house, being ill, did not respond to her knock as she thought it was made by the children, but later saw this woman leaving. Shortly afterwards it was discovered that a watch had disappeared, the woman was followed and searched, the watch being found in her umbrella. The woman left for parts unknown, citizens in surrounding towns should look out for this woman.

Lyle and Ruby Steiwer, of Jefferson, were the guests of their grandmother, Mrs. Wm. Steele, last week.

Will and Orville Perry left last Sunday for their home at Burlington, Iowa. The young gentlemen are nephews of W. M. Hilleary. Will Perry has just returned from Manila being a member of Company I, of Albany. He was a student of Albany College, when he enlisted as a volunteer.

Turner has a saloon, the first time in eight or nine years. It is not an uncommon thing to see intoxicated men upon the streets. We are sorry to see this and especially the influence that is thrown among the young men of our little town.

THE GAME LAW.

Game Warden Quimby is hard after the violators of the game laws of this state. He has instructed his deputies to be on the alert and has sent spies in various parts of the state to detect any infractions of the law. He is ably assisted by the Oregon Fish and Game Association which offers a reward of \$10 for the arrest, conviction and punishment of any person found guilty of violating the laws of the state for the protection of trout and game. Such reward, after arrest, conviction and punishment, will be paid to the person who swears to the complaint upon which the final conviction and punishment are based. The local rod and gun club now has a man in the field all the time to see that the laws are duly respected.—Albany Herald.

REDUCED TO EXTREMITIES.

They gently chide the poet in that he always took the gloomy view of things. "Do you ever write on an empty stomach?" they asked.

The poet glared up at them with glassy eyes. "Often there is no stationery in the house!" he moaned, for he was now become delirious.—Detroit Journal.

A half success may be a whole failure.



Face Humors

Pimples, blackheads, simple rashes, red, rough hands, falling hair, and baby blemishes prevented by CUTICURA SOAP, a sure preventive of inflammation and clogging of the pores.

Sold throughout the world. For Sale by Druggists, Chemists, Grocers, etc. Beware of cheap imitations.

READY TO FIGHT

A PORTLAND MILITIA COMPANY OFFERS ITS SERVICES

For the War in the Philippines—Captain von Egloffstein Anxious to Go to the Front.

(From Daily August 23d.)

A letter reached the governor's office yesterday from Captain G. C. von Egloffstein, commanding company G, Third regiment, Oregon National Guard, tendering the services of the company for use in the Philippines, to be incorporated in one of the new volunteer regiments recently called for by the war department. Captain von Egloffstein, and his soldiers, in tendering their services, state that the company now has sixty-three members, most

TWICE-A-WEEK STATESMAN.

Beginning with the first week in January, 1900, the Weekly Statesman will be issued in two sections, of eight pages each, and the price will be reduced to \$1 a year.

The present Weekly is twelve pages, issued once a week, and the price is \$1.50. So, beginning with the new year, subscribers will get four extra pages, with the news more nearly as it happens, and they will also get the paper at a reduced price.

But the subscription price of the Twice-a-week Statesman will be absolutely in advance. No copy will be sent for any length of time without the money in advance, and every subscription will stop promptly at the time of expiration.

The reason we make this announcement thus early, is that we will close up absolutely the present subscription lists of the Weekly beginning with the first of the year, and any subscriber who at that time has not paid up his subscription in advance will cease thereafter to receive the paper. We do not require that every subscriber at that time shall have paid up all of his arrearages. But he must have paid his subscription in advance to the Twice-a-week Statesman, or it will not be sent to him. All unpaid accounts on the present list will at that date become ledger accounts. That is, you can become a subscriber to the Twice-a-week paper without paying up your arrearages, by making a payment in advance. We will expect all who are able, however, to pay up their back subscriptions by January 1st. Subscriptions paid in advance after January 1st will be advanced at the new rate of a dollar a year, commencing at that date.

We are only enabled to make this improvement and reduction in price on account of a new printing press that will be installed shortly before that date.

Please attend to both your arrearages and advance subscriptions, if possible, before that date, so that the work will not all come at once.

of whom would pass the required examination. The captain states that, if the company is accepted, he can easily recruit it up to the full strength desired by the government, and that his men would all be of a most desirable class.

Captain von Egloffstein is a thorough military man, having been trained for a soldier's life. He is a graduate from one of the royal Prussian military academies, and upon being graduated was appointed a lieutenant in the German army. He served in that capacity for ten years, when he resigned his commission and came to the United States. He was decorated with the clasp of honor by the emperor for ten years' faithful and efficient service. Since coming to the United States he has become a citizen of this country, and for the past three years has held the position of resident commandant and instructor of military tactics at the Bishop Scott academy, in Portland, and has long taken an interest in the affairs of the Oregon National Guard, and after the Second Oregon volunteer regiment was enlisted, and sent to the Philippines, he aided in the organization of the Third regiment, O. N. G., being elected captain of company G.

This makes the second company of the Oregon National Guard, tendering its services to the federal government, the first being company K, Captain R. H. Leabo commanding. There are many hundreds of young men, desirous of going to the war, provided they can enter companies commanded by officers of their own selection. From all over the state letters are asking to be enlisted in his company of volunteers, provided the company is accepted by the government.

Major Percy Willis yesterday received a telegram from the war department, tendering him a captaincy in the Forty-fifth regiment of volunteer infantry, now being organized. This appointment comes as a result of the recommendation made by J. T. T. Geer recently.

Even the quiet waiter is frequently called to order.

SOME OREGON WHEAT.

Editor Statesman:

In the winter wheat region of South-eastern Kansas, which is probably the best wheat country in the Mississippi valley, 40 and 50 bushels per acre is considered a big yield. When the Willamette valley soil is new it can do much better than that. Mr. Wm. Toole of Linn county has on his farm, four miles east of Corvallis, a piece of eleven acres of swamp land that has been cleared and drained. It is what is known as "beaver dam" land, and produced this year an average of seventy-two bushels of wheat per acre. Even at the low price of 50 cents this makes a very profitable crop, and one or two such will pay for the land as well as the cost of clearing and draining it.

This shows what Oregon soil can do when all the conditions are favorable. The climate is remarkably well adapted to grain raising, and if the land was kept in red clover for two or three years the yield of wheat on

BROKE THE RECORD

THE WEATHER CONDITIONS FOR AUGUST ARE UNUSUAL.

Condition of the Crops in the State and the Effects of the Recent Rains.

(From Daily August 23d.)

B. S. Pague, section director of the meteorological department for the Northwest, issued the following circular on Monday evening regarding the weather and crops for Oregon:

Western Oregon. Weather—Rain fell on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Sunday, and a few showers occurred today, the total for the week ranging from 0.36 of an inch to 1.45 inches. Since the rains began on the 9th from 1 to 2 inches have fallen. Rain has fallen on nine days of this month, a greater number than in any previous August. Fair and pleasant weather prevailed on Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

The mean temperature for the week, 59 degrees, is 2 degrees lower than for the preceding week and 6 degrees lower than for the corresponding week of last year. The maximum temperature ranged from 55 to 72 degrees and the minimum from 50 to 60 degrees. Since August 1st the maximum temperatures have been below 80 degrees except from the 2d to 6th inclusive, when in a few sections they were from 80 to 84 degrees. There has been a marked deficiency in the amount of sunshine.

The records of the Weather Bureau cover a period of twenty-nine years, and these records fail to show any weather even approximating that which has prevailed this month. In August, 1866, from the 1st to the 6th, rain fell, but it was followed by warm, clear weather; in 1881 rain fell on the 13th and 14th, and again from the 25th to the end of the month; in 1894 rain fell from the 20th to 25th, inclusive. These are the only years on record having any unusual weather; hence, this year is an unrecruited one.

Crops.—Harvesting fall-sown grain is practically at a standstill. Reports vary as to damage to the shocked wheat. Telegraphic reports received today state that sprouting has commenced in the shocked wheat and also in that which is yet uncut. No serious or general damage has yet occurred, though should current conditions continue, which is not probable, much damage will result. The fall-sown grain is all ready to be cut, and the rains have caused it to fall and lodge. Some loss will result, no matter how soon fair weather again sets in. The rains have been of great benefit to the spring-sown grain, and especially to that which was late sown. Within a week after fair, warm weather sets in, the spring grain will be ready to harvest. The rains have put the soil in good condition and plowing has already commenced.

Grass which had commenced to dry up, has been revived, making the second crop of clover as promising as the first crop turned out to be.

Potatoes have an excellent growth and a large crop appears to be assured. Garden produce of all kinds has been greatly benefited by the rains and good garden crops are assured. The onion crop of Washington county is superior to that of former years.

Hop growers report their hops in better condition than ever before. There are fewer lice than for years. The vines are clean and healthy and are well filled with burrs or cones. The rains have increased the size of the burrs, so that unless adverse conditions prevail, an extra good, clean hop crop will be secured. Lice are fewer than they were one week ago.

Peaches are ripening in the southern counties. Watermelons, apples and pears are slowly ripening. The rains have cracked a few plums. The plums are reported to be of better size and of a more marketable appearance than usual.

Fair weather will probably prevail within thirty-six hours, and should such be the case, it will be found that the benefits derived from the rain will more than offset any injury that may have occurred.

Eastern Oregon.

Weather.—Rain fell on Monday, Wednesday and Sunday, in amounts from .74 to .52 of an inch. Since the 9th nearly one inch of rain has fallen. As in the case of Western Oregon, the weather conditions have been phenomenal. Rain in August from thunderstorms is not unusual, but general

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DALLAS, OREGON.

rains, such as have occurred, are the first of their kind on record.

The mean temperature for the week, 61 degrees, is 3 degrees lower than for the preceding week, and 8 degrees lower than for the corresponding week of last year. The maximum temperature ranged from 64 to 85 degrees, and the minimum from 36 to 60 degrees, the former occurring over the plateau region, where frosts occurred on the 15th. Sunshine has been deficient.

Crops.—The rains delayed harvesting, otherwise there has been no damage from them. The grain is today in a dangerous condition, but a change to fair and warmer weather, which will probably occur within forty-eight hours, will prevent any damage being done. Fall-sown grain that is uncut is falling down, and that will probably be the greatest loss. The rains have benefited late-sown grain, pasture and gardens.

Fruit is ripening slowly. Garden produce is more plentiful than usual.

The conditions today are serious and great damage may result, yet a favorable change in the weather is expected, and should it occur, the rains will be found to be beneficial rather than injurious.

FARMERS, HOP PICKERS—Threshers, wheel buyers, read Wiggins' ad, page 8.

A man has to be very much in love with a woman to willingly carry her parasol over her.

FARMER, HOP PICKERS—Threshers, wheel buyers, read Wiggins' ad, page 8.

Liver Complaints cured by BEECHAM'S PILLS.

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Hop tickets free to our customers. Come in and order your tickets and place your business with us.

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DEWEY AT NICE.

WILL DRILL HIS MARINE BATTALION IN FRANCE

For the Reception Ceremonies at New York—Official Calls Are Made and Returned by Him.

NICE, Aug. 23.—Admiral Dewey and the officers and men of the Olympia, now at Ville France, near here, are already anticipating their New York reception, and are preparing for their part in it. The admiral has received permission from the authorities to land the Olympia marine battalion at Ville France, for drill purposes, during the remainder of the cruiser's stay there.

M. Greenet, prefect of Alpes Maritimes district, visited Admiral Dewey today. The former expressed the pleasure of the French government at the admiral's visit, adding his assurances of his personal admiration.

It is expected the Admiral Dewey will come to Nice tomorrow, and return the prefect's and other official calls.

FARMER, HOP PICKERS—Threshers, wheel buyers, read Wiggins' ad, page 8.

Rear-Admiral Bartlett J. Cromwell had the honor of being the first naval cadet appointed from Nebraska. He was graduated as a midshipman on June 1, 1861.

Hop Growers..

Here is something you need. The HOP BASKET manufactured by Hansen & Landon. It is light, durable and cheap. Just the thing for your pickers. Call and inspect them. Corner of Mill and High streets, Salem, Ore.

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All kinds of machine work done on short notice. Supplies for grubbing machines on hand. We manufacture sledges and wedges for wood choppers. Farm engines and machinery repaired. A liberal share of your patronage solicited.

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