

What the Editors Say.

The fact that a man won't give \$1 in cash for the church does not mean that he won't give kitchen supplies worth \$2 for the church supper.—Albany Herald.

Some storekeepers have told us "As soon as business picks up I'll advertise." Imagine a gardener saying: "I'll wait till the harvest time to sow my seed."—News Reporter.

Brother Bryan is trying to make up his mind as to whether he would have more fun restoring peace in Europe or causing a row in the Democratic convention.—The Spectator.

One of the humorists of the news paper business is having people expect a two or three line item to have the most important position in the paper. It can't be done.—Albany Democrat.

Is this good advice? A man who once quarreled with an editor, says an exchange, sought a lawyer and asked the best way to put the newspaper man out of business. The lawyer told him to buy the paper and run it for six months. And the lawyer charged him only \$2.00 for the advice.—News-Times.

The state federation of labor wants Oregon school books printed by the state, to which there is no objection if it can be shown that the state can print them cheaper than private manufacturers, although there should be certainty that the promised saving will materialize. But the point that most people are mostly interested in is if the state is to print the books who is to write them?—Hillsboro Independent.

A resolution to induce the next legislature to amend the state prohibition law to allow beer to be manufactured in Oregon, was passed at the annual meeting of the directors of the Oregon Hopgrowers' association held at Salem Tuesday. The resolution specified that the beer manufactured should not contain more than 2½ per cent alcohol and provides that a tax of 1½ cents per quart should be levied on all beer manufactured in the state.—Oregon Statesman.

Possibly some railroad builder will take advantage of the P. R. & N. company's experience and get busy and build a road into the South end of Tillamook County, commencing at Willamina, which is the only natural way for a road into that rich section of the state. As a road can be built this way at a normal expense, and keeping it up will be nothing compared with the P. R. & N., it is quite certain that it is only a matter of time until this will be done.—Willamina Times.

Baker City has tried the commission plan of government and it seems to have failed, as it has in Des Moines Iowa, and many other places. Now they are talking of a city manager as a cure for the evils of government from which they are suffering. All these new ideas in the management of public business seems to be in the experimental stage and most municipalities which have pioneered in them seem worse off than those which have clung to the old methods.—Salem Journal.

Two Oregon daily newspapers, one at Eugene and the other at North Bend, are reported in financial difficulties, the first being thrown into the hands of a receiver and the latter suspended entirely. The Eugene news paper was a credit to its home town, but its high standard considering available business has been a mystery. A newspaper is a business proposition, if it is an honest and legitimate newspaper, and where there is two newspapers where there is only room for one the end of one is inevitable.—Hillsboro Independent.

It has been suggested from some temperance workers that the newspapers of the state publish the monthly list of those who import liquor under the new law. Just why it is suggested that the newspapers do this is one of the enigmas of the temperance movement. The newspapers have enough trouble that naturally comes their way without picking up the cudgel against men who are fully within their rights under the law. The man who shrinks from connecting his name with such public acts is always urgent that the newspapers do it, and without compensation at that.—Lebanon Criticism.

Postmaster Hucklestein is in receipt today of a check for \$1,770.60 from an eastern mail order house, to pay for the mailing of 24,483 catalogues to the three zones from this office. These catalogues will arrive here, shipped in two cars by freight, and will take the parcel post rate. Each catalogue weighs three pounds and the postage on the local zone will be six cents each, into the second zone, 100 miles from Salem 7 cents each, and into the third zone, a distance as far as 150 miles, 10 cents each. Formerly Roseberg was the shipping and mailing point for this mail order house.—Salem Statesman.

Mr. Garrison's retirement from the cabinet will not seriously inconvenience the President nor greatly disturb the country. Like nearly every other member of the President's official family, the Secretary of War found it somewhat difficult to adjust himself to the numerous changes of policy that Mr. Wilson has made with such remarkable facility. But he did not retire for that reason; nor for the reasons given in his letter of resignation. He left the cabinet because, being a full grown man with some pride not a little initiative, and a rather sensitive disposition, he found little pleasure in the role of messenger boy to which the President has reduced all his cabinet officials.—The Spectator.

The local newspaper on the job yet.

uals that make up each of them. The local paper is always pleased when it can say something nice about any one in the community and exceedingly regrets it when it must censure or chronicle anything adverse to its people. Each line from the editor's pen is studied to see that it will make the very best impression on strangers who may chance to read it. Many people realize this and lend their support, while others of course do not. To them the local paper is a small institution and beneath their notice. Yet while it may be small it is still the biggest factor for the upbuilding of the community that there is in a town. What is your attitude toward the home newspaper?—Amity Standard.

The other day in New York President Wilson said he hoped this year every public man "would get what is coming to him." Well, there is W. J. Bryan; his customary quadrennial disappointment is coming to him. And to Colonel Roosevelt, who so happily played the part of Sampson to the Republican party in 1912; there is another defeat coming to him. But of another great public man? What of him? He got our votes by promising to reduce the high cost of living, and today it costs more to live than ever before. He pledged himself of free passage of American ships through the Panama Canal, and our ships pay full tolls. He accepted the Baltimore platform, with its pledge of single term, and he is a candidate for reelection. What is coming to him?—The Spectator.

Wheat bags are still soaring and the outlook is that they will be sky high before long. Very few of the farmers in this neighborhood have contracted for sacks for next season's harvest. They usually do this in the summer to contract to advantage. One farmer Geo. B. Carimichael, was wise enough to buy the actual sacks, left over from harvest, and now has 4,000 of them which stand him at only 7 cents. The present price is 12 cents, and contracts contain a war clause which renders delivery very uncertain. Nevertheless, there will probably be sacks enough at some figure for the 1916 harvest. One firm of Portland exporters is said to have four million on hand, and will probably make a good clean up on its investment. The strength of the sack market is ascribed to the war demand for jute from European countries.—Western Leader.

The Eugene Guard has gone into the hands of a receiver as the result of debts created under the management of E. J. Finerman.

The Sentinel does not wish to gloat over the misfortunes of a competitor, but we have known for a long time that this was certain to come.

How did we know it, because when a business is run at the maximum of expense and its product sold below cost, there can be no other result.

Solicitors were sent out over the county to get printing orders at less than the cost of production. Several Cottage Grove business men have profited by the Guard's lack of business sagacity and have gotten job work at less than it cost The Guard to produce the same. We presume advertisers were treated in the same manner.

A newspaper cannot live without a profit any better than any other business in Cottage Grove have come about for the same reason that The Guard has failed.—Cottage Grove Sentinel.

Someone has said that "the 'highwaymen' are the real builders of communities." He did not mean those who snap a trigger but those who use pick and shovel. Again we write it down that the public highway, not the scenic boulevard, is the way to and from the market. The common people—the taxpayers—realize that it is right and imperative that they should be taxed for the construction of roads but they demand that the money be spent as judiciously as possible. It is essential in this country that sound roads be built so as to render the market easy accessible at the particular time that prices are highest. For this purpose alone it is worth while to maintain an adequate road system. The highway leading from the trading center to the farm is of social value also. The isolation of farm life will be overcome by the construction of better roads, and country and town will be linked together. There will then be developed a real community spirit which will radiate from the community center. Rural social life will be lifted out and the neighborhood spirit strengthened, adding to the efficiency of the school and church. Let the farmers demand roads leading from the town to the farm, for as the auto trucks multiply, and the number of automobile increases the value of good roads becomes more pronounced.—News Reporter.

A radical department of school fair management is being prepared by Col. J. C. Cooper. His plans are not entirely complete at the present, but a tentative draft has been prepared and was submitted to Prof. Spillman of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, D. C., for criticism. Col. Cooper is in receipt of a letter from the Professor complimenting him very highly upon the big problem he has solved in doing away with the 95 per cent of disappointments, jealousy and heartache that is present, after every fair that has been held heretofore, in the breasts of competing young America. This condition has been unavoidable up to the present and has been the chief cause of the dwindling interest in the school fair. Under Col. Cooper's plan each exhibitor will have no occasion for jealousy of his more successful competitor, but will have tangible evidence of why he was beaten and where he was weak, and will have the inspiration, born of the knowledge that his defects can be remedied, that will lead him back into the list next year, better prepared and better equipped. Col. Cooper brings many years of school fair experience to bear in working out his new plan, which so far as known has not been tried anywhere in the United States before.—Telegraph Register.

Notice of Hearing on Petition To Form Drainage District.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook. Notice is hereby given that hearing on the following petition will be held at the Court House in the City of Tillamook, County of Tillamook, State of Oregon on the 22nd day of March, 1916, for the purpose of determining whether the prayer of said petition shall be granted.

To the Honorable County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon: The undersigned, being the owners of more than fifty per cent of the land in Tillamook County, Oregon, hereinafter described, do hereby petition your Honorable Body and pray that you cause to be organized and formed a drainage district for the purpose of having said lands reclaimed and protected in the manner herein set forth from the effects of water, for sanitary and agricultural purposes, and for the benefit and welfare of the public, and for the public utility and benefit.

For the purpose of this petition we state the following facts, as required by Chapter 340 of the General Laws of Oregon for the year 1915.

1. The name proposed for the district which is herein prayed for is Little Nestucca Drainage District.

2. The boundary lines of the proposed district are as follows: Beginning at a point 773 feet South of the Sixteenth Section corner at the Southeast corner of the Southwest quarter of the Northwest quarter of Section 9, Township 5 South, Range 10 West of Willamette Meridian, in Oregon, running thence in a Northwesterly direction along the high water line as follows:

Thence North 76 degrees West 440 feet; thence North 38 degrees East 852 feet; thence West 405 feet to the sixteenth section corner; thence North 332 feet; thence North 65 degrees West 1460 feet; thence West 510 feet; thence North 29 degrees West 1070 feet; thence North 42½ degrees West 970 feet; thence South 81 degrees West 665 feet; thence South 86½ degrees West 660 feet; thence South 73 degrees West 182 feet; thence South 33 degrees West 301 feet; thence South 30 degrees West 390 feet; thence North 72 degrees West 90 feet; thence North 67 degrees West 217 feet; thence North 34 degrees West 340 feet; thence South 85 degrees West 250 feet; thence South 66 degrees West 296 feet; thence South 50 degrees West 294 feet; thence South 38 degrees West 503 feet; thence South 63 degrees West 190 feet; thence North 54 degrees West 24 feet; thence South 58 degrees West 336 feet; thence South 33½ degrees West 214 feet; thence North 65 degrees East 120 feet; thence North 18 degrees East 100 feet; thence North 31 degrees East 107 feet; thence North 23 degrees East 286 feet; thence North 28 degrees East 220 feet; thence North 2½ degrees East 446 feet; thence North 25 degrees East 1538 feet; thence North 26 degrees East 360 feet; thence North 48 degrees East 320 feet; thence North 2 degrees East 216 feet; thence North 41 degrees West 536 feet; thence North 53½ degrees East 766 feet; thence North 48 degrees East 450 feet; thence North 6 degrees East 590 feet; thence South 81 degrees East 55 feet to the left, or South bank of Little Nestucca River; Thence in a Southeasterly direction along the left bank of said river to a point North of the place of beginning; thence South 1160 feet to the place of beginning.

The lands described and contained within said boundaries constitute a contiguous body of swamp, wet and overflow lands.

3. The total acreage included in said proposed district is 245,014 acres.

4. The names of the owners of land in said district as shown by the records of Tillamook County, Oregon and acreage owned by each of said owners is as follows:

John Fox and Charles Fox	67.1 acres
T. H. Penter, S. A. Penter	59.3 acres
William Henry Craven, Jesse A. Craven, Mary L. Craven, Birdie L. Craven	11.24 acres
John L. Craven, Orby Craven and Clair G. Craven, as devisees of J. K. Craven deceased	11.24 acres
Lester Ray	39.70 acres
W. J. Lyons	11.2 acres
D. H. Fletcher	8.45 acres
M. W. Harrison	53.25 acres
Charles Ray	1.00 acres
L. J. Redberg	9.00 acres
Christoffer Christensen	25.03 acres
F. J. Carver	50.60 acres
Grace Etzwiler	1.79 acres
T. A. Porter and Condessa L. Porter	.063 acres
J. P. Gage	.031 acres
L. P. Gage	1.86 acres

5. The proposed reclamation and protection of said lands is for sanitary and agricultural purposes, and such proposed reclamation and protection will be conducive to the public health and welfare, and of public utility and benefit.

6. All of the said lands included in said proposed district are properly included therein, and will be beneficially affected by the operation of the proposed district.

7. The benefits of such proposed reclamation and protection will exceed the damage to be done, and the best interests of the land included, and of the owners thereof as a whole and of the public at large will be promoted by the formation and proposed operation of such district.

8. The formation of a drainage district under the provisions of Chapter 340 of the General Laws of Oregon for 1915, under the provisions of which this petition is presented, is a proper and advantageous method of accomplishing the reclamation and protection of the lands included in said proposed district.

9. The proposed plan for the reclamation and protection of property in the proposed district is, that a dyke shall be constructed along the South bank of the Little Nestucca river where the same borders upon the proposed district. Said district borders upon said river, and as said lands are now situated the same are now subject to overflow at times of high tides and freshets, and the construction of a dyke along the bank of said river will protect said lands from inundation, and the land will thereby

be rendered more fit for cultivation, and much more productive.

10. The signers of this petition agree that they will pay any and all expenses incurred, and any tax or taxes that may be levied against their respective lands for the purpose of paying the expenses of organizing, or attempting to organize the proposed district, such expense to be taxed against the signers in proportion to the number of acres owned by them and affected by the proposed drainage district.

11. Wherefore, your petitioners pray that the lands described herein, or such thereof as may be found by the court to be properly included in the proposed district, either permanently or until further investigation and surveys may permit elimination, shall be declared organized into a drainage district under the provisions of Chapter 340 hereinafter referred to.

Dated this December 14, 1915.

- Lester Ray.
- D. H. Fletcher
- T. H. Penter
- John Fox.
- Chas. Fox.
- L. J. Redberg.
- Ole B. Redberg.
- T. A. Porter.
- G. A. Etzwiler.
- Chas. Ray.
- M. W. Harrison.

State of Oregon, County of Tillamook ss.

I, D. H. Fletcher, being first duly sworn, say: That I have read the foregoing petition; that I believe the allegations thereof to be true; that the signatures appearing to said petition are the true and proper signatures of the persons whose names appear as signed thereto, and that each and all of said signers are owners of land within the proposed district as set forth in said petition.

D. H. Fletcher.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of December, 1915.

H. T. Botts,
Notary Public for Oregon.
My Commission expires Dec. 26, 1915.

All persons owning or claiming an interest in lands described in said petition are hereby notified to appear at said place on said date and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer in said petition should not be granted.

J. C. Holden,
Clerk of the County Court.

Furs Wanted.

Furs wanted, highest prices paid. Send for price list. G. D. Alderin & Co. Salem, Oregon.

Notice of Hearing of Final Account.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 6th day of August, 1901, Nancy N. Smith, filed in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County, her final account as administratrix of the estate of William Smith, deceased, and that said court has appointed April 3rd, 1916, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the court room of said court in Tillamook City, Tillamook County, Oregon, as the time and place for the hearing of any objections to said account and the closing of said estate.

Dated February 17th, 1916.
Fannie Smith,
George Smith,
Mina Booth,
Nellie Ayer,
Henry Smith,
Heirs of said William Smith, deceased.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the undersigned, was by an order of the County Court, of Tillamook County, Oregon, made on the 25th day of January, 1916, appointed administrator of the estate of Sophia Severance, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned with the proper vouchers thereto properly verified within six months of the date of this notice at the Tillamook County Bank, Tillamook City, Oregon.

Dated this 3rd day of February, 1916.
M. W. Harrison.

Administrator of said estate.

Bids Called for Wood and Hauling.

Clover Leaf Creamery Co. wishes to receive bids on 70 cords of mixed wood and Hemlock wood cut and ricked into its shed at its factory between Tillamook and Bay City. Wood is to be good sound wood and cut into 16 in. lengths. Factory wants bids on not less than ten cord lots. Half of the wood to be delivered by June 1st, 1916, and the other half by August 1st, 1916. Terms to be strictly complied with.

Company also wishes to receive bids on hauling cheese to Tillamook and hauling boxes and supplies from Tillamook to the factory.

Send bids to Carl Haberlach, Secretary, Tillamook Oregon., on or before Feb. 19, 1916. Company reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
Clover Leaf Creamery Co.

DON'T WAIT.

Take Advantage of a Hillsboro Citizen's Experience.

When the back begins to ache, Don't wait until backache becomes chronic.

"Till kidney troubles develop; 'Till urinary troubles destroy night's rest."

Profit by a Hillsboro citizen's experience.

Zina Wood, Broadway St., Hillsboro, Ore., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills helped my back and relieved me of kidney trouble. I recommend them as first class kidney medicine. I haven't used them to any great extent but what I took relieved my back in short order. My experience proves that Doan's Kidney Pills can benefit the system." Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Zina Wood had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Use Good Judgment in Buying

**Hardware
and Sporting Goods.
Ammunition,
Quick Meal Ranges,
Building Material,
Wall Paper,
Du Pont Blasting
Supplies.**

**KING & SMITH CO.,
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.**

Don't Throw Away Your Prescription.

By taking it where it may not be accurately filled—where part of the ingredients used may be so old as to have lost their freshness, strength and purity.

Get the full value of your doctor's services by bringing your prescription to us—where you know it will receive all the exact care and honest attention that our pride of reputation—backed by experience, training and the most complete, modern, carefully-selected, thoroughly-tested and well-kept stock of prescription drugs—can possibly give it.

**C. I. CLOUGH,
Reliable Druggist,
Tillamook, Ore.**

**We are Still Selling
SUGAR CURED HAMS
at 20c. per pound.**

Special Brand Bacon, 19c. lb.

Fancy Breakfast, 26c. per lb.

Bacon Backs, 18c.

**Full Line of SANITARY Fresh East-
Bulk Pickles. MARKET. ern Oysters.**

**Start the New Year Right!
By Trading at Mason's.
THE
Genuine Bargain Store.**

I Have a Clean, Up-To-Date Stock of

DRY GOODS.

**Ladies' & Gent's Fashionable Boots & Shoes.
Cannot be Surpassed for Comfort and Wear.**

Dress Goods and Underwear.

**I Carry a Complete Line of First Class
GROCERIES, ETC.,**

**And You will Save Money in Your Grocery
Bill by Trading this Year with**

H MASON & CO.,

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