CONDENSED STATEMENT OF

Malheur County Bank

NYSSA, OREGON

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JUNE 30, 1922.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts		$288,176.42	Capital Stock	$ 25,000.00
Overdrafts		267.56	Surplus and Profits	31,160.49
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures		10,790.77	Bills Payable	NONE
Other Real Estate		500.00	Re-discounts	NONE
Liberty Bonds	$ 3,722.50		DEPOSITS	336,086.81
School District Warrants	7,704.26	11,426.76		
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS		81,085.79		
		$392,247.30		$392,247.30

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

H. J. Ward, President. John Ray, Vice President
J. P. Dunaway, Cashier
O. G. Bauer, Assistant Cashier
J. F. Reece G. L. Phillips

The sincere desire of this bank is to promote prosperity. To help you get your share of it and to use that share with wisdom.

MICKIE SAYS

MARKS OF GOOD DAIRY COW

Angularity and Leanness Should Be Apparent When in Milk—Mammary System Important.

A good dairy cow should show angularity and leanness in appearance when in milk. A feminine head; a bright, full eye; a wide muzzle and large open nostrils indicate dairy temperament. The chest should be full and deep, giving ample room for large heart and lung development. A long, deep, wide body with well-arched ribs gives room for handling large amounts of feed. And of extreme importance is a well-developed mammary system made up of long, branching milk veins entering large milk wells; teats of convenient and uniform size, good shape and well placed in the udder and an udder that is large, well shaped and has a mellow, flexible handling quality.

Cows won't do well on food that isn't palatable, say the feeding men at the New York College of Agriculture at Ithaca. Not only must the dairy cow's ration contain the proper elements if she is to be "worth her keep," but it should be so attractive to her that she will eat plenty and keep up a good flow of milk.

On the other hand, say the dairymen, it isn't wise to change a ration suddenly even to make it better. A cow is a delicate milk-producing machine, and sudden changes in her food are quite likely to upset some part of the machinery, with a resulting loss of milk.

The condition of the food probably has most to do with its palatability; moldy grains or roughage don't appeal to any self-respecting cow.

IN THE STYLE PROCESSION

Fancy and Color Combinations Extend to Cotton Frocks for Porch and Morning Wear.

The fancy and color combinations so much in evidence this spring extend to simple cotton frocks for porch and morning wear.

The lavender shades, green, blue, including periwinkle, which have had so much publicity, and the vivid dandelion yellow which is now occupying a prominent place in the style procession, are all featured in gingham, with rather small checks preferred. White and one of the colors are usually combined in a small check. Of course, the vivid Scotch plaid ginghams are still used, especially for children, but the preference is for two-tone effects in the small patterns.

Linen is to be worn more this season than for several years, due primarily to the fact that it is more reasonable in price, but an all-linen frock does require a great deal of pressing and laundering to keep it in presentable condition, as all linens rumple very easily. When combined with gingham a more practical frock is the result.

One smart little gingham frock seen recently, in a yellow and white check, was trimmed with latticed insertions formed of white organdie set lengthwise of the skirt so as to give it a panel effect, the waist being similarly treated. A row of the insertion trimmed each outer sleeve and the neck was finished with an organdie frill.

Organdie is a fabric that promises to have a strong vogue for summer and if a good quality is selected an organdie dress will give splendid service. It is easy to launder, requiring no starch, and needs but little in the way of trimming.

Dirty Milk Dangerous.

Dirty milk is much more dangerous than dirty water, because disease germs that would starve in water multiply rapidly in milk.

Quality Counts Most.

It is not half as important how many cows you keep as what kind and how.

COUNTY STATISTICS

Malheur County Real Estate Transfers Recorded June 24th to July 1st.

Floyd R. Sprague et ux to Pierre Noque, SE¼SW¼, SW¼ SE¼ Sec. 34-40-45; SE¼NE¼ Sec. 27-40-44; SW¼NW¼ Sec. 2-41-45. 6-19-22. $10.00.

Alexander McPherson Sr. et ux to Bankers' Discount Corporation, E½ E½SW¼, W½SE¼ Sec. 8-18-47. 5-9-22. $1.00.

Wm. H. Wiggins to Mrs. Marguerite Weiss, undivided ½ interest in NW¼SE¼ Sec. 3-33-39. 5-31-22. $10.00.

State of Oregon to Daniel F. Murphy, NW¼NE¼ Sec. 36-18-37. 8-22-20. $140.00.

State of Oregon to Angie Murphy, S½SE¼ Sec. 36-18-37. 2-17-22. $200.

U. S. A. to Wm. A. Murphy, E½ SE¼ Sec. 18; E½NE¼ Sec. 19; NW¼ Sec. 29-19-38. 6-12-22.

U. S. A. to Wm. A. Murphy, W½ SW¼ Sec. 17; SW¼ and W½NW¼ Sec. 20-19-38. 6-12-22.

U. S. A. to Walsy G. McEwen, W½ Sec. 22-25-37. 12-27-21.

U. S. A. to Walsy G. McEwen, E½ Sec. 22-25-37. 12-27-21.

C. E. Kenyon et ux to Weiser Loan & Trust Co., SW¼NW¼, and Lot 3, Sec. 4-16-47. 6-24-22. $1.00.

A. E. Grandjean to Wm. J. Lachner, Sections 14, 15, and 17; and NE¼SE¼, SE¼NW¼ Sec. 16-20-44. 6-27-22. $1.00.

Sheriff H. Lee Noe to Moline Farms Co., Lots 116 and 133 of Jamieson Acreage Tracts. 6-23-22. $2,439.86.

Sheriff H. Lee Noe to Moline Farms Co., Lots 117 and 135 of Jamieson Acreage Tracts. 6-29-22. $4,337.42.

E. J. Burrough to Walter Richardson, N½ and N½S½ of Lots 1 to 8, inclusive, in Block 2, Taylors Add. to Nyssa. 6-19-22. $1000.

Van Sicklin Land & Livestock Co. to Arthur Van Sicklin, Lot 4, NE¼ SE¼ Sec. 13-16-47; Lots 1 and 2, SW¼SW¼ Sec. 18; Lot 1, and NW¼NW¼ Sec. 19-16-48. 6-24-22. $1.00.

Marriage Licenses During Week.

Bert L. Miller and Emma Bertwell. 6-27-22.

Harley Dayton Jenne and Viola M. Bingham. 6-28-22.

Complaints Filed in Circuit Court.

Alva Springer vs. O. B. King. 6-26-22. Injunction.

Wm. Jones vs. Theron R. Beers et al. 6-29-22. Suit on note.

Joel Looper et al vs. K. S. & D. Fruit Land Co. et al. 6-29-22. To quiet title.

Ontario National Bank vs. J. H. Seaweard et ux. 6-30-22. Foreclosure of mortgage. $16,036.24.

J. R. Blackaby vs. J. H. Seaweard et als. 6-30-22. To set aside deed.

J. R. Blackaby vs. E. F. Seaweard et als. Recovery on note. $4,500.

Wm. E. Lees vs. T. M. Seaweard et als. 6-30-22. Recovery on note. $952.55.

A. L. Longstreth vs. Willard Hanson et al. 6-30-22. Foreclosure of mortgage. $3,336.70.

MICKIE SAYS

CHICAGO PASTOR WINS EIGHT YEAR CRUSADE

"Fighting Parson" Cleaned Up Notorious North Side Dives.

Dr. Elmer Lynn Williams is called the "fighting parson" back in Chicago. When he came to that city as pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal church, he found an abominably corrupt condition in the moral life of his community. He proceeded to clean up conditions, and he did the job to a nicety.

He won the support and admiration of the good people of Chicago, the respect and co-operation of the police department and sheriff's office—and at the same time the everlasting hatred of the underworld. He led an eight-year campaign and won his battle with a knockout. Hence his lecture, "The Big Game," at Chautauqua, on the sixth night.

GRAY TRELAINE, BLACK SATIN

Gray trelaine is used to fashion this clever feminine version of a suit, while black cire satin adds distinction to both skirt and coat. The side panel and novel collar are notes for fashion devotees; a crepe de chine blouse of self-color completes the costume.

TREATING STERILITY IN COW

Most Cases Become Chronic or Permanent Unless Properly Handled by Veterinarian.

In many herds where abortion disease is present, from five to ten per cent of the cows become sterile or barren, and most cases become chronic or permanent unless they are treated by a qualified veterinarian. Dr. W. L. Williams of the New York State Veterinary college is to be given credit for the plan of procedure in handling these cows. The treatment should not be neglected too long after the cows manifest this symptom.

A thorough examination of the patient is necessary to locate the trouble either in the uterus, ovaries or fallopian tubes, and treated accordingly. It is not uncommon for a skilled operator to restore five out of six cases to a reproductive state under favorable conditions.

Cases of long standing should be sold to the butcher, as the treatment fails to help them. A case of more than eight months' to one year's standing is very discouraging to the operator, for he realizes that functional changes have taken place in the reproductive organs that will be difficult to correct by treatment. Therefore do not delay having an animal examined and treated in the beginning of the trouble instead of waiting until it is too late. The annual loss caused by sterility would be surprisingly high if survey could be made and accurate data obtained from the cattle breeders.

Paris Fashion Notes.

In less strictly tailored suit models we often find the jacket of one material and color and the skirt of another. One Paris designer contrives an odd and original effect in a long black satin coat by entirely covering the silken material with heavy black lace. Every house in Paris makes silk suits, using crepes in all sorts of weaves, nearly always on the three-piece idea, the frock underneath frequently having short sleeves to make it particularly appropriate and comfortable for afternoon dancing. Sometimes the frock is all of one material, or its top part may be of georgette crepe or crepe de chine, either matching or contrasting in color.

Feeding for Milk.

Good feeding is necessary for milk production. The Scotch say "It is by the head that the cow gives milk."

ONE FROCK PLAN PROVES SUCCESS

Single Outfit Depends on Head, Taste and Common Sense of Woman Who Wears It.

DRESS FOR EVERY OCCASION

Costume That Will Be Possible for Almost Any Time Is Neither Hard to Conceive Nor to Accomplish.

After all the shouting is over—the explanation of ultra spring fashions in detail—then comes the mental question for the average woman: "Now what shall I have for myself from among all this melee of smartness? How, in one or two costumes, which is what my budget allows me, can I march among the best dressed of the land?"

It is all very well to consider style and its contributing fine points. Every normal woman takes a certain satisfaction in that sort of mental gymnastics, but how to assimilate the length of this and the width of that with

Voluminous Tan Cape or Homespun Thrown Open in Front to Reveal Smartly Designed Sweater of Tan Which Has Figures in Dark Brown and Orange.

your own particular figure and the restrictions of your purse—oh, that is another matter, indeed!

It has often been said, observes a fashion writer in the New York Times, that the woman with one frock can be as well dressed as the woman with ten. And it is astonishing how really well this theory works out when the woman with one has the head and the taste and the common sense to manage hers with cleverness. She is no boon to the dressmakers of the land, but she is a deal of satisfaction to herself. She has eliminated a woman's greatest source of worry and annoyance.

At this time of the year it is perfectly possible to apply one's mind so thoroughly and successfully to the matter of clothes that for the next six months one's intelligence need not touch the subject seriously again. Planning goes a longer way with clothes than women generally suppose, and the visualization of the coming season's wardrobe is something that brings a finite reward to the planner. It is the buying at random which earns for women that horrid reputation of being spendthrifts in the matter of their dressing. It is hard not to be emotional when a really pretty thing strikes one's eyes. But whether that thing is going to serve enough purpose to pay for its investment is a detail which so few women stop to consider. Then, again, they think and think, and nothing comes of their efforts because their education in this field of style practically applied is so very efficient.

The Dress for Every Occasion.

It can be done, you know. A dress that will be possible for the majority of occasions in the usual life is not at all hard to conceive nor to accomplish. The flappers are getting there with sport suits. They wear them everywhere. They seem to think there is no party too formal to set them off. They love themselves in these clothes and they cling to them.

Now, for those who are a little more mature, the nonchalance of this procedure is impossible, but they can accomplish the same purpose in another way. A serge dress does wonders in this direction. It can perform so many duties. It can enter so many classes of a social or a business day if it is designed with any care and knowledge of the many positions which a frock of its sort may be called upon to fill.

Then there is the more or less formal dress of heavy silk. It is an extremely fashionable form of dressing, and, when it is made simply enough, it can serve a vast number of purposes without being changed or adjusted in any way. A plain black crepe dress smartly cut and put together is one of the most purposeful things that a woman can purchase this season. It is without doubt the best style of any of the dresses, and it carries on beautifully from occasion to occasion. A dress of

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR MALHEUR COUNTY.

MARY DODGE, Plaintiff,

vs.

CHARLES H. DODGE, Defendant.

To Charles H. Dodge, the above named defendant:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit within six weeks from the 7th day of July, 1922, which is the date of the first publication of this summons; and if you fail so to appear and answer for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, to-wit:

For a decree of divorce from the defendant and the care and custody of the two minor children of the plaintiff and defendant, and for a judgment for her costs and disbursements of this suit.

This summons is published in the Gate City Journal, a weekly newspaper published and having general circulation in this County, by order of the above entitled Court made and entered on the 6th day of July, 1922, and dircting the same to be published for six weeks commencing with the issue of said paper of July 7th, 1922, and ending with the issue of August 18th, 1922, and further directing that a copy of this summons and of the complaint be forthwith mailed to defendant at his place of residence if known.

DAVIS & KESTER,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Residing at Vale, Oregon.

STATEMENT OF THE

BANK OF NYSSA

Called for by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of Oregon at the close of business June 30, 1922.

RESOURCES	
LOANS AND DISCOUNTS	$165,578.41
OVERDRAFTS	302.73
BONDS AND WARRANTS	10,472.85
BANKING HOUSE, FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	6,822.46
CASH AND SIGHT EXCHANGE	22,397.89
	$205,574.34
LIABILITIES	
CAPITAL STOCK PAID IN	$ 25,000.00
SURPLUS	20,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS	1,771.13
DEPOSITS	105,011.08
WAR FINANCE CORPORATION ADVANCES	24,157.82
BILLS PAYABLE	29,634.31
	$205,574.34

H. Walters, President. Frank D. Hall, Cashier.
Dick Tensen, Vice President. F. E. Young, Asst. Cashier.

METHODIST CHURCH

SUNDAY SERVICES

Sunday School .... 10:00 a. m.
Preaching services .... 11:00 a. m.
Preaching Services .... 7:30 p. m.
by Glenn Davis

A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

MORE SERVICE FROM FROCKS

Guimpe Makes It Possible to Transform Single Gown to Take the Place of Several.

Chiffon embroidered guimpes with long sleeves are developed in the many different styles which sleeves have taken unto themselves this season. The guimpe makes it possible to transform a single gown to take the place of several. It is probable that the many sleeveless jackets will make their appearance. The sleeves of these guimpes have one thing in common, that they are all wide at the wrist, though this width is variously arranged. Decoration may cover the sleeve for its entire length, or may be confined to a wide cuff section. Beige chiffon for instance, is allover embroidered in red and gold; a Jenny navy chiffon sleeve has a border of rose with gold stitching. Contrasting sleeves can make many costumes of one frock in a neutral color, opaque sleeves can vary a day wear frock, and lace or chiffon sleeves serve the same purpose for more formal costumes.

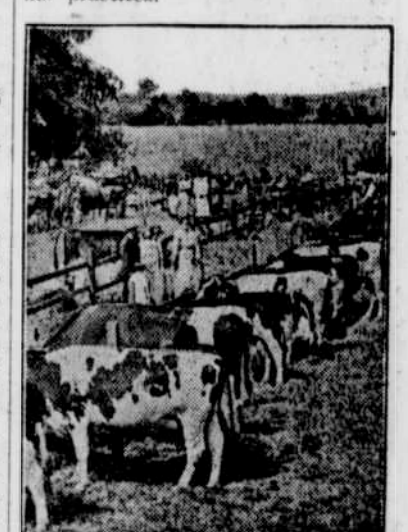
GIVE PUREBREDS MORE CARE

Dairyman Often Takes More Interest in High Class Stock Because of Possibilities.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

There is no good reason why it should cost more to care for a good herd of purebred dairy cows than it costs to care for the same number of good grades, although farmers sometimes believe that the purebreds are more expensive to keep. However, says the United States Department of Agriculture, the dairyman often does spend more on purebreds because he sees greater possibilities in them, and consequently takes more interest in them, feeding them better and building better barns to house them. He does not need to do this, but usually he finds that it pays him in gross returns and in net returns.

The results would have been the same, though possibly not in the same degree, if better care and feed had been given to a good grade herd. But it sometimes takes the stimulation supplied by the ownership of a few purebreds to induce a man to improve his practices.



Purebred and Tuberculin-Tested Dairy Cows.

Plant Food Removed.

A ton of butter removes only seventy cents worth of plant food from the farm, while the sale of the feeds that produce it would carry away over $400 in soil fertility.

Charter No. 168. Reserve District No. 12

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE MALHEUR COUNTY BANK

At Nyssa, in the State of Oregon, at close of business June 30, 1922.

RESOURCES.

1.	Loans and discounts, including rediscounts shown in items 29 and 30, if any		$288,176.42
2.	Overdrafts secured and unsecured		267.56
3.	U. S. government securities owned, including those shown in items 30 and 35, if any		3,722.50
4.	Other bonds, warrants and securities, including foreign government, state, municipal, corporation, etc., including those shown in items 30 and 35, if any		11,426.76
6.	Banking house, $6046.57; furniture and fixtures, $4744.20		10,790.77
7.	Real estate owned other than banking house		500.00
9.	(ab. Cash on hand in vault and due from banks, bankers and trust companies designated and approved reserve agents of this bank		71,170.31
10.	Exchanges for clearing house and items on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		135.57
	Total cash and due from banks, items 8, 9, 10 and 11	$71,305.88	
15.	Other assets, if any. Items in transit		9,779.91
	Total		$392,247.30

LIABILITIES.

16.	Capital stock paid in		$ 25,000.00
17.	Surplus fund		25,000.00
18.	(a) Undivided profits	$17,299.44	
	(b) Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	11,138.95	6,160.49
	DEMAND DEPOSITS, other than banks, subject to reserve:		
23.	Individual deposits subject to check, including deposits due the State of Oregon, county, cities or other public funds		226,720.36
25.	Cashier's checks of this bank outstanding payable on demand		4,159.21
	Total of demand deposits, other than bank deposits, subject to reserve, items 23, 24, 25, 26, $230,879.57		
	TIME AND SAVING DEPOSITS, subject to reserve and payable on demand or subject to notice:		
27.	Time certificates of deposit outstanding		104,807.24
	Total of time and saving deposits payable on demand or subject to notice, items 27 and 28, $104,807.24		
33.	Letters of credit outstanding		400.00
	Total		$392,247.30

STATE OF OREGON, County of Malheur, ss.

I, J. P. Dunaway, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. P. DUNAWAY, Cashier.

CORRECT—Attest: H. J. Ward, John Ray, J. J. Sarazin, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of July, 1922.

E. M. BLODGETT, Notary Public.
My commission expires Dec. 7, 1924.

—Oregon Voter.

Charter No. 56. Reserve District No. 12

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE BANK OF NYSSA

At Nyssa, in the State of Oregon, at close of business June 30, 1922.

RESOURCES.

1.	Loans and discounts, including rediscounts shown in items 29 and 30, if any		$165,578.41
2.	Overdrafts secured and unsecured		302.73
4.	Other bonds, warrants and securities, including foreign government, state, municipal, corporation, etc., including those shown in items 30 and 35, if any		10,472.85
6.	Banking house, $4,330.00; furniture and fixtures, $2,492.46		6,822.46
9.	Cash on hand in vault and due from banks, bankers and and trust companies designated and approved reserve agents of this bank		21,471.99
10.	Exchanges for clearing house and items on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		300.00
11.	Checks on banks outside city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		625.90
	Total cash and due from banks, items 8, 9, 10 and 11	$22,397.89	
	Total		$205,574.34

LIABILITIES.

16.	Capital stock paid in		$ 25,000.00
17.	Surplus fund		20,000.00
18.	(a) Undivided profits	$11,373.76	
	(b) Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	9,602.63	1,771.13
	DEMAND DEPOSITS, other than banks, subject to reserve:		
23.	Individual deposits subject to cehck, including deposits due the State of Oregon, county, cities or other public funds		69,198.08
25.	Cashier's checks of this bank outstanding payable on demand		1,122.64
	Total of demand deposits, other than bank deposits, subject to reserve, items 23, 24, 25, 26, $70,320.72		
	TIME AND SAVINGS DEPOSITS, subject to reserve and payable on demand or subject to notice:		
27.	Time certificates of deposit outstanding		34,690.36
	Total of time and savings deposits payable on demand or subject to notice, items 27 and 28, $34,690.36		
31.	Bills payable with federal reserve bank or with other banks or trust companies		29,634.31
32.	Advances from War Finance Corporation		24,157.82
	Total		$205,574.34

STATE OF OREGON, County of Malheur, ss.

I, Frank D. Hall, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

FRANK D. HALL, Cashier.

CORRECT—Attest: H. Walters, Dick Tensen, E. J. Burrough, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of July, 1922.

E. M. BLODGETT, Notary Public,
My commission expires Dec. 7, 1924.

VOL. XX. NO. 43.

NYSSA WILL LOSE MUCH TAX MONE

WILL HAVE TO ACCEPT PR RATA WITH DEPOSITORS

BANK FAILURE CAUS

REPORT FROM DAVIS & KESTE BLIGHTS HOPES OF COUNCILMEN.

A postponed meeting of the ci council was held Wednesday eveni with Mayor Warren, Councilm Young, Hoxie and Marshal Reberg present.

A report from Davis & Kester Vale as to the possibility of reco ering money belonging to the ci which was lost when the First N tional Bank of Vale closed i doors was read and removed t last lingering hope of councilm that there was some legal means recovering it. The sum amounts $648.20 and is tax money that w going through the regular bankii routine for collection when the Va bank closed and left Nyssa holdi the sack. Following is the report Davis & Kester:

"Vale, Or., July 5, 1922.—H. Sharp, Recorder, Nyssa, Or.—De Sir: Your letter of June 14 incl ing letter from the cashier of t Bank of Nyssa, Oregon, regardi funds lost in the First Nation Bank of Vale, was duly received.

We have looked into the matt somewhat, and have examined t records of the receiver of the Fi National Bank of Vale, and it a pears to us that all you can get w be your proportionate share of t proceeds of the liquidation of t bank. You refer to the fact that was 45 days from the time the ce tificates were deposited until yo were notified of the loss, but the ce tificates wee deposited on Octob 15, and the First National Bank Vale closed October 24. We und stand the certificates were paid the treasurer by check on the Far ers and Stock Growers Bank; th the check was paid by the bank n remittance sent by the First N tional Bank of Vale by draft dra on the American National Bank Pendleton, which draft was o standing and unpaid at the time t bank closed.

We are unable to figure out a relief for the town of Nyssa, a believe that if the Bank of Nys will secure a receiver's certific for the amount of your claim th this is all you can expect out of t deal. Yours very truly,

"Davis & Kester."

The following bills were allow and warrants ordered drawn same.

C. W. Reberger, salary, $85.
C. W. Reberber, rent, $20.
Frank Stubbs, $30.
H. L. Sharp, $26.25.
City Dray, $4.50.
J. Boydell, table, $7.50.
Idaho Power Co., $123.02.
Gate City Journal, $5.
Boise Payette Lumber Co., $52
H. D. Holmes, $9.
Malheur Home Telephone Co., 3
Davis & Kester, $10.
Concrete Pipe Co., $64.85.

NOTICE OF SALE OF ESTRA

IN THE JUSTICE COURT OF T DISTRICT OF NYSSA, MA HEUR COUNTY, STATE OF EGON.

G. G. LEES, Claimant,

vs.

JOHN DOE, Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given t pursuant to an order heretof made by W. S. Clore, Justice of Peace of said Court, the undersign will sell or cause to be sold, at p lic auction for cash, on the 9th of August, 1922, at the hour of o'clock p. m. at the corral located the NW¼ of the NE¼ of Sec 17, Twp. 19 S. R. 47 E. W. Malheur County, Oregon, the foll ing described stock, to-wit: grade Herford cow, 4 or 5 ye old, branded — on left hip, marks, half underslope and under crop in right ear. Also bl and white calf, no brand, ear m ed, crop in left ear left side of n and tongue cut off, which said st was taken up, as estrays, by undersigned, Dec. 10, 1921, stock will be sold to satisfy th ages, cost of keeping, and all pense incurred including Jus Fees and cost of advertising sale, and such other costs and penses as may have been regul made. G. G. LEES, Claima

First publication July 14, 1922.
Second publication July 21, 19

For Sale—Last "New Perfecti No. 2 Coal Oil Stove. $9 at Hins Nyssa, Oregon.—Adv.