

**FOOD PREPAREDNESS.**

**President Appeals to You and to Men, Women, and Children on Farms.**

**My Fellow Countrymen:**

The entrance of our own beloved country into the grim and terrible war for democracy and human rights which has shaken the world creates so many problems of national life and action which calls for immediate consideration and settlement that I hope you will permit me to address to you a few words of earnest counsel and appeal with regard to them.

We are rapidly putting our navy upon an effective war footing and are about to create and equip a great army, but these are the simplest parts of the great task to which we have addressed ourselves. There is not a single selfish element, so far as I can see, in the cause we are fighting for. We are fighting for what we believe and wish to be the rights of mankind and for the future peace and security of the world. To do this great thing worthily and successfully we must devote ourselves to the service without regard to profit or material advantage and with an energy and intelligence that will rise to the level of the enterprise itself. We must realize to the full how great the task is and how many things, how many kinds of elements of capacity and service and self-sacrifice, it involves.

These, then, are the things we must do, and do well, besides fighting—the things without which mere fighting would be fruitless:

We must supply abundant food for ourselves and for our armies and our seamen not only, but also for a large part of the nations with whom we have now made common cause, in whose support and by whose sides we shall be fighting.

We must supply ships by the hundreds out of our shipyards to carry to the other side of the sea, submarine or no submarine, what will every day be needed there, and abundant materials out of our fields and our mines and our factories with which not only to clothe and equip our own forces on land and sea but also to clothe and support our people for whom the gallant fellows under arms can no longer work, to help clothe and equip the armies with which we are cooperating in Europe, and to keep the looms and manufacturing plants in raw material; coal to keep the fires going in ships at sea and in the furnaces of hundreds of factories across the sea; steel out of which to make arms and ammunition both here and there; rails for worn-out railways back of the fighting fronts; locomotives and rolling stock to take the place of those every day going to pieces; mules, horses, cattle for labor and for military service; everything with which the people of England and France and Italy and Russia have usually supplied themselves but cannot now afford the men, the materials, or the machinery to make.

It is evident to every thinking man that our industries on the farm, in the shipyards, in the mines, in the factories must be made more prolific and more efficient than ever and that they must be more economically managed and better adapted to the particular requirements of our task than they have been; and what I want to say is that the men and the women who devote their thought and their energy to these things will be serving the country and conducting the fight for peace and freedom just as truly and just as effectively as the men on the battlefield or in the trenches. The industrial forces of the country, men and women alike, will be a great international service army—a notable and honored host engaged in the service of the nation and the world, the efficient friends and saviors of free men everywhere. Thousands, nay, hundreds of thousands, of men otherwise liable to military service will of right and of necessity be excused from that service and assigned to the fundamental, sustaining work of the fields and factories and mines, and they will be as much part of the great patriotic forces of the nation as the men under fire.

I take the liberty, therefore, of addressing this word to the farmers of the country and to all who work on the farms: The supreme need of our own nation and of the nations with which we are cooperating is an abundance of supplies, and especially of food stuffs. The importance of an adequate food supply, especially for the present year, is superlative. Without abundant food, alike for the armies and the peoples now at war, the whole great enterprise upon which we have embarked will break down and fail. The world's food reserves are low. Not only during the present emergency but for some time after peace shall have come both our own people and a large proportion of the people of Europe must rely upon the harvest in America. Upon the farmers of this country, therefore, in large measure, rests the fate of the

war and the fate of the nations. May the nation not count upon them to omit no step that will increase the production of their land or that will bring about the most effectual cooperation in the sale and distribution of their products? The time is short. It is of the most imperative importance that everything possible be done and done immediately to make sure of large harvests. I call upon young men and old alike and upon the able-bodied boys of the land to accept and act upon this duty,—to turn in hosts to the farms and make certain that no pains and no labor is lacking in this great matter.

I particularly appeal to the farmers of the South to plant abundant food stuffs as well as cotton. They can show their patriotism in no better or more convincing way than by resisting the great temptation of the present price of cotton and helping, by helping upon a great scale, to feed the nation and the peoples everywhere who are fighting for their liberty and for our own. The variety of their crops will be the visible measure of their comprehension of their national duty.

The Government of the United States and the governments of the several states stand ready to cooperate. They will do everything possible to assist the farmers in securing an adequate supply of seed, an adequate force of laborers when they are most needed, at harvest time, and the means of expediting shipments of fertilizers and farm machinery, as well as of the crops themselves when harvested. The course of trade shall be as unhampered as it is possible to make it and there shall be no unwarranted manipulation of the nation's food supply by those who handle it on its way to the consumer. This is our opportunity to demonstrate the efficiency of a great Democracy and we shall not fall short of it!

This let me say to the middlemen of every sort, whether they are handling our food stuffs or our raw materials of manufacture or the products of our mills and factories: The eyes of the country will be especially upon you. This is your opportunity for signal service, efficient and disinterested. The country expects you, as it expects all others, to forego unusual profits, to organize and expedite shipments of supplies of every kind, but especially of food, with an eye to the service you are rendering and in the spirit of those who enlist in the ranks, for their people, not for themselves. I shall confidently expect you to deserve and win the confidence of people of every sort and station.

To the men who run the railways of the country, whether they be managers or operative employees, let me say that the railways are the arteries of the nation's life and that upon them rest the immense responsibility of seeing to it that those arteries suffer no obstruction of any kind, no inefficiency or slackened power. To the merchant let me suggest the motto, "Small profit and quick service;" and to the shipbuilder the thought that the life of the war depends upon him. The food and the war supplies must be carried across the seas no matter how many ships are sent to the bottom. The places of those that go down must be supplied and supplied at once. To the miner let me say that he stands where the farmer does: the work of the world waits on him. If he slackens or fails, armies and statesmen are helpless. He also is enlisted in the great Service Army. The manufacturer does not need to be told, I hope, that the nation looks to him to speed and perfect every process; and I want only to remind his employees that their service is absolutely indispensable and is counted on by every man who loves the country and its liberties.

Let me suggest also, that everyone who creates or cultivates a garden helps, and helps greatly, to solve the problem of the feeding of the nations; and that every housewife who practices strict economy puts herself in the ranks of those who serve the nation. This is the time for America to correct her un pardonable fault of wastefulness and extravagance. Let every man and every woman assume the duty of careful, provident use and expenditure as a public duty, as a dictate of patriotism which no one can now expect ever to be excused or forgiven for ignoring.

In the hope that this statement of the needs of the nation and of the world in this hour of supreme crisis may stimulate those to whom it comes and remind all who need reminders of the solemn duties of a time such as the world has never seen before, I beg that all editors and publishers everywhere will give as prominent publication and as wide circulation as possible to this appeal. I venture to suggest, also, to all advertising agencies, that they would perhaps render a very substantial and timely service to the country if they would give it widespread repetition. And I hope that clergymen will not think the theme of it an unworthy or inap-

propriate subject of comment and homily from their pulpits.

The supreme test of the nation has come. We must all speak, act, and serve together!

Woodrow Wilson.

**A Good Farmer.**

I once asked a farm hand how his employer succeeded in doing so well when he only worked to hours a day. "It's all in the management," said he. "If I had had sense enough to manage as well as he does I would be owner of a farm now instead of working by the month. I think he is the best manager I ever saw. The work goes on as steady as a clock on his place. There seems to be no rush at any time, but I know I am doing better work and more of it on his farm than I ever did in my life. He has every implement fixed to do the best work it will do, and I can tell you it is a great satisfaction to work with them. Then he is the best stock feeder I know. He feeds the horses just enough to keep them even. They are not fat as butter in summer and poor as crows in winter. When at work they have full feed, and when they stop the feed is cut down at once. He seems to have more sense about these things than anybody I ever met. The fact is, he is a real, cracking good farmer."

**Pro-German Against Conscription**

The volunteering principle rests for its effectiveness upon an unreasoning form of coercion that subjects the best, the most responsible, the more socially minded, for risk of extinction. This is not all the mischief it would do in the present crisis. It is idle to assert that we are united in support of this war. There are thousands who believe that we should not have made war, and who would prefer ineffective to effective action on our part. They will do their utmost to discourage recruiting. We may be able to suppress overt anti-recruiting campaigns, but a vast deal of activity of the kind can be carried on under cover. Perhaps the movement against recruiting will prove utterly negligible. But the enemy believes that he has millions of friends in this country who will succeed in thwarting our national plans and restraining us from vigorous employment of our resources. If our potential power is to have weight in the calculations of Germany we must make it clear at once that the pro-German party in this country, whether large or insignificant, can find no point at which to bring obstructive influences to bear. There must remain no possibility that pro-Germanism may nullify our efforts to raise men.

**The Evil of Volunteering.**

Does volunteering imply the absence of coercion? In every war we have ever fought the ranks have been filled in large part by men who have been subjected to some kind of coercion. There is coercion in the reserve power that our government has always had to draft men if necessary. Volunteer or be drafted; how much freedom does the formula contain? There is coercion in the contemptuous glances with which men, and perhaps more potent women, measure the lusty figure of the youth who hangs back from the recruiting station. The brand of cowardice is widely and indiscriminately imposed in every recruiting campaign, and it is not soon effaced.

To obtain a million men by volunteering we should need to raise in 5,000,000 or 10,000,000 men's minds the question whether they could survive the disgrace appropriate to the slacker. And there is now the least guaranty that the men who succumb to the impulsion to enlist will be the more bellicose, the more dispensible to the community. Quite the contrary. Skilled men much needed by an industry under stress of war will join the army while loafers and bunglers will refuse service. Men who are the mainstay of dependent families will offer their lives, while other men whose sole responsibility is to themselves will cynically repudiate all obligation to the country. It is in the nature of the unorganized coercion of the community to drive to the ranks those whose life experience has made them most responsible to the needs of others.

**My Auto, 'Tis of Thee.**

My auto, 'tis of thee, short cut to poverty—of thee I chant. I blew a pile of dough on you two years ago, and now you refuse to go, won't or can't. Through town and countryside you were my joy and pride; a happy day. I love the gaudy hugh, thy nice white tires so new, but now you'er down and through in every way. To thee, old rattle box, came many bumps and knocks; for thee I grieve. Badly thy top is torn, frayed are thy seats and worn; a whooping cough effects thy

horn, I do believe.

The perfume swells the breeze while good folks choke and wheeze, as we pass by. I paid for thee a price, 'twould buy a mansion twice, now all are peddling "ice"—I wonder why? Thy motor has the grip, thy spark plug has the pip, and woe is thine. I, too, have suffered chills, ague and kindred ills, endeavoring to pay my bills, since thou wert mine. Gone is my bank roll now, nor more 'twould choke a cow, as once before. Yet if I had the moon, so help me John—amen, I'd buy a car again, and spend some more.

**Good Thoughts.**

Turn failure into victory—  
Don't let your courage fade;  
And if you get a lemon,  
Why, just let the lemon-aid.

Josephine W. Page.

Reveal to us the slow and sure workings of Thy will; restore our faith in human kind; lift us out of our prejudices; teach us to love those from whom we differ; sanctify this great test that has been brought to thy people in this land of promise. Abate our hatreds, reduce our antagonisms, strip us of our dogmatism, that we may realize that Thy struggling children of every name and age and party are Thy children and our brothers and sisters, dwellers in the one home land, members of the one family circle.—J. L. C. Jones

Loving words will cost but little  
Journeying up the hills of life,  
But they make the weak and weary  
Stronger, braver for the strife.  
Do you count them only trifles?  
What to earth are sun and rain?  
Never was a kind word wasted,  
Never was one said in vain.

**Notice.**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Lars Jensen, deceased, has filed his final account in the County Court for Tillamook County, Oregon, and that Saturday, the second day of June, 1917, at the hour of ten a.m., of said date is fixed as the time, and the office of the County Judge, of Tillamook County, Oregon, in Tillamook City, Tillamook County, Oregon, is fixed as the place for the hearing of the said account.

Notice is further given that all persons having any objections to the acceptance and approval by said County Court of said final account will appear at said time and place and show cause, if any there be, why the administrator should not be discharged and his bondsman exonerated.

C. C. Jensen, Administrator of the Estate of Lars Jensen, Deceased.

**Notice of Completed Contract.**

Notice is hereby given that the County Surveyor of Tillamook County, Oregon, has filed in this office his certificate of completion of the contract of Mallory & Blum on the Compton Trestle in accordance with the plans and specifications, and any person firm or corporation having objections to file to the acceptance of said work may do so within two weeks from the date of the first publication.

Dated this 24th day of April, 1917.  
First publication April 26, 1917.  
Last publication May 10, 1917.  
Erwin Harrison, County Clerk.

**Notice to Contractors.**

Notice is hereby given that the County Court of Tillamook County, will receive sealed proposals for constructing a portion of the Bayocean County Road, extending from Sta. 70 plus 00 to Sta. 211 plus 00 according to the plans and specifications on file in the office of the County Clerk of Tillamook County, until 10 o'clock a.m. of the 11th day of May, 1917, and at that time publicly opened and read.

All proposals must be on blank form to be obtained from the County Clerk or County Surveyor, and must be accompanied by cash, certified check, or bidder's bond of approved form, equal to at least five per cent of the total amount of said bid, and no proposal shall be considered unless such cash, check or bond is enclosed therewith. The County Court reserves the right to reject any or all proposals or accept the proposal deemed best for Tillamook County.

Dated this 24th day of April, 1917.  
Erwin Harrison, County Clerk.  
First publication April 26, 1917.  
Last publication May 10, 1917.

**Call For City Warrants.**

All outstanding City General Fund warrants and all Road Fund warrants endorsed on or before Oct. 31, 1916, are called for payment. Interest ceases this 19th day of April, 1917.  
M. W. Harrison City Treas.

**Notice of Hearing of Final Account.**

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has filed her final account as Executrix of the last will and testament of Johanna Marie Larsen, deceased, and that the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, has set the 19th day of May, A. D., 1917 at ten o'clock a. m. at the court room of said court, in Tillamook City, Tillamook County, Oregon, as the time and place for the hearing of objections, if any there are, to the said account and the settlement of said estate.

Dated April 11th, 1917.  
Marina A. Larsen Executrix of the last will and testament of Johanna Marie Larsen Deceased.

**Summons.**

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County.  
Verna L. Mast, Plaintiff.

vs.  
Reuben H. Mast, Jr., Defendant.

To Reuben H. Mast, Jr., above named Defendant.

In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit and court on or before the last day of the time prescribed in the order for the publication of this summons, and if you fail to so answer for want thereof plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in the complaint, to-wit: For a decree forever dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant and that plaintiff have the custody and care of the minor child, Reuben Harrison Mast; and that plaintiff be decreed to be the owner of a one-third interest in and to the real property described in the complaint; and that defendant be adjudged to pay the sum of thirty dollars per month for support of said minor child, and for such other relief as the court may deem meet with equity, and for the costs and disbursements of said suit.

This summons is served upon you by publication by order of Hon. A. M. Hare, County Judge, of Tillamook County, Oregon, in the absence of the judge of the above named Circuit Court, which said order was made and dated the 19th day of April, 1917, and the date of first publication thereof is April 19, 1917, and date of last publication hereof, and the last date on which you may be required to appear and answer is May 31, 1917.

Johnston & Handley,  
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

**ASTOUNDING REPORT FOR TILLAMOOK.**

The wife of a merchant had stomach trouble so bad she could eat nothing but toast, fruit and hot water. Everything else would sour or ferment. One spoonful buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka benefited her instantly. Because Adler-i-ka flushes the entire elementary tract it relieves any case constipation, sour stomach or gas and prevents appendicitis. It has quickest action of anything we ever sold. J. S. Lamar, drug-

**Pain**

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. Kathryn Edwards, of R. F. D. 4, Washington Court House, Ohio. "I am glad to tell, and have told many women, what I suffered before I knew of Cardui and the great benefit to be derived from this remedy. A few years ago I became practically helpless..."

**TAKE**

**Cardui**

The Woman's Tonic

"I was very weak," Mrs. Edwards goes on to say, "and could not stoop without suffering great pain... Nothing seemed to help me until I heard of Cardui and began the use of it... I gradually gained my strength... I am now able to do all my work." If you need a tonic take Cardui. It is for women. It acts gently and reliably and will probably help you as it helped this lady.

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