State Press Flashlights.

A ton of pears from the Valley was taken over to Tillamook recently. A would-be purchaser reported the condition of the fruit to the inspector who after the inspection confiscated the whole lot.—Sheridan Sun,

"Wine will be served at all diplo-matic banquets where the secretary of state is host," says Mrs. Lansing. When Mr. Bryan reads that, will not his conscience smite him sorely for resigning?-Telephone Register.

One large manufacturer of low priced automobiles says his factory will turn out 1500 such cars every working day of the ensuing twelve months; and that is some business, believe us.—Pacific Homestead.

Though this year has been unprecedented auto travel over the roads to the coast no fatal or even serious accidents have occurred. Almost remarkable considering the number and kind of drivers and the mountain road passes.—Sheridan Sun.

It is said that dancing makes girls feet large. It is also said that ice cream makes freckles. Doctors are of the opinion that hanging on the front gate produces rheumatism. few more opinions like these and the girls won't have any more fun left them .- Ione Journal.

The vice president of the Ford Co. who visited Oregon last week, says that no one enjoys the Ford stories more than Henry Ford himself.
And well he may, for they are giving
his car advertising that otherwise
might cost him many hundreds of thousands of dollars yearly.-Inde-

Stranger things have happened than the nomination of William Howard Taft for the presidency next year. He may turn out after all as a candidate, and is working it out splendidly with that end in view. It would make Teddy froth at the mouth and the Democrats, and particularly the Wilsonites, would not be displeased at such a political event.—Woodburn Independent.

Reports from the associations of rural carriers claim that not only have the men lost their enthuiasm for the service, but through fear of dismissal have resigned. This is largely the result, it is said, of Department instructions to have Democratic postmasters, instead of Civil Service inspectors, make confiden-tial reports upon the qualifications of carriers as a basis for reductions. This arrangement has opened the way to rank discrimination in favor of Democratic carriers.-Banks Her-

After the war of 1870 about 200,000 Germans came to the United States and settled in Nebraska, Minnesota and Iowa. This might seem to point to an immigration movement following the signing of peace in Europe that would amaze the world, but we cannot very well rest our calculations on 1870. There is a vast difference in the casualties and industrial conditions in Europe of 1870 and the present. The waring countries will need all their sons and ought to find plenty of employment for them unless the struggle continues until their d is almost entirely exhaust ed .- Astorian.

People are getting over the idea that it is an affection to name the farm and to put a neatly painted sign at the gateway declaring it. Why this feeling ever gained ground is hard to explain unless it was because some of the early advocates of the plan used silly names. In some countries all the farms are named and many of these names have been handed down from generation to generation. In Yamhill County nearly two hundred farmers have given names to their farms. It is well to select a name that is appropriate and not freakish. Your farm home should have individuality and a good name will add to its quality.—News Reporter.

Are you angry? Is your lip crack ed? Are you afraid of wrinkles? Are you suffering from an ingrowing grouch? None of them? Then why do you smile? History tells us of men who trained themselves to not smile, because they wanted a stern expression of countenance. The savage also pride themselves on not showing any sort of emotion. Have you noticed in the photographs that the mothers of the war heroes of Europe are not smiling? Neither are the generals who order the killing smiling. A hard and stern expression does not indicate a good heart or a clear consciencience. A thief seldom smiles. The women of the streets smiles with her lips, but her eyes are hard and cold. The poverty stricken man on the street who begs for a dime. sends his plea direct to your heart if his appeal is accompanied with a smile. Only the failures of life never smile. A smile is the cry of the sentry of the soul: "All's well!"—Itemizer.

The hardest housekeeping in the world is the housekeeping that peo-ple do for their neighbors. Half the troubles we have are caused by wor-rying about what people think. What difference does it make what they think, anyway? No one can live his own life and two or three other peo-ple's lives besides. What's the use of ple's lives besides. What's the use of setting up housekeeping on the roof or on the outside walls for the benefit of the neighbors? You would rightly be judged insane if you suggested anything of that kind, and that is practically what half the people do. They can't do this because the neighbors would talk, and they can't do that because the neighbors wonder if they could not afford to do something else. They must not say it in so many words, but they mean it, and it is simply a great big vacuum in some is simply a great big vacuum in some of our natures where moral courage ought to be. Half the sting of poverty or small means is gone when one keeps house for himself and not for his neighbor.—Seaside Signal.

Using the Slush Fund.

A portion of the slush fund of \$2,nothing to do. Our concern is with Germany's pernicious interference in our domestic affairs; her effort to of venal labor leaders to forment trouble with employes; and her ef-

forts to wreck our industries. We find the president of the American Federation of Labor complain-ing that Germany had paid labor leaders to call strikes in plants devoted to the manufacture of munitions of war, and we learn that there has been very mischievous interference in our industrial affairs by Germany's allies. There appears to be no doubt regarding the truthfulness of these reports. Indeed, in one instance the offender, no less a person than the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, has admitted that he carried out the instructions of his government by inducing workmen both by promises of reward and by threats of physical harm, to leave their employment.

This interference in our domestic affairs by German influence has been persistently pernicious. It is doubtful if any other neutral country in the world would have permitted itself to be used by a billigerent as the United States has been used. The representatives of Germany and her allies have given this government many causes to hand them their passports. We have in mind the corrupt use made of the wireless station at Savville, as well as the knowledge the German Ambassador had that the Lusitania would be torpedoed.-Spec-

What Screw is Loose?

A resident of this city, who has a small tract of ground which he truck gardens, said to a Courier editor

"You advocate bringing more idle land into production, putting the idle workers onto it and developing the country, but what are you going to do with the produce? We can't sell what we now raise.'

And this man went on to explain that he had cabbage, tomatoes and all all kinds of garden produce that he simply could not sell-that he could not tind any market for, and he questioned the arguments of the Courier that more land was needed in cultiva-

It's a hard problem to find a way

Any amount of food products are literally wasting and rotting in Ben-ton county while any number of families are literally going hungry in Portland.

Last year apples were retailing for five cents a piece in Portland, while farmers fifteen miles out would give any person all they could gather and carry home.

The year before farmers simply let acres of potatoes remain undug in the ground while in Portland they were selling for 60 cents a sack and the charitable organizations were daily feeding bread lines.

There's something dead wrong

when such conditions prevail. People going hungry and food go-

People hunting jobs to live on while

millions of acres of land lie idle. Money as scarce as dewdrops in the desert while the bank vaults are crowded with it.

And what IS the something dead wrong.-Benton County Courier.

Make Them Real Americans.

The propaganda which Germany and Austra have carried on in this country has produced results destructive to the existence of the United States as a Nation, were it to be imitated by every country having former subjects among our citizens and were all such citizens to follow its teachings. These propagandists have acted upon the assumption that every man who was born in Austria is still an Austrian and owes obedience to Francis Joseph, though he may have renounced allegiance to that sovereign years ago. The same assumption is idapted by Germany as to naturalized Germans and by France as to naturalized Frenchmen. They deny the right of a man to transfer his alleg-iance from a native to an adopted land, even extended the claim to children born in this country. The United States Government has

dodged this issue too long and should insist upon the acceptance of the American principle. That principle is that every man is free to become a citizen of any country which will accept him. It strikes at the country cept him. It strikes at the root of the foreign contention, for the very term "subject" implies lack of freedom to change allegiance without the con-sent of the ruler whom one would renounce. But recent events show that, inless we maintain it, the American Nation will be a Nation in name only. There would, it is true, be a majority of native citizens whose forefathers of native citizens whose forefathers had been here for so many generations that no foreign government would claim their allegiance. But there would be millions of German, Austrian, Hungarian, British, Italian and Russian birth, who according to the foreign theory, would be in the American Nation but not of it—mere colonies of foreigners who, by taking the oath of citizenship, had acquired the oath of citizenship, had acquired the rights of citizens but who would not perform the duties. Indeed, if the United States engaged in war with the native country of any one of these groups, the Ambassador from that country would call upon his group to fight against the United States and a very large proportion would respond to the summons. This is a reasonable inference from the summons of Am-bassador Dumba to Austrians to quit work in munition factories and from

quire other nations to renounce all claim to former subjects who have become American citizens. We must 000,000 a week which Germany has then take steps to make these new been spending in this country to aid her in prosecuting the war was expended in promoting strikes here. It is said that many of Great Britian's to the children, but a systematic effort Charles R. Soule, Soule Broth-industrial troubles were also found to industrial troubles. industrial troubles, were also financed should be made to induce adults to ers, Incorporated, a corpora-by Germany; but with that we have attend night school for the purpose of tion, J. J. Jones, J. Swank, W. learning the English tongue and the O. Wilson and Harriet L. history and geography of the United Wilson, his wife, C. M. Zum-States. But some means should be zalt, W. C. Look and Mrs. W. corrupt public opinion; her purchase found to scatter the foreign-born among the native population. There are dotted throughout this country large colonies of foreign nationality which are in effect sections of European countries dropped down in the middle of the United States. They are in this country, but not of it. In such settlements the generation born in this country is as foreign as that which crossed the Atlantic. We should have no Little Italy, Little Russia, Little Hungary or Little Australia and the Atlantic and the Russia, Little Hungary or Little Australia and the Atlantic and the Atl tria in any of our cities or rural districts.

No man asks the immigrant to for-get his native land. That would be to ask him to forget his mother. Every native American will applaud foreignborn fellow-citizens for keeping the land of their birth in loving memory. But as a man is expected to leave his father and mother and cleve to his wife, so he should abandon all thoughts of serving the ruler of his native land and should give sole allegiance to the government which has made him the equal of all and un-der which he has cast his fortunes and rared his family. As no man can serve two masters, so no man can be loyal to two flags. It develops upon those men who have been called upon to obey foreign rulers to the injury of their adopted country to choose which they will serve—the land they left or the land they live in—Oregon-

The Villiage Blacksmith.

Under the spreading chestnut tree, the village smithy stands. The smith, a mighty man is he, with large and sinewy hands.

He owns a dozen village lots, and handsome country lands. He owns a handsome private yacht and proud seaside chateau.

He travels in a private car wherever he may go. His fortune now is reckoned

at five million plunks or so. He doesn't shoe mules any more, or mend the one-horse shay; He makes more in a second now than once he did all day. He merely tinkers touring cars that pass along his way.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the State Land Board of the State of Oregon will receive sealed bids at its office in the Capitol Building at Salem, Oregon, up to 10 o'clock A.M. on November 9, 1915, for all the State's interest in the tide or overflow lands hereinafter described,, giving, however, to the owner or owners of any lands abutting or fronting thereon, the preference right to purchase said tide or overflow lands at the highest price offered, provided such offer is made in good faith, and also privided that the lands will not be sold for, nor any offer therefore accepted of less than \$7.50 per acre, and that the Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Said lands are situated in Tillamook County, Oregon, and described as

Beginning at a point 660 feet north of Sec. corner common to 14, 15, 22 and 23, T. I S., R 10 W. W. M., this point being the meander corner between sections 14 and 15; thence, East 396.00 feet along U. S. Mean-

N. 32 degrees, 45 minutes E. 660.00 feet along U. S. Meander line. N. 78 degrees 45 minutes E. 759.30 feet along U. S. Meander line. N. 24 degrees, 16 minutes E, 482,40 feet along low water line.

3 degrees 20 minutes W., 1135.00

N. 87 degrees 34 minutes W. 1398.96 1915.

14 and 15. South, 7302.21 feet to a point of beginning, containing 241.42 acres in Secs. 14 and 11,T. 1 S., R 10 W. Applications and bids should be adlressed to "G. G. Brown, Clerk, State Land Board, Salem, Oregon," and marked "Application and bid to pur-chase tide lands."

Dated August 21, 1915. G. G. Brown, Clerk State Land Board. First publication, Sept. 2nd, 1915. Last publication, Nov. 4th, 1915.

Notice of Completed Contract.

Notice is hereby given, that the County Road Master of Tillamook County, Oregon, has filed in this office his certificate for the completion of the contract of Jeffry & Bufton, on the Eugene Atkinson County Road, between Station 42 plus 87 and Station 139 and 15 and any person firm or corporation, having obson, firm or corporation, having objections to file to the completion of said work may do so within two weeks from the date of the first publication Dated this the 8th day of Sept., 1915. J. C. Holden,

County Clerk. First publication, Sept. 9, 1915. Last publication, Sept. 23, 1915.

Mrs. Alice Tweedie says: "Of course, women should propose. It is women who change their entire lives by matrimony; it is the woman who take on colossal responsibility by matrimony." Does matrimony make no difference to the man, and are not its responsibilities sufficient to entitle him to make a matrimonial sugges-tion?—San Francisco Chronicle.

the strike of Germans in a Chicago tool works.

We cannot build a nation with groups of people who acknowledge claims of foreign countries to their allegiance. It is necessary that we re-

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County, De-

Shively, Assignee,

Defendants. To J. J. Jones, W. O. Wilson and Harriet L. Wilson, his wife, and W. C. Look and Mrs. W. C. Look, his wife, the defendants above named;

In the name of the State of Oregon You and each of you are hereby re-quired to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit within six weeks from the date of the first publication hereof in the Tillamook Headlight, the date of the first publication thereof being the 26th day of August, 1915, and if you fail so to appear and answer, the plaintiff will take a decree against you as follows, to-wit:

That the plaintiff have judgment against the said defendant, Charles R. Soule, in the sum of seven hundred and 00-100 dollars with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the 22nd day of July, 1911; in the further sum of one hundred dollars attorney's fees; in the further sum of \$38.62 with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 30th day of January, 1915; in the further sum of \$61.63 with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 30th day of July, 1915; and for his costs and disbursements of

Second. That the mortgage described in the said complaint be fore-closed and that the following discrib-

ed real property, towit: Blocks, three, four, nine, ten, eleven, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty twenty nine, and lots from one to seventeen inclusive and from twenty three to twenty six inclusive of block two, and lots one and from twentysix to forty seven inclusive of block six-teen, and lots from twenty eight to forty eight inclusive of block fifteen, and lots from one to eight inclusive, and from fifty seven to sixty one in clusive of block twenty one, and lot one of block twenty six, and lots one, two, and sixteen of block twelve, all in Avalon, in the County of Tillamook and State of Oregon.

Be sold in the manner prescribed by law and the proceeds of such sale applied to the payment of the said judgment.

Third. That the defendant, Charles R. Soule, and all persons claiming through or under him, be forever barred and foreclosed from setting up any claim, right, title or interest in orto the said lands, or any portion thereof, excepting the statutory right of redemption

Fourth, That the plaintiff be per mitted to become a purchaser at such

Fifth. That the plaintiff have such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

This summons is served upon you by publication thereof by order of the Hon. A. M. Hare, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, made and entered herein on the 26th day of August, 1915, in the absence of the Circuit Judge

E. J. Claussen. Attorney for the Plaintiff.

Notice of -Appointment of Administrator.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern; that by an order of the County Court, of Tillamook County, Oregon, made and entered of record herein on the 11th day of September, 1915, the undersigned was appointed the administrator of the estate of Jasper W. Buckles, deceas-

N. 5 degrees 33 minutes E 419.50 feet along low water line.
N. 15 degrees 18 minutes W. 840.00 feet along low water line.
N. 0 degrees 49 minutes E. 2402.00 feet along low water line.
N. 3 degrees 37 minutes W. 1340.00 feet along low water line.
N. 87 degrees 34 minutes W. 1308.66

Administer of said estate. First publication Sept. 16, 1915. Last publication Oct. 14th, 1915.

Administrator's . Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the un-dersigned S. M. Wendt, by an order of the County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon, has been duly ap-pointed administrator of the estate of Samuel W. Grabel, deceased, said order having been made on the 3rd day of August, 1915. Notice is further given that all persons having claims against the said estate are hereby required to present the same with proper vouchers to S. S. Johnson, Tillamook, Oregon, attorney of the undersigned, or to the undersigned, within six months from this date.

Dated August 3, 1915.
S. M. Wendt,
Administrator of the estate
of Samuel W. Grabel. Deceased. Post office, Tillamook, Oregon.

Administrator's Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County, has appointed the undersigned administrator of the estate of Jesse V. Embum, deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same to him at his residence at Tillamook, Oregon, or to T H. Goyne, an attorney at law, at his office in Tillamook City, Oregon, together with the proper vouchers, within six months from the date of

Dated September 9th, 1915.

John Embum, Administrator of the estate of Jessie
V. Embum, deceased.

YAMHILL MILLING COMPANY,

Flour, Grain and Feed.

BRANDS OF FLOUR:

Morning Star." "Y. Family Bend." "Oregon Flower."

E. T. ULLMANN, Manager, Tillamook, Oregon. Commercial Building,

ORECON STATE FAIR

1915 1860 FIFTY-FOURTH ANNUAL STATE FAIR

(1905 State Fair not held on account Lewis and Clark Exposition).

\$20,000 Premiums

An Exposition in itself. The Pride of Oregon. A Great College for those engaged in Agricultural, Horticultural and Live Stock Pursuits,

A Full Week at the State Fair broadens the

Munter, the Aviator, will make two Flights

Free Camping space in a shady Oak Park. Free Stalls for Campers' Teams. Free transportation on Railroads for Exhibits.

For any information relative to the Oregon State Fair which opens

SEPTEMBER 27th and closes OCTOBER 2nd.

Write to W. A. Jones, Secretary, Salem, Oregon.

Coast Power Company. OUR PURPOSE IS TO SERVE THE PUBLIC WELL.

Our plant is well equipped and maintained in perfect running

We can furnish you with anything in electric supplies or fixtures for wiring, lighting, heating, power, or cooking.

We have experienced and capable men to attend to our lines and to do house wiring and instala-

Oregon State Fair Salem.

Week beginning September 27th.

Races, Fat Stock, Poultry, Agriculture Horticulture, Manufacturing.

All the activities we are interested in will be represented

> Reduced Railway Fares from all points in Oregon.

Sale Date, Sept. 23rd to Oct. 2nd. Tickets limited to Oct. 6th.

All trains direct to the Fair Grounds

Ask our local Agent for train schedules, and tickets

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

John M. Scott, General Passenger Agent, Portland, Ore.