

What the Editors Say

How is this, By George! Our George has again been mentioned for the presidency, and only because he made a few remarks on army comforts. It is getting dangerous for our senators to make eloquent speeches on any important subject.—*Willamina Times.*

"Peace must have no hatreds to breed war" is an excellent slogan, but this does not mean that the nation of the men who fought and who won shall be bamboozled out of all the fruits of this victory. There must still be a little expression of the old Jacksonian slogan, "To the victors belong the spoils." That is a part of making the world safe for democracy.—*Observer.*

In the transition from war to peace, there doubtless will be a period in which some laborers engaged in war industries and men released from the army and navy will be seeking new tasks and so far as governmental intervention is concerned, the tasks on which they may be employed should be of the highest public utility. Public works would furnish suitable employment for many unemployed men, and among such enterprises there are few kinds whose construction is better worth expanding and pressing than public roads.—*Itemizer.*

Postmaster General Burleson expresses the opinion that the government can buy the telephone and telegraph systems and pay for same out of the earnings in twenty-five years. In the meantime the public would like to know how much diminution of service there would be, what appropriations would be called for from the treasury, whether he would want the same power to exclude from the telegraph service that he now has to exclude from the mails and to what extent the telegraph and telephone systems would be made adjuncts of a political machine.—*Umpqua Valley News.*

We regret to read that Secretary Daniels is already figuring on the biggest navy in the world, in case the conference at Versailles does not result in a general agreement to put an end to naval building on the part of all the nations. Such talk prior to the conference can have none other than a bad effect, and arouse the spirit of rivalry in those with whom we are courting friendship. It savors of one bulldog guarding a bone from another. There is a lot of truth in the position of the Quakers, who say the more you prepare for war the more war you will have.—*Telephone Register.*

The aerial mail service will not appeal to military flyers. It is too tame a sport. To the men who have braved dangers from the Hun airplanes, aerial mail service flying would be monotonous. Flying is less fun than automobile riding because you cannot see much. For a time the crowd of onlookers at the landing places would add a thrill but when that becomes commonplace, hero worship would die down. It is likely that the government will recruit its flyers from those military aviators who are just starting the flying game. Aviation schools, too, will necessarily develop many flyers.—*News Reporter.*

Funny that after all these charges that partisanship is the basis of criticism that has been directed at the conduct of the war to see how Senator Chamberlain stirs the animals up when he gets started. As we know, George is something of a partisan himself, but his partisanship has been of the brand of the offenders he is lambasting and there will have to be a new explanation. Just what the explanation will be nobody can guess, but in the meantime we might keep in mind that family quarrels not only add to the joy of the onlookers, but charges and criticism made during them are apt to be convincing. For it is realized that the participants are more apt to know what they are talking about than a rank outsider could possibly hope to know.—*Hillsboro Independent.*

Sometimes a poker player can win a few dollars by bluffing. As many times perhaps he loses. In the real game of life a winning can sometimes be secured by the bluffing, four-flushing, comauflaging method. But in a majority of cases this method does not pay. To play in the open—fair, square and honest—is the surest way to win. It is the most likely way to win the confidence of friendship of those who know you, and that is worth more than all the surplus money or property that can be accumulated in a lifetime. Look over your own neighborhood. Who is the popular man, the happy man, the respected man? Is he the fellow who is trying to "slip something over" on someone? Is he the man who is trying to add to his income by cunning or trickery instead of honest toil and conscientious business practice? No, indeed. He is the man who plays the game of life fairly with all men, the man who does need to run a bluff to win, the man who is not ashamed of his methods and who, therefore, does not need to camouflage them.—*Oregon Farmer.*

The suffragettes are burning President Wilson's speeches in public. O well, girls, he has speeches to burn.

Clemenceau and Daniels Lift the Curtain.

Clemenceau and Secretary Daniels, one speaking before the French chamber of deputies, the other before the naval affairs committee of the house of representatives at Washington, have lifted the curtain and given the American people a revealing glimpse of the very heart of President Wilson's negotiations.

Answering searching questions from certain French deputies, Premier Clemenceau said: "You know that reservations have been made on the question of the freedom of the seas. Premier Lloyd George said to me the other day: 'You will admit that without the British fleet you could not have continued the war.' I answered in the affirmative. The British premier then asked me if I was disposed to do anything in opposition to British ideas on freedom of the seas. I answered in the negative."

Here is a perfectly frank declaration that France will support the British determination to maintain Britain's naval supremacy; with an earnest hope that President Wilson will concur in that determination, but with a resolute purpose not to yield if his opposition should be encountered.

When Clemenceau declared that purpose to President Wilson the president replied, as quoted by the French premier to the chamber of deputies, in these words: "I approve of what you said. What I have to offer the allied governments will change in no way your answer to Premier Lloyd George."

What the president now has to offer to the allied governments is disclosed in Secretary Daniels' statement to the house committee, for it is inconceivable that the secretary of the navy would have spoken thus without the expressed approval of the president.

"It is my firm conviction (said Secretary Daniels) that if the conference at Versailles does not result in a general agreement to put an end to naval building on the part of all the nations, then the United States must bend her will and energies, must give men and money to the task of the creation of incomparably the greatest navy in the world."

In effect therefore, the president is saying to Lloyd George and Clemenceau, "If Great Britain persists in her purpose to maintain her great and commanding navy the United States will run her a race for the commanding mastery of the seas."

Behind all the pomp and glitter of the profuse entertainments which French and English have laid at the feet of the president stalks that overwhelming issue.

The Spokesman Review ventures the guess that Lloyd George and Clemenceau will take Secretary Daniels' threat as a bluff and if need be will call it; that they will reason that the American people would not pile up the blue checks and make good the president's thinly veiled threat to build a bigger navy than Great Britain's; that they will stand on the belief that the American people, on a little more reflection, will see the force and justice of England's contention that a commanding navy is vital to her very existence; that the British navy is not a menace to the peace or commerce of the United States, and that it would be wasteful folly for this nation to engage in rival warship building with the British empire.—*Spokesman Review.*

Foch on His Campaign.

Marshal Foch's speech in London, at the French embassy dinner, throws some interesting light on his ideas and intentions in beginning the counter-offensive that ended only with Germany's application for an armistice. It rather discredits the popular assumption that the campaign was visualized as a whole, before it was begun, and that a master conception dictated every move made in the earlier stages. Foch stated that the attack on the Germans on the side of the Marne salient—that brought them back from south of the Marne with a rush—was to free Chateau Thierry and to reestablish communications between Paris and Nancy. This was strictly a local objective. The attack by Rawlinson's army east of Amiens was to free Amiens at any price, and to restore communication between Paris and the channel. This again was a local objective. Then the attack by the British armies east of the Arras was tried, because the two former attacks had succeeded in tying up the Germans in knots, and this also succeeded beyond first expectations. Led by the Canadian corps, the British second army broke the Hindenburg line. This having succeeded so well, a general attack on a 250-mile front was launched, and the German army, unequal to the strain, began to crumple up in weak places. Marshal Foch's nonchalant way of telling the strategy of the world's greatest campaign is characteristic, but it leaves much unsaid that, in the interest of history, ought to be recorded by him. However, Premier Clemenceau at the same dinner told something bearing on the campaign when he related how Foch was "fired" for several weeks at one time in the war, and how he (Clemenceau) had picked him for the generalissimo's job, and thus had brought to the front a soldier who had disdained political wire-pulling and posing.

Notice of Hearing on Petition to Extend Drainage District.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County. Notice is hereby given that hearing on the following petition will be held at the Court House in the City of Tillamook, County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, on the 5th day of February, 1919, for the purpose of determining whether the prayer of said petition shall be granted.

All persons owning or claiming an interest in lands described in said petition are hereby notified to appear at said place on said date and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer in said petition should not be granted.

Erwin Harrison, Clerk of the County Court. To the Honorable County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon;

The undersigned being the Board of Supervisors of Tillamook Drainage District of Tillamook County, Oregon, being thereunto duly authorized by a resolution adopted by said board of supervisors in session on the 5th day of December, 1918, do hereby respectfully petition your Honorable body, and ask that the boundary lines of said district be extended so as to include the lands hereinafter described, which lands are not described by and included in the petition and decree of the court incorporating said district.

The lands which we ask to have included in the district are all those included within the following boundaries, to-wit:

Beginning at a point 20 feet east of the west line of section 31 in township 1, south of range 9, west w. M. and 30 rods south of the northwest corner of said section, said point being the northwest corner of the original Tillamook Drainage District, as described in the petition therefore, and running thence north to the north line of said section 31; thence east to the west line, extended of Third Avenue East, in Tillamook City, Oregon, and running thence north to a point 60 feet west of the southwest corner of Block 39 of Thayer's Addition, to what is now Tillamook City, Oregon, and running thence east along the south line of said Thayer's Addition or Additions, and an extension thereof to a point south of the southwest corner of Block 16, of A. A. Miller's Addition to the town of Tillamook, now Tillamook City, Oregon; thence north to the southwest corner of said block 16 thence east to the south west corner of Block 15, of said Miller's Addition; thence north to the northeast corner of said block 15; thence east to the northeast corner of said block 15; thence north to the northeast corner of Block 13 of said Miller's Addition; thence east to the east line of lot 4 in Ell Goodspeed's Park, according to the recorded plat thereof; thence south to a point 60 feet south of the south line of said Goodspeed's Park, thence west to the northeast corner of Block 1 of Highland Addition to Tillamook City; thence south to the southeast corner of said block 1; thence west to the west line of said Highland Addition; thence south to the north line of section 31 aforesaid; thence west 300 feet; thence south 30 rods, more or less to the north line of Tillamook Drainage District, as originally established; thence west to the place of beginning.

That it is proposed by the district to reclaim such lands for sanitary and agricultural purposes, and that such proposed reclamation will be conducive to the public health and welfare, and public utility and benefit;

That all the lands to be included as herein described, would be properly included within Tillamook Drainage District, and can be drained into the present drainage ditches of this district, and all of the lands desired to be added to the district as herein described, will be beneficially affected by the operations of the district.

That the benefits of the proposed reclamation of said lands will exceed any damage to be done thereby, and that the best interest of the land included, and of the owners of such land, as a whole, and of the public at large, will be promoted by the proposed extension of said boundaries, and the operations of the district in relation thereto and that this would be a proper and advantageous method of accomplishing the reclamation of said lands.

That Tillamook Drainage District proposes if said lands are included within its boundaries, to drain said lands by constructing a ditch through the lands running in a northeasterly direction from the present main ditch in the district, to or near the northeastern boundary of said proposed extension, to be of suitable size to carry off the excess water upon the lands; the detailed plan for such ditch to be furnished by the engineer of the district hereafter; provided that the additional project and all expenses and tax levies thereof or connected therewith to be kept separate from the original reclamation project of the district.

That the number of acres of land to be added to the district by the proposed change of boundaries will be thirty-seven acres, and that the owners, together with the quantities owned by them respectively, are as follows:

- M. W. Harrison, 12 acres.
- Henry Rogers, 3 1/2-10 acres.
- Claude Thayer, 7 acres.
- N. M. F. Dawson Estate 3 1/2 acres.
- T. J. Harris, Sr., 3 1/2 acres.
- H. A. Miles, 2 1/2 acres.

F. R. Beals, Trustee for J. R. Eldridge, 1 acre.

T. J. Harris, Sr. and wife, Mary E. 2 acres.

D. W. Ijams, Estate, 31-3 acres.

That the present main ditch of Tillamook Drainage District is constructed across the south part of the lands proposed to be added to the district, and by constructing a ditch leading therefrom in a northeasterly direction all of the land to be added to the district by the proposed change of boundaries, can be drained and made more sanitary and productive, but the same are low, wet and swampy at this time for lack of such drainage.

That the said drainage can be provided for a small cost per acre, and the value of the lands will be increased much more than the cost of reclaiming the same will amount to.

We further petition your Honorable body to appoint three commissioners, as provided by law, to assess benefits and damages on account of said proposed change.

Dated this 5th day of December 1918

Geo. Williams, Carl Hunt, M. W. Harrison, Supervisors of the Tillamook Drainage District of Tillamook County, Oregon.

State of Oregon, County of Tillamook ss.

I, M. W. Harrison, I George Williams, and I, Carl Hunt, being first duly sworn, each for myself, say that and that the matters therein stated are true, as I verily believe.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of December, 1918.

Geo. Williams H. T. Botts, Carl Hunt, Notary Public for Ore. M. W. Harrison My commission expires Dec. 21, 1919.

Administrator's Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned Thomas McGlinchy, by an order of the County Court for Tillamook County, Oregon, has been appointed administrator of the Estate of Edward McGlinchy, deceased, late of Tillamook County, Oregon. Notice is further given, that all persons having claims against the said estate are hereby required to present the same, duly verified and with proper vouchers, to the undersigned administrator, at 546 Marshall St., Portland, Oregon, or to his attorneys, within six months from this date.

Dated this December 17, 1918.

Thomas McGlinchy, Administrator of the Estate of Edward McGlinchy, deceased.

Johnson and Handley, Attorneys for the administrator. Tillamook, Oregon.

Executor's Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned Earl N. Pillsinger, by an order of the County Court, duly made and entered, has been appointed executor of the Estate and the last will and testament of Karl Graumann, deceased, late of Clark County, Washington. Notice is further given, that all persons having claims against the said estate must present the same to the undersigned, or to his attorneys, within six months from this date, with vouchers duly verified, according to law.

Dated this December 17, 1918.

Earl N. Pillsinger, Executor of the Estate and the last Will and Testament of Karl Graumann deceased. Address, Salem, Oregon.

Johnson & Handley Attorneys for the Executor, Tillamook, Ore.

Notice of Final Account.

Notice is hereby given that Louisa Zurfleuh Grab, the executrix of the estate of Henry Zurfleuh, deceased, has filed with the County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon, her final account requesting that the same be approved by the Court and that the administration upon said estate be closed; and that the court has fixed Saturday, the first day of February, 1919, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the court house in Tillamook City, Oregon, as the time and place for hearing any objections to said final account, and all persons concerned are required to present their objections, if any, at said time and place.

Louisa Zurfleuh Grab, Executrix of the estate of Henry Zurfleuh, deceased.

Geo. P. Winslow, Attorney for said estate.

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