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R. C. BOONE, Special Agent, Tillamook, Oregon.



Have you seen the Model 90 Overland Car?

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For disinfecting where Contagious or infectious diseases are prevailing.

CARBOLIC COMPOUND is a powerful Germicidal mixture and by its use will improve general stable conditions.

C. I. CLOUGH CO. RELIABLE DRUGGISTS.

Have Your Garments Dry Cleaned.

EXPERT DYEING.

Agency of M. Paumies' Dye House, Butte, Montana.

The Pacific Cleaning & Tailoring Co. TILLAMOOK, ORE.

Call 31 J Mail Order Dept.

Guernsey Farm Under Glass.

On the Twentieth Century limited the other night W. W. Marsh, national democratic committeeman from Iowa, was talking to Roger Sullivan, who is the democratic party in Illinois writes Arthur Brisbane in Chicago Herald and Examiner

Mr. Marsh who is politics for sport, in the cream separator business for a living and in the raising of Guernsey cows for pleasure, made this statement, which, taken to heart by about five million Americans would solve food problems.

"This country knows nothing about getting wealth from the soil. The island of Guernsey is about half the size of a township in Illinois, Wisconsin or Iowa. That island of 15,000 acres supports 40,000 people well.

"Here a farmer is proud if he takes \$60 from an acre in one year. Guernsey exports in agricultural and horticultural products produce \$400 a year from every acre.

"They have on the island 1000 miles of glass houses in which they raise four crops a year without artificial heat. The houses are 45 feet wide, 14 feet high to the ridge of the roof.

"Their first crop is early potatoes. The second string beans. The third tomatoes. The fourth grapes, that sell here and abroad for \$1 a pound and up. In the early season the strip leaves from the grape vines to let the sun into the other crops. This holds the grapes back to just the time when they want them. That is real intensive farming."

The Shantung Decision.

When at the peace conference we voted to put 40,000,000 Chinese forever under the domination of Japan, and which, if the league of nations should be ratified by the senate, would compel us to fight by the side of Japan to continue the domination of that country over these 40,000,000 should they ever seek their freedom, we went directly contrary to our own teachings and to all things which mean human advancement.

We have voted to give 40,000,000 Chinese to Japan, and in doing so immediately placed within control of that country a population able to furnish millions of soldiers to Japan. We have helped to make it possible to almost double the population under Japan rule, and thus to make Japan our equal in man power in the event of war.

Moreover, in doing this we have earned, and justly, the enmity and bitter hostility of China. In this act we have sown the seeds of evil, the fruitage of which no man can foresee.

We do know, however, that we have joined in putting 40,000,000 Chinese under the perpetual domination of Japan, directly contrary to all the history of this country, which has sought to liberate peoples rather than to enslave them.

We do know that in this act we have made the population of the Japanese Empire almost equal to our own, and thus have nearly doubled its fighting power, and we do know that we have created bitterness and enmity on the part of China, and justly so.

It is not simple that this is directly contrary to the doctrine of "self-determination of peoples" proclaimed by President Wilson, but it is contrary to humanity and contrary to the dictates of the conscience, looked at merely from the standpoint of our own safety in the future. Consider for a moment what it would mean if the 40,000,000 of people in Shantung should undertake to rebel against Japanese control, and under the league of nations we should be called to send an army to fight by the side of the Japanese army in suppressing the effort of these Chinese to secure their freedom. It would be the blackest page in American history; indeed, one of the blackest in all human history.

Should Administration "Bear" The Meat Market?

Referring in the House to the abnormally high prices of the necessities of life, Representative Fess, of Ohio, said recently in the course of congressional debate:

"I was looking over the price current as furnished in the daily press. Meat is selling at a price never known before in the history of the country, and, at the same time, so far as we know, the product is not limited, but rather, extended beyond the normal. So it would appear that the law of supply and demand, which has heretofore operated to control prices, does not operate, and all of us are anxious to know why it does not. It is pertinent to ask what influence is at work to attempt this law.

"I have made a little inquiry about the amount of meats held by the government, purchased for the purpose of war, and I want to give you the figures. I would like to have the attention of the membership of the committee as to these figures, for I know they must carry some significance when considering in the light of the scaling high prices charged to the public.

Roast beef held by the government on the 20th of May, 26,000,000 6-pound cans, which would be about 72,000,000 pounds; 17,200,000 2-pound cans, or over 34,000,000; 9,000,000 1-pound cans in addition to a great number of 12 ounce tins, or a total of something approaching

120,000,000 pounds of roast beef. Corned beef, 5,600,000 6-pound cans, or 33,000,000 pounds; 18,000,000 2-pound cans, or 36,000,000 pounds; 9,000,000 1-pound cans; and 4,500,000 12-ounce cans; corned beef hash, 2,820,000 1 and 2 pound cans; bacon 47,219,620 pounds.

"This represents about 282,000,000 pounds of meats held by the government, which, according to a statement of the packers, represented five months of activities of the packing interests which were operating to collect the meat products for the government. In normal times it is stated by the same authority that this would represent about two years of activity.

"I am not, and every member will recognize this, criticizing the government for purchasing these large amounts, because it was done in the midst of war for the purpose of feeding the soldiers of an army the duration which nobody could estimate and therefore the purchase is free of criticism. But here is my question: If the government is holding today this vast number of pounds of meat with the country full of live stock and the price of bacon, notwithstanding this tremendous supply, has reached the vanishing point of 60 cents, why is it that there is not a freedom of the operation of the law of supply and demand? And the question immediately comes to me. What is the policy of the government in its action on price fixing?"

High Cost of Living Chiefly Important.

There are other important problems confronting the average American citizen at this moment, but none that equals in importance the high cost of living. He stood soaring prices and sometimes impossible prices during the year because he was told they were caused by the war, and he felt that there was reason in this explanation. But nobody now can explain to him now why the prices are even higher than they were while the conflict was on. He did not expect them to drop suddenly, did not wish them to if to do so would cause business to become unstable, but he did look forward to a gradual descent in the prices of necessities instead of a gradual rise such has been the situation.

And when he has appealed for an explanation of condition he has not been given one that is satisfactory.

He believes some of it is due to the fact that we are continuing to ship our necessities abroad in large quantities, but it is doubtful if he can be made to believe this is the reason. He knows that there was immense profiteering in the certain lines during the war; that immense new fortunes were built up on every hand at that by heartless profiteers; that the government itself has been wildly extravagant in many things, and he believes that some way should be found, now that the war has ended, to curb profiteering at the expense of the ordinary consumer and that a sharp check to the waste in government affairs should be called.

The signs of great public unrest on this subject are noted by Senator James E. Watson, of Indiana, who says:

"People everywhere are complaining about the high cost of living. I find that true in my state and in a number of other states where I have spoken. And why shouldn't they complain. The cost of living is not only high, but it seems to be going higher. Meaning great quantities of food stuffs are being shipped out of the United States to Europe.

"More people in this country are concerned about our own economic affairs than they are about the league of nations. They are concerned about economic conditions, about the high cost of living, about the railroads, about the increase in telephone rates, about wages, about employment and, in short, about those things that come right home to everybody."

MOVIES DO NOT HARM.

Eyesight not Impaired so Much as in Concentrated Reading.

Moving pictures under favorable conditions, do not cause so much fatigue of the eyes as the same period of concentrated reading.

When there is eye discomfort there is usually some ocular defect, which should receive the attention of an eye specialist, says an article in the Scientific American.

Under favorable conditions moving pictures causing fatigue, if continued, become unpleasant, may, if persisted in, become harmful a condition which is greatly aggravated by fixed staring at one spot on the picture, a practice which should never be indulged in.

A review of the current literature records no permanent harm to the eyes from viewing motion pictures. The fact that about 10,000,000 more or less people enjoy moving pictures daily, with no definite reports of specific harm or injurious effect, and with but few complaints of slight inconveniences, indicates that viewing moving pictures can have no injurious effect upon the eyes.

The New York Times compliments a Canadian minister for making a free trade speech in his baccalaureate sermon at Columbia. Too much of this sort of political bank passed off as sermonizing is responsible for many a pile of empty benches in churches.

Notice of Intention to Improve Street in Tillamook City, Oregon.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all whom it may concern, that the Common Council of Tillamook City, Oregon, deeming it expedient to improve the street hereinafter described, did, on the 16th day of June, 1919, adopt a resolution of said improvement, which said resolution is in words and figures as follows, to-wit:

Resolution and Notice of Intention to Improve a Certain Street in Tillamook City, Oregon.

BE IT RESOLVED that the Common Council of Tillamook City, Oregon, deem it expedient and hereby declares its intention to improve the following street in said city, to-wit:

All that portion of Third Street extending from the West side of Stillwell Avenue to the Western Command of Tillamook City, by establishing the grade of said street; by rolling the roadway thereof for a width of 36 feet; by laying thereon a concrete roadway covering the whole of said 36 feet, with the exception of eight feet in the center thereof, which portion shall not be paved but finished according to plans and specifications of the city engineer thereof, intersections to be paved solid, by building curbs, catch basins and laying drain pipes, together with inlets and constructing laterals for sewer connections and making provisions for the necessary surface drainage for said street and all appurtenances thereto, and by laying and constructing concrete headers.

All of said improvements to be made in accordance with the charter, resolutions and ordinances of Tillamook City and in accordance with the plans and specifications, and estimate of work therefor made and prepared by the City Engineer of Tillamook City, Oregon, filed in the office of the City Recorder of said Tillamook City. All of said improvements to be made at the expense of the property, and all thereof, adjacent thereto and specially benefited by said improvements within the limits of the district established and defined by this resolution.

Be it further resolved, that the plans, specifications and estimates for the proposed improvements so made and prepared by the City Engineer as aforesaid, the estimate of the probable total cost thereof being the sum of \$23,971.46, be and the same are hereby approved.

That the boundaries of the assessment district to be benefited by said improvements and assessed therefor are hereby established as follows:

Beginning at a point on the West side of Stillwell Avenue in Tillamook City, Oregon, 105 feet North of the North side of Third Street, and running thence West parallel with the North line of Third Street to the West boundary of Tillamook City; thence South along the West boundary of Tillamook City to a point 105 feet South of the South line of Third Street in Tillamook City; thence East parallel with the South line of Third Street to a point in the West side of Stillwell Avenue 105 feet South of the South line of Third Street, and thence North along the West side of Stillwell Avenue to the place of beginning.

That said assessment district shall be and is hereby designated as Local Improvement District No. 10, and the property, and all thereof, included within said district, is described as follows:

Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, in Block 1; Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, in Block 2; Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, in Block 3; Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, in Block 4; All in Maple Grove Addition to Tillamook City; Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, in Block 4; Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8 in Block 5; Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, in Block 6; Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, in Block 7; Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, in Block 8; Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, in Block 9; Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, in Block 10; Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, in Block 11.

All in Stillwell's Addition to Tillamook, or Tillamook City.

Tract beginning at the intersection of the West side of Stillwell Avenue with the North line of Third Street, and running thence North 105 feet; thence West 125 feet; thence South to North line of Third Street; thence East to place of beginning.

Tract beginning at the intersection of the West side of Stillwell Avenue with the North line of Third Street, and running thence North 105 feet; thence West to the West boundary of Tillamook City; thence South to the South line of Third Street; thence East to the place of beginning.

Tract beginning at point 60 feet West of the Northwest corner of Block 9, of Stillwell's Addition to the Town of Tillamook (now Tillamook City), and running thence West to the West boundary of Tillamook City; thence South 105 feet; thence East to a point due South of the place of beginning; thence North to the place of beginning.

Be it further resolved, that the City Recorder, be and she is hereby instructed to cause a resolution and notice to be published for three consecutive publications in the city official newspaper; that the City Engineer is directed to cause to be conspicuously posted at each end of the line of the proposed improvement a copy of this resolution and notice within three days from the date of the first publication of such notice, and that all persons concerned be thereby notified of the date of the first publication of said notice, and that objections and remonstrances to the proposed improvement may be filed with the City Recorder within 20 days from said date.

All persons concerned are hereby notified that said resolution was duly adopted on the date aforesaid; that the first publication of this notice is June 19th, 1919, and that objections and remonstrances to the proposed improvement may be filed with the

undersigned City Recorder within 20 days from said date.

Done by order of the Common Council of Tillamook City, Oregon, at said June 16th, 1919.

Frances B. Stranahan, City Recorder of Tillamook City, Ore.

Call For Bids.

The Tillamook County Fair Board will receive bids for the right to sell soft drinks, cigars, candy and ice cream, during the fair.

Bids may be submitted for each item separately, or all. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Bids must be filed with the Secretary on or before July 6, 1919.

Tillamook County Fair Board By G. B. Lamb, Secretary.

Notice of Final Account.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the undersigned has filed in the County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon, her final account as administratrix, and that said court has appointed Monday, the 21st day of July, 1919, at the County Court room in the Court House in Tillamook City, Tillamook County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. as the time and place for hearing objections to said final account and the settlement thereof.

Dated June 19th, 1919. Mary A. Johnson, Administratrix of the Estate of George N. Johnson, deceased.

H. T. Boits, Attorney for Administratrix.

Administrator's Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook county, has appointed the undersigned administrator of the estate of Fritz Buhrow, deceased, and any and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same, together with the proper vouchers therefor, to the administrator at the office of the Sheriff of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on or before six months from the date of this notice.

Dated June 12, 1919. W. L. Campbell, administrator of the Estate of Fritz Buhrow, deceased.

Notice of Sale of Real Property by Executrix.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, as Executrix of the last will and testament of W. J. Clemens, deceased, in pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Multnomah, sitting in Probate, which order was made and entered on the 20th day of June, 1919, will, on Friday, the 25th day of July, 1919, at the hour of ten (10:00) o'clock a.m. of said day, at the office of Clemens, White & Colman, in room No. 209 in the Stevens building in the City of Portland, Multnomah County, Oregon, and thereafter until said property be sold, offer for sale at private sale the following described real property belonging to said estate, viz:

All of Lots numbered Twenty-nine (29) and Sixty-eight (68), and the North Half (N 1/2) of Lots numbered Twenty-eight (28) and Sixty-nine (69), in Block Numbered thirty-nine (39) in Bayocean Park, Tillamook County, Oregon.

Said sale to be for cash, one-fourth (1/4) of the purchase price to be paid at the time of sale, and the remainder upon the confirmation of the sale by the Circuit Court.

This notice is published by order of Hon. George Tazwell, Circuit Judge sitting in Probate Department on the 20th day of June, 1919.

Mary M. Clemens, Executrix of the last will and testament of W. J. Clemens, deceased.

First publication June 26, 1919. Last publication July 24, 1919.

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Practical as a plow, and just as necessary. Make every rainy day count.



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