

OREGON BLOOD

Is Shed on Philippine Soil During a Hot Fight.

SALEM BOYS INJURED

Rebels Apply the Torch in the Principal Towns.

SALEM WHEELMEN MEET.

An Effort Will Be Made to Establish Cycle Associations Throughout the County.

The Salem Cycle Association held another meeting in the police court room at the city hall last night. The attendance was not large, but much interest was exhibited by those present.

A letter from B. S. Pague, president of the United Wheeling Association of Portland, relative to the construction of bicycle paths, was read by the secretary. After the path is graded, the author of the letter recommends that a layer of gravel from 3/4 to 1 inch be spread over the surface. He further stated that the Portland association had spent as much as \$200 per mile in the construction of paths, but in such instances the work was all done by hand. When there is not too much grubbing to be done, Mr. Pague estimates the cost of constructing a path at from \$25 to \$50 per mile. He expressed the hope that Marion county wheelmen will work towards Portland, explaining that the first efforts of the wheelmen of the metropolis will be towards the Capital City.

A portion of the letter is as follows: "It has been suggested that in all counties where the tax is collected that we unite and form an association, calling ourselves the United Wheeling Association of Oregon, the each county would be called a section; the Marion county section of the United Wheeling Association, have nominal dues of say ten or twenty-five cents a year, and the president to be the representative in the meeting of the various clubs; meetings should be held once or twice a year, so that the paths can be built with a view of meeting another path; the presidents of the various sections can easily get together, the expense can easily be borne by the local section and we would then present a united front and obtain such legislation as we find is desirable. Kindly submit this suggestion to your association and see what they think of it; as Marion, Clackamas and Multnomah are more closely connected together on this subject than other counties, I think if we three counties start the matter that the other counties will fall in."

The wheelmen in attendance at last night's meeting were favorably impressed with the feasibility of such an organization and will doubtless give the matter more serious consideration at the next meeting of the association. The secretary was instructed to confer with the wheelmen in the towns throughout the county relative to the organization of associations throughout the county, that all wheelmen may become enthused with the project in hand and lend their hearty co-operation.

The meeting adjourned to meet again Monday evening, April 10th.

CONFERENCE ADJOURNS.

German Baptists Complete Their Labors--To Meet in San Francisco in 1900.

The German Baptists of the Pacific coast last evening completed the labors incident to their annual conference in this city, when adjournment was taken. The conference throughout has been quite successful in point of attendance and in the interest that was manifested at the different meetings.

Sunday was marked by an almost continuous service, beginning with a sunrise prayermeeting at 6:30 a. m. and concluding with the usual evening service. The services at the consecration meeting in the morning led by Rev. J. Albert, of Los Angeles, was followed by the Sunday school and preaching services.

A rousing young people's meeting was held in the afternoon, at which several of the delegates participated. The following addresses were delivered: "Position of the Church Toward the Young for Mutual Benefit and Blessing" by Rev. C. E. Kiewer, of Tacoma; "The Duty of the Young People of the Church, How Can It Be Best Performed," Rev. F. Reichle, of Stafford; "How Can Young People in the Church Be Best Prepared for the Mission Work," Mrs. Scheel, of Portland; "Amusements, In What Class of Them and in What Manner May the Converted Partake?" Rev. C. Surin, of Bethany.

A very interesting evening service was held, Rev. Surin delivering one of the best sermons made during the conference.

The sessions yesterday were devoted almost exclusively to closing up the work of the conference. The various committees appointed last week submitted reports on the work being conducted in the different departments of the church work and made some recommendations. It was decided to meet next year in San Francisco, the conference to open on the last Thursday in March.

The farewell service was held last evening; the sermon being preached by Rev. Reichle, of Stafford. Other members of the conference participated in the exercises, making the meeting one that will not soon be forgotten. A few of the delegates left for their homes yesterday but the majority will depart via today's boats and trains.

A NEW GUARDIAN NAMED.

A Claim of \$100 Allowed in the Estate of Patrick McIntee, Deceased.

Rev. Wm. Daly was yesterday appointed guardian of the person and estate of John Hayes, an insane person, upon petition of Louis Metayer and Wm. Kaiser. The estate is valued at about \$2500. Hayes was placed in the asylum in April, 1895, and Rev. J. White, now deceased, was appointed guardian. The death of Rev. White in July, 1898, made it necessary for the appointment of another guardian.

In the matter of the estate of Patrick McIntee, deceased, the claim of Eva Coyne for \$100 was yesterday argued before County Judge G. P. Terrell, sitting as probate court and allowed.

Prior to his death, the decedent gave claimant a certificate of deposit for \$100 on the Ladd & Bush bank. The claimant retained this until February 26, 1899, when, under protest, she surrendered it to the executor of the estate.

In the Catherine E. O'Connor Estate, a distribution of the property and bequests were ordered made by the executor, A. N. Bush, as directed by the will of said decedent to the amount of their respective shares.

WOUNDED SALEM SOLDIERS.

Who the Young Men Are, Who Were Reported as Being Shot in the Last Battle.

An "extra" was issued by the Statesman at an early hour yesterday morning, giving a detailed report of the Sunday battle with the Filipinos, in which the Oregon regiment participated, several being killed and injured. This "extra" was eagerly sought after by the reading public of Salem; the first run consisted of 1600 and this was exhausted very quickly, necessitating the printing of several hundred more before the noon hour. The "extra" is reproduced on the 3d page of the Statesman this morning for the benefit of the large number of suburban and out-of-town subscribers.

Among the list of casualties are several well-known in Salem.

Leon G. Holland, of company M, Second Oregon, who was severely wounded, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Holland, of this city, a most popular young man. He enlisted at Woodburn with the recruits on June 23, 1898, and did not reach Manila until some time in November.

John Janzen, severely wounded in the eye, is well known here, his father, David M. Janzen, being the well-known German painter, living near the Binal school. The young man is but 19 years old, and enlisted on June 23, 1898, as a recruit for company K, in which company his brother, Henry Janzen, enlisted when the war broke out.

Emmett L. Jones, slightly wounded in the back, was a popular young man, while living in Salem. He enlisted with the regiment at Camp McKinley. His mother, Mrs. Jones, conducts a lodging house on South Commercial street.

Wm. F. Schwarz, slightly wounded in the knee, is a member of company K, enlisting when the regiment was organized. He is known to many in this city, having been raised near here.

Ray L. Antrim, wounded in the thigh, is a resident of Knapwell, Yamhill county, where his parents reside. He came to Salem and enlisted with the recruits, leaving for San Francisco on June 23d last.

Hayes B. Taylor, who was killed at Manila yesterday, has many friends in this city. He is a native of Jacksonville, where his parents reside.

Sergeant Charles T. Wallace, of company K, reported as being wounded yesterday, is not known here, no such name appearing on the muster roll. It is probable that the name is not given correctly.

FUNERAL CUSTOMS IN SWITZERLAND.

Swiss funeral customs are most peculiar. At the death of a person the family inserts a black-edged announcement in the papers asking for sympathy and stating that "the mourning urn" will be exhibited with in certain hours on a special day. In front of the house where the person died there is placed a little black table, covered with a little black cloth, on which stands a black jar. Into this the friends and acquaintances of the family drop little black-margined visiting cards, sometimes with a few words of sympathy on them. The urn is put on the table the day of the funeral. Only men ever go to the churchyard, and they generally follow the hearse on foot.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve.

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at Dr. Stone's drug stores.

EMBALMED MILK.

"Embalmed" milk, as well as "embalmed" beef is the subject of a crusade. The health officer of Kansas City has found that an extensive adulteration of milk is being carried on by the addition of artificial butter-fat and a chemical preservative to skim milk, the whole being then sold as pure milk. The preservative on analysis was found to be formaldehyde colored with a little aniline dye. If a sufficient quantity of the stuff be used the milk will keep fresh for weeks, and the fluid will be actually embalmed as is a body treated with the same preparation.

POWDER AND PROJECTILES.

The amount of powder required to propel cannon projectiles is about half the weight of the projectile. A projectile four inches in diameter weighs 33 pounds; five inches, 50 pounds; 10 inches, 500 pounds; 12 inches, 850 pounds; 13 inches, 1100 pounds; 16 inches, 2375 pounds.

EVE'S PASSING THOUGHTS.

Let sleeping social dogs lie. As a cosmetic melted snow has no rival.

Are we making the most of life's opportunities? People who tell the same story over and over.

One of the world's greatest puzzles is how some people keep up with its pace. Four, a half dozen wigs or more society's queen must have.

TO CURE COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OPINION ON AN OFFICER'S SALARY.

Pay of Assistant Warden of the Penitentiary Is \$900 Per Annum--Cost of Boarding Prisoners.

The superintendent of the penitentiary, through the office of the secretary of state, has asked the attorney-general whether he shall prepare the voucher for the quarterly salary of the assistant warden for that institution in accordance with the provision of section 3386 of Hill's Ann. Laws, which reads as follows: "The assistant warden shall receive an annual salary of \$900, payable quarterly," or, the legislative assembly at its meeting in 1893, having appropriated \$400 for the pay of the wardens for two years, and there being only two wardens, he shall prepare the voucher for the sum of \$100 per month, thus making the annual salary of the assistant warden \$1200 per annum.

The attorney general, in rendering an opinion in the matter, quotes the law, showing that the salary of the warden is fixed at \$900 per year. And concludes by saying:

"I do not think that the salary provided for by section 3386 was intended to be increased by the general appropriation bill, and my opinion is that the voucher for the quarterly salary of the assistant warden must be made out for \$225, and not for the sum of \$300. I do not think you would be warranted in allowing any amount in excess of the salary prescribed by law and found in said section 3386."

In response to a letter from Sheriff L. A. Munkers, of Linn county, Mr. Blackburn has also rendered an unofficial opinion construing section 2341, of the code, relating to the pay for boarding prisoners, as follows:

"Section 2341 of Hill's Ann. Laws, among other things, provides as follows: 'A sheriff shall be entitled to receive \$5 a week for keeping and boarding any person arrested upon civil or criminal process, in the county jail, and a proportionate part thereof for a fraction of a week; provided that, if at any time the number of persons confined on criminal process in such jail shall exceed four, then the sheriff shall receive \$3 per week for boarding; and keeping each one of said prisoners during the period such prisoners shall remain in custody.'

"It seems to me that the provisions of this section, fixing the pay to be received by the sheriff for keeping and boarding the prisoners in the county jail, are so clear and unambiguous, that they need no construction; but they have received judicial construction in the case of Kelly vs. Multnomah county, 18 Or. 356-358, in which Strahan, Justice, speaking for the court says:

"That section (2341) fixes \$5 per week for keeping and boarding until the number exceeds four, and then the price is \$3."

"My opinion is that the sheriff is entitled to receive \$5 per week for keeping and boarding prisoners in the county jail as long as there are only four, or a less number than four, confined therein in criminal process, but when the number so confined exceeds four at any time, during that time he is only entitled to receive \$3 per week for each prisoner in confinement in such jail."

KILLED HIS SISTER.

San Francisco, March 27.—Kitty Wannenmacher, aged 15 years, was shot and fatally wounded by her foster brother, Joseph Miller, 19 years old, while the young man was playing that he was a highwayman, with a rifle which was not supposed to be loaded. He has been charged with murder, but the evidence indicates that the killing was accidental.

Nasal Catarrh quickly yields to treatment by Ely's Cream Balm, which is agreeable, aromatic. It is received through the nostrils, cleanses and heals the whole surface over which it diffuses itself. To test it, a trial size for 10 cents or the large, for 50 cents, is mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Druggists keep it. A remedy for Nasal Catarrh which is drying or exciting to the diseased membrane should not be used. Cream Balm is recognized as a specific.

BREAKING THE RECORD.

Two Men from Dawson Reach Skagway in Ten Days.

Seattle, March 27.—H. J. Miller and Thomas Scott, who arrived here today from Dawson, claim to have made the trip from Dawson to Skagway in ten days, which breaks the record by 3 hours. They report a great deal of gold coming into Dawson from the various creeks, indicating that this will be the greatest gold year the Klondike has ever seen. They estimate the yield at \$15,000,000.

For more than 100 miles to the south of Jacksonville, Fla., the orange groves have been practically destroyed by the recent blizzard. Three years' ago the trees in the same region were frozen and the new shoots had just begun to bear, promising a crop when this February cold wave destroyed them again.

Nasal CATARRH

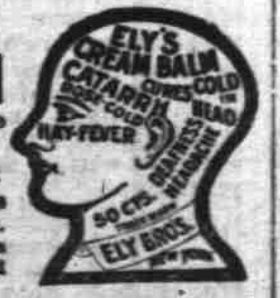
In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane.

Remove catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.



WASHINGTON, March 26.—The following is a list of the casualties in the Oregon and Washington regiments given out by the war department:

KILLED—Second Oregon, Company B—Privates H. B. Adams; D—William W. Cook; L—Charles Herbert; Guy Willard.

WOUNDED—Second Oregon, Company D.—Sergeant Lee A. Morelock, foot severe; D—Corporal A. L. Roberts, sprain ankle, B—Private William J. Armitage, arm, severe; C—Elmer Roberts, chest, severe; B—C. Chandler, jaw, severe; George E. Snodgrass, thigh, moderate; Erwin Crawford, scalp, moderate; Earl Mount, shoulder, slight; D—First Sergeant James West, knee and hand, severe; Corporal William E. Searcy, buttock severe; E—Privates John Davis, shoulder, severe; George Snyder, chest, severe; Jacob Smith, forehead, slight; First Lieutenant A. Brazee, forearm, severe; F—Privates Charles Rueter, forehead, severe; G—George Spicer, jaw, severe; Albert Wordan, leg, severe; George Elshamar, chest, severe; Edgar Samson, arm, moderate; Corporal C. Marcy, back severe; H—Private Frank H. Thompson, face, severe; I—Corporal Rudolph Gantenben, leg, moderate; K—Private Ray L. Antrim, thigh, slight; John Janzen, eye, severe; Emmett L. Jones, back, slight; William F. Swarts, knee, slight; L—John Bailey, hand and arm, severe; William Allen, thigh, severe; Carlton Sanders, thigh, slight; Guy N. Sanders, neck and arm severe; B. F. Bunseph, foot slight; M—Corporal B. F. Burnett, shoulder, severe; Leon G. Holland, chest, severe; Private C. D. Cooper, foot, severe; John Blosser, head and side, severe; Albert J. Caffie, forearm, severe; A—William Ungerman, thigh and scrotum, severe; D—J. C. Headless, arm, severe.

First Washington Infantry—Company B—Captain George B. Folsom, mortal; Quartermaster Sergeant William B. Covington, thigh, severe; Privates Reginald S. Patterson, thigh, slight, William E. Courtney, probably mortal, Frank Penny, arm and chest, severe; Oliver D. Ward, thumb, slight. Company K—William H. Winchelle, hand, slight.

FIGHTING IN DETAIL.

Manila, March 26.—7:30 p. m.—The United States troops under Brigadier-General Hall, Lloyd and Weston captured the town of Malita, beyond the Tullahan river today, after a sharp fight. Colonel Harry C. Egbert of the Twenty-second regular infantry was killed. Prince Loewenstein, formally aid de camp on the staff of General Miller, at Ilo Ilo, got in front of the firing line, and was shot in the side, dying almost instantly.

A German who accompanied him was wounded.

The American casualties today are much lighter than those of yesterday, the total losses thus far reported since the engagement commenced being forty-five killed and 145 wounded.

General Wheaton entered Malinta, which is a small village, at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The United States gunboats have been shelling Malabon, about southwest of Calocan for several hours. The insurgents made a fierce resistance to the American advance up the railroad at Malinta. In addition to the fatal wounding of Colonel Egbert, several men of the Twenty-second infantry, and several men of the Oregon and Kansas regiments were killed.

Evidently anticipating the bombardment by the fleet, 1000 rebels vacated Malabon last night, leaving a few to burn the town. General Wheaton's brigade, composed of the Second Oregon regiment, and the Twenty-second

and Twenty-third infantry, stretched out along the railroad from Calocan to the Tullahan river, was powerless to prevent the withdrawal, owing to natural obstacles on a strong opposition. A column of smoke at daybreak was the first intimation of the enemy's intention, but others followed at various points, all soon blending in a dense balloon-shaped cloud. The flames of burning rice mills and large buildings could be seen from Calocan, despite the strong sunlight. By 11 o'clock in the morning, the only building of importance not destroyed in this center of the town was a stone church, but at noon fresh fires started among native huts in the outskirts of Malabon, and a general exodus took place much earlier. Many rebels sought refuge in the suburbs of Navotas and Casag, or were driven inland by the shells of the Helena, Callao, Ningapan and Laguna de Bay. In the meantime General Wheaton's brigade held the railroad to the river, but was unable either to repair the bridge which had been destroyed by the enemy, or to advance, owing to the opposition and hills on the other side. The calculations of both General Hale and Harrison Gray Otis, whose brigades constituted MacArthur's division, were much interfered with by the character of the country in front of both, and the enemy was able to take advantage of this, so the operations against Navoliches and Polo were delayed, though the right wing of the division swung out, sweeping the enemy in the northwesterly direction.

General Wheaton's headquarters last night was a half mile south of the river on the railroad. The opposite bank was protected, yesterday, by blockhouses and entrenchments. Occasionally the artillery and infantry fired across the stream. Finally the engineers moved a construction train up to the bridge, the iron frame work of which remained, and began to replace the floor. While this was going on, the Second Oregon regiment crossed the river on the left and the Twenty-second on the right, with four companies of the Twenty-third infantry supporting the latter regiment. The rising clear ground stretched away for a distance of a half mile to Malinta, situated on its crest. In front of the village were strong Filipino entrenchments, but no Filipinos were to be seen. Apparently they had fled. The Twenty-second regiment approached diagonally, with General Wheaton and staff close behind, and the scouts closely observing the ground. When the Americans were within about 300 yards of the entrenchments, the Filipinos suddenly volleyed heavily. The Twenty-second, which was holding the center, suffered considerably, but with the Orecons on the left, and the Kansans in the woods, fighting was kept up for a half hour, the Twenty-second advancing up the slope through the thick grass under the hottest fire.

General Wheaton and staff were all of this time under a rain of bullets, Colonel Egbert, who was in the thickest fighting, was shot in the abdomen.

He was placed on a stretcher and an attempt made to carry him to the cars, but he died on the way. It was a most affecting scene. General Wheaton, baring his head, said:

"You have done nobly."

Colonel Egbert gasped in reply: "I must die; I am too old."

No Filipinos were found in the trenches.

FILIPINOS ARE FLEEING.

Manila March 27, (Monday, 9:15, a. m.)—The Filipinos are burning their stronghold at Malabon, and their forces are fleeing from the city in the direction of Malolos.

General MacArthur's division is

pushing toward Malabon. The insurgents will make their last stand probably at Malolos.

AT THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Washington, March 26.—Advices from General Otis were received with the keenest interest by the war department officials today, and Assistant Secretary Melickjohn, who, in absence of Secretary Alger, is acting secretary of war, remained in the office throughout the day in order to keep in close touch with the progress of the fighting. Many army officers and other officials were also at the department, and the president was kept advised as to the developments, as indicated in General Otis' dispatches. Early this morning the first message from Otis was received, and was soon followed by others, whose contents gave the officials here the first general idea of the operations of the last two days.

The list of killed and wounded was waited anxiously by the department, and friends and relations here of the officers and men in the Philippines, but it was late in the afternoon before it was received. Much regret was expressed at the death of Colonel Egbert, the only regular officer among the killed. He was among those who distinguished themselves at Santiago, being wounded at San Juan and breveted for conspicuous gallantry in that engagement.

OTIS' BULLETINS.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The following from General Otis was received at the war department at this morning: "Manila, March 26.—The attacks on General Hall and the pumping station last night were easily repulsed. General MacArthur, with the moving column, has driven the enemy back, but cannot gain a point north of Polo, on account of the roughness of the country. He must strike the railway south of that point. This will enable most of Aguinaldo's troops to escape north, still he may oppose us as the best of his army, consisting of released prisoners of war, are former native Spanish troops concentrated there. This northern army will be pressed south of the city, where 3,000 troops from the southern Luzon provinces have concentrated. General Lawton will take care of them. Affairs are satisfactory. (Signed) Otis."

"Manila, March 26.—The entire casualties yesterday were one officer and twenty-five enlisted men killed; eight officers and 142 men wounded. The officer killed is Captain Steward, First Colorado volunteers.

"Today's fighting south and around Polo is determined. General MacArthur, with three brigades united, having artillery and cavalry, is engaging the enemy. Colonel Egbert of the Twenty-second infantry is killed. Our loss thus far is moderate; the enemy's heavy. The army gunboats on the coast, and in the Estuaries west and north of Polo are very efficient; the troops are in excellent condition and spirits. (Signed) Otis."

CASUALTIES LIGHTER.

Manila, March 26.—4:40 p. m.—The casualties today are much lighter than yesterday. The total reported since the engagement began is forty-five dead, 145 wounded.

GUNBOATS AT WORK.

Manila, March 26.—6:10 p. m.—United States gunboats have been shelling Malabon for several hours, and the Filipinos are apparently withdrawing.