



ISSUED TWICE A WEEK—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN TILLAMOOK COUNTY

L. XXII.

TILLAMOOK, OREGON, NOVEMBER 5, 1915.

NO. 83

The First National Bank

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STEAMER WRECKED ON OREGON COAST

Eleven Bodies Recovered, Missing After Santa Clara Strikes Shoal.

Marshfield, Or.—Eleven bodies have been recovered and seven persons were still missing from the wrecked steamer Santa Clara, which went ashore on the South spit, near the entrance to Coos bay at 4:30 p. m. Tuesday.

There were 48 passengers aboard, and the crew numbered 24.

The Santa Clara struck on what is known as Mussel reef, on the South spit, about 20 miles from Marshfield, in a southerly gale.

According to the mate, the shoal upon which the vessel first struck was uncharted, apparently having recently been formed. In a southerly gale and heavy sea she became unmanageable after striking the shoal and was thrown on the south spit, half a mile inside the bar.

After striking the spit, lifeboats immediately were lowered. Two boats returned in the surf. One contained nearly all passengers while the other carried the captain and most of the crew. Most of those in the latter boat managed to swim ashore.

The Identified Dead.
Mrs. Bridget Dunn, Butte, Mont.
Mrs. D. H. Thorne, Hood River, Or.
J. Morris Hogue, aged 9, Gold Hill, Or.

Alfred, son of J. C. Crowley, Mill City, Or., aged 13 months.

Eugene Gilenwater, 7 years old, Gale Graham, Portland.

Madeline-Rossow, South Bend, Ind.

Mrs. Hale, South Bend, Ind.

Handless, older.

Two unidentified women, one aged about 35, the other about 50.

REPUBLICANS WIN IN MASSACHUSETTS

Boston.—The republican party regained control of the executive department of the state government after an interim of five years, when Samuel W. McCall, a former congressman, was elected governor by a plurality of 6606 over Governor David I. Walsh, democrat. The remainder of the republican state ticket was elected by larger pluralities and the republicans made a net gain of 17 seats in the legislature.

The proposed amendment to the constitution granting the right of suffrage to women was defeated by a majority of 132,983.

The vote of the state on the suffrage amendment was, yes, 163,406; no, 295,482.

Both C. S. Bird and Joseph Walker, former progressive nominees, supported McCall and the result indicated that they carried back into the republican camp the greater part of their following.

The prohibition party, on the other hand, attained the status of a legal party by polling more than the required three per cent of the total vote.

FINE NEUTRALITY VIOLATORS

Men Who Recruited for British Forces Are Sentenced.

San Francisco.—Hyphenated Americans whose sympathies for their mother country in times of war predominate their allegiance to the flag of their adopted country were scathingly rebuked by Judge Dooling in the United States district court when he sentenced Dr. Thomas Addis and Ralph K. Blair, Jr., to pay fines of \$1000 each for violating the neutrality laws by recruiting men in San Francisco for service in the British forces. He referred to them as men "who live in this country, but whose patriotism does not extend so much to this country as the country that they left."

Oregon "Aggies" Win Football Fame.

Chicago.—The rout of the famous Michigan Aggies by the Oregon Aggies, and Chicago's victory over Wisconsin, were the most notable contributions to football history in the middle west Saturday.

Heaven never helps the man who will not act.—Hopkins.

KING GEORGE



King George, of England, who was thrown from his horse and injured while inspecting troops in France.

VILLA IS REPULSED AT AGUA PRIETA

Agua Prieta, Ariz.—After four desperate attacks on Agua Prieta, General Villa has drawn off.

The battle continued practically without intermission from Monday afternoon at 1:45 o'clock until 6 Tuesday morning. At 3 o'clock, when Villa launched his fiercest attack with the combined fire of rifles, machine guns and cannon, it probably surpassed in violence the din of any previous Mexican battle. American army officers who with their men were in the trenches all night declared it was the worst they had ever heard.

Douglas trembled under the vibrations of the continuous crashes and concussions. Bullets from the Mexican side rained upon the American town, from the United States army trenches at the border to points a mile or more from the line. Scores of women and children, most of them hysterical and weeping, cowered behind brick or adobe walls.

GUARD ATTITUDE OUTLINED

Continental Army Open to Militia Organizations Free to Enter.

Washington.—Practically doubled federal appropriations for the state militia and opening of the proposed continental army to any organization or individual of the national guard desiring to enter and free to do so are contemplated in the army side of the administration's national defense program.

Details of the provision to be made for the militia were made public for the first time in a statement issued by Secretary Garrison, which said in part:

"In my proposition the membership of the national guard has alternatives based upon this full recognition and meeting every proper point of view with respect to their relationship to the matter of military policy. In other words, I propose that any and every organization of the national guard that is free to do so, insofar as its state obligations are concerned, may come over into the national force intact and be accorded exactly the same position therein that it now holds.

"With respect to the national guard in the states, the plan not only contemplates continuing the financial and personal aid on behalf of the national guard, but largely increases the same, practically doubling it the next fiscal year."

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"DROP IN AND LOOK AROUND"

GERMAN DRIVE IN WEST IS CHECKED

Assaulting Force on Front of Five Miles Makes Slight Gains.

Paris.—German troops in masses made a thoroughly organized attack along a front of nearly five miles in the Champagne district and were subjected to a serious check with heavy losses, the French war office announced. It is asserted that the assaulting forces were hurled back along the entire front of the attack, extending from the vicinity of Hill 195 to the position of La Courvine, except that they succeeded in reaching the summit of Butte de Hahure.

The official statement reads as follows:

"The enemy bombardment reported in the Champagne developed with great violence on a front about five miles long, bounded by the woods on the side of Hill 195, Butte de Tahure, the village of Tahure and the trenches to the south as far as and including the works of La Courvine."

"In spite of the vigor of the attack and the extreme ferocity of the assaults, the enemy was again subjected to a serious check. The assaulting waves, decimated by our fire upon the entire front, succeeded only in attaining the summit of the Butte de Tahure."

Berlin, via wireless to Sayville.—The storming of Height No. 192 in the Champagne district and the capture of about 1200 yards of French trenches in the Artois region was announced officially. More than 1400 prisoners were taken and four machine guns were captured.

GERMANIC ALLIES CONTINUE ADVANCE

London.—German, Austrian and Bulgarian invaders gained more ground on the Serbians, but there was a promise that powerful help for the Serbians was near.

French troops and a few Serbs, most of the latter in the north fighting the Austro-Germans, were moving on 15th to attack the Bulgarians, who were reported to hold Veles on the Nish-Salonika railroad, with their line stretching east from the railroad.

It is learned from a good source that the French after a three days' fight have occupied Strumitza and advanced 32 kilometers (about 20 miles) into Bulgarian territory. The Bulgarians lost heavily.

A news agency dispatch here said British forces had joined the Serbians "at the front." This was supposed to mean the southern front. It was not thought they could have reached the Austro-German line.

Berlin official accounts told of continued Germanic advance and said "the Bulgarians are continuing their pursuit of the enemy." The report omitted to mention names of places but Nish admitted that the Serbs were "retiring in good order. With even small reinforcements, it was declared, they could hold out for many weeks."

RUSSIA TO ATTACK BULGARIA

Large Army is Dispatched Against Germany's Balkan Ally.

Copenhagen, via London.—Large contingents of Russian troops have set sail from the Black sea ports of Odessa and Sebastopol for the Bulgarian coast, the Berlin Tageblatt says.

The dispatch, telegraphed to the Tageblatt from Bucharest, says that the transports are conveyed by a strong squadron. The recent attack by Russian warships on the Bulgarian port of Varna, according to this account, was made in preparation for an attempt to land troops.

Peace Move Is Denied.

Berlin, by wireless to Tuckerton, N. J.—"Reports that Prince von Buelow has been entrusted with the preparation of peace negotiations are absolutely incorrect," says the Overseas News Agency. "Prince von Buelow, who now is in Switzerland, has taken no steps toward peace negotiations, nor has he been charged with that task."

CROWN PRINCE BORIS



Boris, crown prince of Bulgaria, a leading commander of his country's troops fighting the Serbians.

BRIEF WAR NEWS

The Italians are persisting in their offensive, and, although their progress is slow, they report advances.

Japan has become a party to the agreement between the entente powers not to effect a separate treaty with Germany.

In the south along the Styria river and Galician frontier, the Russians report successes, repulsing German attacks and carrying through their own attacks.

The Germans have occupied Krugyevatz, the arsenal town of Serbia, while their Bulgarian allies are pushing their way through the mountains to Nish, Serbia's war capital.

The Germans continue their attacks against the Russians in the Riga and Dvinsk regions, and say they have penetrated the Russian position near the railway line north of Dvinsk. They could not hold the ground gained, as the Russians launched counter-attacks immediately.

From all sides the Germans, Austrians and Bulgarians are slowly closing in on the Serbian armies, the position of which grows graver daily. They are fighting fiercely, however, to save their country and have inflicted such losses on Field Marshal von Mackensen's forces that he has been compelled to send for reinforcements and leave the more serious work of invading the east and southern part of the country to the Bulgarians, who have had more experience in mountain warfare, such as the Serbians are waging.

ELECTION RESULTS

The democrats elected a governor in Maryland.

Democrats generally were successful in greater New York.

Both houses of the 1916 New Jersey legislature will be republican.

In Kentucky, both parties claim victory in the gubernatorial contest.

In New York, the republicans retained their control of the lower house of the legislature.

Virginia has elected a legislature pledged to enact measures in 1916 prohibiting the sale of intoxicants.

Elections emphatically defeated woman suffrage amendments in New York, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania.

The republicans returned to power in Philadelphia, where their candidate, Thomas B. Smith, was elected mayor by 70,000.

A majority of the mayors elected in New York state were republican. Albany, Amsterdam, Kingston, Poughkeepsie and Rochester named republicans. Troy, Utica and Mount Vernon elected democrats. George L. Lund, former socialist mayor of Schenectady, was returned to that office.

New York Against Woman Suffrage.

New York.—Woman suffrage was beaten by a majority of about 210,000 and the revised state constitution rejected by approximately 300,000 in the state-wide election.

Ohio Votes Wet.

Columbus, O.—State-wide prohibition in Ohio was defeated by a majority of about 100,000. A year's majority in the state-wide election was 34,000.