THE HEROTON DELOW ZERO or has been in use since 1891, and it is supposed some of the threads gave away. The steam pressure at the time was about 26 pounds. In ordinary

HOW THE THERMOMETERS ACTED YESTERDAY MORNING.

Ice Causes the Woolen Mill to Close Down-The Plumbers Kept Busy.

The cold showed no abatement yesinhabitant" being unable to recall a submitted, and taken under advisetime when Salem was so thoroughly ment, in the grasp of a Dakota winter. Dawn of day brought a clear sky overhead, by the court: with crisp, dry snow under-feet, and, while there was little wind, it was bittheir warm beds or firesides for the him held. open air, doubted for one moment that for once Salem awas ecoesineing "zero" weather. Inquiry som de el- case oped the fact hat it was indeed that cold; in fact, many of the thermometers in the city registered considerably below zero. After the sun arose, the weather soon moderated somewhat, Jones et al., defendants, is the title of and the mercury rose correspondingly, a new suit filed in department No. 2 grew more integes.

the thereone makes at White Robert at vious night

To show the cold in various sections records of the thermometers in various records to secured is as follows: Prof. W. I. Staley's reeld mee in it.

Salem. 7 a. m., 9 degrees below.

south, 7 a. m., zero. Ben P. Taylor, on Asylum avenue,

gree below (government thermometer)

m., 1 below. m., 5 below; 8 a. m., 8 below.

22 above zero, but last night it was & Wyatt are the attorneys for plainagain falling, being down to 8 above at tiff.

At the Salem Woolen Mill Co's plant, on Twelfth street, R. H. Coshow, the secretary, and a force of men were kept busy all of Thursday night in preventing the fleeting to from jamming and clogging the wheel in the mill ther St intense did the water in the pipes, leading late the building became frezen. The engines work could be done about the plant.

THE PENITENTIARY SUPT.

New Official to Come from East of the Cascades.

It might as well be known now as later that the matter of who will be superintendent of the state penitentiary is settled and that the various applicants, to the number of about two dozen, can seek some other avenue of employment. While the appointment may not be publicly announced until the close of the legislative sexsion, and while it has been generally held out that the appointment has not been definitely decided on, it appears to be true, nevertheless, that the hon-ors have been virtually bestowed For some months past, and that the recipient is none other than the Homcounty. Mr. Wright is an old personal friend of Governor Geor, a former business associate of his, and also his asmodate in two terms of the legislature. He fully enjoys the governor's couff. D dence and is a man popular with all his acquaintances. He is a man of fine ability and attainments and is well qualified to make an excellent officer. The fact that he has not been in touch with republican national pellicies for a few years may make him a target in some quarters, but that will not interfere with his administention of the penitentiary.

THE INJECTOR BURST.

A Bit of Excitement at the Park School Yesterday Afternoon.

At 2.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon the injector of the boiler, used in the heating apparatus of the Park school. this city, blew out and for a short time there was a little flurry of excitement at that institution. The janitor, C. D. ed Thomas McNary to the position. Purdy, was near the boiler at the time and he was slightly scalded in attempt- reliable and capable man, and one who ing to remedy the defect.

less for the remainder of the day, con. force in this city, as an extra man, sequently the building could not be some years ago, he became feared by

new injector before the time for con- house will, doubtless, please all who rening school on Monday. The inject- know him.

or has beer, in use since 1891, and it is was about 26 pounds. In ordinary weather about 15 pounds of steam are required to heat the structure.

IN CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Boise Hears Arguments in the Munkers Estate Appeal-Other Actions Begun.

Judge R. P. Boise yesterday convened department No. 2, of the state directly court for Marion county, in adjourned session, for the purpose of hearing arguments in the matter of terday. In fact the morning hours the estate of R. W. Munkers, deceased, saw the coldest weather experience is an appeal from the Marion county pro-In Salem in many years, the "oldest bate court. The case was argued and

The following orders were also made

Oregon Land Co., Chas. Scott, assignee, order that a deed be made by terly cold. None of those who left assignee to certain real property by Lucy Adams vs. Wm. Adams, di-

vorce; order to open depositions in the C. W. Younggrey vs. E. Nordyke et

al., foreclosure; decree of foreclosure. R. H. Finch, plaintiff, vs. Geo. H.

but throughout the day the weather, of the state circuit court. The action was such as to make it advisable for is brought to forcelose mortgages on those, who had business outside, to a number of lots in Geo. H. Jones' Nob provide there eves well with warm Hill addition to Salem, the lotal wraps, and last evening the cold again amount sued for being \$1,225 and interest. Brown. Wrightman & Myers At 1 of lock this, Saturday, morning, are attorneys for the plaintiff.

H. Trinwith vs. Dan A. Smith is on Commercial street, showed the another suit filed in department No. 2, mercury down to good and in h , the purpose being to secure the es-later at 2 o'clock the mercury at tablishment of the boundary between the learne and turn had full a to 2 de- two tracts of land, one each owned by degrees below zero, or 2 degrees lower the defendant and plaintiff, situated in than at the same hour during the pre- section 29, t 9 s, r 4 e. Weatherford & Wyatt are plaintiff's attorn-ys.

Henry E. Schmidt, plaintiff. of Salem, representatives of the Annie W. Schmidt, defendant, is the Statesman secured information of the title of a divorce suif filed. The couple was married in Wisconsin in March, portions of the city and suburbs, 1873, and has lived in Marion county showing the variation of the frigidity for twenty-three years. There are of the atmosphere; a partial list of the three children as the issue of the union. Alfred, a son, aged 26 years, Alma, ardaughter, aged 23 years, and registering thermometer) 2 degrees be- Rudolph, a sen, 15 years old. Plaintiff complains of cruel and inhuman Insané asylum, 6 a. m., 4 degrees be- treatment, abuse, etc. He alleges that he has property valued at \$1,500, in his Theo. Nolf's stere, near the fair own name, and that defendant has an grounds, a mile and a half north of equal amount in her own name, neither of which he wishes disturbed. He C. M. Lockwood, Morningside, a mile asks for an absolute decree, and the custody of the minor child. Geo: S Institute for the blind, 7 a. m., 10 Downing and Brown, Wrightman & Myers are his attorneys.

G. W. Edgar, plaintiff, vs. Thomas 6 a. m., two thermometers, 7 and 8 be- Golden, defendant, is the title of a new suit filed in Judge Burnett's de-Willis Bros. & Co's store, 7:30 a. m., partment. Plaintiff alleges that he owns a one-ninth interest in 320 acres Eugene Willis, residence, 6 a. m., in the donation land claim of Moses and Susan Edgar; in sections 25 and 26, Southern Pacific passenger station, t 9 s, r 2 w; that defendant is in possession of it and refuses to vacate that plaintiff has been damaged to Fred A. Wiggins' residence, 7:30 a. the amount of \$100 a year for six years by reason of the loss of rental, and \$500 Rev. W. Robinson, Carden road, 6 a. as the result of timber sold by the defundant, and he asks for a decree giv-T. F. Walker, Salem prairie, 6 a. m., ing him possession of the land, and damages to the amount of \$1,100, and By 2 p. m. the mercury rose to costs. H. C. Watson and Weatherford

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

County Treasurer's Palance Sheet Issued, Showing the Money on Hand in the Various Funds.

County Treasurer A. L. Downing on cold become, however, that the factory Thursday issued his monthly statement shut down yesterday morning, as the of receiver and expenditures during the month of January, and balances on were kept going to keep the water in hand in the various funds in his posthe steam pipes from freezing that no session on February list. Following is the statement in full:

Special city and school dist. fund:

Cash on hand Jan. 1st :	l
Receipts	
5 55 57 JELES SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE	۰
Total	
Disbursements 1.011.81	
Cash on hand Feb. 1st\$ 431.54	
General fund:	
Carsh on band for the	
Cash on hand Jan. 1st\$2,131.86	
Receipts 1 680 31	
77-4-1	
Total\$3,812.17	
Disbursements 3	
1	
Cash on hand Feb. 1st\$1,508.62	
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
ash on hand Jan. 1st \$12 455.47	
teceipts 271.84	
Total	
Cash on hand Feb. 1st\$12,727.31	
Indigent soldier fund	
ash on hand Jan. 1st	
teceipts 5.43	
Total \$128.08	
Disbursements	
100.00	
Cash on hand Feb. 1st\$330.08	
Institute fund:	
ash on hand Jan. 1st\$35.00	1
Cash (on hand Feb. 1st\$35.06	4
Summary of totals:	
ash on hand Jan. 1st \$16, \$6.66	
Octobativities and the second of the second	1
	1
Total \$18,455.91	1
Hsbursements 3,423.36	1
4	

Cash on hand Feb. 1st\$15,032.55 A NEW JANCTOR -- Daniel Humphicy, janitor and nightwatch at the Marion county court house, has resigned his position, for the reason that his bealth was so precarlous as to preclude his continuing at night work. County Judge Terrell, after consulting with the county commissioners, has appoint-Mr. McNary is known as a thoroughly has the reputation of always doing his The accident rendered the boiler use- full duty. While serving on the police heated and the pupils were permitted ,the evil doers and admired by the lawabiding citizens, and his appointment The boiler will be supplied with a to the responsible position at the court

THEIR SALARY BILL CAUSED MUCH DISCUSSION IN HOUSE.

Sent to the Judiciary Committee to Be Reported on Monday Afternoon.

(From Daily February 4.) House bill 263, the district attorney salary bill, was brought up, read third lime and put upon its final passage vesterday afternoon. The first man to assail the bill was Mr. Topping, of Coos, who said that so far as the secand district was concerned, the salary in the bill is too high, and he wanted it referred back to the committee. Mr. Marsh, of Washington county, followed in similar strain, and proved himself quite an orator in his first real effort of the session. He said the bill had never come before him for investigation, and he wanted an opportunity to look up what he district attorneys past. He said the fact that the district attorneys were here in powerful lobby was notice to the representatives of the people that they should erutinize it carefully. Mr. Curtis poke in favor of the bill as a valuable measure for the destruction of the remicious fee system; that it takes the burden off the several counties and olanes it upon the state; that it makes the district attorney pay his own deputies. He thought it an excellent bill. Mr. Whitney favored the bill because it obliterates the fee system and the opportunities of "working up" crimined actions. He and Mr. Curtis said they both spoke from experience, as they had filled that office and knew how it was "worked." He thought the salaries provided are none too high. Mr. McCourt thought it was somewhat amusing to hear the last two gentlemen advocating the measure, both being deputy district attorneys. There was no particular objection offered to the bill yet; it was only asked to send it back to the committee, so that a full investigation could be had. He amended Mr. Topping's motion by asking the reference of the bill to committee on salaries of state and county officers. Mr. Reeder, chairman of the judiciary, committee, a former district attorney also, explained the bill and advocated its merits, saying the intention, in framing the bill, was to allow the officers \$3,000 above his expense for deputies. He said the office ought not to be considered a school for upstart young lawyers, but that it was a responsible office, to be fifled by able, practiced attorneys, and that the salaries were none too high. Mr. Topping thought that Mr. Reeder might know what is the just and correct amount for the officer in his own district, but was scarcely competent to determine the amount for other districts, and that the question should be left for the delegations from the various districts, Whalley thought if the bill was to be referred, it ought to go to the judictary. Mr. Stillman thought so, too, and said it was impossible to obtain absolute information as to the present cost of the district attorney's office. Mr. Williamson thought the bill was as nearly right now as it could be made, and that no reference was necessary. Mr. Hill announced that he was opposed to the bill, and he hoped it would not be considered at present, as there were several members who left the city under the distinct promise and understanding that the bill would not come up until Monday. Mr. Hawson was not in favor of reference, or if at all, it should be to the judiciary committee. Mr. Cummings could see no reflection upon the judiciary committee in the reference of the bill to the committee on salaries. He thought no good bill need fear reference. If there is real merit in this bill, he warned its friends that their opposition to its recommittal was liable to intender opposition against he whole measure, which might not otherwise appear. Mr. Marsh again waked up, and convinced the house that there was a great deal more in the hitherto silent member from Washington county than his colleagues had supposed. McCourt's amendment was lost and the bill was sent to the judiciary com-

Mr. Butt, of Yamhill, introduced a bill yesterday that will be recognized as having considerable merit. It is to create the tenth judicial district, to be composed of Benton, Lincoln (taken from the second district), Polk, Tillamook and Yamhill (from the third district). Mr. Butt and the friends of the measure think that this will equalize the amount of business of the third district (Linn and Marion) about equal to that of the proposed district, and equalize matters in general to the best interest of all concerned. The bill proposes that Judge Boise shall be the judge of the new district until the election of 1904, when a new judge shall be elected. The cutting down of the second and third districts, it is claimed, will enable the legislature to cut down the salary of the district attorneys in these districts a sufficient amount to pay that of the new one provided for, thus avoiding any increase of expense. The proposition will meet with much fuvor, and may be enacted.

mittee, to report Monday afternoon at

4 o'clock, when the bill will come up

as special order.

.The substitute for house bill 257, presented by the committee yesterday, provides for salaries of the various county judges as follows: Baker, \$1,-999; Benton, \$999; Clackamas, \$1,299; Columbia, \$720; Clatsop, \$1,200; Coos, \$1,000; Curry, \$400; Crook, \$600; Douglas, \$1,000; Grant, \$1,000; Gilliam, \$500; Harney, \$1,000; Jackson, \$1,200; Josephine, \$600; Klamath, \$700; Lake, \$700; Linn, \$1,200; Lane, \$800; Lincoln, \$400; Marion, \$900; Multnomah, \$3,000; Morrow, \$900; Polk, \$800; Sherman, \$300; Tillamook, \$600; Umatilla, \$1,200; Union, \$1,200; Wasco, \$1,000; Washington, \$700; Yamhill, \$800; Wallowa, \$500; Malheur, \$500.

Senate joint resolution No. 9, by Looney, which provides for the exchange by the state of the old blind stel; 2. school property on Twelfth street to J. H. Albert, of this city, for land ad-

joining the blind school property on Church street, passed the senate yesterday. Senator Selling, who, on the preceding day, interposed serious objections to the adoption of the resolution, did not disclose his objections thereto, and having been convinced that the resolution provided for an equitable transaction was favorable to its adoption. The resolution passed the senate by a vote of 22 to 3: 5 absent. Those voting in the negative were. Daly of Benton, Howe and President Taylor.

Governor Geer yesterday morning sent 'the following important message to the two houses:

Executive Department-Salem, Oregon, February 2.-Under the provisions of an act authorizing the governor toappoint an agent to select all lands donated to the state by the United States, and to ascertain all losses sustained by the state by reason of the occupancy of sections 16 and 36, by or through the United States government, approved February 19, 1895, the state fand agent has selected nearly 150,000 acres of indemnity lands.

"Under the provisions of this law, these lands were withdrawn from sale for two years, but so great has been the demand for them during the two years they have been on the marhad been costing the people in the ket, that not much more than 14,000 acres remain unsold...

> "There can be no doubt that the disposal of this vast amount of valuable timber land, at the low price of \$2.50 per acre has resulted in a great loss to the state.

> "It has been bought largely by syndicates of capitalists for speculative purposes, a great deal of which has already been resold for sums reaching twice that paid to the state. Large tracts of this land support some of the finest milling timber in the United states, and when it is ready for actual use, which it will be when the object of its purchase is realized, the timber itself, standing, will usually be worth from \$6 to \$10 an acre.

These lands should not have been put upon the markel at all, for they furnish no homes for actual settlers, and in parting with them the state has lost hundreds of thousands of dollars.

"In view of these facts I suggest that a law should be passed at once withdrawing the remainder of indemnity land from sale altogether, and let the school children of the state, instead of non-residents, and other speculators, be the beneficiaries in the future rise in their values.

"The money realized from the say of these lands is not needed, for the irreducible school fund now contains about, \$450,000, which is lying idle in the freasury. It may be late to suggest locking the stable door, but it is better to save one good horse than to lose the entire herd. Since the money is not needed, these timber lands should remain in the possession of the state, which ought to have the benefit of their increase in value, and I trust my suggestion that for the present they be withdrawn from sale may

meet with your approbation. "I deem it my duty to also suggest the urgent necessity for passing a law providing for the reduction of the rate of interest on school loans from 8 per ent, to 6 per cent.

in one or two bills now pending before your honorable body. I understand, but it is involved with so many other proposed amendments, some which may be of doubtful public policy, that so necessary a change should be allowed to proceed without being hampered by any other proposition. "Within the last few weeks the

board of school land commissioners has had applications for severa loans, and before they could be perfected the applicants found money elsewhere for 7 per cent, less, and the school fund lost the loan. In order to secure the results for which the irreducible school fund is intended, it is necessary that the rate of interest shall be reduced.

"Believing these two suggestions would, if incorporated in the laws of the state, prove to be of great public benefit, I trust they will meet your speedy approbation."

Senate bill No. 24, introduced in the senate Thursday afternoon by Senator Haines, of Washington county, provided for the election in each county of a superintendent of roads and bridges, whose duties shall be to make an inspection of the bridges of the county. from time to time, and make reports to the county; court as to necessary repairs. For such services the superintendent shall receive compensation per diem from the county.

Senator Mulkey by laboring for the enactment of senate bill No. 216, expects to after the present mode of levying and collecting taxes. The bill proposes a resumption of the old system, by which each school district and municipality is expected to levy and colect its own taxes. The author of the bill claims that by the great discrepancy between the estimated revenue expected from the tax levy and the actual receipts, that is experienced under the present system, that many of the countles are kept involuntarily in debt.

ly, Kuykendall, Looney, Mulkey, Selling, Wade, President Taylor, 16, Nays -Bates, Brownell, Cameron, Harmon, Mackay, Michell, Patterson, Porter Reed. Smith: 40. Absent-Daly of Lake, Driver, Morrow, Proebstel; 4.

By adopting house joint resolution No. 1, by a vote of 20 to 8, 2 absent, the senate Thursday voted to submit to the voters a proposed amendment to the constitution, which provides that in the future all proposed subjects for legislative enactment shall be submitted to the people for their consideration before being made laws. Senator Smith spoke ably for the resolution. Senator Driver claimed that such an amendment to the constitution would assail the representative government. Senators Dufur, Brownell, Adams and Fulton considered the proposed amendment impracticable, but were willing to submif it to be people for their endorsement. The vote was as follows: Ayes -Adams, Bates, Brownell, Clem, Daly of Lake, Daly of Benton, Dufur, Fulton, Howe, Josephi, Kelly, Kuykendall, Looney Mackay, Patterson, Porter, Reed, Selling, Smith, Wade; 20. Nays Cameron, Driver, Haines, Harmon, Haseltine, Michell, Mulkey, President Taylor: 8. Absent-Morrow and Proeb-

Mr. Williamson's bill (No. 108) for

the ereation of a scalp bounty fund by levying a tax of one cent per head on sheep, came up yesterday morning and created more of a breeze than was expected. Mr. Nichols, of Benton county, speaking for the sheep raisers of the Willamette valley, opposed the bill, because it would be a tax upon them for the benefit of Eastern Oregon. Mr. Stump, of Polk, took the same stand, and considering the comparatively few sheep west of the Cascades, in comparison with the eastern part of the state, it was generally thought to be a narrow view to take of the matter. The bill was ably supported by Reeder, Fordney, Roberts, Reach and Stillman, and upon the final vote there were but few recorded against it, even Mr. Nichols voting for

The constitutional amendment proposed by Mr. Gregg and adopted in the house yesterday is intended to do away with voting by transients wherver they may happen to be on election day. It aims to confer upon the legislature the power of passing a law proscribing certain time of residence in counties and precincts before having the right to vote at general elections. There are very few of the states now wherein a citizen is allowed to vote at any other point than where he actually resides.

The bill for the division of the third and creation of the tenth judicial district, introduced y sterd y by Mr Butt, does not meet the approval of Judge Geo, H. Burnett. He says those counties across the river chose him for judge by good majorities in all of then, and he does not wish to lose them in this way; nor is he anxious to have any of his labors curtailed. He is strong, hearty and enjoys work, and has not a particle too much of it as now situated.

Senator Adams' bill providing for the taxation of dogs, other than those in incorporated cities, where such a tax was already in force, was badly defeated in the senate yesterday. Such a bill would doubtless work satisfactorily in this section of the state, but the senators from Eastern Oregon opposed the bill because it would work ar injustice on the sheep grower, with whom the services of a number of dogs was almost indispensable to the raising of such domestic animals. The bill was defeated by a vote of 6 to 17, 7 absent.

Senate committee on counties reported back to the senate last evening senate bill No. 52, by Adams, without recommendation. This bill provided for the repeal of one of the circuit judges of this judicial district, and was introduced early in the sesison. It was learned last evening from a member of the committee that a substitute bill had been prepared and would be introduced soon. The substitute bill is said to be more definite and certain than the. original, inasmuch as it specifies the judgeship to be abolished as that of department No. 2. On motion of the author of the bill, further consideration of the bill was indefinitely post-The committee or counties "This provision is already included consists of Senators Mackay, Howe, Cameron and Morrow.

When senate bill No. 146, by Procbstel, came up for third reading in the senate last evening, several discrepancles were noted in the provisions of the bill which pertained to the salaries of the county treesurers of the state. The bill was introduced to affect-only the salary of such officers in Umatilla county, and the bill as applied to other sections of the state was copied from the statutes as they existed at the close of the 18 5 sees on Sin e then and during the special session of the legislature the salaries of several of the county treasurers were reduced to conform with platform pledges, making it nocessary to have the bill recommitted. The bill, as reported, provided a salary of \$1000 per annum for the Marion ounty treasurer. Senator Adams desired the bill amended as pertaining to Marion county to read \$800 per annum and, in support of his amendment, explained that it was in kreping with the pledges made during the recent campaign. Senator Looney wished the salary of that officer for Marion county established at \$1000 per annum, claiming that a majority of the taxpayers of the county were favorable to such an arrangement. The bill was finally re-referred when the desired amendments will be considered:

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

See G. I. Stahl & Co., upstairs in the Statesman building, about the following bargatus. \$500-House and lot near the peniton-

tiary; size of the lot, 66x195 feet; plenty of fruit; fine location; payments easy; possession immediately. \$650-Twenty acres of land three and one-half miles south of Salem; all in cultivation; all fenced; fine loca-

\$1200-Twenty acres of land one and a quarter miles from end of Willamette bridge at Salem; one-half in cultivation; here is a fine piece of land.

NOT NATIVES.

"I notice that three thieves attired in mmaculate dress suits looted a Chiago residence the other day." What time did it happen?".

"In the evening." "Then they were not Chicago thieves."

"Why not?" "Because Chicago thieves wouldn't know any better than to wear their dress suits in the afternoon."-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

EXAMINATIONS. - The junior class of the Willamette University law school began its examination last night, upon finishing Blackstone's commentaries. Prof S. T. Richardson, dean of the college, was in charge. The examinations will consume four evenings. The class finishing that portion of the course consists of H. A. Johnson Jr., S. A. McFadden, C. W. Corby, Mrs. Fraser and Mr. Loucks. The examinations are held in the office of Justice of the Peace H. A. Johnson.

Germany and France are boasting of comes to markmanship Uncle Sam feels well satisfied with the situation.

WE WANT TO FIGURE WITH YOU .

On your printing of every kind. Especially that requiring much composition and long runs of pressworkor fine work of any kind. We are equipped with all modern machinery for doing work well and rapidly, and cheaply. No matter how long your job, or how small we want to figure with you. Don't send away from Salem fer anything in the line of printing.

E. M. WAITE PRINTING CO

Statesman Building, Saiem

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description magnically ascertain our opinion free whether a invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patenta thvention strictly confidential. Handbook on Pat-sont free, Didest agency for securing patent Patents taken through Munn & Co. rec special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

MUNN & Co. 36 1 Broadway. New Yor

THE BEST READING FOR THE FARM

-IN THE-

Central Willamette Valley

Is the Twelve-page Weekly edition of the

Oregon Statesman

Together with either of the following well-known weekly papers: Chicago Inter-Ocean, New York Tribune, St. Louis Globe Democrat; also Demorest's Family Magazine and McCall's Magazinemonthly. The clubbing rates are as follows:

Statesman and Gold Democrat - \$2 00 The Globe-Democrat is issued in semi-weekly sections, 8 each Tuesday and Friday.

Statesman and Demorest's Family Magazine \$2 00

The Demorest Magazine is a fine, monthly publi-

Statesman and Inter-Ocean - - \$1.50 Statesman and Tribune - - - \$1.50 Statesman and McCall's Magazine \$1.50

(The above magazine is of much interest to women, and would be just the thing for the farmer's wife or daughter. A free pattern given with each subscription).

Send your subscriptions to the

STATESMAN PUBLISHING CO.

Salem, Oregon.

Don't Forget

This offer is one of the their improved artillery. When it best ever made by a newspaper in Western Oregon.