

# Tillamook Herald.



ISSUED TWICE A WEEK—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY

LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN TILLAMOOK COUNTY

OL. XX.

TILLAMOOK, OREGON, MAY 23, 1913.

NO. 35

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### REED SMOOT



Reed Smoot, United States Senator from Utah, who will play a prominent part in the tariff fight in the Senate.

### GOVERNMENT MUST PAY

Treatment of Ill, Waiting Aliens Not Steamship's Duty.

New York.—A decision handed down by Judge Mayer in the United States district court will cost the United States government about \$1,000,000 a year from now on. It holds that the government must pay for medical aid to aliens brought to this country and found after their arrival at Ellis Island to be suffering from some temporary contagious disease.

The government sought to collect from the Holland-American Steamship company \$2167 for such treatment, but the court, in finding for the defendants, declared that the immigration laws make no provision for the steamship company to pay for medical treatment for ill aliens. Unless overruled by a higher court, the decision will apply to all steamship lines.

### H. M. Flagler Dead.

West Palm Beach, Fla.—Henry M. Flagler, associate of John D. Rockefeller, railroad builder and banker, died at his country home here.

He was 83 years old.

**Australian Beef Cuts Living Cost.**  
San Francisco.—A nation-wide fight on the beef trust through the importation of Australian beef, which has lowered the price of meats here from 20 to 25 per cent, is believed a certainty. The first big shipment from the south seas, 200 tons, which arrived here, immediately found its way into nearly 200 butchershops. The foreign beef has met the requirements of the United States inspection laws and is in great demand by San Francisco housewives.

### STUDENT ARMY CAMPS PLANNED

San Francisco.—Details have just been made public here of the plan of the secretary of war to hold two experimental military camps of instruction for students of educational institutions during the summer vacation period, coupled with the announcement that if they prove a success they will be held annually, one in each of the four sections of the country.

The announced object of these camps is, primarily, to increase the present inadequate personnel of the trained military reserve of the United States by a class of men from whom, in time of national emergency, a large proportion of the commissioned officers will be drawn, and on whose military judgment at such a time the lives of many other men will in a measure depend.

**King Peter to Abdicate.**  
Geneva, Switzerland.—King Peter, of Serbia, intends to abdicate as soon as he possibly can after peace in the Balkan states and Turkey has been signed.

**Wage Cut is Threatened.**  
Chicago.—A cut in the starvation point in the wages of women workers in Illinois, provided an eight-hour law is passed, was threatened in open hearing before the state senate subcommittee on labor.

60 Gold Bond Trading Stamps with each year's subscription to the Herald.

### GOVERNOR JOHNSON SIGNS LAND BILL

Three Elements Likely to Invoke  
Referendum—Act Becomes  
Operative August 10.

Sacramento.—California's alien land bill was signed by Governor Johnson against the protests of Japan and the representations of President Wilson and his personal envoy, Secretary Bryan. The governor signed the bill and 90 days after the adjournment of the legislature, which will be August 19, the act becomes operative.

Within California the act has encountered triple hostility which may delay its actuality until November, 1913. In the first place, the democrats opposed state legislation at this time, as a matter of party regularity.

The Asiatic Exclusion League, an organization of which the president is Olaf Tveitmo, recently convicted of complicity in the national dynamite plot originating in Indianapolis, announced that it would invoke the referendum purely because it opposes the bill as faint-hearted.

Thirdly, the powerful Panama-Pacific International Exposition company, backed by many chambers of commerce, has placed itself on record in opposition to the bill on the ground that it is a violation of faith.

### JAPAN STILL SHOWS FAITH

Likelihood of Estrangement of Peoples, However, Admitted.

Tokyo.—Faith in the American people to see that justice is done the Japanese is the dominating note in the discussion of the California alien land ownership legislation.

War talk is denounced as ridiculous and only calculated to embarrass the two governments, which are laboring for a peaceful settlement by diplomacy.

It is conceded, however, that failure on the part of the Americans to respond to the Japanese appeal for a discontinuance of the alleged discrimination would be likely to lead to some estrangement of the peoples. The Japanese public generally is convinced that the land bill is a racial and not an economic measure and hence a blow to national pride, and the people feel that the world must be taught the necessity of equal treatment for the whites and non-whites.

### Bill More Drastic Than California's.

Phoenix, Ariz.—An anti-alien land ownership bill far more drastic than the bill recently passed by the California legislature has been signed by Governor Hunt, following its passage by both houses of the state legislature.

### WOOLEN TRUST HEAD IS PLACED ON TRIAL

Boston.—An attempt to prove that representatives of capital entered into a compact to discredit organized labor was made in the superior court here, where William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen company; Frederick E. Atteaux, and Dennis J. Collins are on trial. The defendants are charged specifically with conspiracy to "plant" dynamite at Lawrence at the time of the textile strike of 1912.

Collins testified as a witness for the prosecution and confessed a part in the alleged plot, though insisting that he was unaware at the time that he was handling dynamite.

Collins told of distributing dynamite at different buildings occupied by striking textile operatives at Lawrence, but made only a casual reference to Wood and did not mention Atteaux' name. He said that at the request of John J. Breen, who was a member of the Lawrence school board at the time, he carried a package of dynamite from Boston to Lawrence and at Breen's direction distributed smaller packages of the explosive at various places where the strikers congregated. Breen has been convicted and fined for actually "planting" the dynamite.

**Borah May Be President.**  
New York.—Harper's Weekly makes the following editorial forecast: "We predict that the next republican candidate for president of the United States will be William E. Borah of Idaho."

### PRINCESS LOUISE



Princess Louise, daughter of the German Kaiser, who will wed Prince Ernest of Cumberland May 24.

### Brief News of the Week

The bill incorporating the Rockefeller Foundation to promote the well-being of mankind throughout the world has been signed at Albany, N. Y., by Governor Sulzer.

A fierce tornado swept through a district one block wide and 16 blocks long in Seward, Neb., killing 10 persons and injuring 40 more.

Harper's Weekly has been sold at New York to Norman Hapgood and associates," according to a statement given out by Colonel George Harvey, its editor.

The first meeting of the executive committee of the Republican national committee since the November election will be held in Washington Saturday.

Fairbanks, Alaska, is on an enforced vegetable diet, its entire supply of meat having been exhausted. No meat will be available until the arrival of a cattle shipment June 10.

The Canadian government demands about \$500,000 from the United States for lumber used in 1900 to construct the military barracks at Eagle City, Kan. Canada claims that the United States bought this lumber from a man named Howard Page, who cut it from her domains without a permit.

In what is said to be the first decision of its kind, the Wisconsin Railway commission ordered a physical connection made between the local lines of the La Crosse Telephone company, an independent concern, and the toll lines of the Wisconsin Telephone company, and the American Telephone & Telegraph company.

It was developed at Chicago at the hearing conducted by a legislative committee to investigate charitable institutions that only 47.3 per cent of the money received was actually paid out to relieve distress by the United Charities.

A number of important conventions are scheduled for this week, among them the anniversary meetings of the Unitarians, in Boston; the Northwest Baptist convention, in Detroit; the National Association of Railway Mail Clerks, in Cincinnati; the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, in San Francisco; the National Association of Retail Grocers, in St. Louis.

### Alles Want Cash Indemnity.

Paris.—The Bulgarian Minister of Finance, Theodoroff, who is to represent Bulgaria at the financial conference in Paris in connection with the Balkan settlement, said here that the Balkan states would ask for a war indemnity of 2,000,000,000 francs (\$400,000,000), of which Bulgaria's share would be 1,000,000,000 francs.

**Bible Reading Made Compulsory**  
Harrisburg, Pa.—Under a bill approved by Governor Tener, 10 verses of the Bible must be read without comment in the public school of Pennsylvania. Teachers who violate the law are subject to dismissal.

**Dynamite Cruiser Rent by Torpedo.**  
Newport, R. I.—The torpedo boat Vesuvius was struck by one of its own torpedoes and was beached on Hope Island, Narragansett Bay, when the lives of those on board seemed imperiled by the waters which rushed in through a two-inch hole astern.

Mrs. J. A. Matthews and children and Mrs. Bish took the train this morning for the beach where they are spending the day.

### NEWS FROM OUR NATIONAL CAPITAL

Democrats Grant Concessions  
Regarding Fidelity of  
Tariff Hearings.

Washington.—Announcement by Chairman Simmons, of the finance committee, that sub-committees considering the various schedules of the Underwood tariff bill had determined to grant more time to protesting manufacturers than at first was intended, aroused considerable interest at the capital.

Although the effort of senate Republicans to force public hearings was defeated by a vote of 36 to 41, the minority leaders are in the changed tactics of the Democrats a concession which they assert resulted from the denunciation of secret consideration of the bill.

Two Democrats, Senators Hanford and Thornton, of Louisiana, voted for the Republican amendment. Senator Poindexter, of Washington, Progressive, voted with the majority. Senator Jones, of Washington, Republican, who previously had determined to vote against public hearings, announced just before the rollcall that he had changed his mind because the finance sub-committees were giving private hearings to some interests which he thought should be public.

President Wilson came out strongly as the champion of free wool and free sugar-in-three-years, as provided for in the tariff bill recently passed by the house.

He announced emphatically that he was not considering compromises of any sort; that he stood squarely behind the measure as it passed the house and he regarded it as the duty of the Democratic majority in the senate to fulfill its platform pledge by enacting the house bill into law.

### Tariff Bill Not in Favor Abroad.

While democratic senators are wrestling with home manufactures, protesting against numerous rates in the Underwood bill, they are confronted also by protests from foreign countries against administrative features of the bill and the provisions that would grant a 5 per cent reduction of the duty on imports in American bottoms.

Protests from England, Germany, France, Italy, Australia and other countries have been lodged with the state department and communicated to the finance committee.

From many countries have come protests against that new provision in the bill which would give the secretary of the treasury the authority to exclude from entry goods of merchants or manufacturers who refuse to submit for inspection by United States agents their accounts pertaining to valuations or classification of merchandise whenever disputes arise.

### Bryan Replies to Japan's Protest.

Secretary Bryan handed Ambassador Chinda the reply of the United States government to the Japanese protest against the California alien land legislation. The ambassador immediately cabled it to Tokio. No indication as to the nature of the reply was given out.

On learning through press dispatches that Governor Johnson had signed the Webb land act, Secretary Bryan telephoned Viscount Chinda and invited him to come to the state department to receive the reply which he had been anxiously awaiting since the presentation of his note May 9.

The negotiations between the two governments are now expected to proceed in regular fashion without further reference to what takes place in California.

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