

# Tillamook Herald.



ISSUED TWICE A WEEK—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY  
LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN TILLAMOOK COUNTY

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## SERVICE

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## GERMAN NOTE TO AMERICA RECEIVED

Recession From Plan Offered if Allies Will Allow Food to Reach Civilians.

Washington.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, delivered a note to the United States, in which Germany offered to recede from her plan of destroying enemy merchant ships, if restrictions placed by the allies on shipments of conditional contraband and foodstuffs destined to the civilian population of Germany were removed.

Otherwise, the note announced, Germany proposes to put into effect the original proclamation, adding also the stopping of mines in waters surrounding Great Britain and Ireland.

Alleged sinking of British merchant vessels is given by the German government as ground for attacking enemy merchant ships without search or previous visit.

It was said that the note received by the ambassador from his foreign office was not a reply to the recent German note to Germany in regard to the war zone decree. A more comprehensive and detailed reply to the counter proposition is expected soon.

The British reply to the American note of protest on neutral shipping, dated December 26, was also received. Besides expressing a general denial that there had been any unwarranted interference with legitimate shipments, the new note contains a statement from Great Britain that the recent government decree taking over the food and grain supply in Germany required added precautions on the part of the allies.

### Swiss Demand Apology.

Bern, via Paris.—An official bulletin has established that the factory which recently fell over the Swiss territory and in which the Swiss troops fired was a German machine and the Swiss machine at Berlin has been instructed to demand an apology from the German government.

### GERARD CAUTIONS GERMAN

Countrymen in United States Declared Americans First.

Berlin, via London.—The National Zeitung publishes an interview with James W. Gerard, the United States ambassador to Germany, concerning the situation brought about by the presentation of the American note to the German government relative to the neutral shipping in the sea war zone recently created by Germany.

Asked by the interviewer concerning the attitude of German Americans, Ambassador Gerard is reported in the National Zeitung as having answered: "People in Germany are too readily disposed to believe that German Americans would be first Germans and then Americans in case of war. Exactly the opposite would be the case. American citizens of German birth are first and foremost Americans and the sentiment is true of Irish Americans."

### Russians Driven Out of Bukovina.

Washington.—Private dispatches to the Austro-Hungarian foreign office forwarded to the embassy in Washington, from Vienna, announced the complete evacuation of Bukovina by Russian forces.

## BATTLE IN BLIZZARD IS WON BY GERMANS

London.—Signal defeat of the French in the region of Soudain was admitted by Paris. Following a fierce battle fought in a raging blizzard the French forces were driven from their advantageous position in that vicinity.

The official statement received from France explains the defeat by declaring the French troops were hopelessly outnumbered and that the blizzard made it impossible for the artillery to render them effective support.

An official statement from Berlin declares more than 200 of the allies were killed and that four officers and 478 men were taken prisoners. The German losses, it is claimed, were but 90 men.

The Germans also claim taking more than 1200 yards of trenches held by the French north of Massiges, to the

## TIMES DYNAMITER TAKEN

M. A. Schmidt Arrested in New York After a Search of Four Years.

New York.—M. A. Schmidt, object of a world-wide search for more than four years, in connection with the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times, was arrested here. Detective William J. Burns, who, with Detective Captain William S. Devy, of the New York police department, made the arrest, ascertained that Schmidt admitted his identity a few minutes after he was taken into custody.

Schmidt was taken on a fugitive warrant. According to Burns, he is charged with being one of the three men who bought 1000 pounds of dynamite with which the newspaper plant was ruined and 21 persons carried to their deaths.

### Fanny Crosby is Dead.

Bridgeport, Conn.—Fanny Crosby, writer of 8000 sacred songs, died in her home here. She was past 94 years old and had been blind since infancy.

### Honey's Manager is Now His Wife

Los Angeles.—Francis J. Honey, progressive candidate for the United States senate in California, at the last election, and Mrs. Edna Van Winkle, his campaign manager, were married here.

### Guadalajara Falls Before Villa's Men

El Paso, Texas.—Guadalajara, the second largest city in Mexico, was captured by the troops of General Villa, according to advices reaching the Villa headquarters here.

## CARRANZA ISSUES DEFIANT LEWMANT

Washington.—General Venustiano Carranza, as first chief of the constitutional army, notified the world that all communications to his government from outside sources must go through him.

Carranza's decree reached Washington through Rafael Zubaran Capmany, his minister of the interior, who telegraphed it to Eliseo Arredondo, Carranza's local representative. The order apparently will make it impossible for diplomatic representatives of foreign governments to deal with the Carranza government except by going to Vera Cruz, which they have been unwilling to do lest such action be construed as formal recognition.

Already most of the diplomats at Mexico City have asked their governments for permission to leave when the situation becomes intolerable and some of them have been advised to use their own discretion.

The order may also affect the activity of American consular representatives, who heretofore have dealt with the de facto government, whatever it happened to be.

### THE MARKETS

Portland.  
Wheat—Club, \$1.49; bluestem \$1.50; red Russian, \$1.42; forty-fold, \$1.50; red life, \$1.46.  
Hay—Eastern Oregon timothy, \$16; grain hay, \$12; alfalfa, \$13; valley timothy, \$12.50.  
Butter—Creamery, 32c.  
Eggs—Candled, 25c; ranch, 24c.  
Hops—1914 crop, 12 1/2c; 1913 crop, nominal.  
Wool—Valley, 23c; eastern Oregon, 20c.

Seattle.  
Wheat—Bluestem, \$1.50; club \$1.48; red Russian, \$1.43; turkey red, \$1.44; forty-fold, \$1.49; life, \$1.45.  
Barley—\$37 per ton.  
Hay—Timothy, \$16 per ton; alfalfa, \$14 per ton.  
Butter—Creamery, 32c.  
Eggs—26c.

northwest of St. Menesbold. A French attack on Sudelhof, on the Vosges, is reported to have been easily repulsed.

### Child Labor Bill Wins.

Washington.—The Palmer bill to bar products of child labor from interstate commerce was passed by the house by a vote of 232 to 44. The bill now goes to the senate.

### Des Moines Quits Liquor.

Des Moines.—The city council here refused to grant the saloonkeepers a renewal of their licenses. This means that the 80 saloons of Des Moines will permanently close their doors.

## REVISED SHIP BILL PASSED BY HOUSE

Mann Abandons Fight Against Measure, Which Now Goes to the Senate.

Washington.—The government ship purchase bill, as an amendment to the Weeks naval auxiliary bill, was passed by the house by a vote of 215 to 121.

The passage of the bill followed a 14-hour parliamentary struggle, which threatened to extend interminably, because of a determined filibuster by Minority Leader Mann, who yielded only after Administration leaders decided to apply a special rule to bring the fight to an end.

Nineteen democrats voted against the bill.

All of the republicans present voted against the bill and five progressives joined with the democratic majority for it, as follows: Bryan, Kelly of Pennsylvania, McDonald, Lafferty and Murdock.

On both sides of the capital heated war was current that if present plans for prompt action in the senate failed through the ship bill would be abandoned and all efforts centered on proposing appropriation bills to meet unnecessary an extra session.

The ship bill as it will go to the senate from the house includes the ship purchase measure as agreed on in senate caucus, and a provision that two years after the close of the European war ships acquired by the United States shall be turned over to the secretary of the navy to be operated or leased for commercial purposes under the terms of the Weeks bill, already passed by the senate.

## LISTER VEToes TWO BILLS

McArdle Proposals to Shear His Appointive Power Rejected.

Olympia, Wash.—Disapproving both the McArdle bills that have come to his office, Governor Lister, in a veto message sent to the house, decries the tendency of the legislature toward frequent use of the emergency clause in an attempt to forestall a possible referendum act by the voters.

The veto message drew a reply from Lieutenant Governor Hart on behalf of the republican organization of the legislature, the lieutenant governor personally assuming responsibility for the action of the senate in adding the emergency clause. Mr. Hart says this action was taken in committee on his advice, but not for the purpose of avoiding a referendum.

Governor Lister, in vetoing both bills, apparently ended any chance of a compromise with the legislature.

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## BRIEF WAR NEWS

America's objection to Germany's principle of submarine irresponsibility in British coast waters, is the most serious war development of the past week. Publication of the text of the note sent to Great Britain and Germany, respectively, revealed that both countries had been warned in most emphatic terms from manning the vessels or lives of American citizens traversing the recently proclaimed sea zones of war.

Germany was advised that the United States "would be constrained to hold the imperial government to a strict accountability" for such acts of its naval authorities as might result in the destruction of American vessels or the loss of American lives, and that "if such a deplorable situation should arise," the American government would "take any steps" it might be necessary to take to safeguard American lives and property.

To Great Britain the United States pointed out "the measure of responsibility" which would seem to be imposed on the British government "for the loss of American vessels and lives in case of an attack by a German naval force." If England sanctioned the general misuse of the American flag by British vessels, she thereby cast doubt on the valid character of the neutral embargo.

The greatest number of aircraft ever assembled during the war was the "Blitz" which was the direction of Flight Commander Grahame-White, thirty-four in number, raided the towns on the Belgian coast, which the Germans are attempting to convert into a submarine and airship base against Great Britain. The raiders are reported to have gotten away without losing a machine, although two were hit. Grahame-White, well known as an airman in this country, fell into the sea, but was pulled up by a British cruiser.

In France, Flanders and Alsace there has been little or no fighting of importance, so far as the official reports disclose.

### British Asked to Release Wilhelmina.

Washington.—Evidence submitted by the owners of the steamship Wilhelmina to prove that the ship is loaded with foodstuffs for non-combatants and not subject to seizure was forwarded by the state department to Ambassador Page for presentation to the London foreign office, with the suggestion that unless Great Britain has sufficient grounds not yet advanced for doing otherwise the ship at once be permitted to proceed with her cargo to her destination.

### Carribaldi Says Italy is at War.

London.—The probability that Italy would mobilize her army within a fortnight was made here by Riccardo Carribaldi, the Italian patriot. He said that unless the Italian government decided to participate in the war there would be a revolution.

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Monopoly Solid Pack Gallon Tomatoes 30c can  
Monopoly Fancy Blackberries No. 3 can 15c.

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Washington's Birthday Patriotic Program.  
Washington's Birthday Anniversary will be fittingly observed at the Christian Church in this city, on Monday evening, February 22nd, when a fine patriotic and musical program will be rendered by the congregation assisted by the Tillamook County Band. An especially fine program is being arranged for the occasion and will be practically as follows: Invocation, by the Pastor. "Cross & Crown", March Religio,

by the band, D. Rhys Ford. Oration, on the life of the Father of our country, By Atty. H. T. Botts. "Faust" Selection by Band.—Gounod. Vocal Solo, By J. V. Baird. "Sing Me The Rosary", Vocal, Band Accomp. F. Henri Klickmann. "Martha", Selection by band, Wallace. Piano Duett, by Mrs. Baird and Mrs. Van Winkle. Wagner's "Lohengrin" Vocal Solo, Selected, by Mrs. Evelyn Rhodes. Star Spangled Banner, by the Band, singing by congregation. Benediction.  
The entertainment promises to be among the best that Tillamook people have ever had the opportunity to hear and on this occasion our people should avail themselves of the opportunity.  
A small admission of 10 and 25 cents will be charged, the proceeds being evenly divided to the Christian Church and the Band Boys San Francisco Fund.  
Italy Protests to Germany.  
Rome.—Italy made virtually the same representations to Germany as did the United States, concerning neutral shipping in the sea war zone created by the recent German proclamation.

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