

THE TILLAMOOK HEADLIGHT. F. C. BAKER, Publisher.

Subscription ..... \$1.50 yr.

Editorial Snap Shots.

The war news of the past few weeks not only proved that Germany's man power is about exhausted, but the generals in the allied armies have out-generated the Germans.

There's only two days left to go over the top in the second half tax drive. We are not hearing much about this patriotic drive but the tax collector wants everybody to come through with their taxes by the 5th of October, and those who do not will be on the delinquent list.

The bombing expeditions into Germany are worrying the German people, for they are increasing every week, doing immense damage and killing thousands of persons. Even the Kaiser had to seek safety by hurrying to the cellar of one of his mansions when the allies were giving the Germans a taste of their own medicine.

The St. Louis Post Dispatch says: "There would be no objection to the label 'Made in Free Germany.'" Of course there would. German made articles made by men who have butchered women and children, nailed prisoners of war to doors, cut off the hands of children, outraged women, starved prisoners, and committed millions of blood thirsty crimes. No, we don't want any of the blood stained made in Germany articles in the United States.

Cheese has taken another jump skyward, as as everything else appears to be getting to where prices are almost prohibitive, it is hoped that the high price of cheese will not have the effect of curtailing its use. As long as the demand keeps up there is no reason why cheese should not continue to advance in price, the same as other things we have to eat to keep our bodies intact. But cheese retailing for 40c. per pound it is becoming a luxury.

By way of argument, suppose it was the central powers that were on the point of winning the war, how the pro-Germans and German sympathizers would be rejoicing and denouncing the government and congress for plunging the country into war. They will have to keep mum, even after the war, for anyone who will sympathize with Germany after the barbarous blood thirsty methods used by that country, should get out of the United States as quickly as possible.

County Judge A. M. Hare informs us that the certified check which accompanied the bid for the improvement of the Three Rivers road was returned. From the looks of things, one can only surmise that the county's bid had been rejected, no doubt, because Attorney General Brown has ruled that a county cannot bid on road work, to be paid for in part by the State Highway Commission. The judge is anxiously waiting to know how the matter is to be adjusted.

It was pro-Germans who dominated the Socialist party, and it is pro-Germans who are dominating the I. W. W. It is German propaganda that is largely responsible for most of the labor troubles in the United States. Maybe, after the war is over the I. W. W. will cease to exist, but we hardly think so, for there are a good many pro-Germans, whenever they have an opportunity, are going to ferment trouble, especially when it comes to readjustment of wages after the war.

Quite a number of boys in writing home seem to think the war will be over soon and they will be home for Christmas. We do not want to disappoint them, but if they will just figure it out how long it took to transport three million men, at about 250,000 a month, from the United States to France, they will obtain a pretty correct idea how long it will take to bring them back. And it will also give a pretty good idea how long the labor situation will continue in the United States.

Last Friday the train coming in from Portland ran into a cloud of moths, which extended over several miles on the Salmonberry and Nehalem rivers. There had been large quantities of these moths for several days previous, but not in such large quantities as on Friday. It was said that it is the moth or worm that is destroying the timber, and if this is a fact, the cloud of moths that infested that part of the country get to work in the timber in that vicinity it will mean the destruction of much valuable timber.

The State Council of Defense took snap judgment when it passed a resolution to prohibit the sale of merchandise, etc. on Sundays and certain hours on week days. We don't see the logic, and never have, of making fish of one business and fowl of another. If there is to be a Sunday lid then put it on everything, including railroads and street cars, telephone and telegraph offices, post offices and express companies, and every other business that is now engaged in trade on Sunday, as well as those

who labor on Sunday at any occupation. But why discriminate?

Bulgaria has broken away from the central powers, and agreed to an unconditional surrender to the allies. That is another nail in the coffin of Germany and Austria. It is generally thought that Turkey will also sue for peace on the same terms. And these are the conditions that should be imposed on Germany and Austria, by the allies before hostilities are stopped. The crowned heads of Europe were responsible to a large extent for the horrible war, and by the look of things when the war is over a large number of them will be deposed.

C. S. Jackson, editor of the Portland Journal, and his paid attorney, must think that the people of Oregon are a lot of fools. There are a number of tax certificates sharks in Portland, and another bunch have developed in Seattle, and are invading Oregon. Their object is to squash the publication of the delinquent tax list to avoid publicity, so that they can sneak into the sheriff's office, buy tax certificates and then the person who is unable to pay his taxes are "bled white" when it comes to obtaining a clear title to property after the tax sharks have held them a certain time.

One thing we are going to ask the aspirants for the office of county treasurer, and we require an answer of "yes" or "No" from all of them. This is the question: "Will you if elected to the office of county treasurer, agree to do the recording?" Before they answer this question we would advise them to go to the County Clerk's office and ascertain the amount of work this will entail and whether they have the experience with a type writer to do the work promptly. Whoever is elected to the office will have plenty of work to keep them busy, for it is no soft job with little work and big pay for doing next to nothing.

Newspapers are coming in for a lot of useless advice and regulations about conserving paper. If the government would first stop the waste of paper in government departments it would be in a position to give the newspaper men advice. Dozens of letters, pamphlets and books are sent newspapers every day on different subjects, which find their way into the waste paper basket, and it would be a great surprise to know of the large amount of money it takes to run numerous information bureaus run by men who know little or nothing how to put concise reading matter before the public. Yes there is just complaint against the government's waste of paper, but anyone with any common sense knows that with paper at the present high price, newspaper men are not wasting paper.

Strange, wasn't it, that after the fire wardens had been called off and there was not much prospect of a bad fire, that a mysterious fire occurred in the brush near the Reehar house on the Wilson river, and it was soon destroyed. A similar fire occurred at Beaver a few weeks ago and destroyed property to the value of \$100,000. We simply mention these two incidents to remind the citizens of Tillamook County that when ever fires are set out in the vicinity of their property in the dry season they should get busy at once and should take no chances. These two fires could have been prevented had proper precautions been taken. Most of us Tillamookers are scared when a forest fire gets started, but lets keep our eyes wide open in our immediate vicinity, and this will prevent the settlers from fire losses.

Edgar B. Piper, editor of the Oregonian with about 15 other editors of leading newspapers, will be the honored guests of the British government for the next few months, who will be given first hand information how the allies are cemented together to lick the blood thirsty, barbarous Kaiser and his Hun followers. One thing that will cause Bro. Piper to wonder in amazement will be a visit to England's Grand fleet, which is augmented by that of the fleets of the allies of the United States, France and Italy, and the thousand of destroyers that patrol the seas and which are terror to the U-boats. His article will be highly interesting and full of useful information, and we are glad that the honor fell on Bro. Piper, and that Oregon was not overlooked in the invitation extended to distinguished newspaper men by Great Britain.

The Forest Grove Express is another newspaper to give up the ghost, leaving Forest Grove with only one newspaper. The war is playing havoc with the mushroom newspapers, but it is a good thing anyway, for there is no business sense in having two newspapers in a town where there should be only one. There are other small cities where it would be good business sense to have only one newspaper, and we are free to admit that Tillamook City is in that class and that it is a waste of man power, just the same as it is a waste of effort and money to run so many different churches in small towns. It would not surprise us in the least, if the war continues, that the government will insist on doubling up, or putting certain businesses out of business, and newspaper men should not squeal or claim that they are running an essential business when that

time comes, where there are two newspapers where one is sufficient.

The fine weather this fall made it possible to finish the five miles of hard surfaced road south of this city, and it is hoped that the next budget will provide for several miles of hard surface roads in other parts of the county. When the five miles of hard surfacing is finished it would not be a bad idea to take a joyride over it with a large number of autos to celebrate the completion of another section of the hard surfaced road that is to be built through the entire length of the county, which will be one of the best projects ever undertaken in Tillamook county, not only from an economic point of view, but it will be a great attraction as well to tourists and pleasure seekers. It is the hard surface roads in California that are now drawing cars, and Oregon should be wide awake and build hard surfaced roads as speedily as possible.

Some newspapers are advising people to write interesting letters to the boys in France, which is good advice, but, after all, the movement started in the East to send home newspapers to the boys appeal to us as the best plan of keeping them well informed as to the news in their home towns and counties. Committees in some of the Eastern towns have this matter in hand and they are sending home newspapers to the boys in France, which we consider is the best news they can receive from home. It would be a good idea to start this movement in Tillamook. We have numerous instances where Tillamook boys in France have been delighted to get hold of a copy of the Headlight and how they appreciate the news that it contains of local events and happenings. We do not want to discourage the letter writing idea, but we do think that no one letter would contain the variety of home news as is contained in the home newspaper. We were sending about 30 copies a week to Tillamook boys, free, but the new government regulations makes this a violation to do so.

One thing—and very vital—that is troubling Germany right now is man power. Every battle that the Germans engage in leaves her that much weaker in man power. As an illustration of this it is reported that the allies look 185,000 prisoners on the western front in two months, and it is estimated that Germany lost 600,000 men during the two months. That is eating up Germany's man power exceedingly fast, which has been going on for four years. Another thing that goes to prove that Germany is getting short of men is what German prisoners say about men taken from hospitals and rushed to the front to help check the onslaught of the allies. Everything goes to prove that Germany's man power is being so depleted is now a serious problem and spell defeat for Germany. No doubt the allies realize the serious plight that Germany is now in, and that is the reason that they are pounding them on all fronts with such success. But every day, and every battle Germany gets into makes her that much weaker in man power and brings us that much nearer the close of the war.

The untimely death of H. B. Mills in the east last week, a victim of Spanish influenza, came as a great surprise, for he was a young man with a robust, healthy constitution. His name will go on the honor roll with others who have given up their lives for their country. It was the call of duty and patriotism that took young Mills to the Atlantic coast, to be trained for the tank service, and for that reason he is entitled to as much honor as if he had been killed in battle. We feel sad that Tillamook county has lost such a fine, promising young man in the prime of life and full of ambition, but this is only another illustration of the uncertainty of life. It often happens that young people are stricken down in this manner, while the old and infirm weather epidemics like the Spanish influenza. It is a sad experience for a good, loving wife to endure this great bereavement in her young womanhood as well as the young man's parents and relatives, but there is this satisfaction Mills gave up his life for his country. He was a young man we all greatly admired and much respected and the heartfelt sympathy of the people of Tillamook County is with the young woman who has been made a widow by the cruel war.

The speech of Count Von Hertling, the German Imperial chancellor, last week was another of those silly talks about Germany having to defend herself when the war started. It was Germany that started the war for a world conquest, and the war lords of Germany, and the people of Germany as well, were all foolish enough to think that that country could lick and conquer the whole world. The German people entered into the war with such enthusiasm that they thought they were invincible, and no doubt, thought they could capture the whole world in like manner that they defeated France in 1870. The chancellor sees all the enthusiasm of 1914 in Germany gone and in its place is wide discontent and a clamor for peace, but like most of the war lords of Germany he still thinks that that country is invincible and appeals to the people not to complain, even though he admits that Germany is in a critical condition,

with discontent at home, and defeats coming one after another in quick succession. Count Hertling now admits that Germany transgressed the written law in entering Belgium, which was done to reach Paris as quickly as possible, and this again goes to prove that any written agreement the allies have with Germany is not worth the paper it is written upon. Should the allies make a written agreement with Germany tomorrow it would amount to the same thing.

We hope the next State Legislature will amend the present law for the protection of timber. Splendid results have been obtained the past few years by state, county and private fire wardens. We must all freely admit that they have prevented many serious fires and loss of valuable timber, and Tillamook county is to be congratulated that no very serious timber loss have occurred for 15 years. We pointed out in the summer when the fire situation looked serious, the need of more fire wardens, even suggesting that the county court appoint a number of men to act as fire wardens. The point we want to elaborate on is the idea of putting forest fire protection under one head and with power to enforce proper precaution being taken in setting out fire. At the present time the federal authorities, the state the county and the timber owners have different organizations to prevent and fight forest fires. Why not do the sensible thing and place the management under one head? We think the state should be empowered with that authority, working in conjunction with the federal government. That appears to be a proper solution of the situation by those who are interested in preventing a large amount of timber in Oregon being destroyed by fire. The timber owners, of course, would have to pay a certain amount of money every year, which they do now, not only to protect their own timber, but other timber and property, which we believe would be better done if forest fire protection was placed under one head.

"Sunday Lid" Goes On.

This is the edict of the State Council of Defense, to go into effect next Sunday.

At a recent meeting of the State Council of Defense, resolutions were adopted, setting forth the requirements of that organization as a war measure, and notice has been given that the order for Sunday closing will be enforced to the letter for the duration of the war.

The resolution follows: "Resolved, That on and after October 1, 1918, all sales of merchandise at any point within the state of Oregon, on the first day of the week commonly known as Sunday, at any time after 9 p.m. on Saturday, and at any time after 6 p.m. on any other day of the week should be continued during the continuance of the war; provided, that such sales may be made at any drug store until 8 p.m. of any day of the week except Sunday, and that the foregoing prohibition shall not apply in the case of drugstores in the filling of prescriptions, sales of medicine or sick room necessities, any or all of which may be sold on any day at any hour; provided, further, that the selling of meals in restaurants, hotels, lunch counters and eating rooms shall not be deemed the sale of merchandise under the terms of this resolution; and, provided, further, that the sale of gasoline, distillate and lubricating oil at garages and public filling stations, except in the supplying of motor trucks actually engaged directly or indirectly in war industries, shall be deemed the sale of merchandise and subject to the terms and conditions of this resolution."

It has been decided to postpone the enforcement of the resolution until October 8.

Circuit Court Next Monday.

The October term of the circuit court will convene next Monday morning with Judge Geo. R. Bagley on the bench. There is a somewhat long docket for this term of court and there are several persons who have been bound over to the grand jury:

- Additional cases recently filed are: Carl A. Johnson vs. A. J. Wilks and F. E. Wilks is a suit to restrain the defendant from trespassing on plaintiff's property or in any manner taking or molesting his garden, and for damages amounting to \$500. A. H. Wensley vs. H. H. Graf is a suit to recover \$175.00 on a promissory note. W. B. Alderman vs. Solon Schiffmann is a suit to recover \$338.40 for materials, oils and gasoline. Hillsboro Mercantile Co. vs. Ed. Wann is a suit to recover \$124.25 for merchandise furnished the defendant. Webster Holmes vs. J. Canby Morgan is a suit to recover \$200.00 for professional services. Louis Albert vs. Feeney-Bremer Co. is a suit to recover \$378.85 growing out of a contract for ship knees. Cases sent for trial: Arthur E. Holden vs. O. E. Guldstrom. October 7, at 10 a.m. State of Oregon, vs. C. F. DeFoe. October 9, at 9 a.m., Second case at 1 p.m. A. Arstall vs. D. H. Fletcher et al. October 11, at 9 a.m. Arnold von Wyle vs. Solon Schiffmann. October 7, at 3 p.m. Sarah E. Hickey vs. Clay Daniels.

October 8, at 9 a.m. W. Kuppenbender vs. Ike Quick. October 10 at 9 a.m. State of Oregon vs. James Langley. October 10, at 1 p.m. Smith-Wagoner Co. vs. Charles Stonehouse. October 11, 4:50 p.m.

Letter From Camp Dodge.

Camp Dodge, Iowa, Aug. 19, 1918. Dear Mother—I thought I would drop you a few lines to let you know I am still well and hope this finds you the same.

I had a very pleasant trip. The Red Cross people met us at nearly every depot and gave us candy, fruit and cigarettes. They sure are doing some work for the soldiers. I like it better here than in Camp Fremont, for it is not so dusty, but it is sure cold here at night. We have little carts made for mules to pull, but we haven't any mules, so we have to pull them ourselves. We have the Browning Machine gun now. It sure is a good gun and I would like to get a chance to use it on a Hun.

I had my picture taken the other day but it was spoiled, so will have to have another one taken. I was behind the machine gun and had hold of the trigger with my left hand, had my 45 in my other hand and my trench knife in my teeth, no wonder it wasn't any good. Hope I have better luck next time. I must close for this time. Your loving son.

Pvt. Carl Haugen. Mr. and Mrs. T. Haugen have four boys in the army, two of whom are in France and as they are deeply interested in Red Cross work in this county they are wanting to let people know what the Red Cross people are doing for the boys in other places

Another Interesting Letter From Thomas Coates.

August 21, 1918.

Dear Agnes—This is one to you. There is nothing to say—and what is worse nothing to do. You see I am out of the hospital and waiting to get settled again, and all I do is loaf around the barracks and wait to be called out and sent somewhere. There is quite a bit to do in the evening though, for we can leave camp from five to ten, and there are plenty of Y. M. C. A. programs, etc. here. Allan Jones is somewhere in this neighborhood, I think, but I don't know where or how I am going to find him.

Say, I don't believe I ever mentioned about the Dutch bread. Once when I was lost from my Company, I looked over some of the Bosche stuff, which was lying all around. I didn't have ambition to pick up anything to keep for souvenirs, so I just looked it over. I was pretty hungry, and ran across some bread in one of the packs. It looked fine from the back, the crust—but I turned it over, and I was hungry no longer. The stuff looked the color of chocolate, and as though it might have been made from a combination of dirty potato peelings and dust. I never had the nerve even to taste it, though I wish now that I had. I picked up a rifle and it had had so little care, and been loaded so long, that the shells were rusted or stuck in the magazine, and would not come out.

I haven't had any mail since the middle of July, but I suppose I will get a big bunch when I get settled. Hope so. This is an awful hot place. The hardest thing to do is to keep cool during the day, and they say this is a rainy place.

Oh, yes, we have to walk, usually, between one and four kilometers for meals here, and in the hottest part of the day too.

There is one thing about this army I do not like. It talks too many languages. For example, I was standing one noon at the door of the dining room at the hospital, and started to listen to the crowd about me. They were talking from Dutch to French—but no English. I think that even the Chinese were there. I recognized about five different languages. All these fellows can talk some English, but they are often hard to understand—and it "gets my goat."

Am out of paper with this sheet.

Grangers Urged to Buy Bonds.

Whereas, it has again become necessary for our Government to call upon the people of this country to loan their funds to the Government to provide the necessary funds with which to vigorously and successfully prosecute the war in which we are now engaged, and whereas, only by co-operation and the united efforts of the people of this county can the proper support be given to the President of the United States in the struggle in which we are now engaged, now

Therefore be it resolved, that Oretown Grange No. 354, does hereby pledge its united support to the President of the United States in this great crisis, and as a means of giving material evidence of this support every member of the Oretown grange is hereby urged to participate in the Fourth Liberty Loan by becoming a subscriber for bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan for as great an amount as possible.

W. H. Christensen, T. A. Porter, and W. A. Gage, Committee. The same resolution was passed by White Clover Grange, No. 279, of Mohler, and signed by the Master J. B. Lommen and the Secretary Geo. Loerappel.

BULGARIA QUILTS THE WAR

Make Unconditional Surrender to The Allies.

London, Sept. 30.—The signing of a convention bringing hostilities between the entente allies and Bulgaria to a close at night was announced by Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer at a meeting in the Guild-hall today. The meeting marked the opening of the Autumn war savings campaign.

The armistice concluded with Bulgaria by the entente allies is a purely military convention and contains no provisions of a political character. Bulgaria agrees to evacuate all the territory she now occupies in Greece and Siberia, to demobilize her army immediately and surrender all means of transport to the allies.

Control of Danube Conceded.

Bulgaria will also surrender her boats and control of navigation on the Danube and concede to the allies free passage through Bulgaria for the development of military operations. All Bulgarian arms and ammunition are to be stored under the control of the allies, to whom is conceded the right to occupy all important strategic points.

Occupation Provided For.

The Associated Press fears that the military occupation of Bulgaria will be entrusted to British, French and Italian forces and the evacuated portions of Greece and Siberia respectively to Greek and Bulgarian troops. The armistice means a complete military surrender and Bulgaria ceases to be a belligerent.

All questions of territorial rearrangements in the Balkans were purposely omitted from the convention.

People to Deal With King Question.

The allies made no stipulation concerning King Ferdinand, his position being considered an internal matter one for the Bulgarians themselves to deal with.

The armistice will remain in operation until a final general peace is concluded.

In discussing the armistice convention to-day Chancellor Bonar Law said that it meant "that Germany's dream of a German middle-Eastern empire had gone forever."

Allies Get Railways.

By the term of the agreement, he continued, Bulgaria gives up completely the control of railways, the Chancellor said. Control of the Bulgarian railways, he pointed out, gives control of Bulgaria.

Mr. Bonar Law said that since July 12, troops of the British Empire had captured 1000 square miles of territory, 250 villages and more than 120,000 German prisoners.

"Something More" Promised.

Referring to the Palestine campaign he said: "The magnificent success of our armies in Palestine has resulted in the extinction of the greater part of the Turkish army, but something more is going to follow."

He announced that General Allenby's forces had taken 50,000 Turkish prisoners in Palestine. The Chancellor said it had been promised that if the enemy continued to bombard defenseless towns he would be paid back with interest and that the promise had been kept. The British air force, he declared, had had a great deal to do with breaking the enemy morale.

Success Declared Wonderful.

"There is no changing of metal here at the wonderful success of the last week" the Chancellor remarked, "but joy bells are ringing in all our hearts."

Notice to Contractors.

Notice is hereby given, that the County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon, will until 10 o'clock a.m. of October 11, 1918, receive bids for the grading and graveling of Section 7 of the Garibaldi-Wheeler road, according to the plans on file in the office of the County Surveyor, and the specifications on file in the office of the County Clerk.

Notice to Contractors.

Notice is hereby given, that the County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon, will until 10 o'clock a.m. of October 11, 1918, receive bids for the grading of Section 4 of the Garibaldi-Wheeler road, according to the plans on file in the office of the County Surveyor, and the specifications on file in the office of the County Clerk.

On date above mentioned the Court will publicly open and read the bids but reserves the right to reject any and all bids. First publication, Sept. 26, 1918. Last Publication, Oct. 10, 1918. Erwin Harrison, County Clerk.

Attention All Men of Draft Age.

You are urged to drill with the Home Guard every Wednesday evening. The government requests that you put yourself in the best possible condition before you enter the service. This is part of your patriotic duty.