

THE OREGON WEEKLY STATESMAN

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Havana customs receipts are running over \$1,000,000 a month, and every cent will be expended for the benefit of Cuba, an extraordinary change from the old order of things.

A republican administration carried through a foreign war with a bond issue of \$200,000,000 and still has a treasury amply well filled. The record is the best to be found in the history of important modern wars.

Gen. Ogle's forces include at this time 23,000 regulars, an army larger than those of Scott and Taylor combined in the Mexican war. He will have 17,000 more by the end of September. If the Tagals hold out they must prepare to meet in the field at least 25,000 men.

On account of the scarcity of fruit, we presume there will be no trouble in securing plenty of hop pickers. But the matter ought not to be put off until the last day. The districts generally contributing the hop pickers have their laborers pretty well employed.

"Do you want the flag to go back before an armed force?" asked Gov. Roosevelt of a man who said he was opposed to keeping the Philippines. New York's governor has not in the bright lexicon of his patriotism conception of an American who could think of such a proposition. He would not think of coupling such a proposition with the spirit of full citizenship in a country like ours.

It will soon be possible for a passenger to board a train at Salem or Portland and land in Dawson in the course of a few days, after having enjoyed a very pleasant trip, all by rail and water. This is in striking contrast with the conditions of only a few short months ago, when great privations and hardships accompanied the journey. Hot Springs, Arkansas, was one of the municipal candidates for the honor of the place of the annual meeting of the National Editorial association for next year. New Orleans secured it. We expect to see Dawson presenting her claims in this line in the course of a few years, offering such inducements as will seem very attractive.

According to a recent crop report issued by the government the condition of wheat is better than it was a month ago. The yield will be larger than was expected, and the quality will be finer. The outlook for corn, too, is favorable. In addition to the many other blessings which are showered on the country this year we are to have a good cereal yield. As the prospects are that the wheat crop abroad will be shorter than the average reports of a fair-sized yield in the United States will mean that there will be a good market abroad for the country's surplus, no matter how great it turns out to be, and the American consumer at the same time will have abundance of food at reasonable prices.

The fact that 20,000,000 people in Russia will lack food on account of the failure of the wheat crop in that country is one of the tragedies of the time. No country in the world except China has seen so much hardship of one sort and another in recent years as some parts of Russia. The expulsion of the Jews from Russia a few years ago, and the failure of the wheat crop around the same time, and the consequent deaths of thousands of persons from starvation, are calamities which are well remembered. Russia's ruler is one of the most humane of the crown wearers of the day, but his country remains, in many ways, one of the most backward of the great nations of the world.

A correspondent of the Oregonian down at the thriving city of Gervais has drawn a long-range horizon of his own invention and manufacture on the future, and makes this prediction, with the aid thereof: "It is safe to predict that a 20,000 or 100,000-bale crop will never again be saved in Oregon, unless present conditions are changed, both as to mode of selling and the promiscuous sub-renting so

largely now in vogue." Never is a good long while. It would be well enough to remember in this connection that Oregon is the best hop country in the world, and that the hop growers of our state are as bright as may be found elsewhere. Who can say to a dead certainty that there may not be 250,000 bales raised in Oregon in one year, and that year not very far distant? There is only a small acreage now, in comparison with the amount of land here that is suitable for hop growing.

The state of Iowa has a surplus of \$450,000 in the treasury. At the beginning of the period, July 1, 1897, there was a deficit of \$412,000. This shows a change or net gain of within two years of republican administration of \$862,002.37. The state treasurer said: "This state of affairs will probably be a surprise to many who recall the recent discussion of Iowa's state debt, and predictions that the treasury would continue to face an enlarged deficit in its revenues. Two months ago all the interest-bearing Iowa warrants outstanding for lack of funds were called in and paid, amounting, with interest, to \$432,000. Since then the treasury has met all current expenses and closes the fiscal period with the balance on hand as stated. The balance on hand is the largest at the end of a fiscal period for twenty-five years. This condition is due to economy in public expenditures enforced by the last two general assemblies."

THE SMALL-CITY DAILY PAPER.

A fact that has been brought out by the meeting of the National Editorial association in Portland is the growth of the small-city newspaper. Towns all over the country that, a few years ago, were satisfied with weekly newspapers conducted in a slipshod manner, with poor and old fashioned equipments, now support live daily newspapers, receiving Associated Press dispatches and maintaining competent staffs of workers. Some of these properties are remunerative to their owners, so much so that they are enabled to maintain establishments more complete than the metropolitan newspaper offices were a few years ago. While the great newspapers have not suffered, owing to the increase of population and business in the large cities, and the introduction of machinery cheapening the work in most departments, there has been a tendency of late years to depend upon the newspapers for the collection of the news for alert and busy readers, who want to know what is going on in the world as soon as possible after the happening of the events. The gathering and dispensation of the news by wire by the Associated Press has facilitated the growth of the small-city dailies, and enabled them to occupy a place in the community that would have been impossible only a few years ago. This tendency that is made apparent by the exchange of confidences by the national meeting of newspaper men is encouraging to newspapers occupying fields like that of the Statesman.

It is practicable for this paper, the writer believes, in the course of a few years, to serve the 130,000 or more people in Marion and Polk counties, and parts of Yamhill, Clackamas, and Linn, with the news before breakfast. This will be made possible by the in-



What mother does not wish to be proud of her child? What mother does not want them to be healthy, happy, loving and able to withstand the ordinary illnesses of childhood? Any woman who insures the health of her children who will take proper care of her health in a womanly way. The health of her children depends almost entirely upon her general health, and particularly upon the health and strength of the delicate and important organs that bear the burdens of maternity. A woman has no right to disregard her own health, comfort, ease and happiness, she certainly has less right to condemn her children to a life of suffering or an early death. That is what she does if she neglects the health of her special womanly organism. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is an unfailing remedy for all disorders of this description. It strengthens and invigorates the sensitive organs concerned, and is the best preparation for the trials and dangers of maternity. It insures the well-being of the mother and the health of the child. Its use is a guarantee of a bountiful supply of nourishment for the little new-comer. Many women who once bore children only to speedily lose them, are now mothers of healthy, robust children as the result of the use of this medicine.

Barbra A. Mudd, of Indian Creek, Mo., writes: "I am very thankful for what Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription did for me. I was all broken down from nervous prostration, but since taking your medicine I have had more relief than from all the doctors. Your 'Favorite Prescription' did me a world of good."

Many women have told their experiences, and given their names, addresses and photographs in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This book is free. A copy will be sent to any address upon receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. The "Favorite Prescription" is for sale by all dealers and no honest man will urge a substitute.

building of motor lines, and with the employing of bicycles and ponies. This has been the dream of the management of the Statesman for fifteen years, and there is no doubt that it will in the course of the next decade, if not much sooner, be fully realized. If the Statesman can get to all the people of this district before breakfast, it will be in as good a position as if it were published in a city of a hundred thousand population—with the exception that it may not hope to maintain as high rates for advertising as it might if the main business community were more concentrated. It is with this idea in view that the management of the Statesman has for some time been planning to put in a fast-press, for the present Daily circulation of nearly 2000 is as large as can be printed on the press (a very good one of its kind), in time for delivery to subscribers. If we could get 500 more subscribers by a vigorous policy, and by extending the routes of delivery, we could not think of undertaking it, for we could not get the papers printed in time.

There is no one thing that will do Salem more substantial good than the printing of a newspaper here that will keep in touch 100,000 people. We expect to illustrate and realize this as fast as may be possible. Some of the subscribers in outlying places are now ready and waiting. They had their taste cultivated during the first few weeks of the war.

A LITTLE AWRY.

The platform of the Kentucky democrats, on which the preposterous Goebel has been nominated by his mob of shouters, is written primarily for national issues. It is without qualification a Bryanite document; square and straight for free silver at sixteen to one, and for all the other articles of the Chicago creed.

So the majority of the Kentucky democrats, that is to say, the regular democrats, can whoop it up for Goebel and Bryan and for all that Bryan represents, and open a campaign which shall prepare the way for the resumption in 1900 of the fight for the principles of 1896.

"But," asks the New York Sun, "where stand the minority of the democrats of Kentucky, the irregular democrats, the democrats whose disaffection three years ago actually gave the republican ticket a plurality in a presidential election in the Blue Grass state? Where are the democrats of conservative ideas, fearless patriotism and clear vision?"

Under ordinary circumstances this is equivalent to asking, "Where is the white plume of Henry of Louisville?" Adds the Sun: "We are sorry to report that that white and waving emblem, perhaps whiter and more wavy than ever before, is now to be discerned somewhere back in the neighborhood of the mule train. Listen to the Courier-Journal on the situation: "

"We predict that the ticket headed by Mr. Goebel will sweep the state and aft. It will draw to it the young manhood of Kentucky. It will reunite the party in the state, and will open to the democrats of the nation a prospect and a hope not hitherto conceived by many of us. . . . The fiscal differences have nothing to do with the state affairs. The real issue before the people of Kentucky is which shall control the state government, organized democracy or organized republicanism. This is a purely practical question, about which there can be no doubt or misunderstanding, and, summing up all the pros and cons, we cannot for the life of us see why, reduced to the simple problem before us, we should prefer a republican to a democratic administration at Frankfort."

Henry Watterson must certainly be away on a vacation, or his mind is occupied with other things, while such editorial expressions as the above are allowed in his newspaper. The Star-eyed Goddess, too, is evidently on a vacation, or troubled with strabismus.

Tom Edison's first check. Didn't Know It Had to Be Injurious and Money Was Refused Him.

It was not everyone that understands the ordinary system of banking and the proper thing to do with a bank check. Mrs. Harriet Bercher Stowe was sorely puzzled over the huge check her publishers paid her for her royalties on "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and her husband could not tell her how to get money on it. So, also, was it with Tom Edison when he got his first check. When he completed his model of the new famous "ticker," he submitted it to the president of a telegraph company, who asked him to leave it for examination. Edison was out of money and his landlady had warned him for the last time. He had decided to ask \$5,000 for his invention, but when the president at the next interview asked his price his courage oozed away, and he faltered out that he would like to have the company make an offer.

"How would \$40,000 suit you?" said the president.

"What?" exclaimed the young wizard, "all in money?"

"Certainly, you can have it now."

"All right."

A check was drawn and handed over to Edison with these words: "That is a check for \$40,000. Go to the bank

We Lead Others Follow...

If you want the best value for your money you must go to the MITCHELL, LEWIS & STAYER branch for all kinds of farming implements, carriages, buggies and wagons. See the low CHAMPION binder and draw cut mower before buying. We have the most complete line of haying tools found any place.

OPPOSITE THE BREWERY.

around the corner and they will give you the money."

At the bank he got into the long line and worked up to the paying teller's window. Then he pushed the check over the sill. The teller saw it was not indorsed and pushed it back with fitting remarks, which Edison did not understand, he being even then slightly deaf. He retired crestfallen and the thought dawned upon him that he had been swindled. He had another scene with his landlady that night and visited the telegraph president the next morning in sheer desperation. He told of his experience at the bank and begged for his money or his model. He was properly identified at the date of the first publication of this notice.

HAVANA CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

Washington, July 11.—The war department announced today that the customs receipts at the Port of Havana, for June, were \$1,012,899. The total receipts for the six months of 1898 are, to be exact, \$5,146,830. The monthly average for the six months is \$857,805.

LANDS, PATENTS, PENSIONS AND CLAIMS.

Washington Law and Claims Company, Rooms 5 and 7, 472 Louisiana avenue, N. W., Washington, will, on very reasonable terms prosecute land claims, including mineral lands and mines, applications for patents and pensions, and all other claims before congress, the District of Columbia courts, the several government departments, the court of claims, and the supreme court of the United States. The company will also aid lawyers at a distance, in preparing their cases for the supreme court of the United States, and for a small consideration will furnish correspondents information concerning matters in Washington that they may desire to know. Send for circulars.

JOHN G. SLATER, President.
(In writing please mention this paper.)

The Best Prescription for Malaria
Chills and Biliousness is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price 50 cents.

A. McGill, the nurseryman, was a Portland business visitor yesterday afternoon.

PRICES TALK.—See Wiggins' big shoe and hat cuts. Ad., page 8.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned was, on the sixth day of June, 1898, duly appointed by the county court of the state of Oregon, for Marion county, executrix of the last will and testament of the late John Sutton, deceased, and all parties having claims against the estate of the said deceased are hereby notified to present the same duly verified as by law required to me at the office of Brown, Wrightman & Myers, Tloga block, Salem, Oregon, within six months from the first publication of this notice.

ADDIE PARVIN,
Executrix.
Brown, Wrightman & Myers,
attorneys for executrix. 6. 9-w 5c

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Or.

June 26, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Marion County, at Salem, Or., on August 5, 1898, viz: George Howe; H. E. 562, for the N½ of SW¼, N½ of SW¼ of Section 24, Township 3 S., South Range 1 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Samuel Brown, of Argenti, Oregon; James Russell, of Argenti, Oregon; W. H. Reichert, of Argenti, Oregon; Fred Night, of Silverton, Oregon.

CHAS. B. MOORES,
Register.
6. 20-6c.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, That the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of John D. Hurst, late of Marion County, Oregon, deceased, by the county court of Marion County, Oregon, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned at his office in the Murphy block at the City of Salem, Oregon, duly verified as by law required, within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice.

Dated at Salem, Oregon, this June 23, 1898.

FRED HURST,
Administrator of the estate of John D. Hurst, deceased.

6. 20-5c.

NOTICE OF FINAL ACCOUNT.

In the matter of the estate of C. F. Libby, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that D. F. Libby and J. T. Gregg, executors of said estate, have rendered and presented for settlement and filed in the county court for Marion county, Oregon, their final account of their administration of said estate; that the eighth day of August, 1898, at 2 p. m. at the court room of said court, in the court house in the city of Salem, Oregon, has been duly appointed by the judge of said court, at which time and place said final account will be heard and passed on.

D. F. LIBBY,
J. T. GREGG,
Executors.

Dated at Salem, Oregon, July 6, 1898.

wit.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Marion, Department No. 2.

Pacific States Savings, Loan and Building Company, a corporation, plaintiffs, vs. Joseph Wanner, F. J. Strayer and D. D. Keeler, defendants. To Joseph Wanner and F. J. Strayer, defendants above named:

In the name of the state of Oregon, you are required to appear and answer the complaint against you in the above entitled court and cause on or before the first day of August, 1898, that being the last day for the appearance or answer filed by the order of the court for the publication of this summons, and if you fail to appear or answer, plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in its said complaint, to-wit:

For the decree of this court, (1) That there is due and owing to plaintiff on bond and mortgage set out in the complaint the sum of \$354.43 with interest at 6 per cent. from September 15, 1898; that plaintiff be adjudged the sum of \$75 and for attorney's fees and the costs of suit; (2) That plaintiff's said mortgage be found and decreed to be the first and best lien upon and against said mortgaged premises; that said mortgage be foreclosed; that said mortgaged premises, to-wit: Lot four (4) in block six (6) of Highland Addition to the city of Salem in Marion county state of Oregon, be sold according to law and the practice of this court, that the proceeds of said sale be applied in the payment of the expenses of said sale, the costs of court and the amount found due to this plaintiff; that the surplus, if any, be paid into court subject to the further order of the court; that said defendants and each and all of them and all persons claiming by, through or under them, or either of them, either as purchasers, incumbrancers, or otherwise, subsequent to the date of plaintiff's said mortgage, be barred and foreclosed of all right, claim or equity of redemption in and to said premises and every part thereof. (3) That the purchaser at such sale be let into the possession of said premises, and that plaintiff may have such other and further relief as the court may seem just and equitable.

This summons is published in the Oregon Statesman by order of the Hon. R. P. Boise, Judge of the circuit court of the state of Oregon, for Marion county, Department No. 2, duly made and entered on the fourteenth day of June, 1898, the first pub-

lication of this summons being ordered to be made on the sixteenth day of June, 1898, and the last publication the twenty-eighth day of July, 1898.

G. W. ALLEN & G. G. BINGHAM,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

6. 16-7w.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution duly issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Marion, and to me directed on the twelfth day of July, 1898, upon a judgment and decree duly rendered, entered of record, and docketed in and by said court on the fifth day of July, 1898, in a certain suit then in said court pending wherein Jacob Giesey is plaintiff and Lizzie J. Giesey, Annie Lizzie Giesey, Binger Henry Giesey, Horace Walter Giesey, and Ruspur Darius Giesey are defendants, in favor of plaintiff and against said defendants, by which execution I am commanded to sell the property in said execution and hereinafter first described, to pay the sum due plaintiff of \$3,992, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum from the said fifth day of July, 1898, until paid, together with the costs and disbursements of said suit taxed at \$22.20, and costs and expenses of said execution, I will on

SATURDAY THE TWELFTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1898,

at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m. of said day at the west door of the court house in Marion county, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand on the day of sale, all of the right, title, and interest and estate which the said defendants and all persons claiming under them subsequent to the nineteenth day of July, 1892, had in or to said real premises.

Said mortgaged premises hereinbefore mentioned, and described in said execution, are described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of Section 13, Township 4 south of Range 1 west of the Willamette Meridian, thence north 11.54 chains to the center of the road leading to Butteville, thence north 72½ degrees east 28.05 chains; thence south 15½ degrees west 24.41 chains to a small fir tree; thence south 55½ degrees west 2.35 chains; thence north 65 degrees west, 10 chains to a dog-wood tree six inches in diameter; thence north 31½ degrees west, 5 chains; thence west 9.44 chains to the place of beginning, containing forty acres of land more or less.

Said sale being made subject to redemption in the manner provided by law.

I, said execution I am further commanded to sell the property hereinbefore second described, to-wit: The sum due plaintiff of \$366.67 with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum from the fifth day of July, 1898, until paid. Together with the costs and disbursements of said suit taxed at \$22.20, and costs and expenses of said execution, I will at the same time and place sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand on the day of sale all the right, title, interest, and estate which said defendants and all persons claiming under them subsequent to the nineteenth day of August, 1891, (that being the date of the execution of the mortgage thereon) paid in, of, or to said mortgaged premises hereinbefore mentioned which are described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Being a part of Lot No. 3, in Block No. 6, in the town of Aurora, Marion county, Oregon, and described by beginning at a point 165 feet west of the northeast corner of said Lot 3 in said Block 6; thence west on Second street 145 feet; thence south parallel with Liberty street 60 feet; thence east parallel with said Second street 35 feet; thence south parallel with said Liberty street 30 feet; thence east parallel with said Second street 76 feet; thence north parallel with said Liberty street 110 feet to the place of beginning. Together with the tenements, hereditaments, and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Said sale being made subject to redemption in the manner provided by law.

Dated this twelfth day of July, 1898.

F. W. DUBBIN,
Sheriff of Marion County, Oregon.
7. 14-wtd.