

Tillamook Herald.



ISSUED TWICE A WEEK—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY

LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN TILLAMOOK COUNTY

DL XX.

TILLAMOOK, OREGON, DECEMBER 12, 1913.

NO. 93

It is the aim of this bank to give the best banking service possible—and we do it.

It is also our aim to have the very best equipment such as Modern Fire Proof Banking Room, Fire Proof Vault, Burglar Proof Safe, Modern Safe Deposit Boxes—and we have them.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
TILLAMOOK, OREGON

NEWS FROM OUR NATIONAL CAPITAL

Parcel Post Weight Limit Again Extended and Rates Are Reduced.

Washington.—The interstate commerce commission approved decreases in parcel post rates in the third, fourth, fifth and sixth zones and an increase in the maximum weight limit to 50 pounds in the first and second, and to 20 pounds in the remaining zones.

The approved changes in rates and weights, to be in effect January 1, 1914, follow:

To reduce the rates in the third zone from 7 cents for the first pound and 6 cents for each additional pound to 6 cents for the first pound and 5 cents for each additional pound.

To reduce the rates for the fourth zone from 8 cents for the first pound and 6 cents for each additional pound to 7 cents for the first pound and 5 cents for each additional pound.

To reduce the weights for the fifth zone from 9 cents for the first pound and 7 cents for each additional pound to 8 cents for the first pound and 6 cents for each additional pound.

To reduce the rates for the sixth zone from 10 cents for the first pound and 9 cents for each additional pound to 9 cents for the first pound and 8 cents for each additional pound.

It is provided that the rate of postage on parcels containing books weighing 8 ounces or less shall be 1 cent for each two ounces or fractional part thereof, and on those weighing in excess of 8 ounces the zone parcel rates shall apply. This is to be effective March 16, 1914.

Suffrage Delegation Waits on Wilson.

Facing a big suffragist delegation, President Wilson refused to send a special message to congress urging that women be enfranchised. He declined also to incorporate such a recommendation in one of his regular messages.

Until congress requests it, he added, he could not recommend the creation of a special house committee to investigate the suffrage question.

It was the first time the president had been brought face to face with the issue in a formal way. He told his callers that whatever may be his views on woman suffrage or any other subject, he had made it a rule not to urge anything upon congress that had not been the subject of "organic consideration," by the democratic party, of which he considered himself the spokesman.

Lobby Committee Arraigns Member.

All questions relating to the investigation of the Mulhall lobby charges were referred by the house to its judiciary committee. This action followed a long parliamentary debate over the report of the special investigating committee, arraigning lobbying activities at the capital and holding Representative McDermott, of Illinois, a democrat, guilty of "acts of grave impropriety, unbecoming the dignity or the position he occupies," and a minority report submitted by Representative MacDonald, of Michigan, with resolutions proposing the expulsion of Representative McDermott and contempt proceedings against officers of the National Association of Manufacturers.

Senate Will Work 13 Hours a Day.

Democratic senate leaders, with the aid of 10 republican votes, succeeded in forcing a programme of 13-hour-a-day sessions for the currency bill. Two hours' recess, from 6 to 8 o'clock in the evening, will be the only break in the daily work from 10 o'clock in the morning until 11 o'clock at night. Senators Borah, Brady, Brandegee, Cummins, Groana, Kenyon, La Follette, Norris, Perkins and Smoot, all republicans, joined the democrats voting for the long daily sessions.

National Capital Brevities.

Republican members have made it clear they do not wish to be charged with delay of currency reform.

Without amendment the Hetch Hetchy bill, providing a new water supply for San Francisco, passed the senate.

The treatment of migratory tuberculosis patients is being investigated by the public health service.

Rivers and harbors will be developed to meet needs of all, and not for any special community nor interests, says Secretary of the Interior Lane.

AN INTERESTING MILK TEST.

Which is the most profitable breed of cows for Tillamook where the produce is manufactured into cheese is a question which has confronted the dairyman of this vicinity for a number of years but has never been answered with any satisfaction and we are taking this small amount of space in this paper to help throw a little light on this very important question by publishing a few figures which were brought out by a small experiment carefully conducted by the Fairview Cheese Factory by the cheese maker, Mr. Tinner and we will leave the answer to the results brought by this experiment as to which is the most profitable breed of cattle to be engaged in.

This experiment is not what it could be owing to the impossibility of getting enough extremely low or high testing milk at the time of the year when the experiment was made but nevertheless it gives you a basis from which to figure where the extremes are greater. In this experiment the 4 per cent and 4.40 per cent milk was worked in separate vats and following are the results.

Milk Worked	Lactometer	Butter fat tested	Total butter fat	Cheese made	Yield per 100 lbs milk	Yield per 1 lb butter fat	Butter fat left in whey
Low Testing Milk 7900 pounds	31.4	4.	316 lbs	941 lbs	11.90 lbs	2.97 lbs	22-100
High Testing Milk 8381 pounds	28.4	4.4	368 lbs	1063 lbs	11.96 lbs	2.72 lbs	23-100

Note the fact that a lb. of butterfat from the 4 per cent milk contains 25-100 or 1 of 1 lb. of cheese more than 1 lb. of butterfat from the 4.4 per cent milk or in 4 lbs. of butterfat there is an actual difference of 1 lb. of cheese in favor of the lower testing milk.

At 15 cents a lb. the cheese from 100 lbs. of the 4 per cent milk would bring \$1.78 and from the 4.4 per cent, \$1.79 and from the 4 per cent milk a lb. of butterfat would be worth 44.6 cents per lb. and from the 4.4 per cent a lb. of butterfat would be worth 40.7 cents per lb. or 3.9 cents less per lb. fat.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF BAYOCEAN PORT.

EXPENDITURE.	
To Webster Holmes for legal services	\$ 400.00
Traveling expense of Commissioners	24.50
To Webster Holmes, expense to Salem, Ore.	45.00
Expense in connection with trial in Circuit Court	45.40
Cruising Port lines	42.00
To Webster Holmes, expense and fee to Salem	75.00
Witness fee in Circuit Court	4.00
To Ben W. Olcott, certified copies of Port proceedings	6.75
To M. J. O'Donnell, expense to Salem	35.00
Map of Tillamook Bay	5.00
To Webster Holmes, fees and expense in both Circuit and Supreme Courts	525.00
Office expense	8.50
To Atty's Handley & Johnson Court expense	182.50
To F. C. Baker printing of briefs and abstracts	114.75
To Webster Holmes expense to Salem and preparing of appeal for submission to Supreme Court	75.00
To Ruth Holmes, for clerical services rendered	15.00
E. C. Lockwood traveling expenses	11.50
M. J. O'Donnell traveling expenses	10.75
James Christensen traveling expenses	27.25
To D. C. Baker as accountant, and clerical work in closing Port affairs	50.00
For postage stationery, etc.	10.00
For rubber stamps and office supplies	4.47
Total	\$ 1717.87
SUMMARY.	
Money received	\$4652.92
Money expended	1717.87
Money refunded	2985.55
Total	\$ 4652.92
Port of Bayocean By E. C. LOCKWOOD Treasurer.	

T. N. Carver of the United States department of agriculture declares farmers would get better prices if they had a uniform plan of grading their products, thus eliminating, largely, the middlemen's profits.

Early abandonment of coal as fuel for the battleships of the American navy and the substitution of oil is foreshadowed in the annual report of the chief of the bureau of steam engineering.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels announces that up to date he has saved nearly \$750,000 on contracts for new battleships by cutting estimates and in making purchases of supplies.

TILLAMOOK HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

The pennant controversy became intensely interesting last week. Threats and words filled the air, until no opinion could be encountered except one concerning a pennant in some way or other. It was evident that trouble was brewing. The Freshmen were on pins and needles during the various deliberations of the Faculty and Juniors, however they affirm it was not they but Juniors who got stuck. No matter how that might be, they did not take a very active part in the scrap. We cannot deal with this matter very much on account of its ticklish nature (and it surely is laughable) so we will merely give a short summary of the argument of the leading parties, the Faculty, the Freshman and the Juniors. The chief contention of the Faculty was this: "If the authority and honor bonds of the school are not intact its contents cannot be guaranteed." The Freshmen say: "We had the Juniors pennant and they had ours, so it looked like six of one and half a dozen of the other. Besides that we had not paid for our pennant yet, and as we had it such a short time we wanted to get it back,

so we would be sure we ever had one before we paid for it." The Juniors speak after this fashion: "This was a matter of national honor and should not be arbitrated. The Freshmen were afraid we would get our pennant back and still keep theirs so they cried around about it. What harm would it do to keep it till commencement, anyhow? Who's afraid, eh?" No doubt they are all right, at any rate the Freshmen have their own pennant, likewise the Juniors, and everyone is either happy or pretending to be so.

The final debate tryout was held last Tuesday evening. The following teams were selected: Affirmative, Erwin Schunelle and Stella Goyno. Negative, Verne Baine and Tommy Coates. The first debate will be held on January 9th, in a triangular composed of teams from St. Johns, Gresham and Tillamook. Tillamook's Negative team will go to Gresham, Gresham's to St. Johns and St. Johns' will come here. The two schools receiving the most decisions will then compete.

A great deal of repair work was done at the school house last week. The manual training room was being papered and otherwise altered so it was badly messed up. Upstairs some wiring was done and all kinds of pounding and sawing. In geometry, Prof. Moore found it quite difficult to teach the properties of rectangles and triangles when they were using squares on a plane surface to such good advantage.

A day of vacation was given the pupils in the old school house while the building was being fumigated.

Many of the students have been vaccinated during the week.

A Basket Ball meeting was held Friday at which it was decided to organize a Basket Ball club. A committee was set to work to draw up a constitution and a set of by laws for the club. The Opera House has been secured for a place to play. A great deal of interest is being shown as about twenty-five students have already signified their intention of joining the club and many more undoubtedly will join later.

WOMAN'S MINIMUM WAGE \$8.25 WEEK

Portland, Or.—Women in the state of Oregon employed in industrial pursuits shall not be paid less than \$8.25 a week; they shall not be employed more than 34 hours a week; the apprentice period shall not be more than one year; the minimum wage for women apprentices in these industries shall be \$6 a week, and women in mercantile, laundry and manufacturing pursuits shall not be employed in these industries after 8:30 p. m.

Such are the provisions of a ruling made by the industrial welfare commission following a public hearing on the report of the state-wide conference on wages, hours and conditions of labor for women workers.

The ruling will have full legal force in 60 days.

Delightful presents for everybody at Lamar's drug store.

COMPLETE ROUT OF FEDERALISTS CERTAIN

Fleeing Mexican Troops Reach Ojinaga on Border in Demoralized State.

Presidio, Tex.—The complete rout of Huerta's federal army in northern Mexico with the frantic flight of his generals for safety on the border and the demoralization of the unpaid troops was established with the arrival at Ojinaga, Mex., opposite Presidio, of the civilians and soldiers who deserted Chihuahua city.

In the remarkable begira which struggled for eight days over the 185-mile trail through the desert and endured great hardships for want of food and water, were General Salvador Mercedo, Huerta's deposed military governor, and commander of the federal troops in the north; General Pascual Orozco, General Antonio Rojas, General Marcelo Caraveo, General Ynez Salazar and a host of subordi-

nate officers. They had deserted their posts in fear of General Francisco Villa's rebel army.

Along with them came, burdened with property they could carry, men, women and children, representing some of the richest families in the republic. Their flight with the army was in the face of reports that they might expect no mercy should they fall into the hands of the rebels.

New Election Called in Mexico.

Mexico City.—The Mexican congress has nullified the presidential elections. New elections are called for next July. Congress, according to this action, expects General Huerta to remain in the presidency for at least seven months more and if the time necessary for the selection and installation of his successor is taken into consideration, it will be well toward the end of September next year before he relinquishes his power to another.

MANY STOCK SHOW ENTRIES

Idaho Boys Win Hog Contest With Oregon Aggrs Second.

Portland, Or.—With nearly 900 entries, the Pacific International Live Stock exposition opened Monday morning at the Portland union stockyards, to continue throughout the week.

Idaho carried away first place in the students' judging contest and in the fat carload hogs. The team from the university of Idaho made an aggregate score of 2351½ out of a possible 3000, and won first prize, \$50 in cash.

Oregon agricultural college was second with 2348; Washington state college third with 2331.

No More Veal on Hotel Menu.

Portland, Or.—Hotel keepers of Oregon, in an effort to lower the price of beef, will not serve veal to their patrons. If the terms of a resolution adopted by the Oregon state hotel association are carried out.

Many Dead in Texas Floods.

Houston, Tex.—The number of dead in the flood which has spread over the lowlands in half a dozen counties in south central Texas reached 150. Four-fifths of the dead were negro farm hands.

Montgomery Ward Dies.

Chicago.—Montgomery Ward, who gained a fortune as a pioneer in mail-order merchandising, died here of pneumonia. Mr. Ward was 70 years old.

LAMAR'S VARIETY STORE

Tillamook, Ore.

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THE LATEST, EVERYTHING, NEW

PRICES LOWEST

Something For Everyone. See Us Before You Buy.

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(INCORPORATED)

LAW : ABSTRACTS : REAL ESTATE SURVEYING : INSURANCE

Tillamook, Oregon

TILLAMOOK CLAY WORKS

KREBS BROS., Props.

We have now a limited supply of brick and drain tile ready for the market at the following prices:

BRICK, \$10.00 PER THOUSAND

3-IN. DRAIN TILE, \$16.00 PER THOUSAND

4-IN. DRAIN TILE, \$20.00 PER THOUSAND

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