

THEY'RE SO GOOD
WHEAT HEARTS IS BULLY
WHEAT HEARTS IS FINE
GUESS I OUGHT TO KNOW
CAUSE I EAT IT ALL THE
TIME.



Ask your dealer about the new
PRESENTS
for boys and girls that go with
"Olympic" Wheat Hearts
and
"Olympic" Pancake Flour
Just the dandiest, catchiest,
most interesting
novelties imaginable,
especially imported
from Germany.

**Portland Flouring
Mills Co.**
Portland,
Oregon

F. C. FELDSCHAU

Cement Sidewalks and Concrete Construction Work

Enquire at Ramsey Hotel

CIRCUIT COURT NEWS.

As we go to press the trial of Orley Kellow, who is charged with the crime of drawing a gun on Alex. Imiah, is in progress.

Bert Zavitz, who was indicted and charged with the crime of stealing \$35 from W. F. Balmer, plead guilty to the offense, whereupon defendant was fined \$25 and costs, or remain in jail until said fine and costs were satisfied, at the rate of \$2.00 per day.

In regard to the two indictments which were returned against Julius Erickson, who was charged with assault with a battery upon his wife, defendant plead guilty to one complaint and was fined \$200 and costs, and to the other he stood trial and was found not guilty.

In the case of John K. Childers, et al., vs. A. F. Coates Lumber Co., the same was tried by jury and defendant given a verdict, leaving plaintiffs with costs and disbursements to pay.

Macdonald Potts, plaintiff, vs. Rollie W. Watson, defendant. Action for money. Continued for term.

In the matter of the petition of Matthe Anderson Sanden. To become a citizen of the United States of America. Dismissed without prejudice.

C. M. Giddings, plaintiff, vs. Kate Cox, defendant. Tax foreclosure. Default and decree.

M. R. Hanenkratt, plaintiff, vs. Thomas Hovenden, et al, defendants. Foreclosure. Order confirming sale.

Isaac E. Smith, plaintiff, vs. Daniel Hickey, defendant. Damages. Settled and dismissed.

B. W. Neilson, plaintiff, vs. Joseph Kutner, et al, defendants. Foreclosure. Order confirming sale.

V. S. Grout, et al, plaintiffs, vs. John K. Harter, defendant. To quiet title. Settled and dismissed.

The French China Company, plaintiff, vs. James Myers, et al, defendants. Action for money. Plaintiff takes voluntarily nonsuit by consent of defendant without cost.

J. H. Ellison, et al, plaintiffs, vs. Osman Koyal, in person and as administrator, defendant. Foreclosure. Order confirming sale.

Martha M. Bauer, plaintiff, vs. Helen Louise Gilday, et al, defendants. Foreclosure. Default and decree.

J. H. Hathaway, plaintiff, vs. B. N. Sprout, et ux, defendants. Foreclosure. Settled and dismissed.

G. H. Riley, plaintiff, vs. A. H. Beaty, et al, defendants. To set aside deed. Plaintiff takes voluntary nonsuit.

Pacific Northwest Adjustment Co., plaintiff, vs. R. P. York, et al, defendants. Action for money. Settled and dismissed.

The Hillsboro National Bank, plaintiff, vs. J. W. Boyer, defendant. Action for money. Plaintiff given judgment of nonsuit.

Mildred E. Small, et vir, plaintiffs, vs. Anna Herrall, et al, defendants. To quiet title August 28. By consent of all parties and

waiver of notice at the July, 1913, special term ordered that property be sold at referee's sale for cost, and J. C. Holden was appointed referee.

The First National Bank of Tillamook, Oregon, plaintiff, vs. C. A. Cornforth, et ux, defendant. Action for money. Settled and dismissed.

W. G. Dwight, plaintiff, vs. J. E. Corlett, defendant. Tax foreclosure. Settled and dismissed.

W. G. Dwight, plaintiff, vs. F. T. Elliott, Jr., defendant. Tax foreclosure. Settled and dismissed.

W. G. Dwight, plaintiff, vs. Mount Vernon Cream Co., defendant. Tax foreclosure. Settled and dismissed.

R. F. Zachmann, plaintiff, vs. J. R. Harter, defendant. Action for money. Settled and dismissed.

D. F. Trowbridge, plaintiff, vs. Lawrence E. Sanders, et al, defendants. Foreclosure. Default and decree as to all defendants except First National Bank. Decree as per agreement between parties answering.

J. W. Farrell, plaintiff, vs. S. B. Whitehouse, defendant. Action for money. Settled and dismissed without costs and disbursements.

H. A. Youmans, plaintiff, vs. The Pacific Railway and Navigation Company, defendant. Damages. Continued.

Mell Mitchell, plaintiff, vs. Harry Mitchell, defendant. Divorce. Settled and dismissed.

D. L. Shrode, et al, plaintiffs, vs. R. H. Ashcroft, defendant. Action for money. Continued for service.

Tillamook County Bank, a Corporation, plaintiff, vs. Kile Pater-son, et al, defendants. Foreclosure. Default and decree.

H. F. Goodspeed, et al, plaintiffs, vs. M. R. Hanenkratt, defendant. Action for money. Plaintiff takes nonsuit.

W. A. Davis, plaintiff, vs. Edith L. Hart, defendant. Foreclosure of lien. Default and decree.

J. C. Erickson, plaintiff, vs. Julius A. Erickson and Effelena Erickson, defendants. Foreclosure of mortgage. Default and decree.

R. A. Stewart, plaintiff, vs. Chas. P. Nelson, et al, defendants. Foreclosure of mortgage. On motion, after showing death of plaintiff, Charlotte M. Coyle, substituted as plaintiff.

Fred F. Blinn, plaintiff, vs. John W. Boyer and M. O. Boyer, defendants. Injunction. Demurrer sustained. Plaintiff given permission to file amended complaint.

In the matter of the petition of John A. Benson, to become a citizen of the United States of America. Continued to November 21th.

Annie M. Draper vs. John S. Maginnis. Foreclosure. Sale confirmed on motion of plaintiff.

representative Underwood, majority leader in the house, issued a formal statement announcing his candidacy for the United States senate from Alabama to succeed the late Joseph P. Johnston.

THE UPGRADING OF LIVE STOCK.

From Western Farmer:

This question is very imperfectly understood by the many who are engaged in the keeping of live stock. It is even less well understood by those who do not keep live stock. What is meant by upgrading and wherein does it differ from cross-breeding? The distinction between these methods of breeding ought to be clearly understood. They are radically and essentially different. Upgrading means the improvement of stock by using pure bred sires only of the same breed in the successive generations. The animals when the upgrading begins on the side of the females may be ever so common. Cross breeding means the crossing of animals of two different breeds or of the progeny of these, but usually it carries with it the idea that one of the parents will be pure, more especially the male.

Upgrading is, therefore, essentially different from cross-breeding. It seeks the improvement of animals through successive generations until the progeny are equal in excellence for all practical purposes to the breed from which the successive sires have been chosen. The improvement in upgrading is therefore continuous. It goes on from generation to generation, and it ceases not until the animals thus bred have reached the level of the breed from which the sires have been chosen.

Many farmers cherish the idea that when upgrading begins it will be greatly to their advantage to begin with high-bred females. To begin thus they sell their common females and invest the money in high grades. These high grades are much more costly than the prices received for the common stocks which they sold, and if they are high grades of a breed different from that from which they choose their sires, they answer in the purposes of upgrading not so well as the very common dams of mixed breeding that have been sold to make way for them.

That such is the case is not difficult of demonstration. A sire is prepotent in proportion to the purity of his breeding and to the intensity of the same. Prepotency means the power to transmit individual peculiarities. Intensity in breeding means much concentration in the lives of inheritance, such as results from close breeding, that is, breeding from close relationships. It follows then that the more purely bred a sire is and the more concentrated his breeding, the more prepotent will he be. It also follows by parity of reasoning that the more mixed the breeding of the dam, the less prepotent will she be. A dam much mixed in her breeding even though very common in appearance, is a dam well calculated to produce progeny which will be a great improvement on herself, when mated with a good pure bred sire. She can give but little resistance to change in the direction sought when thus mated, whereas a dam already high graded and of a different breed from that from which the sires are chosen would more or less materially resist change in the exact line of improvement sought. This would not follow, however, if the dam were already a high grade of the same breed from which the sire is chosen.

With a good and prepotent purebred sire and a common dam of mixed breeding, the animal of the next generation shows a wonderful improvement over the dam. Why? Because of the much power of the sire to effect change and the little power of the dam to resist change. The progeny of the first generation, therefore, will show resemblance much closer to the sire than to the dam. For this reason it is fair to assume that much more than half the essential properties which it inherits have come from the sire rather than from the dam.

The relative improvement in the second mating will not be so great, as the improvement made in the first. It cannot be so great, for the difference in the blood elements between sire and dam in the second instance is much less than in the first instance. But there will be improvement. For the same reason the improvement in the third generation will be less than in the second, and in each succeeding generation the degree of the improvement will decrease. When the breeding for beef, animals of the fourth generation will bear a close resemblance to the breed from which the sires have been chosen. For beef making they will be fully equal to the breed from which the sires have been chosen. In one respect they may be even better. They may have more stamina the outcome of alien blood inherited from the dam. It will take a little longer to thus transform milking qualities, and still longer to change the wool characteristics of sheep.

If, however, the sire first chosen were followed by a sire of a different breed, the improvement of the line made by the first sire would be checked. The blood elements inherited from him would be materially reduced. If, in the third generation, a sire of yet another breed were used, the reduction would be carried on still further. To follow such breeding will not, cannot, lead to anything definite. The longer it is continued the less stable will be the properties possessed. Such breeding, therefore, is most unwise.

DAILY CURRENT FILINGS AT COURT HOUSE.

Furnished by Pacific Abstract Co.

WARRANTY DEEDS.

W. C. Hawk and wf. to Stephen M. Irwin, lots 24 and 25 blk. 20 Rockaway Beach, \$10.

F. R. Beals Tr. & and F. R. Beals and wf. to Peter Shrans, lots 21 & 22 blk. 20 Sea View Park, \$10.

J. H. Edwards and wf. to Wm. and Louise Beards, lot 4 blk. 35 Classic Ridge Beach, \$10.

Victor Lundeen to Frances B. Stranahan, lot 3 blk. 2 Miller's Addn to Tillamook City, \$10.

J. A. Cook and wf. to Truman B. Cook, lot 3 blk. 3 Ocean Lake Park, \$10.

T. B. Potter Realty Co. to Ira B. Nelson, lot 29 blk. 60 Bayocean Park, \$10.

Hay City Land Co. & First Bank & Trust Co. to Sarah G. White, lots 12 & 13 blk. 9 Bay View Addn to Hay City, \$10.

M. R. Roserth and wife to M. E. Carpenter & wf. lot 7 blk. 3 Ocean Lake Park, \$165.

F. G. Gattrell, to W. F. Darr, lot 3 blk. 10 Manhattan, \$135.

E. H. Gary & wf. to Marion Edie, SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec. 32 T 3 N R 10 W, \$1.

James C. Mills and wf. to John R. Laurence, Tract in Sec. 22 T 4 S R 10 W, \$800.

Wm. D. Stillwell to Tillamook City, tract in Tillamook City to be used as a street being an extension of 5th street, \$500.

Anlon Plasker and wf. to Frances Balts Stranahan, tract at intersection of County Road from Tillamook City to Fairview and road along West boundary line of the Haynes D. L. C.

Harry E. Abry & wf. to Thomas E. Dowling, W 1/2 of lots 29 & 30 Sec. 11 Twin Rocks, \$1.

Fred R. Russel & wf. to George Sherwood, tract in Sec. 27 T 4 S R 10 W, \$500.

George Sherwood and wf. to Chas. Ray, tract in sec. 27 T 4 S R 10 W, \$700.

Geo. A. Strees, et al. to Hiram H. Cole lots 6 and 7 Sec. 6 T 4 S R 8 W & E 1/4 of SE 1/4 Sec. 1 F 4 S R 9 W, 109.08 acres, \$10.

G. W. Davis to Emma Paetack SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec. 15 T 4 S R 10 W 40 acres, \$10.

Matt Moroney to Matt Moroney lot 4 blk. 7 Town of Moroney, \$100.

Matt Moroney to Bertha S. Williams, lot 3 blk. 7 town of Moroney, \$100.

T. B. Potter Realty Co. to Cornelia J. Ruel, lot 32 blk. 49 Bayocean Park, \$10.

Liona A. Hunt to Lucia J. Day, tracts in sec. 6 T 2 S R 9 W and Sec. 31 T 1 S R 9 West being tracts 5 and 5 A of Hunt Farm Partition.

Lee V. Wilson, Administrator.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed with the Clerk of the County Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County, his final account as Administrator of the Estate of Ray Wilson, deceased, and by order of said Court Saturday, the 8th day of November, 1913, at the hour of one o'clock P. M., is fixed as the time and the County Court room of said Court as the place for the hearing of said final account.

Lee V. Wilson, Administrator.

Administrator's Notice of Final Account.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Administrator of the Estate of Mary A. Eichinger, deceased, has filed with the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County, his final account, and that Monday, the 10th day of November, 1913, at 10 o'clock A. M., has been fixed as the time, and the Court House of Tillamook County, Oregon, as the place for the hearing of the said final account, and all persons having objections to the said final account are hereby notified and required to present the same to the said Court on or before the hearing aforesaid.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1913.

Robert Eichinger, Administrator of the Estate of Mary A. Eichinger, Deceased.

60 YEARS EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HARRISON ON PATENTS, Patent Lawyer, 605 Broadway, New York City.

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$1 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

Special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

WUNN & CO. 301 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 207 E. St., Washington, D. C.

Manzan

Reaches the Spots Stomach instantly. The Great Pile Remedy. Put upon tube, with rectal nozzle.

NEWS FROM OUR NATIONAL CAPITAL

President Wilson Signs Underwood-Simmons Tariff Bill.

Washington.—Surrounded by the leaders of a united democracy, President Wilson signed the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill at the White House. Simultaneously telegrams were sent to customs collectors throughout the country by the treasury department, putting into actual operation the first democratic tariff revision since 1894.

A happy group of legislators, members of the cabinet and friends encircled the president as he signed the bill, using two gold pens. He presented to Representative Underwood the pen that had written the word "Woodrow," and the one which had completed his name to Senator Simmons.

Many Tariff Rates Abolished by Bill.

The Underwood-Simmons bill brings into effect one of the most far-reaching revisions of tariff rates and revenue laws enacted for many years.

A new income tax, applying directly to the incomes of citizens; the abolition of all tariff on scores of items of immense importance to American industry and American consumers; and a heavy reduction of tariff rates on most of the articles in general use in this country are its chief features.

While certain portions of the new law do not take effect at once, most of its provisions and almost all the direct tariff reductions do.

The federal government has been spending nearly a billion dollars a year and the new tariff law will raise less than one-third of that sum. Recent estimates by tariff experts in congress predict that the rates will raise \$249,000,000 a year, and that the income tax will raise \$127,000,000. The remainder of the government's great income is made up principally of internal revenue taxes and postal receipts.

New Bill Summarized.

A brief summary of the new tariff law as prepared for the senate follows:

Average percentage of tariff rates as compared with the value of all imported merchandise: Old law, 37 per cent, new law, 27 per cent.

Value of annual imports added to the free list, \$147,000,000.

Estimated revenues in all import rates: Old law, \$305,000,000; new law, \$249,000,000.

Estimated revenue from corporation and income taxes: Old law, \$17,000,000; new law, \$122,000,000.

Altogether, consumers in the United States probably will receive from abroad, free from all tariff, more than \$2,000,000,000 worth of merchandise during the next year. During 1912 the amount of "free imported" was more than \$800,000,000, and when the tariff is entirely removed from wool, sugar, iron ore and cheap iron and other important items, the total is expected to increase notably. Under the old law more than 53 per cent of all goods brought to the United States from all parts of the world paid no tariff, and that proportion will be increased by the new law.

The free wool provision of the new law takes effect December 1, 1913, and the free sugar provision May 1, 1916.

Congress at Work Nine Months.

The new tariff law, passed four years after President Taft signed the existing Payne-Aldrich law, is the result of more than nine months of work in congress. Hearings were started January 6 by the house ways and means committee. Chairman Underwood introduced the tariff bill April 7, immediately after President Wilson had convened the new congress. It passed the house May 8, and the senate September 9.

National Capital Brevities.

June 1 has been designated as Father's day, in a resolution introduced in the house by Representative Moore of Pennsylvania. He would make the rose the emblem.

A bill for the creation of a public land court is to be advocated in congress by Senator Walsh of Montana. The court is designed to save time in land cases and to decide all points of law at issue.

Representatives of small banks of the middle west and south protested against the currency bill before the senate banking and currency committee. The chief objection was against the provision preventing the smaller banks charging for the collection of out of town checks.

On the heels of the failure of congress to legislate in the tariff bill to prevent gambling in cotton futures, Representative Harrison of Mississippi introduced a resolution providing for an international campaign against such speculation.

A new counterfeit, a \$10 National Bank of New York, has been discovered by the secret service division of the treasury department. It is a photographic reproduction of fair quality paper without silk threads or imitation of them.

BRIEF NEWS OF OREGON

A massive oak tree, 350 years old, has been cut down on the Wilson farm, in Polk county. The tree 19 feet in circumference.

Dr. B. C. Olinger of The Dalles has been appointed deputy grand juror of the fifth lodge for the western Oregon district.

Oregon City and Milwaukie are the thick of a "dry" election. Pledges have been filed calling for an election November 4.

Election of The Dalles will be on November 4 to decide whether or not the sale of intoxicating liquors will be prohibited.

Pupils of the schools of Polk county will study dairying. W. A. Egan of Oregon Agricultural college is out of the details of the work.

The Hyers flour mill, or, speaking the Pendleton Ruler has been sold to a Holland syndicate represented by L. C. Lema, manager of the Spokane Flour Mills.

Alberta Dillon, owned by Joe of Winnipeg, Manitoba, won the Clark stake from 12 starters, making the third heat in 2:16, at the fair at Salem.

Under the income tax feature of Underwood tariff bill Oregon will tribute at least a quarter of a million dollars annually to the revenue of the United States.

There is liable to be considerable controversy over the recent transfer of the timber lands in Clatsop county made by the Next Timber company under contract with the county.

Business men of Oregon City looking into the plan of utilizing use of Bull Run water and erect a new supply from the south to the Clackamas river.

More than 20,000 acres of land in Crook county, near La Pine, are more valuable for agricultural or forestry purposes, soon will be open for settlement on the lottery plan.

Dr. Hubert K. Leach, who was reported because of alleged insanity statements at Coon Bay, has left Astoria to deliver lectures on insanity.

Miss Lottie L. Fleet, who has been librarian at Pendleton three years, resigned to accept the position of assistant librarian of the public library at Portland.

When an auto in which the Kipke turned turtle at Dallas, Co. Kipke, Ross Nelson, Genevieve Kipke and Bertha Patterson needed assistance.

Hundreds of dead female pheasants were left in the field in Polk county, as result of the shot on the first day of the open season is said.

A longer compulsory school year and a larger general school fund recommended at a conference held under the auspices of the Union of Oregon and members of several educational leagues, at Salem.

The first fair ever held at southern Wasco county, has closed. The fair was a success every way, exhibits of fruits, tables, horses, sheep and swine of special merit.

Mrs. H. C. Foster, formerly Hattie Long of Pendleton, a bride less than a month, has secured a warrant for the arrest of her husband San Francisco, charging him with appearing with \$1000 which had been given into his care.

Secretary Houston has advised representative Sinnott that he recommended the elimination of 24,000 from the Deschutes national forest. Approval by the secretary of the interior is needed to complete the plan.

Under the terms of Senator Lane's amendment to the tariff bill an American farmer, if so disposed, can enter on the manufacture of denatured alcohol after securing a permit from the commissioner of internal revenue in the treasury department.

There promises to be a lively campaign in Marshfield to bring about reform movements. While the "dry" question cannot be brought up for some time, those who favor prohibition and reforms are working hard to get all their followers rallied for the next city election.

Sheepmen in eastern Oregon are facing a serious problem in what to do for feed for their sheep when the bring them in from the summer range in the mountains, as this summer fall has been exceptionally dry, and there is practically no grass on the home range.

The senate has agreed to Senator Lane's amendment to the defense bill authorizing the use of the appropriation for the Portland postoffice the erection of a general office building sufficiently large to accommodate the postoffice and other federal offices in Portland that now occupy rented quarters.

Judge Percy R. Kelly of the county circuit court sustained the murder of the complaint filed by attorney General Crawford, on behalf of the state against Governor West, secretary of State Olcott and State Treasurer Kay, to recover practically \$1,000 alleged to have been unlawfully expended from the penitentiary building fund.