The Tillamook Herald

E. E. Trombley, Editor

Issued Twice a Week • • • Tuesday and Friday

Entered as second-class matter May 17, 1913, at the post office at Tillamook, Oregon, under the act of March 3, 1879."

SUBSCRIPTION $1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

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ALL Display Ads must be in this office on Monday and Thursday Mornings to insure publication in following Tuesday and Friday issues. Reasons are imperative.

TUESDAY FEBRUARY 16, 1915.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

(From Oregonian.)

(By Henry Clews New York Banker)

In spite of the world wide uncertainty, business affairs in the United States display continued recuperative tendencies. The improvement is slow, too slow to satisfy American optimism, but each week shows a distinct gain, both in sentiment and in the volume of trade. It is well perhaps that the gain is slow, inasmuch as it will thus prove more permanent while premature considerable would surely invite unpleasant setbacks.

The soundness of the present forward movement is beyond question. It is based chiefly upon the abundance of loanable funds at reasonable rates and a good demand for our agricultural products at generally satisfactory prices. Undoubtedly the farmers of this country are prosperous, and this gratifying condition, coupled with the sound banking situation, is the prime source of our present national strength.

Farmers are Factors.

There are factors counteracting us to overcome disturbances which followed the war and to endure the industrial paralysis brought on by a prolonged era of public unrest and hostility to big business. They have, as yet, by no means spent their force, and in addition there are other factors serving to strengthen recuperative tendencies. Chief of these is the political situation. Both Congress and the administration are now reflecting the more reasonable attitude of the public toward large corporations. The abuses of the latter which so aroused public opinion no longer exist. Our great industrial leaders are doing their utmost to satisfy the public and to give others besides themselves a fair chance. Out of all the bitter discussion which has been going on for nearly a decade there are signs of a better understanding between capital and labor and prospects for more harmonious relations, notwithstanding hard times.

Financial Situation Good

The financial situation in New York is comfortably satisfactory, considering the strain through which it has passed and the world wide demoralization resulting from the war. More and more foreign nations are turning to this side for financial aid, now that the British government has refused to permit new capital applications until its own requirements are amply satisfied. Other foreign governments have already placed very unusual credits in this market, which will be used for the purpose of financing the extensive orders for war materials coming to this country.

Another form of financing is presenting itself to Americans, that is the floating of new enterprises in other parts of the world which have until recently been placed in London and other European markets. It must be remembered that with such financing comes the much needed orders for goods. Our manufacturers will be exceedingly eager to secure the orders for merchandise. It remains to be seen whether they will be as ready as Europeans to accept the customary forms of payment in the shape of bonds and notes which the European investor has always absorbed more readily than the American. If this tendency continues and succeeds it will be necessary to establish a better market here for securities of this class. Here is another sign of the times—that the United States must take its proper place in the world's markets.

OREGON FARMERS TO BE SUPPLIED WITH HELP.

Not only in Oregon but in all parts of the country, the Government has inaugurated a movement to secure work for the unemployed and to furnish men or women to farmers and other employers out side the cities. It is a common sight to see men standing around the streets in town at all seasons of the year who would be glad to get out into the country and go to work if they only just knew where to go and could be certain that the job would be there when they arrive. John B. Barbour, United States Inspector, Oregon Immigration Service, has started to list applicants for positions of all kinds and is anxious to receive applications for help from employers of labor of all classes.

Every applicant for work will be given a thorough examination as to his qualifications and no man will be sent out for any specific line of work unless he is hired for it, thus leaving no room for the annual complaint that farmer are supplied with laborers who know nothing of farm work, at a time when the farmer is too busy to teach them. The first day the office was open more than 100 applications for work were received and as there are no fees or other expenses connected with the service, it is expected that enough men will be available at any time to fill all possible demands.

Another movement operating along somewhat similar lines, but with the idea of assisting the would-be farmer to get land instead of work, is now being discussed under the leadership of Tom Richardson, the founder of the Oregon Development League, with purpose of evolving some feasible plan for financing the small farmer, dairyman or gardner who has the inclination and ability to get back to the land and make a success, but who is financially unable to do so. Educators and business men are decidedly in favor of the scheme and it is probable that a convention for its discussion will be held immediately after the close of the legislative session. Mr. Richardson has issued an appeal to all who are interested, asking them to give the matter careful consideration and to work up a community sentiment in its favor.

The commercial clubs of Polk county have issued a booklet to be distributed at the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco. The advantages that county offers in the lines of agriculture, fruit growing and manufacturing are set forth in detail and many illustrations will give the reader a good idea of the characteristics of the county. In addition, the county will have at the Exposition a very complete exhibit representing all lines of industry.

On February 27 Albany will hold a general "Sales Day." This is done for the purpose of bringing the farmer and the merchant closer together along business lines. There will be an auction of farm products and stock, conducted without expense to the farmer, the Albany Commercial Club making all arrangements and a well known auctioneer donating his services. Local stores will stage special sales for that day, and if the scheme proves successful, it will become a regular event. It is a good plan and should be followed by other cities.

Call for Bids

The Tillamook Building Company wishes to receive bids for 100 cords of four-foot wood to be delivered in basement of its building in Tillamook City by Sept. 1st, 1915. To be four-foot wood, dry and sound. Bids will be received up to Feb. 25th, 1915.

H. T. Botts, President.

ALEX. M'NAIR & CO.

GENERAL HARDWARE

KITCHEN RANGES and HEATING STOVES

See Us for Prices Before Ordering Elsewhere

DESCRIBES BATTLE NEAR THE DALLES.

Veteran of Indian War Carries Arrow Head in His Body to this Day.

(From The Dalles Chronical.)

At the meeting of the Old Fort Dallas Historical Society yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Roy Campbell, 310 West 8th Street, the subject of "Our Indian Wars" was again continued.

A letter of date January 21, 1915 written by Captain W. D. Stillwell of Tillamook, who is a veteran of the Buck Hollow Indian fight that took place January 26, 1855 and which is now in the hands of the secretary of the society was read.

Captain Stillwell is near 80 years of age and is the grand commander of Indian war veterans for the North Pacific coast. He was wounded by an Indian arrow, the head of which he has carried for 62 years as a memento of the Buck Hollow engagement which he graphically describes.

Mr. Stillwell says in substance, that about 150 men, under Colonel Cornelius Gilliam, left Portland on the 9th of January of that year for The Dalles by way of Vancouver. At the Cascades they heard that The Dalles was about to be attacked and 50 men were ordered to their relief under forced march, and six men under himself were detailed to ferry the troops across the river at Wind Mountain at Collins' Springs, with a scow they had brought from upper Cascades.

At The Dalles, they joined Captain Lees' command, which now had mustered out, most of them had returned home, their time having expired. I was detailed to The Dalles after the Whitman massacre.

There was a report at The Dalles that the Indians were gathering at a point up the Deschutes and half of the command went up to Deschutes and the other half remained here to guard The Dalles as an attack was expected here daily. Captain Lee and men set off in search, making about 200 men in all.

On the last Friday in January, being camped about five miles above the mouth of the Deschutes river on the west side, the colonel called for two volunteers from each company to join Lee on a scouting party. Mr. Stillwell says: "William C. Smith and I rode out for the Yamhill company, Smith being commonly known as 'Hi Chick', the party numbering 22 men in all, we started from the east bank of the Deschutes river and rode back on the table lands, keeping back and around the heads of canyons which led into the Deschutes. Riding south until 3 p.m., we suddenly came on a band of Indians, as we rounded a sharp ridge, charging straight for us. We received orders to reprime and recap our guns, this being our first engagement. The Indians then changed their course and started south, we overtook them at the old emigrant road, and here the first Indian was killed in the Cayuse war, by 'Bill Chick.' These Indians proved to be a band with a load of salmon returned to their camp and when ordered to surrender, one chief made a dash for escape. He being on a good horse it took me about a quarter of a mile before I could get close enough for a shot at him, which was enough for him. While I was away Captain Lee ordered a retreat, leaving me all alone. While hunting my way back to the camp I was cut off by about 20 Indians, who charged down on me, thinking they had an easy prey. My horse being pretty well winded by this time they soon got close enough to shoot their arrows. While I was dodging them from all sides, my horse gave out so that I could not get her out of a trot. I jumped off and took it afoot. Being close to the head of the canyon I went down. Then commenced a race of rifle and I was not only greatly handicapped in numbers, but they were mounted on good fresh horses. Some dismounted and took down the same way I went, while the rest divided, coming down on each side of the ravine with their horses until they got me well headed off. * * All were shooting at once and they got so close that I could not dodge all of them. As I whirled around one of them hit me in the left hip, which knocked me down. * * * After rolling and tumbling down the hill to keep them from capturing me, I tried to extract the arrow. When it did come it left the arrow head still in my hip, where it is to this day, as a gentle reminder of what happened 67 years ago. It does not pain me very much but I can always feel it."

Wounded and fighting for life, Mr. Stillwell hobbled down the canyon, hiding behind boulders and taking a shot at heads that appeared above and arrived at the river where he met the men returning and then they had a lively fight where Jackson and Packwood met their fate. This was some miles up the river from the main camp and as it snowed during the night, adding much to the discomfort of the wounded man, it was daylight the next morning when he dragged himself into camp where no one could believe that he had escaped alive. The colonel wanted to send him back to The Dalles, but as every man was needed, he went on with them. Mr. Stillwell speaks of the "Stag Hollow," which is only another name for "Buck Hollow" as follows: "After breakfast the whole command went back up the river for some miles and then left it and returned to the table lands, keeping to the south until we struck the old emigrant road. We followed this down until we came to a spring. This was near the mouth of Stag Hollow and here we camped for the night. The next morning being Sunday, we laid by the best part of the day and moved down the river. At the last that we saw of the Indians they were in force on the opposite side of the river, fortifying themselves with rock behind logs on the top of the ridge. This was on top of the ridge between the Deschutes river and Stag Hollow, a very large dry gulch or canyon running parallel with the river. As soon as the line regiment was up we had a council of war and packed into a house Captain Thompson's carcass, preparatory to sending the Lapwai and the rest home. As our first fire the Indians opened fire upon us and hence shows we also behind breastworks. It gave them the first position by the time we got in range to run our cannon and we had one fire. In rush the Indians fought like fiends until we were close enough to blow powder smoke in their faces, then they retreated for a quarter of a mile where they took up another good strongholds. Three men were ordered back to get the horses to go to Dalles a distance of about 30 miles. Stag Hollow was a mistake made somewhere and taken that could get back off their horses the boys opened fire on us, shooting off shoes and more balls succeeded in driving the farmers out of a part of the country. We lost quite a number of our men, the only thing we had to eat was horse meat and that without salt. At this time one of the guards was lost or evaded us on Mountain Robinson's land and was shot for an Indian. He was killed instantly. The provisions came late Monday afternoon and we left the next morning for The Dalles—marching over the snow crust."

Mr. Stillwell says the Mount street in authority for the present location of Stag Hollow as it is. He says the old emigrant trail crossed the John Day river at the old Leonard bridge, passed through Moro and Grass Valley and then down a long ridge into Buck Hollow, crossing Deschutes at its mouth, where Indians and emigrants could water their stock and then for the Dalles, passed over the Cascade mountains. This crossing, called Meek's crossing is about a mile below Sherar's bridge.

He says when he first went up Buck Hollow the Stag Hollow in the Indian which was 40 years ago next May, that it was full of the horses of dead, immediate about and thence to make the winter quarters of those horses bearing animals where there was water and browse but Mr. Crosby never saw any buck brush there. He says from this fact the hollow got its name "Stag" or "Buck."

Comfortable sleeping room for rent, one block from Masonic Hld. Herald Office.

All kinds of wood and fence posts for sale. See Shrede.

Notice

The second quarterly meeting of the Beaver circuit will be held in the Free Methodist church at Beaver Feb. 19 to 21. W. N. Coffee of the Salem District will have charge. All are cordially invited.

F. O. Allison, supply.

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County.

Gertrude A. E. Sanders, Plaintiff,
vs.
Lawrence Sanders, Defendant.

To Lawrence Sanders the above named defendant.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this Summons, and if you fail to appear and answer, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the court for a decree therein for the relief prayed for in the complaint, which is that the bonds of matrimony existing between yourself and this plaintiff be dissolved, and that the plaintiff have the care and custody of the minor children of yourself and plaintiff, to-wit: Elna E. Sanders, Dottie Lucile Sanders and Robert Lee Sanders, and for such other and further relief as may be equitable.

This summons is published in the Tillamook Herald by order of the Honorable Homer Mason, County Judge of Tillamook County, Oregon, by an order made Dec 5th 1914, requiring publication of this Summons to be made once a week for six weeks, and the date of the first publication hereof is January 1, 1915.

H. T. Botts,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Notice of Administrator's Sale

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned and the duly appointed administrator of the estate of Ruby L. Payne, deceased, also known as Ruby E. L. Payne, also known as Ruby E. L. Lile, also known as Ruby L. Howell, in accordance with the order of the Hon. County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon, will on February 17th, 1915, said date being Wednesday, at the hour of 10 a. m., at the front door of the Court House of Tillamook County, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand or for part cash and balance in deferred payments, subject to the approval of the aforesaid court, the following described property, to-wit: The SE¼ of the NE¼ of Section 20 and the SW¼ of the NW¼ of Section 21 in Township 2 South Range 9 West Willamette Meridian, all being in Tillamook County, Oregon.

James Walton, Jr., Portland, Oregon, Spalding Bldg., Attorney for Administrator.
Thomas Coates, Administrator.

First Publication January 19th 1915.
Last Publication February 16th 1915.

SUMMONS

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County

Elvih Long, Plaintiff,
vs.
Roy C. Long, Defendant.

To Roy C. Long, the above named defendant.

In The Name of the State of Oregon,

You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and if you fail to so appear and answer, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the Court for a decree therein for the relief demanded in the complaint, which is that the bonds of matrimony existing between yourself and this plaintiffe dissolved, and that the plaintiff be restored to her former name, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable.

This summons is published in the Tillamook Herald by an order of the Honorable Homer Mason, County Judge of Tillamook County, Oregon, and order being dated the 26th day of January, 1915, requiring the publication of this summons to be made once a week for six successive weeks, and the date of the first publication hereof is Tuesday the 26th day of January, 1915.

Geo. P. Winslow,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Notice For Publication

(PUBLISHED) 09620

Department of the Interior

U. S. Land Office at Portland, Oregon, December 24, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Alton F. Gardner, of Beaver, Tillamook Co., Oregon, who, on March 20, 1911, made Homestead Entry, No. 02860, for SW¼ NE¼ and NW¼SE¼, Section 32, Township 3 South, Range 9 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, Oregon, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on the 17th day of February, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Frank Payne, Edgar Gilbert, Ollie Woods, Robert O. Richards, all of Beaver, Oregon.

H. F. Higby, Register.

Notice for Publication

(PUBLISHED)

Department of the Interior

U. S. LAND OFFICE at Portland, Oregon, January 23, 1915.

NOTICE is hereby given that Friedrich Deubert, of Beaver, Tillamook Co., Oregon, who, on February 21, 1910, made Homestead Entry, No. 02284, for Lot 2, Section 1, Township 1 South, Range 10 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, Oregon, at Tillamook, Oregon, on the 4th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Herman M. Farmer, of Beaver, Oregon, James M. Baker, of Hemlock, Oregon, Oscar W. Bodyfelt, of Beaver, Oregon, Robert Waymire, of Beaver, Oregon.

H. F. Higby, Register.

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook.

Ella Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs.
George Sherwood, Defendant.

To George Sherwood, Defendant.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON:

You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit within six weeks from the date of the first publication hereof in the Tillamook Herald, the date of said publication being the 29th day of December, 1914; and if you fail so to appear and answer, for want thereof, the plaintiff will take a decree of this Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant, and that the plaintiff be granted an absolute divorce from the defendant; that the custody of the children mentioned in the complaint, namely: Isabella, Howard, Orlie, Claude and Kenneth, be awarded to the plaintiff; and for such other and further relief as to the Court may seem just and equitable.

This summons is served upon you by publication thereof by order of the Honorable Webster Holmes, Judge of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, dated at Tillamook, Oregon, the 28th day of December, 1914.

C. W. Talmage and
E. J. Claussen,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

VALENTINE SOCIAL

A valentine social will be held at the next meeting of the Fairview Literary Society, Feb. 13, 1915. Everyone is cordially invited. Ladies will please bring a box containing lunch for two, and gentlemen will please bring 30c. to buy a box.

Program Committee.

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