

What the Editors Say.

This may figure in the rise in sugar. A standard British authority has estimated the world's production in sugar this year as 1,648,814 tons less than last year. Prices in local Oregon markets the last six months have gone from \$6.50 per hundred to \$8.00.—Telephone Register.

The Oregonian advises bankers not to oppose the present rural credits bill in Congress, deeming that such an act would not injure the business of national banks. Now if the Oregonian would but look kindly upon the Copper plan of State rural credits and with its great influence, strongly support the cause, something of much more benefit to the farmers than the proposed Congressional measure on rural credits would be accomplished.—Woodburn Independent.

Mr. Bryan is used to political bumps but he got one at the hands of Nebraska Democrats that will leave a lasting dent in his personal pride and prestige as a party leader. Mr. Bryan was a candidate for delegate at large to the democratic national convention but after the primary votes were counted it was discovered he had been unceremoniously turned down and relegated to the list of "also-rans." Altogether there were several candidates for this honor, and the Bryan vote was next to the lowest of the entire list.—Observer.

Can a poor man run for office these days with the hope of being chosen? He must be known to the majority of the voters—in fact, all of them—and to accomplish this must have publicity. He must, if he expects to succeed, patronize the newspapers liberally and should address a letter to every voter in the county, and he should show himself by visiting around in the different precincts, such a procedure costs considerable money, and some cannot do all this on account of the limit placed on expenditure by the corrupt practices act and some cannot do even a small part of it on thirty cents.—Woodburn Independent.

Good word comes from Kansas as to wheat products. Present conditions are ideal for the growing crop. The recent heavy snow over the entire wheat belt and the cool weather prevailing have given the grain a start that will be hard to halt. The acreage this year is up to the average. The ground is full of moisture and an occasional shower from now on is all that is necessary. So far as no serious damage from pests has been reported. The Russian fly is not doing any great damage and the crop has not reached that stage where rust can endanger it. With one-fourth of last year's crop still in the bins and a big yield in prospect the railroads will be taxed to move grain shipments this season.—Telephone Register.

Clean up! Again it is the popular thing to say, it should be a part of every citizen's creed to keep his premises clean. This should be true to the winter and fall as well as the spring. And along that line it is an easy job to keep a place cleaned up if it is never allowed to accumulate rubbish. Dirt is accumulated slowly, a little at a time, so that if the dirt is disposed of at the time it appears it will be a small job. Time was when a community lived in one place until the camp grounds got too dirty and then moved the camp. In these days of houses and the outward signs of permanency, it behooves us to move the dirt as fast as it comes, because we can't move away from it.—Itemizer.

In Canada, manufacturers are turning their attention to the establishment of a toy industry, wood pulp being one of the raw materials to be utilized in the new industry. This is interesting information in the United States in view of the fact that Secretary of Commerce Redfield announced several months ago that his department is cooperating with Swiss manufacturers to enable them to build up a toy industry in the United States. Germany and Austria were exporting toys to the amount of \$25,000,000 annually before the war. A large part of these came to the United States. After the war is over, Germany and Austria will resume their manufacture of toys for this country unless a protective tariff shall be enacted which shall secure this market to the men and women who are unwilling to work for the low wages paid to toy makers in Europe.—Observer.

Moores vs. Olcott.

While we aren't acquainted yet with the ins and outs of Oregon politics, we would like to bet somebody our last year's tale that there is something wrong with this Mr. Olcott, Republican official who can get the endorsement of a paper like the Portland Journal is open to suspicion. And the Journal not only approves of Mr. Olcott but it slobbers over him. We may be entirely wrong about it. We hope we are. The Journal's approbation may be merely Mr. Olcott's misfortune but until it is satisfactorily explained a Republican is entitled to watch out for a Senegambian in the fire place fuel.—Corvallis-Gazette Times.

A Tax Law.

The new tax law passed by the last legislature is proving to be rather a joke. In a visit to the court house we were somewhat surprised to learn that according to a recent ruling of the state tax commission people are still allowed to pay the first half of their taxes without paying the full amount. The one per cent penalty applying only to the first half until October 5.

One might therefore delay paying all his taxes until the 5th of October

and the penalty would only amount to 6 per cent interest whereas to hire the money would at present rates cost eight per cent. Usually, it has been customary for those who were compelled to borrow the money to pay their taxes with it. For illustration if A's taxes were \$200 he would hire that amount to fall at 8 per cent whereas now under the law he might allow his taxes to go delinquent until fall. The penalty of one per cent per month for eight months would really only be four per cent on the whole amount. Therefore formerly he paid \$10.66 interest now it would cost him but \$8.00 in penalty. Or under the law he might let the full amount of taxes run until Nov. 5th and then pay in full and the penalty would be but eight per cent. It therefore looks as if the lawyers of the coming legislature would have to make another try at tax legislation or allow the state to go into competition with our banks in the money loaning business with a consequent demoralization of all public revenue with its attending evils for it is evident that many taxpayers another year will take advantage of this lax and unbusiness-like law.—Beaverton Times.

Just Common Sense.

If every university and high school in the United States would make arrangements to have military training a part of the regular course for all their male students, beginning with the next term, by the close of next spring's term those students would in the aggregate be a good sized army, and would be advanced enough to drill a million or two raw recruits in the first duties of soldiers. Could this be done, all students coming later would expect like treatment and in five years a partially trained army of a million of men would be distributed through the states, the great majority of whom would be ready at any time to spring to the country's defense. This would not beget militarism, but it would engender a confidence which no foreign bullying would in the least disturb. And the cost would be but a trifle.—Seaside Signal.

Americanizing the Dye Industry.

A great permanent benefit will be conferred on the United States by the war in the development of the coal-tar and dye industries. These industries will stop the waste of coke by-products which has sent many million dollars into the atmosphere in the shape of smoke and gas. They will give to the textile industries a supply of fast dyes which cannot be cut out by foreign wars and will assure the Nation a supply of some essential ingredients of explosives for use in its own wars.

The steel companies, which produce coal and coke for their own use, are investing millions in manufacture of byproducts. The Carnegie Steel Company will put \$13,600,000 into the largest plant of its kind in the United States. The American Steel & Wire Company is building a plant to cost \$9,000,000; and other steel companies are entering the business on a large scale. It is estimated that \$28,000,000 in all is already being invested. The famine of dyes which seriously affect seventy industries employing over 2,000,000 persons is to be relieved by domestic products if the war be long. We may produce our own dyes permanently, even should an early end of the war set free the German supply, provided Congress enacts such laws as will prevent foreign competition from killing the new industry in its infancy.

The dye industry is an example of a nation's neglect to apply in practical use the discoveries of its inventors. The late Professor Perkin, an Englishman, discovered the process of making colors from coal tar, but British capital did not recognize its value. The industry went to France and then to Germany, where it has reached the highest perfection. Germany has over twenty companies making coal-tar dyes, which have averaged dividends of over 22 per cent, besides applying large surpluses to enlargement of plant, until their investment is now about \$500,000,000.

Each unit of coal tar yields ten colorless crudes, which chemistry converts into 300 colorless intermediates, which are again multiplied into 900 dyes. By chemical combination these 900 are made into more than 4000 colors. Some byproducts of the intermediates are used in the manufacture of drugs, perfumes, soap and in photography, and the United States they are made into anilines and aniline salts, which are used in making explosives and black dyes. In distilling the quarter ounce of mauve dye contained in 10 pounds of coal, Professor Perkin discovered that he could produce two and three-quarter ounces of benzol, from which he obtained toluol in the proportion of one quarter to one fifth of the benzol. Toluol is the source of the explosive, trinitrotoluol, commonly known as T. N. T. Carbolic acid, sulphuric acid, picric acid and nitric acid, like coal tar, are the sources from which both dyes and high explosives are derived.—Oregonian.

Oregon Voter Crawlified.

(Oregon Messenger.)

In its last issue of the Oregon Voter published by C. C. Chapman of Portland, contained a discussion of the two candidates for secretary of state, C. B. Moores and Ben W. Olcott. The Voter expressed profound admiration for Mr. Moores but announced its support of Mr. Olcott, because of his alleged efficiency. However, in harmony with the dictates of his subconscious mind, Editor Chapman referred to Mr. Olcott as a "Democrat." The sentence in which the truth leaked out follows: "With Withycombe on the board, Olcott has not been in the confidence of the administration, as the Governor and the State Treasurer are Republicans and Olcott a Democrat, but his

courtroom fitness has been of invaluable through annoying assistance to the Governor."

Now comes Mr. Chapman and in a circular letter to the newspapers of the state, attempts to explain his reference to Olcott as a Democrat. He says something about "a man's party affiliations being so obscured by his efficiency as a public official" that inadvertently reference was made to him as a Democrat instead of a Republican.

As a matter of fact, Olcott's efficiency or inefficiency had nothing to do with editor Chapman's break, which no doubt was caused by the fact that all of Mr. Olcott's record as a man and an official would lead one to believe that he is a Democrat notwithstanding that he is now registered as Republican.

His first public service was under Governor Geo. E. Chamberlain, who employed Olcott to dig into the books of a defunct Portland Trust company.

He next bobbed up as manager of Oswald West's campaign for governor which he financed to the extent of about \$3000.

He took a gambler's chance and won, for a few months after West was inaugurated he appointed Olcott secretary of state.

Just a year later, West exerted every ounce of power of his office to re-nominate Olcott for secretary of state on the Republican ticket.

All through the four years of non-partisan bunk and turmoil, Olcott played the West game.

He fumed and fretted and bluffed but when it came to a show-down he always voted with West and left the only Republican member of the board Tom Kay, on the outside looking in.

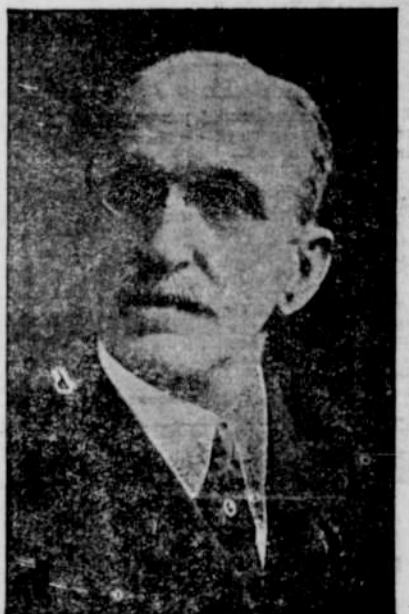
Had it not been for Olcott's vote West would have been unable to put over many of the wild west stunts that he perpetrated at the expense of the taxpayers.

During the present Republican administration he has continued to play West's game but has not been in a position to do much harm.

There is good reason to believe that Olcott voted for the Democratic candidate for president in 1912, for the Democratic candidate for U. S. Senator and for the Democratic candidate for governor in 1914.

His attitude toward Republican candidates and the Republican party, his associations, his fidelity to his Democratic brother-in-law, his entire public record insofar as he has a public record—naturally and inevitably leads up to the conclusion that he is a Democrat, so that the gifted editor of the Voter, in building a halo over the Jeffersonian brow of his hero, naturally and unconsciously classified him where he belongs.

While Brother Chapman's conscious mind was busy turning out the round-ed periods of his tribute, his subconscious mind was fleeing with a fleet-



C. B. Moores.

ing mass of memories, impressions, and incidents, all of which combined with sufficient force to cause him to write the word "Democrat" when his conscious mind—influenced by one or more of the worldly motives that move men to do things for selfish purposes—was struggling to express another word. It's really too bad that our distinguished co-worker in the journalistic fold should have been so unfortunate as to thus ball up what otherwise would have been an excellent campaign document.

From our experience, we apprehend that it will be a thankless task for Chapman to try to square himself now.

Better forget it Chap.

HEAR WITHOUT EARS.

Police and Detectives Are Using Lip Reading in Place of the Dictagraph.

Thousands of deaf people are today throwing away all hearing devices and enjoying all conversation. This method is easily and quickly acquired through our system. Absolutely the only thing of its kind in the country. Our proposition is entirely original. Cost is trifling. See what New International Encyclopedia says on Lip Reading. Hundreds of people with normal hearing are taking up Lip Reading for the many additional benefits gained. You can understand what the actors are saying just as far away as you can see them. The eye understands beyond the range of hearing. Send no money, but mention this paper and state whether or not you are deaf. All particulars will be sent you absolutely free and with no expense to you. Address, School of Lip Language, Kansas City, Missouri.

Call For Warrants.

All outstanding Tillamook City general fund warrants, Series A, and road warrants, Series B, endorsed prior to Nov. 5th, 1915, will be paid upon presentation.

M. W. Harrison.
City Treas.



Our Bridge Work is up to date, and we guarantee it in every way. By our painless method we can grind the teeth and fit the crowns without pain.

Examination and Advice Free.

For Circuit Judge of the Nineteenth Judicial District.

W. H. Hollis.

I am a candidate for nomination to the office of Circuit Judge, of the Nineteenth Judicial District, composed of Tillamook and Washington Counties, subject to the Republican primary election to be held May 19th, 1916.

I am a resident of Forest Grove, in said Washington County, and have been an attorney for thirty years, am admitted to practice in all the courts of this state and the Federal Courts of the United States for the district of Oregon.

I have been a lifelong Republican, but in the discharge of public duties have always held the interest of the people above that of party or politics, and that the judiciary should never be swayed by partisan influence or party prejudice.

I have ever constantly stood for rigid economy in the expenditure of the people's money. The burden of taxation is increasing out of all proportion to the benefits received, increased wealth or ability to pay. If nominated and elected I will administer for the business of the Court of this district justly, promptly, and with the least possible expense to the taxpayers.

Less litigation; less expense; less delay and more justice shall be my aim.

Your support is respectfully solicited.

W. H. Hollis.

To the Voters, Nineteenth Judicial District.

I am a Democratic candidate for nomination to the office of Circuit Judge, Nineteenth Judicial District if nominated and elected, I shall try to do my duty and maintain my independence.

S. S. Johnson.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for nomination for the office of County Clerk, on the Republican ticket, at the primary election to be held in May, 1916.

Respectfully,

J. C. Holden.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I am a candidate for the Republican nomination for Joint Senator for Tillamook, Washington, Lincoln and Yamhill counties.

T. B. Handley.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner of Tillamook County on the Democratic ticket at the primary election on May 19, 1916.

Geo. R. McKimins.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Sheriff on the Republican ticket at the primary election to be held in May.

Respectfully,

Fred H. Minich.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner on the Republican ticket, at the primary election, May 19, 1916, subject to the will of the people.

W. B. Harris.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I herewith announce myself as a candidate to succeed myself as county surveyor. If nominated and elected I will continue to enforce the same policies practiced by my office in the past, that of conducting it strictly on an engineering basis, efficiently and economically.

Respectfully,

R. L. Shreve.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I herewith announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Surveyor of Tillamook County, subject to the will of the Republican voters. If nominated and elected will endeavor to perform the duties imposed upon me with justice and impartiality.

Harry P. Kerr.

WISE & MASSEY,

Denstists,

Have Opened Offices in the

Tillamook Block,

Room 205,

Rooms 205 and 210. Phone Main 5.

Office hours 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Daily Except Sundays.

Other times by appointment.

Also offices in Bay City, Phone 213.

Bar View Hotel and Tent City,
Phone 32F5.

Notice to Voters.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Sheriff at the Democratic primaries to be held on May 19, 1916.

N. J. Myers.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the nomination for the office of County School Superintendent at the primary election to be held in May.

Geo. B. Lamb.

Citation.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County.

In the matter of the estate of Harvey N. Cottle, Deceased.

To Addie Cottle, Bertha G. Cottle, Raymond Cottle, Harold W. Cottle, Isabel K. Cottle, Fred B. Cottle and Harry B. Cottle, greeting.

In the name of the State of Oregon.

You are hereby required to appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, at the court room thereof, at Tillamook City, in the County of Tillamook, on Wednesday, the 17th day of May, 1916, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why said Court should not make an order as prayed for in the petition of H. T. Botts, Administrator with the will annexed of Harry Wingate Cottle, deceased, authorizing, licensing and directing the administrator to sell at private sale all of the following described real property, situate in Tillamook County, State of Oregon, to-wit:

Lots 1, 8, 9, and 10 of Block 5 in the town of Bay City, Lots 3, 4, 5, and 6, Block 1, and 1/2 interest in Lot 2, Block 6, Cene & Company's Addition to Bay City, One-half interest in Lots 15 and 16, Block 55, and all of Lots 13 to 16 in Block 57, Pacific Addition to Bay City, all situate in Tillamook County, Oregon.

For the purpose of paying charges, expenses and claims still unsatisfied against said estate.

Witness the Honorable A. M. Hare Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, with the seal of said Court affixed, this 6th day of April, A. D. 1916.

J. C. Holden.

(Seal) County Clerk.

AVOID MISTAKES.

No Need for Tillamook People to Experiment with Such Convincing Evidence at Hand.

There are many well advertised kidney remedies on the market today, but none so well recommended in this vicinity as Doan's Kidney Pills. Read the statement of a resident of Hillsboro.

S. T. Bowser, veterinary surgeon, Sixth Street, Hillsboro, Ore., says: "I suffered for a long time from weak kidneys. This trouble was due, I think, to constant riding, and change of drinking water. I tried several kidney remedies, but Doan's Kidney pills gave me more relief than all the others. I have recommended them to other kidney sufferers who have used them with good results."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Bowser had. Foster-Milburn Co. Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

An Optimist



A man who OWNS a Fish Brand Reflex Slicker \$3.00 when Old Frob lays rain. Waterproof, absolutely.

On Protector Hook 75 cents. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Send for catalog. A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON. FISH BRAND.