

FAIR DRAFT IS PLEA OF GENERAL WHITE

Sheriffs at Convention are Told to Avoid Allowing "Pull" to Influence Them.

George A. White, Adjutant General of the Oregon National Guard, informed Sheriffs of the state, at the Sheriffs' convention in the courthouse that in recognition of their good work in handling the war census, Governor Withycombe has confirmed recommendations that county registration boards shall pass on exemptions from military service when selective conscription begins in Oregon.

The county registration boards are composed in each county of the Sheriff, the County Clerk and the County Physician. In Portland, as a city of more than 30,000 population there are nine additional district boards, serving under a central city registration board.

Conscription Must be Fair. In an address to the sheriffs, General White also emphasized the absolute necessity of keeping politics out of the work of the boards in passing on claims for exemption.

He declared that there must be no "playing ball" with politicians in carrying out the provisions of the conscription law, and that no more consideration was to be shown the man of wealth and influence than the butcher boy and ditch digger.

"The working out of the draft in Oregon must be kept entirely free of the contamination of politics and special privilege," said General White. "I need not tell you that there is a considerable element, if not a class, in our population which forever seeks special dispensations of public officials. And the official who has the courage of honest convictions and re- fuses to yield if forever thereafter made the target for the bitter displeasures of those whom he has not aided in their unholy designs."

Official Duty Difficult. "I realize only too well the difficulties placed in the way of the official who will not 'play ball' as it is called. No doubt you have all had to make your choice many times between honest public service and the importunities of those who were moving heaven and earth in an effort to take you from the straight and stony path of your honest convictions of what was right."

"But the time has come when every official, whether Constable or Congressman, must consult his conscience more and his selfish interests less. The time has come for fair and open dealing and the courageous rejection of every attempt at influencing you from your sense of who is right. This principle has been recognized for many years, but so far it has gotten little further than the essay or stump-speech stage. Now its active adoption must become universal. The National crisis demands it and national necessity will force such an adjustment."

"Just consider the hideous selfishness of the man who, because of local prominence, come to you and seeks to have himself or his kin exempted from draft on some flimsy pretext designed to meet the technical requirements for exemption."

"It means that he would commit a crime against every other man subject to draft by increasing his liability to selection. The man who makes such a request of you, and I fear there will be many of them, is contemptible beyond words, and the official of an exemption board who would become a party to lending assistance in such a case would be nothing less than a traitor to the country."

"Pull" Often Exerted. This is not an imaginary menace I am pointing out to you. Perhaps its actuality has already manifested itself. I know that every known influence has been exerted to get favored men out of the National Guard or to have favored sons made officers for no better reason than that they had influential friends or relatives, and when failure resulted locally the efforts in some instances have been carried as far as Congress.

"Now you gentlemen will have an important part in the work of the actual draft and I know you will do it as earnestly, honestly and efficiently as you did your work in taking the census. Beware of the man who wants his own son exempted and the other man's son sent to the firing line instead."

Sandlake Items.

By great final effort the Grangers got their hall enclosed in time to enter in Pomona Grand. The building of this hall is a good example of what can be accomplished by community effort. It is the second largest grange hall in the county, and was built with very little cash outlay, other than for nails, the labor all donated. The lumber was earned by members working at the saw mill, most of the shingles were sawed out by hand and even the doors and windows were paid for with cedar lumber which members of the grange got out by their labor. A great deal of credit for this accomplishment is due to the master Albert Brown, to Amc Blum and the Carter Brothers.

commencement exercises Thursday evening. Fifteen automobiles were counted in Sandlake last Sunday. It was only two years ago that people thought a car could not get over the mountain.

Albert Brown went to State Grange at Astoria and will also visit his son near Oregon City.

Frank Brown is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Brown.

Notice of Intention to Improve Street in Tillamook City.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the Common Council of Tillamook City, Oregon, did, on the 20th day of June, 20, 1917, adopt a resolution for the improvement of a street, in words, yetters and figures as follows, to-wit:

Resolution and Notice of Intention to Improve a Certain Street in Tillamook City, Oregon.

Be it resolved, That the Common Council of Tillamook City, Oregon, deems it expedient and hereby declares its intention to improve the following street in said city, to-wit: Miller Avenue from the north side of Third Street to the south side of Fifth Street by establishing the grade of said street, by grading the same to proper grade, by rolling the roadway thereof, and by laying thereon a concrete roadway 24 feet in width, and 6 inches in thickness, and by building curbs, catch basins and laying drain pipes together with inlets and constructing laterals for sewer connections, and making provisions for the necessary surface drainage of said street, with all the appurtenances thereto.

All of said improvements to be made in accordance with the charter, resolutions and ordinances of Tillamook City, and in accordance with the plans and specifications and estimates of work thereof made and prepared by the City Engineer of Tillamook City, and filed in the office of the City Recorder of said city. All of said improvements to be made at the expense of the property, and all thereof adjacent thereto and especially benefited by said improvements within the limits of said district established and defined by this resolution.

Be it further resolved, that the plans, specifications and estimates for the proposed improvements so made and prepared by the City Engineer, the estimate of the probable total cost thereof being \$3,080.81 and the same are hereby approved.

That the boundaries of the assessment district to be benefited by said improvements and assessed therefor are hereby established as follows: Beginning at the Northwest corner of Lot 2 in Block 2 of A. A. Miller's Addition to the Town of Tillamook, now Tillamook City, and running thence South along the center line of Blocks 2 and 4 of said Miller's Addition to the South line of said Block 4; thence East along the South line of Block 4 and of Block 3 in said Miller's Addition to a point 105 feet East of the Southwest corner of said Block 3; thence North parallel with the West line of said district to a point in the North side of Block 1 of said Miller's Addition 105 feet East of the Northwest corner of said Block 1; and thence West to the place of beginning.

That said district shall be and is hereby designated as Local Improvement District No. 9, and all the property included within the district is described as follows: Lots 1, 2, 7 and 8 in Block 2; Lots 1, 2, 7, and 8 in Block 4; also Lots 8 to 15 inclusive and 5 feet of the entire west side of Lots 7 and 16 in Block 1; and Lots 8 to 15 inclusive and 5 feet of the entire west side of Lots 7 and 16 in Block 3, all in said A. A. Miller's Addition to the Town of Tillamook, now Tillamook City.

Be it further resolved, That the City Recorder be and is hereby instructed to cause this resolution and notice to be published for three consecutive publications in the city official newspaper, That the Tillamook Headlight is designated as the city official newspaper for this purpose. That the City Engineer is directed to cause to be conspicuously posted at each end of the line of the proposed improvement a copy of this resolution and notice within three days of the date of the first publication thereof, and that all persons concerned be thereby notified of the date of the first publication of said notice, and that objections and remonstrances to that proposed improvement may be filed with the City Recorder within 20 days from said date.

All persons concerned are hereby notified that said resolution was duly adopted on the date aforesaid. That the first publication of this notice is made June 21, 1917, and that objections and remonstrances to the proposed improvement may be filed with the undersigned City Recorder within 20 days from said date.

Done by order of the Common Council of Tillamook City. Dated June 21st, 1917. Ira C. Smith, City Recorder of Tillamook City, Oregon.

"The Round-Up."

A prisoner in a British court was asked the usual question: "Guilty or not guilty?" "Yes," responded the man at bar. "What that?" queried the court, sharply. "You asked whether I was guilty or not guilty, and of course I am. Of the two conditions I course I am not well," "Oh, go on judge. What's the jury for?"

Old John Gates, an Edinburg upholsterer, was renowned for his silence. People who have been his customers for a generation had many of them never heard a word except "Good morning. Five shillings. Thank you. Good day." A patron one day said to John: "What's the best kind of mattress?" "Hair," was the reply. The patron some twenty years later, had occasion to buy another mattress and again asked what the best kind was. "Cotton," said John. "Cotton?" the patron cried. "Why you told me!

twenty years ago that hair was the best." The old man gave a sigh. "Talking has always been my ruin," he said.

Two sentimental college youths were discussing the quality of a girl they would choose as a life companion. The more sentimental asked: "Which kind of a girl do you prefer, the one who can walk and walk and walk without ever having to stop and rest, or the girl who has to stop every now and then in a shady place by the roadside?" "I like the girl," said the more conservative youth, "who can walk and walk and walk without ever having to stop and rest, but who prefers to pause by the wayside every now and then."

In a patriotic rally in a Puget Sound City recently a mixed audience was in attendance, when one of the speakers, pausing for a moment to let the effect of his words sink in, lowered his tone and asked impressively but quietly: "What can be more said than a man without a country?" "A country without a man," replied a hard-featured, unmarried lady in the audience.

The lady had sung frequently, and was doing it again. One of the guests turned to a meek looking little man sitting at her side and said: "How awful! Who can she be?" "That," replied the man addressed, "is my wife." "Hh, I beg your pardon!" stammered the other. "She's really a—I know she'd sing beautifully if she made a better selection of her music. Who do you suppose wrote that song?" "I am the author of that song," replied the meek looking little man.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given: That pursuant to a writ of execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, dated the 19th day of June, 1917, upon a decree rendered in said Court on the 18th day of June, 1917, in the cause wherein Louise Weinhard, Anna Wessinger, Paul Wessinger and Henry Wagner, executrixes and executors respectively of the last will and testament of Henry Weinhard, deceased, were plaintiffs, and F. H. Astmann, Veronika Astmann, and Veronika Astmann, as assignee of F. H. Astmann, for the benefit of the creditors of F. H. Astmann, were defendants, in favor of said plaintiffs and against the said defendants for the sum of twenty-seven hundred dollars, together with interest thereon from January 17th, 1912, at the rate of six per cent per annum until paid, and for the further sum of two hundred fifty dollars attorney's fees and for the costs and disbursements of this suit, taxed at \$17.75, which said execution is to me directed, commanding me as Sheriff to satisfy the said decree by sale of the real property hereinafter described:

Now, therefore, in order to satisfy said decree, I will, on Saturday, the 21st day of July, 1917, at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the Court House in Tillamook City, Oregon, sell at public auction (subject to redemption) to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest of the said defendants in and to the following described real property, situated in the County of Tillamook and State of Oregon, to-wit:

The East Half (E. 1/2) of the North East quarter (N.E. 1/4) and the South West quarter (S.W. 1/4) of the North East quarter (N. E. 1/4) of Section five (5), in Township One (1) North of Range Ten (10) West of Willamette Meridian, containing one hundred nineteen and 82/100 (119.82) acres, more or less.

Dated this 20th day of June, 1917. W. L. Campbell, Sheriff of Tillamook County, Ore.

Attention Ye Swamp Angels.

Kin Tile, all sizes, ready for you Monday, June 25th.—Tillamook Clay Works.

HUMOROUS LECTURER VERY POPULAR

Andrew Johnson Brings Many Laughs to Chautauqua.

Everybody is looking forward to "Johnson hour" at Chautauqua. "John son hour" is a famous Chautauqua phrase throughout the East and Middle West. It is a term which designates sixty popping minutes with Andrew Johnson.



ANDREW JOHNSON. Andrew Johnson, famous American humorist, on the platform and a tingling audience "under fire." Johnson is originality plus. He has the largest and choicest assortment of "bullseye" anecdotes ever shot from the platform by any one man. This play on the humorous, however, is only the tobacco sauce to the meat of his thought.

WASHINGTON STATE NEWS OF INTEREST

Important Occurrences of Past Week Briefly Compiled for Our Readers.

North Yakima's quota of liberty bonds was oversubscribed \$52,000.

Military events will be featured in Vancouver's Fourth of July celebration.

This season's wheat crop will be the largest ever known in Franklin county.

Lumber camps in Kittitas county are all working despite the strike of I. W. W.

Seattle's subscriptions to the liberty loan totaled \$9,083,800. The apportionment was \$8,200,000.

The Lincoln county treasurer's office collected taxes amounting to \$103,908 during April and May.

Washington state college graduated a class of 159 students at the 21st annual commencement exercises.

With seasonable weather from now on, prospects for a big wheat crop in the Spokane territory will be excellent.

More than \$2000 in prizes was awarded at the Thirteenth annual horse show held in Waitsburg last week.

Spokane's subscription to the Liberty loan of 1917 is approximately \$3,560,000, or \$20,000 in excess of its quota.

Seven hundred workers, mostly women and girls, in 20 large Seattle laundries, struck for a general increase in wages.

The Seattle Construction and Dry Dock company on Saturday was awarded a contract to build ten 7,500-ton steel steamships.

On June 15 the balance in the state treasury was \$5,939,574, according to the statement issued by W. W. Shearman, state treasurer.

It is estimated the total expenditure by the war department at American Lake during the coming three months will aggregate \$5,000,000.

Governor Lister has issued an appeal to the citizens of the state of Washington for support of the Red Cross campaign for funds.

Governor Lister appointed Asher Hobson state director of farm marketing. Hobson will establish temporary headquarters at Washington State College, Pullman.

The American Lake cantonment contract, involving more than \$3,000,000, has been awarded the Hurley-Mason company, of Tacoma, on the cost, plus 7 per cent basis.

Word has been received at Ellensburg of the death at White Bluffs of Thomas J. Randall, an old settler of the valley and probably the first minister to come to Ellensburg.

Beans are going to be used extensively in eastern Washington in the present effort to increase food production. They will become a valuable crop if given proper attention.

Work has now commenced on the new permanent highway known as the Pasco-Rattlesnake flat road, which is being built out of Pasco by Franklin county at a cost of about \$35,000.

A controlling interest in the Aberdeen shipbuilding yards has been purchased by Grant Smith & Co., one of the largest contracting firms in the country. The deal involves \$200,000.

The "dry squad" of the Seattle police force poured \$10,000 worth of alcoholic liquor into the gutter near the city jail. The liquor was the accumulation of seizures for several months past.

The Washington district synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church, comprising Washington, Oregon, Idaho and California, held its annual session in Ritzville. There were about 50 delegates present.

The May report of B. C. Wright, official tester for the Chehalis District Cow Testing association, shows 113 cows produced on an average over 40 pounds of butterfat. Of these 690 did better than 45 pounds each.

Owners of trailers for auto trucks should secure licenses for their trailers, as the new auto code, which went into effect on June 7, provides that such vehicles must be licensed the same as all other motor trucks.

All grain seeding in the Palouse country, which in some parts of that district was held back nearly a month, is now completed, it is reported, but many of the farmers are still putting in field peas and other winter feed crops.

The grand chapter of the Washington order of the Eastern Star, at its closing session in Seattle, elected Roy G. Rossman, of Seattle, associate grand patron, and Mrs. Ida McQuesten, of Tacoma, associate grand conductress.

Applications for more than 12,000 acres of state school land have been received and the land will be placed on sale July 21. Land Commissioner Savage says most of it is located in eastern Washington, and he attributes the heavy demand to the high prices for wheat and other foodstuffs. The big majority of the applications are for agricultural and grazing lands.

Rabies has caused livestock losses of \$60,000 in the state of Washington this year according to E. F. Benson, state commissioner of agriculture.

To make a detailed study of the best measures for protection against forest fires, the standardization committee appointed at the 1916 annual conference of the Western Forestry and Conservation association met in Spokane June 19.

Because the Yakima county commissioners allowed the county horticultural department only about half the appropriation this year Inspector De Sellem announced that he will discharge four of his seven deputy inspectors August 1.

County Engineer Cramer, of Cowitz county, has established a camp on the Toutle river and started work on an extension of the Coal Bank road, the terminus of which will be St. Helens, Wash., a distance of 13 miles from Kalama.

That the county agricultural agents in all parts of the state are taking a prominent part in the food conservation campaign is indicated by reports made by the agents who were in Pullman last week in conference with state college officials.

Dr. Henry Suzzallo, president of the University of Washington, in the Centralia high school auditorium delivered an address on Red Cross work. Dr. Suzzallo came to arouse interest in the campaign to be waged to raise \$8000 for Red Cross activities.

Governor Lister appointed the following members of the state board of mining inspectors, created by the new mining code: D. R. Swam, a mining engineer, Tacoma; B. H. Johnston, a mine operator, Centralia; Peter Boose, a working miner, Black Diamond.

Lake Union, a large fresh water body in Seattle, became part of the harbor by the completion of a bridge across the Lake Washington ship canal. Any merchant vessel in the world may now enter the lake by use of the government canal from Puget Sound.

The work of grading and surfacing three miles of the Pacific highway four miles east of Ridgefield, commencing at a point south of La Center, will be started just as soon as the federal government approves the project as a postal road, under the federal aid law.

The Snohomish Valley Cow Testing association finished the year's work with a splendid record for the twelfth testing month. During the last month the association report shows 16 cows having made more than 60 pounds of butter fat and 32 cows having produced between 40 and 50 pounds.

The home guards of north central Washington perfected the organization of a regiment, when the officers of a number of companies in the valley met at Wenatchee. The following towns were represented: Twisp, Omak, Okanogan, Brewster, Cashmere, Ephrata, Wenatchee, Winthrop and Winthrop.

The grand chapter of the Washington order of the Eastern Star elected Mrs. Lizzie McCormack, of Tacoma, grand matron; P. D. Babcock, of Yakima, grand patron; Mrs. Rosella Durant, of Snohomish, associate grand matron, and re-elected Mrs. Vesta Schoff grand secretary and Mrs. Rada Uphus grand treasurer.

Announcement of changes in the administrative policy of the state college at Pullman, was made by President E. O. Holland at the conclusion of the commencement exercises last week. Recommendations made by President Holland, advising reorganization of the college into "colleges" and "schools," were adopted by the board of regents. The reorganization will be along the lines of the system in vogue quite generally among the other land grant colleges and universities throughout the country.

Attorney-General William V. Tanner has ruled that after July 1, under the so-called Reed amendment, only druggists may obtain permits to import liquor into the state, and for medicinal purposes alone. No individuals will be able to get permits for personal use after that date. The attorney general also declared that county officials were justified in accepting the recent ruling of the secretary of the state that the state "bone dry" law was suspended pending a final count of the signatures on petitions asking for a referendum vote on the measure.

The governor has appointed the following members of the state council of defense, who will serve without pay and pay their own expenses in attending meetings: Food supply and conservation, Charles Hebbard, Spokane; labor, E. P. Marsh, Everett; farm labor, A. L. Rogers, Waterville; shipbuilding, C. J. Lord, Olympia; transportation, George Donald, North Yakima; lumber, Everett G. Griggs, Tacoma; home defense, W. A. Peters, Seattle; manufacturing, J. T. Hefferman, Seattle; fisheries, W. A. Lowman, Anacortes; women's work, Mrs. J. S. McKee, Hoquiam; publicity, J. G. Kelley, Walla Walla; aviation, W. E. Boeing, Seattle, sanitation and medicine, Dr. E. C. Wheeler, Tacoma; law and finance, E. S. McCord, Seattle; co-ordination of societies and educational institutions, Dr. Henry Suzzallo, Seattle.

FOOD LEGISLATION WILL BE RUSHED

Wilson Instructs Hoover to Immediately Organize for Food Conservation.

Washington.—Congress' delay in passing the administration's food bills drew from President Wilson an order directing Herbert C. Hoover to proceed immediately with organization of the new food administration insofar as it contemplates food conservation and elimination of waste through the co-operation of volunteer forces.

"While it would in many ways be desirable to await complete legislation establishing the food administration," the president wrote, "it appears to me that so far as volunteer effort can be assembled we should wait no longer."

Plans for enlisting every housewife in the country as a volunteer member of the food administration have been announced by Mr. Hoover, who plans to reach the women through the state defense councils and through various women's organizations. Every woman will be taught how to save food in the kitchen and how to purchase for her family.

President Wilson's insistence that the food bills be speeded up caused the senate to put the food control bill next on the calendar and taken up Monday when the house also began debate on the bill. The measure was reported to the senate without recommendation.

Food and fuel pirates can have little comfort from the temper of congress. There are many differences on the details of food control legislation, but it is evident that the law will go far enough to make the regulation effective, even if it stops short of the fixing of maximum prices.

The senate has passed one bill for a comprehensive food survey, which will enable the authorities to know at all times what supplies are in reserve and who holds them. It has passed another, granting authority for regulation of railroad traffic, so that priority may be given to shipments in the manner directed by the government.

The house has also made a start on this legislation and the main elements are defined. The government is going to know what supply of food exists, where it is needed, how much is in storage and what a fair price will be. With full power to deal with speculation and hoarding, the power to fix the selling prices may not be needed.

LIBERTY LOAN IS OVERSUBSCRIBED

Washington.—Secretary McAdoo announced that no part of the great over-subscription to the liberty loan would be accepted, and that his statement of May 10, in which he declared that the issue would be limited to \$2,000,000,000 stood good.

Mr. McAdoo's announcement will result in paring down hundreds of the larger subscriptions until the total reaches the \$2,000,000,000 limit.

The American people responded to the government's call for funds to finance the war with an over-subscription to the \$2,000,000,000 liberty loan of proportions so huge that officials were buried beneath a landslide of returns. In the country's ringing answer to the call, the dominant note was the voice of the small investor. The hope for a widespread response of the average man with the average income was more than realized. The subscriptions, it is believed, will reach the total of \$2,852,800,000.

WAR BUDGET SIGNED

Appropriates \$3,340,000,000, the Greatest Sum Ever Voted at One Time.

Washington.—The \$3,340,000,000 war budget, long delayed by congress on technicalities, became law when President Wilson affixed his signature to the measure.

The war budget, known as the urgent deficiency bill, appropriates the greatest sum ever voted in a lump by any legislative body. Its appropriations total a sum far greater than the total cost of any war in which the United States has heretofore engaged. The principal appropriations are for putting the army and navy in fighting trim.

The most important single provision of the measure is the appropriation of \$750,000,000 for the construction of an American merchant marine to carry food and munitions to the entente allies. The delay in making this money available threatened seriously to delay the building of the "food fleet" under the direction of General Goethals and the shipping board.

New Peace Offer Made to Russia. Stockholm, via London.—The Social Democrats says Germany has made an offer of peace to Russia through a member of the Swiss federal council.