

SUFFERED ALL A WOMAN COULD

Mrs. Meyer Finally Found Relief and Health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Orange, Cal.—"I always feel very grateful to you, as some twenty years ago three doctors said I had to have a serious operation. I had a tumor, and ulcers which would gather and break. I had displacement so badly that I could hardly sit down at times, and it seemed as if I suffered everything that a woman could suffer. Then some one advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I took it until I was cured and saved from the operation. I have told women of your wonderful medicine times without number, and I am willing that you should use these facts and my name if you like. I also used your Compound during the Change, and I can do all my own work but the heavy part, and can walk miles every day as I help my husband in the office."

—Mrs. J. H. Meyer, 412 South Orange St., Orange, California.

It is quite true that such troubles as Mrs. Meyer had may reach a stage where an operation is the only resource. On the other hand, a great many women have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Back Giving Out?

Is a constant backache spoiling your summer? Do sharp pains stab you at every sudden move? Are you so tired and downhearted you can hardly keep going? Likely your kidneys have slowed up, causing an accumulation of poisons that well kidneys would have filtered off. Is it any wonder you feel so tired and depressed and have headaches, dizzy spells and annoying bladder irregularities? Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's have helped thousands. Ask your neighbor!

An Idaho Case
Mrs. W. H. Palmer, 615 W. Pacific St., Blackfoot, Idaho, says: "My back was lame and sore, and to lift the lightest thing caused sharp, darting pains through my kidneys. I would also have dizzy spells and nervous headaches. I knew the trouble was from my kidneys by the way they acted. Doan's Kidney Pills were the best remedy for that trouble. They cured the complaint quickly."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Lotteries originated in ancient Rome

The Cuticura Toilet Trio.
Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

A MOVIE AUDIENCE

Young couples holding hands, 15 per cent.

Persons who read things out loud 80 per cent.

Persons finding something to howl about, .0001 per cent.

People who are wondering what it's all about, 183 babies.

FROM REMOTEST PARTS OF GLOBE

Tanlac Elements Come From Many Lands Far Away From Here.

The ingredients from which the celebrated medicine Tanlac is made, come from remote sections of the earth, and are transported thousands of miles over land and sea to the great Tanlac Laboratories at Dayton, Ohio, and Walkersville, Canada.

The Alps, Appennines, Pyrenees, Russian Asia, Brazil, West Indies, Rocky Mountains, Asia Minor, Persia, India, Mexico, Columbia and Peru are among the far away points from which the principal properties of this remarkable preparation are obtained.

What is said to be the largest pharmaceutical laboratory in the United States has been completed at Dayton, Ohio, for the manufacture of Tanlac, which, according to recent reports, is now having the largest sale of any medicine of its kind in the world over 20,000,000 bottles having been sold in six years.

The new plant occupies 60,000 square feet of floor space and has a daily capacity of 50,000 bottles. Uniform quality is guaranteed by a series of careful inspections by expert chemists from the time the roots, herbs, barks and flowers are received in their rough state from all parts of the globe, until their medicinal properties have been extracted by the most approved processes. The finished medicine is then bottled, labeled and shipped out to tens of thousands of druggists throughout the United States and Canada, to supply a demand never before equaled by this or any other medicine.

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.—Advertisement.

Most fishes contain some poison.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monacacetinsulphate of Salicylic acid.—Adv.

WORDS FROM THE WISE

Emulation is the whetstone of genius.—Latin Proverb.

An acre of performance is worth the whole world of promise.—Howell

Moderation is the silken string running through the pearl chain of all virtues.—Bishop Hall.

There never was found a man who had courage to acknowledge himself a coward.—J. Bartlett.

SUMMER CAPES IN TWO ROLES



TWO summer wraps, with entirely different destinies to fulfill, bear one another company in the picture shown above. One of them is a necessity in the wardrobe, made of a soft wool material and designed to make itself generally useful. It is equal to many demands and much wear, and in addition to these sturdy qualities, it has graceful lines and elegance to recommend it. Like nearly all this season's wraps, it bears a strong resemblance to a cape—in fact, is a cape, having capelike sleeves set on, extended into points at the back that merge into the body of the garment. The collar is really another small cape. The collar and sleeves are decorated with embroidered motifs and the wrap is rich enough in appearance to hold its own in the company of such decorative comrades as the one pictured with it.

Paris presents the lovely wrap for evening wear which appears at the right of the two pictured. It is made of taffeta silk in vivid orange color and trimmed with ostrich tips in a deeper orange. The frock worn with it is of white taffeta, with a wide scalloped hem and it proclaims its kinship to the brilliant wrap by wearing its color in a sash of orange velvet of the same shade as the ostrich feather trimming.

Evening dresses of chiffon taffeta with capes to match are among the alluring new arrivals. They are the last word in beautiful colors, with bouffant skirts in the new length and voluminous capes that nearly cover them. The capes are lined with chiffon, usually in a contrasting color, and there is a gleam of this color through the thin silk, as in a cape of light blue with pale orange for the lining. Very fine plaitings of the silk are used in bands for trimming and in collars that have the appearance of a full ruche about the throat. These airy trappings are worn with hose and slippers to match them in color. They have no responsibilities other than to clothe beauty most beautifully.

For Daylight or Lamplight



SHIMMERING taffetas will rustle their way through this summer, in the broad light of day and under the evening lamps. Nothing in fabrics, however, triumphant in the world of fashion, outlives this old-time favorite in silks which finds itself more alluring than ever in the colors, and tones of colors peculiar to the present season. For generations it has been a medium in which color of whatever kind—has found its best expression, from the richest and glossiest blacks to the palest tints, and we are inclined to believe that it has reached the zenith of its beauty in this particular summer. Quite likely our grandmothers were convinced of the same thing.

In the two frocks for afternoon wear, pictured above, taffeta silk makes its oft repeated appearance in deep, clear, glossy black, in the dress at the left. This blackest of blacks is accentuated by decorations of white ribbon and white stitching that simulate beads, in the always-admired brilliant black and white dress for midsummer. The narrow panels of white ribbon down the front and on top of the sleeves are novel and are cleverly managed, slipping through slashes made in the silk. The same ribbon makes a border about the skirt at the head of a wide hem adorned with an embroidered design. White beads might be used instead of white silk for the decoration. The girlie is made of a length of taffeta silk.

At the right a light blue and rose changeable taffeta is made with a long tulle skirt to a plain bodice and worn over a narrow underskirt. Lace, dyed the same shade of blue as that in the silk, forms a border about the tulle with a narrow tuck at each side of it. A band of lace is set in the straight, three-quarter length sleeve also. The bodice reaches the nape of the neck in the back and opens in a short "V" at the front.

Julia Bottomley

COPYRIGHT BY WESTON NEW PAPER UNION

TURKEYS SPREAD CAPEWORM PEST

Demonstrated by Experiments Carried on at Washington and on Nearby Farms.

OLD CHICKENS NOT INFECTED

Losses Can Be Greatly Reduced by Keeping Young Chickens on Ground That Has Not Been Exposed to Contamination.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Turkeys are probably the natural hosts of the gapeworm—a serious pest among young chickens—and are an important factor in their spread. This has been demonstrated by a zoologist of the United States Department of Agriculture as the result of experiments and other investigations carried on at Washington, D. C., and on farms in several localities in Maryland.

Many Turkeys Harbor Gapeworms.

During three winter seasons beginning in December, 1916, a total of 635 chickens and 679 turkeys were examined in the Washington city market. No gapeworms were found in the chickens, but 22.5 per cent of the turkeys were found to be infested. From 1 to 8 worms were found in each of the infested turkeys. A report of these investigations has been published by the department in Department Bulletin 939, "The Turkey as an Important Factor in the Spread of Gapeworms."

In view of the complete absence of gapeworms from a large series of adult chickens and their common occurrence in a similar series of adult turkeys, it would appear, the bulletin says, that adult chickens are poorly adapted as hosts of gapeworms. That turkeys above 3 years of age may harbor gapeworms is established by the fact that a turkey which was kept at the department's experiment station at Bethesda, Md., for three years after it was brought there was found after its death to be infested with a pair of worms.

In the perpetuation of gapeworms from year to year on infested poultry farms the two chief factors, according to the bulletin, appear to be turkeys



For Best Results With Turkey Flock Give Them Free Range.

and contaminated soil. Whether, in the absence of turkeys from a farm, gapeworm affliction among chickens will regularly disappear has not been definitely established, but it seems probable that it may often do so. Gapeworms among chickens appear to be more prevalent on farms where turkeys frequent the chicken runs than on farms where there are no turkeys. Available evidence indicates that gapeworms have a tendency to disappear on farms following the removal of turkeys.

From experiments recorded in the bulletin, it has been found that chickens, unlike turkeys, are readily susceptible to infection with gapeworms only while they are young. They become less susceptible as they grow older. Adult chickens are seldom likely to spread infection, for in those instances in which gapeworms develop in adult chickens the parasites are likely to live only a short time.

Methods of Avoiding Loss.

Losses from gapeworms can be greatly reduced, if not altogether avoided, according to the bulletin, by keeping young chickens on ground that has not been exposed to contamination within at least a year by chickens with gaps or by turkeys, and by excluding turkeys from it during its occupancy by chickens. As gapeworms appear rarely to occur in adult chickens, brood hens may be associated with young chickens with little risk of infection. The simplest means of preventing or reducing losses from gaps appears to be the exclusion of turkeys from farms where chickens are raised.

BIG SAVING OF FARM LABOR

Hitching Third Horse to Two-Horse Walking Plow Enables Man to Plow Much More Land.

By hitching a third horse to a two-horse walking plow a man can plow at least a quarter acre more land each day, say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. This makes a difference of about 5 acres in 30 days or a saving of from five to three days' working life from a season's plowing, according to a report of the

INCREASED AVERAGE OF PUREBRED SIRES

Progress in "Better Sires—Better Stock" Campaign.

Altogether 431,139 Head of Domestic Animals and Fowls Have Been Enrolled by Owners—Greatest Activity in Ohio.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A noticeable increase in the number of purebred animals listed in the "Better Sires—Better Stock" campaign is the principal development during the first three months of 1921. The result has been to raise the general average of purebreds for the whole campaign 1½ per cent. Altogether 431,139 head of domestic animals and fowls have been enrolled by their owners.

Of that number 22,005 are purebred sires and the remainder are females of various breeding, but all were bred



The Use of Scrub Animals on Any Farm Is an Expensive Practice.

to purebred males, according to the owners' pledges. Although the number of purebreds, as noted, increased noticeably, more scrubs also were listed than in any previous quarterly period, thus helping to accomplish one of the main objects of the campaign, which is to grade up inferior animals by the use of good purebred sires.

The greatest activity during the current year, so far as enrollments are concerned, has occurred in Ohio, with Nebraska second. In justice to other states it may be added that several, from which only a few pledges to use only purebred sires were received, have been active in other branches of the work, particularly in the procurement and distribution of purebred sires of good quality. Kentucky and numerous other states, including West Virginia, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Virginia, are launching aggressive drives against inferior sires, particularly scrub bulls.

A feature of interest during the first quarterly period of 1921 was the dispatch of five emblems of recognition to far-off Guam, our island outpost in the Pacific, thousands of miles beyond Hawaii.

PRESERVING SOIL MOISTURE

Pernicious Practice of Permitting Water to Escape From Soil Should Be Discouraged.

The practice that prevails in some irrigation localities of letting the natural moisture escape from the soil, with the idea that more water can be applied when it is needed, is most pernicious and should be discouraged, say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. If the moisture that gets into the ground in the form of precipitation or as irrigation water is retained by the soil it will enable the soil organisms to act upon the plant foods, rendering them available for plant growth. There is a feeling of safety in having an unlimited supply of water for irrigation purposes, but it should be remembered that irrigation costs money and labor; precipitation is nature's gift.

PERSONAL VISIT TO MARKET

Grower Enabled to Acquaint Himself With Distributors and Improve Marketing Practices.

Many times a personal visit to the market will more than repay the shipper for the cost of the trip, says the United States Department of Agriculture. Points that seem trivial to the producer often are very important to the dealer. Such a visit enables the grower to acquaint himself personally with the distributors, to select trustworthy representatives, to learn the difficulties of the "man at the other end" and to improve his marketing practices.

POTATO STORAGE A SUCCESS

Much Depends on Quality of Tubers, Temperature, Moisture and Size of Piles.

Successful storage of potatoes, says the bureau of markets, United States Department of Agriculture, is dependent on such factors as the quality of the tubers stored, the temperature at which they are held, the moisture content of the air, the size of the storage piles, and the exclusion of light. The proper temperature ranges from about 45 to 49 degrees Fahrenheit.

MUST BE PRACTICAL FARMER

Not Worth While to Send Carpenter to Tell Tailor How to Put a Coat Together.

Men who set as field workers must be practical farmers. They must be able to do a little of everything, from plowing to marketing. They must be able to put a coat together, as the saying is, and they must be able to do it well.

Tastes Fine, and Better for Health POSTUM CEREAL

is a pure, wholesome cereal beverage, containing nothing harmful to nerves or digestion.

It should be boiled at least twenty minutes. Then Postum Cereal will reveal a true coffee-like richness of color and flavor.

"There's a Reason" Sold by grocers everywhere.

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc. Battle Creek, Michigan.

