



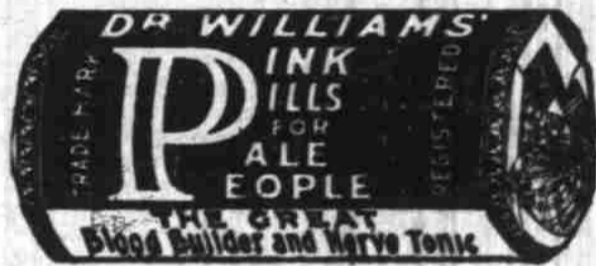
Women in Business

Business men often express the opinion that there is one thing which will prevent women from completely filling man's place in the business world — they can't be depended upon because they are sick too often. It is true that many women are compelled to look forward to times when they are unable to attend to social or business duties. Their appearance plainly indicates their condition and they are reluctant to be seen, even by their friends. Read what a business woman says to such sufferers:

Mrs. C. W. Mansfield, of 58 Farrar St., Detroit, Mich., says: "A complication of female ailments kept me awake nights and wore me out. I could get no relief from medicine and hope was slipping away from me. A young lady in my employ gave me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I took them and was able to rest at night for the first time in months. I bought more and took them and they cured me as they also cured several other people to my knowledge. I think that if you should ask any of the druggists of Detroit, who are the best buyers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills they would say the young women. These pills certainly build up the nervous system and many a young woman owes her life to them. "As a business woman I am pleased to recommend them as they did more for me than any physician and I can give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People credit for my general good health to-day.

The hardest part of a woman's life is made easy by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Our new book "PLAIN TALKS TO WOMEN" tells how. A copy sent free to any address on request.

The wrapper of the genuine package is printed in red ink on white paper and bears the full name. Look for the seven celebrated words.



Sold by all druggists or sent direct by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Box V, Schenectady, N. Y. Fifty cents per box; six boxes, \$2.50.

THE TRAIN FELL THROUGH

Peculiar Accident at Ilwaco Yesterday.

A WHARF GAVE WAY

Passengers and Engine Crew Thrown into the Water, but Saved Without Loss of Life.

ASTORIA, Or., May 22.—The train of the Ilwaco Railroad & Navigation Co. broke through the company's dock in Ilwaco this afternoon, while backing up to a warehouse with freight and passenger cars for the steamer Ilwaco. The train had reached a point about half way from the shore end of the dock, when the underpinning broke and the engine fell through and was completely submerged in eight feet of water.

The combination baggage and passenger car, containing ten passengers, went through the trestle with the engine, and was only prevented from falling into the water by the protrusion of a pile through a door, which held it suspended with one end above the water. Five passengers, with both engine men, were thrown into the water, but all were rescued with but slight bruises.

AT THE HAGUE.

AMBASSADOR WHITE SPEAKS ON THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

He Believes That Great Improvements in National Settlements Will Be the Result.

THE HAGUE, May 22.—Andrew D. White, United States ambassador at Berlin, and head of the American delegation to the peace conference, in an interview with a representative of the Associated Press, said he regarded the situation as promising and that the first work of the organization will be well done. He added: "I am hopeful that it will be possible to reach practical conclusions. The skepticism of the first days must yield to the serious hopes without, at the same time, indulging in exaggerated expectations. The words of Emperor William have contributed to improve the situation. I think we may arrive at some result on the subject of

mediation and arbitration. Although it is undoubtedly impossible to make such an object obligatory, but it can be rendered at least optional, and I believe that after the conference of the powers will recognize that they have at their disposal the means of regulating their differences, otherwise than at war. That will be of immense advantage.

"I am also confident that the important improvements are achievable in the laws and usages of war to humanize war, especially in extending to the naval battles the Geneva convention of 1864, and increasing the protection of private property in naval wars. "Relative to the reduction of armaments, I am not in a position to speak on the subject."

After an active exchange of views during the last twenty-four hours, the chiefs of the various delegations arrived, this evening, at an agreement regarding the selection of the presidents of the various committees.

THE MINING STRIKE

OWNERS OF PROPERTIES IN THE AFFECTED DISTRICT

Decide to Support the State Authorities in Their Fight—Laborers Receive Good Pay.

SPOKANE, May 22.—At a meeting of the Coeur d'Alene mine owners represented here, today, all the big producing properties were represented. The following statement was given to the Associated Press: "It was the unanimous resolve of the meeting to heartily co-operate with the state authorities of Idaho in preserving order, and immediately to start up all the mines. The wages paid at Burke, Gem and Mullan are \$2.50 per day for all men working underground. The wages at Wardner are \$2.50 per day for miners and \$1 for laborers. Three hundred and fifty men are already at work in Wardner, and other camps can give immediate work to 1,000 men."

NEAR THE PEOPLE.

SMALL REPRESENTATION IN PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

Voted Down with a Shout Yesterday—The Conference Opposed to a Smaller Membership.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 22.—Democracy asserted itself in the Presbyterian general assembly this afternoon. With a shout the assembly voted down two carefully considered and prepared plans to reduce the membership—one by a third, and the other by more than a half. The committee on reduced representation, appointed a year ago, was scarcely given courteous treatment, so pronounced was the feeling against getting farther away from the people.

Two members of the committee presented two proposed plans—one making the basis of representation 5,000 communicants, and the other making a basis of thirty-six ministers in the presbyteries, instead of twenty-four, as at present. Col. F. L. Hitchcock, of the committee, argued for a representation by synods according to the membership, and declared that there was no doubt that 672, the present membership of the assembly, will be far too large. It was plain, from the interruptions, that Colonel Hitchcock was on the unpopular side, and when he sat down expressions of the democratic spirit came out strongly and profusely.

"They call this a mob," said Dr. Page, of Topeka. "If it is a mob, God grant that there may be more such. God pity the Presbyterian church, with the bulk of the wealth of the United States in its coffers, if it cannot afford a large assembly."

"The time has not come to reduce the assembly, and I hope it never will come," cried Dr. Geo. W. Birch, of New York. "We ought to keep as near the people as we can. The backwoods presbyteries now hold the balance of power; I do not know what we would do without them—they hold the balance so true."

Impressed by the strength of the opposition, the friends of the reduced representation proposed to send an overture down to the presbyteries, asking their advice. The motion was promptly laid on the table. Dr. John W. Dinmore, of San Jose, offered a sub-motion thanking and discharging the committee, and indefinitely referring the question of reduced representation. When the vote came, there was a mighty "yes," and a feeble "no."

The decision against another part of the same committee's report was closer. By a vote of 184 to 146 the assembly decided not to increase from five to ten, the number of ministers necessary to constitute a presbytery.

The appealed case of Herman Warsawski, suspended, for alleged gambling, from the Fourth Avenue church, of New York, two years ago, was referred to a committee. The McGiffert matter was made a special order for Thursday. The feeling now is that drastic action will be taken. For the first time in a generation, all the departments of the Presbyterian church are free from debt. It was announced, however, that every presbytery is expected to pay a portion of the debt apportioned to it, as all the excess above the quota, which any presbytery gives, will be devoted to opening some of the schools which have been closed for lack of funds.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only Dr. Stone's drug store.

HERO OF MANILA HONORED

Admiral Dewey Is Given an Ovation

UPON HIS DEPARTURE

Great Demonstration by American and British Fleets in Manila Bay. —End of the War.

MANILA, May 20.—The cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, left here on her homeward journey at 4 o'clock this afternoon. As she steamed away the Oregon, Baltimore and Concord fired an admiral's salute. At the first shot the band on the flagship played a lively air, and the crew crowded the decks and gave thunderous cheers.

As the Olympia passed the Oregon, the crew of that battleship gave nine cheers for the Olympians, who responded by throwing their caps so high that dozens of them were left behind in the wake of the cruiser. Then followed the noisiest half hour known in the harbor since the battle which linked its name with that of Dewey.

The din of guns and brass bands echoed through the smoke, the fleet of steam launches shrieked their whistles; the musicians of the Baltimore played "Home, Sweet Home;" her flags signalled "good bye," and those of the Oregon said "a pleasant voyage." The merchant vessels in these waters dipped their flags; the ladies on the decks of the vessels of the fleet waved their handkerchiefs, and the great black British cruiser Powerful, which lay furthest out, saluted the Olympia. The latter's band played "God Save the Queen," and to this the crew of the Powerful responded with hearty cheers for the Olympia.

The last music heard from Admiral Dewey's ship was "Auld Lang Syne," while the guns from the forts at Cavite and from the Monterey, on guard off Parangue, too far to be audible, puffed white clouds of smoke. The Olympia was disappearing past Corregidor island when the battery before the walled city spoke Manila's last word of farewell.

Admiral Dewey sat on the deck of the Olympia and received adieus of his friends during most of the day. The launch of General Otis was the first to arrive alongside the cruiser at 7 o'clock this morning, and afterwards the admiral landed and called upon the major-general and the United States Philippine commission. Admiral Dewey is enthusiastic over his home-going, but when mention was made of the welcome to be extended to him, he said he appreciated the friendship of his countrymen deeply, but hoped they would not be too demonstrative. He intends to go directly to his home at Montpelier, Vermont, and live there. On it being said that the people wanted him to go home by the way of San Francisco and across the continent, the admiral replied: "If I was twenty years younger, and had political ambitions, I would not miss that chance."

Speaking of the situation, Admiral Dewey said: "I believe we are near the end. The sending of a third commission shows that they believe this commission means business."

Captain Walker, of the Concord, the last of the commanders in the battle to remain here, went to the admiral and said: "Don't leave me behind." "So he was relieved and goes home on the Olympia.

DEWEY'S ITINERARY.

Washington, May 20.—So far the navy department knows nothing, except in the most general way, of the itinerary of Admiral Dewey's cruise from Manila to New York. He has reported simply that he will come by the Suez route, and has not indicated officially how long he will take in making the trip. The actual departure of the Olympia was made known by the following five words, coming by cable from Captain Barker, at Manila: "Olympia, Hong Kong. Assumed command."

The belief at the department is that the admiral will spend about two weeks at Hong Kong, for the Olympia is to be docked, and her drab war paint must be covered with spotless white. She will touch first, after Hong Kong, at Singapore, then at Colombo, then perhaps at Aden, at the entrance of the Red sea, to take on a crew of lascars to fire the boilers in the intensely hot passage through that sea and the Suez canal. Stops will be made, of necessity, at Suez and Port Said. It is assumed that Malta will be touched, and perhaps Geneva or Nice before reaching Gibraltar. Leaving the Mediterranean the Olympia will stand straight across the Atlantic, though she may put in at the Azores for two days.

The time that should be occupied by such a trip is variously estimated by naval officers, but the average is about seventy days from today. However, the public will soon be able to get more accurate knowledge of the itinerary, for within a few days the navy department will be in possession of the schedule of the ship's movements.

FAME'S PATHWAY.

Cornelius Vanderbilt the elder finds his chief pleasure in music, and every evening has either a member of his family or some professional pianist play for him. Ex-Congressman Edward H. Funston, of Iowa, Kan., says that his son, General Fred, will not run for governor of Kansas, but may be a candidate for United States senator.

Alexander Beaubien, the first white child born in Chicago, and a son of General John Baptist Beaubien, has just celebrated his golden wedding at his home in that city.

THE CASE DECIDED.

S. J. Chadwick as Referee in a Most Important Action.

Colfax Wash., May 22.—Judge McDonald of the superior court this morning rendered a decision in the case of Sibson & Kerr, of Portland, vs. Hamilton Rourke Co. A judgment was granted for defendants for \$46,750 and costs, cancelling all claims of the plaintiffs, and directing the return of the property in the receiver's hands to the Hamilton-Rourke Co. The argument on the report of Referee S. J. Chadwick, was continued throughout last week. The case involved property valued at \$200,000.

TROOPS FOR ALASKA

GENERAL SHAFER HAS BEEN GIVEN THE COMMAND.

The British Embassy Feared That a Military Occupation of Disputed Lands Is Intended.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The war department has turned over, to General Shafter, the complete direction of all military affairs in Alaska. Only general instructions are sent to him, to relieve the soldiers who have been stationed in Alaska by fresh troops, it being deemed unwise to retain men in that climate for more than one year at a time.

The movement of troops has attracted the attention of the British authorities, and the embassy here has made a discreet inquiry as to the purpose of our government. The result of the inquiry has been to convince the British that our government does not contemplate occupation, by a military force, of any of the disputed territory. No attempt will be made to establish new posts in the controverted territory.

ONE BODY FOUND.

REMAINS OF H. D. M'GUIRE AT LAST RECOVERED.

They Rose in the Umpqua River Near the Scene of the Unfortunate Accident.

ROSEBURG, May 20.—The body of Hollister D. McGuire, who was drowned in the Umpqua river, April 8th, was found this morning, three-fourths of a mile below where the drowning occurred.

The body was found by A. J. Chapman, T. A. Gee and Creed Gillann, between 9 and 10 o'clock this morning. Mr. Chapman at once rode to Willbur, a distance of five miles, and phoned the news to W. W. McGuire, of Portland.

The body was found about 400 yards below where the North Umpqua empties into the main stream, and less than a mile from the terrible rapids where Mr. McGuire was drowned.

The body of C. W. Reed, who was drowned at the same time, has not yet been found, and few particulars as to the finding and condition of Mr. McGuire's body are obtainable, the scene of the finding being several miles from Roseburg.

CONFEDERATE ARCHIVES.

Recognized by the Supreme Court of the United States.

Washington, May 22.—In deciding the claim of Sarah A. Oakes for a vessel taken by the confederate government during the war of the rebellion, the supreme court of the United States held that the archives of the confederate government constitute competent testimony. These archives showed that the vessel in question was purchased by the confederates.

"These archives," said Justice Gray, in deciding the case, "are not the highest authority, but they are records made by men of highest standing, and they deserve credence."

This decision was accordingly against the claim.

The supreme court of the United States adjourned today for the term. During the session the court disposed of 519 cases, leaving 302 cases on the docket.

PLEAD GUILTY.

Colfax, Wash., May 22.—John Ryder, charged with rape, and incest with his 12-year-old daughter, pleaded guilty this afternoon, and was sentenced to four years in prison.

NO USE TRYING

I can't take plain cod-liver oil. Doctor says, try it. He might as well tell me to melt lard or butter and try to take them. It is too rich and will upset the stomach. But you can take milk or cream, so you can take

Scott's Emulsion

It is like cream; but will feed and nourish when cream will not. Babies and children will thrive and grow fat on it when their ordinary food does not nourish them.

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day when taking an ounce of Scott's Emulsion. It gets the digestive machinery in working order so that the ordinary food is properly digested and assimilated.

For sale by all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

REBELS MUST SURRENDER

The Military Men Make Their Demands.

WORK OF CIVILIANS

Not in Accord with General Otis—Volunteers Will Be Home in a Short Time.

MANILA, May 23.—(Tuesday, 1:20 p. m.)—The conference between the civilian members of the United States Philippine commission and the representatives of the Filipino contingents. The military and civil elements of the American commission differ regarding the wisdom of continuing the conference, the former adhering to the original demand for an unconditional surrender of the insurgents.

TROOPS COME HOME.

Washington, May 22.—The war department is proceeding in the theory that, by the end of July, not a volunteer soldier will be left in Manila, and General Otis reports today that the transport Warren has arrived, advances the time when the homeward movement of volunteers troops will begin. Already notice has been issued that mail for the First California and the Second Oregon volunteer regiments should not be sent to Manila, but to San Francisco.

A PROPOSITION MADE.

Manila, May 22.—3:15 p. m.—Professor Schumann, head of the United States Philippine commission, promises a most liberal government.

HAY THE AUTHOR.

Washington, May 22.—The written proposition, submitted to the Filipinos today, at Manila, by the American commission, was framed in Washington by Secretary Hay. It is the intention to give the Filipinos, just as the president has promised, as large a measure of self government as they seem able to exercise with safety to themselves and due regard to the welfare of other nations. Therefore, it is proposed to allow them to choose their own inferior judicial officials to begin with, and perhaps the principle may be extended if it works well in the lower grades.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

Washington, May 22.—While it is not so affirmed at the department, the present movement is generally believed to mark the end of active campaign before the wet weather sets in. MacArthur is at San Fernando, south of Arayat, where Kobbe and Lawton are now joined. This is the point that has been previously spoken of as a possible summer base for the American northern outposts.

Lawton's turning in his march to the north and proceeding down the Rio Grande, is the natural result of his desire to get behind the insurgents at San Isidro, and crush them at a blow, according to the program.

FROM MANILA.

San Francisco, May 22.—The United States transport Sheridan arrived here this evening, twenty-six days from Manila. Among the passengers are General Miller and wife, First Lieutenant Crothwell, of the First Washington infantry, and seventy-four discharged soldiers.

MORE TROOPS LEAVE.

San Francisco, May 22.—The United States transport Sherman will sail tonight for Manila, bearing 1500 men.

Hudyan is now sold at 50 cents per package by all druggists. Get Hudyan.



Queen Bee. Trade Mark 5★ Stamped in Shank.

Here's Where We Get Together.

YOU WANT SHOES. WE'VE GOT SHOES.

LATEST STYLES. BEST VALUES.

\$2.00 Buys the Shoe shown above, the Best for the money in town. Made by The Brown Shoe Co., the best shoe builders.

FOR SALE BY New York Racket SALEM, OR.