

The Tillamook Herald

C. E. Crombley, Editor

Issued Twice a Week Tuesday and Friday

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Advertising Rates

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ALL Display Ads must be in this office on Monday and Thursday Mornings to insure publication in following Tuesday and Friday issues. Reasons are imperative.	

STATEMENT OF OWNERSHIP

C. E. Crombley, Editor, Publisher and manager. First National Bank of Tillamook, mortgage holders.

TUESDAY JULY 14, 1914.

When we see the activities of the saloon a great deal is heard about the possible injury to health. At present, for instance, much is said of the great revenue from saloon incomes. It is true that large revenues are received from this source, but it is also true that the public pays the saloonkeeper a commission of 10 per cent of the gross collected. The saloonkeeper John Mitchell, the well-known liquor dealer says the reasonable man about the business value of the saloon.

"I have no sympathy with the statement of other people that the manufacturers and sale of liquor have contributed more to the moral, intellectual and material deterioration of the people and has brought more misery to defenseless women and children than any other agency in the history of mankind."—Catholic Sentinel.

Bro. Baker continues to carry on his calamity work. He has arranged about the cheese market for several issues and has a full fall in the price of cheese. "Is calamity howl" in regard to cheese was even more rabid than that of Mr. Lea, of Union Meat Co., fame. Mr. Baker and Mr. Lea certainly make a fine team. Lea seems to be doing everything possible to put the cheese question in a false light before the consumer, while Mr. Baker from all appearances has endeavored to put the question in a false light before the producer. Those who have read the Headlight during the past few months know that Mr. Baker has apparently tried to give the impression that the consumer was about to take the "cat-garol" cheese and our market would be ruined. Time has proven that Mr. Baker and Mr. Lea are both wrong on the cheese question, as there never was a time in the history of the cheese industry when our farmers got more for their cheese.

The Headlight is also doing a great deal of calamity howling in regard to the egg situation. It is true many Chinese eggs have been shipped into this country, but the home article seems to be bringing about as much as usual. Twenty-five cents per dozen is a good price for eggs this time of the year. It is true there may be a demand for Chinese eggs among the cheap eating houses and among the poorer class, but then, that was what the tariff on eggs was reduced for. It was reduced to help out the "under dog" so to speak. This is where Mr. Baker differs with the administration all along the line. The administration is constantly keeping in mind the fellow that is down and needs help, while Mr. Baker being of the old stand pat, Penrose, Cannon brand has no thought of the fellow that needs assistance. As an example of this, take his attitude in the pavement case, how easy it was for him to side in with the Warren Construction Co., rich, fat, easy as it was. It seemed perfectly natural for Mr. Baker to line up with the company. He can smell a pork barrel or a post-office a mighty long ways.

The Headlight is also making a great fuss over the lumber situation. Declaring that the mills of this county are being closed on account of the reduction of the tariff on lumber. Why don't the mills up in the Sound Country close? Why is the mill at Banks being rushed to completion? Why is the Carlton Lumber Co. pushing to completion their railroad? Why did the Smith Co., the big sawmill people of Coos Bay, recently state that they did not contemplate a shut down? why the activity of the lumber business in Baker county? Why did 72 lumber laden vessels clear from the mouth of the Columbia last May as compared to 39 vessels in May 1913?

Different reasons are given for our mills closing down, but the fact of the matter is, we never have contemplated even in the balmy republican times, that there was much money in the sawmill business here until we got water transportation. That is the reason we have been fighting so hard for harbor improvements.

If business was not fundamentally good we would not be getting the prices we are for cheese. It is true business has slackened up, but if reliable sources of information are giving

out true statements, things are on the up grade again, and we will soon forget all about the depression. Of course the old time stand pat gangsters and office holders never will be satisfied, because they are out, but the American people, as a whole, have intelligence and patriotism enough to lay partisanship aside and work for the welfare of the country and therein lies the safety of our Nation.

TARIFF AND TRADE BALANCES.

Representative Humphrey, of Washington belongs to the laissez-faire wing of the Republican party. Mr. Humphrey is the one, you know, who says President Wilson costs the nation \$100,000,000 a day—or is it an hour? The one statement is about 88 times as the other. Here is another sample of his March hare figuring.

"Last year the balance of trade against us was \$10,000,000, the first time it has been against us since the old Gorman-Wilson law went off the statute books."

That must mean 1897. Well, there was no yearly balance of trade against the United States under that tariff, and since then, under a Republican high tariff the three summer months of 1909 gave an adverse trade balance of almost \$18,000,000. The New York World is authority for other adverse balances under the Republican protective tariff system. February, 1910, \$1,300,000; March, 1910, \$10,300,000; April, 1910, nearly \$10,000,000; July, 1910, three times that; August, 1910, \$3,300,000. The position that interests us at the present moment is this: Does Mr. Humphrey know better, or is ignorance an insufficient excuse for an abusive Congressman, even when he happens to be a Republican?—Collier's Weekly.

COMMITTEE OF HUNDRED TO FIGHT FOR PROHIBITION.

Prohibition for prohibition's sake is the announced aim of a Committee of One Hundred, organization of which was perfected yesterday to assist in the forthcoming campaign for state-wide prohibition.

Including in its membership 100 well known men and women of Portland and the state at large, the committee states emphatically that it does not propose to support any candidate, or party, or measure other than the "dry" amendment.

The committee further declares that it has no affiliation with the anti-saloon league, the prohibition party or other body committed to the cause of prohibition for the State of Oregon.

Stating that in its membership are men who directly represent employers with a payroll of over \$5,000,000 a year, the committee makes it known that it will seek to demonstrate the advantages of prohibition by facts and figures and will have its campaign along these lines.

In a statement issued yesterday the committee makes clear its beliefs on the subject of a "dry" Oregon, asserting that prohibition will be an economic advantage to the state and that it will injure no business save that of the brewer and the saloonkeeper.

The committee will confine its campaign to logic and hard, cold facts, it is announced, and will not attempt to malign the liquor interests. Neither, assert the committeemen, will the adoption of a statewide prohibition amendment hurt the hop industry as 95 per cent of the hops are said to be sold outside of the state.

John E. Wheeler, a Portland lumberman, is chairman of the committee of One Hundred, with Amadee M. Smith and Robert Livingston, vice-chairmen; Dr. R. C. Coffey, secretary and John S. Bradley treasurer.

Permanent headquarters have been established in charge of Arthur Hauck at the Abbington building while a publicity bureau will be maintained at 748 Morgan building with Orton E. Goodwin as director.

NEWS FROM OUR NATIONAL CAPITAL

New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois Lead in Income and Corporation Excise.

Washington—New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois paid more than half of the \$71,314,678 turned into the national treasury in income and corporation taxes during the fiscal year just closed. A detailed statement of collections made public showed that these three states contributed \$37,931,717.

New York alone paid \$12,528,247.93 in individual income tax, while the entire amount paid by individuals throughout the country was \$28,306,226.96. The empire state paid \$9,759,548.27 of the \$45,079,810.44 paid as corporation tax by all states.

Pennsylvania ranked second in both individual and corporation taxes. Its corporations paid \$6,696,265.28 and its individual income tax collections amounted to \$3,178,032.28. Illinois was third in the list, with corporation taxes amounting to \$4,293,549.68 and individual incomes aggregating \$2,976,171.11.

Federal Board Choices Confirmed

Three of the members of the federal reserve board nominated by the president—Charles S. Hamlin, W. P. G. Harding and A. C. Miller—were confirmed by the senate.

The nominations of Paul M. Warburg, of New York, and Thomas D. Jones, of Chicago, have not been acted upon by the banking and currency committee and probably will not be before the end of the week.

Members Hamlin, Miller and Harding take the oath of office within a few days, and the work of setting in motion the new federal banking system can begin at once. The secretary of the treasury and controller of the currency are ex-officio members of the board, which consists of seven members. The five will constitute a quorum to do practically all preliminary business.

Borah Continues to Fight Harbor Bill.

There is little likelihood that the fight being made against the river and harbor bill in the senate will accomplish its defeat, though it is believed that the bill cannot go into effect much before August and may not become operative until a later date.

Senator Borah, of Idaho, who is holding up the bill, intends to hold up the conference report later, unless congress grants some of the legislation asked by the west. As a means of accomplishing his purpose, he has offered an amendment to the bill authorizing a loan of \$50,000,000 to the reclamation fund, and is demanding that that amendment be accepted by the senate. His contention is that the river and harbor bill, with few exceptions, carries no direct benefit to the states, where the government is building irrigation works.

Colombian Treaty is Likely to Fail.

The administration by a party vote will be able to secure a favorable report from the foreign relations committee of the senate on the Bryan treaty with Colombia, but senators opposed to that document assert positively that the administration will not be able to force ratification by the senate. It requires a two-thirds vote to ratify and more than a third of the senate are said to be opposed to the treaty.

National Capital Brevities.

Major General Wood, former chief of staff of the United States army, has been ordered in command of the eastern department of the army.

In a wordy altercation over the Nicaragua treaty before the foreign relations committee, Senators Root of New York and Smith of Michigan nearly came to blows.

It is said that leaders are hoping that a vote on the Hobson prohibition amendment to the constitution will be had in the house about August 1.

The United States has been asked by Consul General Cheahire of Canton, China, to send aid for the 2,000,000 people who are said to have been rendered destitute by the recent floods in two southern provinces of China.

The house passed the bill repealing the provision that anyone who was in any way active on the side of the rebels during the civil war should not be eligible for the collection of claims from the government. Claims totaling \$165,000,000 will thus be revived if it is said.

President Wilson will fill all vacancies where negroes are now employed by other negroes, in accordance with a promise which he made about the time of his inauguration. White men will not take the places of the blacks.

The San Dominican situation continues to be a puzzle for President Wilson. He admits having received a report that the American gunboat Machias had fired on one of the warring factions because they had violated an agreement not to bombard the rebel city.

Dr. L. E. Hewitt

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SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County.
Gus Proctor and Supply Co.,
a corporation, plaintiffs,
vs.
C. H. Alford and H. H. Alderger, defendants.

To H. H. Alderger, one of the above named defendants:

You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled cause in court on or before the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and if you fail to so appear and answer the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of \$125.00, with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from May 1st, 1914, for the further sum of \$100.00, with interest at the rate of eight per cent from January 20th, 1914, for the further sum of \$200.00, as attorney's fees, and for the costs and disbursements of this action.

This summons is published by virtue of an order made by the Honorable Webster Holmes, Judge of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County, dated the 9th day of June, 1914, and the time for the publishing of said summons as by said order prescribed is once a week for a period of six weeks, and the date of the first publication hereof is June 9th, 1914.

H. T. BOTTS,
Attorney for Plaintiff

Notice For Publication

Notice is hereby given that Lewis W. Wilks of Tillamook, Oregon, who, on June 18, 1908, made homestead entry No. 16836, now serial 01539, for S. E. 1/4 S. W. 1/4 sec. 20 and N. 1/2 N. W. 1/4 and S. E. 1/4 N. W. 1/4 Section 29, Township 1 south Range 8 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, Oregon, at Tillamook city, Oregon on the 16th day of July, 1914. Claimant names as witnesses: Rhoda Johnson, Lewis C. Wilks, Albert Wilks, and Sidney V. Anderson, all of Tillamook, Oregon.
H. F. HIGBY, Register.

Notice of Administratrix to Creditors

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County has appointed the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Albert J. Gitchell, deceased, and any and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same, together with the proper vouchers, to the undersigned at the office of T. H. Goyne, an attorney at law, in Tillamook City, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

E. J. CLAUSSEN

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H. T. BOTTS

Lawyer
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JOHN LEAND HENDERSON

Attorney-at-Law
Abstracts
Tillamook County Bank Bldg.

Geo. P. Winslow

ATTORNEY AT LAW
Tillamook Block
Room 202
Tillamook, Oregon

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Dated June 30th., 1914.
Florence V. Gitchell, Administratrix of the Estate of Albert J. Gitchell, Deceased.
T. H. Goyne, Attorney for Administratrix.

Notice of Completed Contract.

Notice is hereby given that U. G. Jackson, County Surveyor for Tillamook County, Oregon, has filed in this office his certificate of the completion of the contract of Tillamook

Bay Construction Co. on Section of the Garibaldi-Wheeler Road any person, firm or corporation, having objections to file to the completion of said work, may do so within two weeks from the date of this publication.
Dated this 25th day of June, 1914.
J. C. HOLDEN,
County Clerk.

Subscribe for the Herald twice a week.

