

Uncle Silas Says.

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Amos, you have chosen farming as the business of your life, and, take it from me, you have done just right in the matter, because you have a liking for the business, and, without wishing to flatter you in the least, I can say that I regard you as a sort of natural genius in that line. Now, I'm not patting myself on my back in self flattery by the intimation that you inherited from me your natural qualifications and tastes for the business of farming, but I am giving you credit of being somewhat of a natural genius in that line. While one may inherit many of the mental and physical qualities of parents, there is always a marked difference in their individuality, which constitutes the superiority or the reverse between parent and child. More often than otherwise people of genius were born that way, not from inheritance altogether, but just naturally—a combination of superior qualities with which nature has endowed them. Though you may train him ever so thoroughly and carefully, you cannot make a mathematician of one who has no natural talents in that line, whereas he may excel in almost anything else. When I was in the city a few days ago I was in the office of a factory talking with the business manager, when a 15 year old lad came in hurriedly and flashed a \$5 bill at his surprised employer, wisecracked in his ear a few minutes and went out. Then the boss explained to me what the boy had been doing on his way to the office from his home. He had been one of those attracted to a stalled automobile, and after watching the experienced grimly and perspiring owner of the car tinkering underneath, he had taken a look into the interior of the machinery and spotted the trouble. "I can't tell you what the matter was, for I don't understand autos," said the boy's boss, "but that boy certainly knows all about them. When the man came up to breathe the boy asked if he wanted him to show him the trouble. The man did not answer, but grabbed a tool and disappeared under the car again. When he came up again he was thoroughly disgusted and said he didn't have time to wait for a repair man. 'I'd give \$5 to get out of here right now,' he said. 'Would you give it to me?' asked the boy. 'Sure thing,' said the man. So Johnny just reached over and screwed up some thing or other. The machine cranked up all right, the man passed over the 5 spot, and now I'm likely to lose a good office boy. He'll open a garage or auto repair shop, and will soon be making a machine of his own invention, for he's a natural mechanical genius."

To many people the moon plays an important part in sign telling. I know of several old ladies who regulate all their household affairs and even the conduct of life by it. All kinds of weather, in their belief, hang upon the changes of the moon. As a matter of fact Amos, you and I rather see the new moon over our right shoulder. To be sure, we have no faith in the baneful influence of this sign! Still, it is just as well to be cautious about offending her ladyship. We farmers study the shape of the new moon to determine whether the month is to be wet or dry. The Indians used to say if you could hang a powder horn on the curve of the new moon, the month would be generally pleasant. A circle about the moon means that a storm is approaching. The number of stars within the circle tells the number of days before the storm begins. We tell about planting crops at certain phases of the moon, and, although we laugh about it and call it superstition, we nearly always find it convenient to observe the rules of "planting in the moon."

"A penny saved is worth two pennies earned." is a good old saying, and, while it is the mere figurative expression or illustration of a principle, it works out that way generally in business as well as in private life. But there is such a thing as being too saving, of going far beyond reason and common sense. The cultivation of miserliness—of greed for gain of money is contemptible in the extreme. I admire frugality, but abhor penny-pinching, the former being the opposite of watchfulness, which is silly, while the latter is an evidence of human depravity. In pioneer days in Illinois, where I lived on a farm with my parents, all doctors practiced dentistry. Our family physician, who was a graduate of an Eastern medical college, was quite skillful in that line and one day a man called on him, and said "I would like to have you come to my house and remove some gold filling from the mouth of my hired man." Naturally, the doctor thought the filling must be causing pain to an invalid and asked if the patient was suffering much. To his surprise the visitor answered: "No; he is dead, I merely want the gold." The doctor declined the work at any price, and the old skinflint went away, doubtless bemoaning his loss. That, of course, is an extreme case, but there can be no doubt that the man was insane on the subject of saving. Undoubtedly, he had made it a hobby all his life and it had driven him looney.

A noted horticulturist entertains the idea that a tree is as cunning as a rat. He once observed a cottonwood in a dry time looking fresh and green, and people wondered at it. The roots had found their way 200 feet to a cistern and had drunk it dry. He had a cottage in the mountains of Colorado. It was a dry fall and the bull pines on the mountain sides seemed to hold a council to know what they should do. They seemed to reason that they could not carry the whole family through, so they dropped half their long needles and carried the remainder all right. At the same time back of the cottage was a grove of trees with foliage of bright green and they were in thriving condition. About 200 feet from them was an irrigation ditch. Having occasion to dig a hole for a post on the bank, he found a great mass of roots drinking up the

water and sending it into the distant tree tops.

Gertrude, I have been reading of a scheme of procedure for the man "who drinks" outlined on a small card which has gained quite a large circulation in several cities. It is a good scheme, I think, and no doubt if you will tell it to your schoolmates when they come to spend a portion of their summer vacation with you, they will be greatly amused. It is addressed: "To the married man who can't get along without his drinks," and explains that the scheme is suggested as a method by which "his family in a measure can be relieved from the distress resulting from his habit." It runs as follows: "First start a saloon in your own home. Be your own cotner; you will have no license to pay; give your wife \$2 to buy a gallon of whisky and remember there are ninety-six drinks in one gallon. Third buy your drinks from no one but your wife, and by the time the first gallon is gone she will have \$5.50 to put in the bank and \$2 with which to purchase another gallon. Fourth, should you live ten years and continue to buy booze from her and then die with snakes in your boots, she will have enough of money to bury you decently, educate your children, buy a house and lot, marry a decent man and never think about you afterward."

The next time you are cultivating corn, keep your eyes open for the different kinds of weeds. Probably you will find that the grassy pest known as fox-tail is the commonest. Fox-tail, or pigeon grass is easily killed by clean cultivation, but after the last cultivation there is always a few plants which escape to produce large quantities of seed to fill the ground with the pest for years to come. Hardly anyone looks upon fox-tail as a really serious weed. Nevertheless, it is probably the most serious one we have in the corn field just because it is so common. Butterprint is a common cornfield weed in some sections. It grows almost as high as corn and a single plant will produce thousands of seeds. It is claimed that the seed will live over in the ground as long as fifteen years.

A Billy Sunday of Health.

Billy Sunday thunderings are not necessarily confined to evangelization. A Chautauqua lecturer on health has taken up the same kind of pyrotechnics and stirs big audiences with, "Run until your old tongues hang out! If you can't run walk—but do something to make you breathe. You discouraged old wrecks. You're feeling blue because you are full of poison. You need ozone—go out and get it." Then the speaker gets his thousands of hearers to their feet and shouts, "Now exhale." The sound of expiring air fills the big tent. "Now breathe in for a minute—if you can't you're dead." The crowd tries it. "Why, you've gone through live living on a thimble full of oxygen," Sunday exclaims. "The health exorter. 'Learn to breathe if you want to get rid of that tired feeling. You walk as though your feet were filled with lead. Persons afflicted with tuberculosis are sent to high altitudes. They go up and have to breathe deep. Now, why couldn't the fools learn to breathe on the level. 'Eat vegetables and run after them—running will make you breathe. But don't run for breakfast or the sugar barrel—run the other way. Go without breakfast too, you old hogs.' I'll bet some of you sneaked in a breakfast on me. Well, you had better not if you want that fat feeling." "How about tomatoes?" some one yelled. "Eat a barrel of them every day, and if you can't get the fruit, eat the vines with the answering shout. It is needless to add that the health evangelist gets the crowd going and away it effectually. We, perhaps, are just beginning to understand the art of modern hortatory effort. Billy Sunday has founded a new school of it. Transfer it to the political field and let us see what will become of it. Suppose that flattery is not lavished on the voters, the custom from time immemorial, but that they are called "hogs" "yellow dogs" and other startling epithets that have been made popular in the pulpit. There may be more ways than one to "rouse the people."

The Mother-in-Law.

In a case in the Court of Domestic Relations at Chicago, the judge said in his decision: "It is a case of too much mother-in-law," whereupon the assistant state's attorney exclaimed: "Mothers-in-law are menacing the efficiency of the Court of Domestic Relations. Seventy-five per cent of the quarrels that come before the court could be settled amicably if the mothers of the wives would stay at home; the court should rule that no mother-in-law be allowed in the courtroom when their daughters' cases are being tried." That prosecutor was doubtless much excited when he made that remark. He let his tongue run away with him. We do not believe it is nearly as bad as he says. As a rule, mothers-in-law are among the finest people in the world. They are more kindly and thoughtful than most people. It has happened that a son-in-law has been insulting and abusive to his wife, and then, of course, her mother becomes indignant and the son-in-law rightly gets a piece of her mind. A son-in-law that turns his back on his wife's mother is no good.

The Retort Alcoholic.

In reply to the question asked by Leslie's Weekly, "Who drank all the 88,000,000 gallons of whisky made in the United States last year?" the Madisonville (Ky.) Hustler says: "We sincerely hope it hasn't been drunk. If the American nation has degenerated to the extent of drinking whisky less than a year old, then all the mean things the Germans have said about us must be true."

Big Loans in Europe.

The last two weeks have been very severe "testing days" for the international money markets. The British House of Commons, after a year's participation in the European conflict approved a new war loan of five billion dollars. The French Chamber of Deputies followed almost immediately with a further appropriation of \$1,200,000,000 to cover war expenses for three months beginning July 1. This amount brings the total volume of credits voted in France since the war began up to \$4,225,000,000. Though we in America have, of course, no responsibility for the successful flotation of these huge loans, our markets are, nevertheless, greatly affected by these titanic evolutions in the international financial situation. Cable reports from London last week for example, conveyed the information that British investors were liquidating every possible security holding in order to participate in the new war loan. Though somewhat loath to part with their American securities, which are now considered most stable investments in the world, they are, nevertheless, impelled by motives of duty and patriotism to forego their personal references and to divert their savings into the channels which, in the last analysis, mean the defense of the empire and the safety of home and possessions.

Registered Holstein Friesian for Sale

Herd bull No. 97721, Sir Johanna Colantha Cornucopia, 3 years old, fine build and more white than black. Sire A. R. O. Dutchland Colantha Contest Boy, No. 50,998, a son of Calantha Johanna Lad, whose dam is the world's record cow. Colantha 4th Johanna, with record 27,432.5 lbs. milk and 12,478.2 lbs. butter in one year.

Dam No. 96,598, Dot Cornucopia A. R. O. 25 lbs. butter in 7 days, 90 lbs milk in one day. The foundation herd imported from New York. Several choice bull calves, some old enough for small service. Some of the cows have A. R. O. records. Herd Tuberculin tested. Place located 1/2 mile north of Bagley. (last flag station before Hillsboro). A Bendler, Cornelius Oregon, R. F. D. No. 1.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed administrators of the estate of Margery Leasia, deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present same, with the proper vouchers, duly verified, to the undersigned at the office of T. B. Handley, in Tillamook City, Tillamook County, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof. Wm. J. Bogart, Goldie Clark, Administrators of the estate of Margery Leasia, deceased.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed bids will be received by the City Council, Tillamook, Oregon, until 7:30 p.m., July 26, 1915, for the erection and completion of a City Hall building, according to plans and specifications prepared by Charles H. Burggraf, architect, Albany, Ore. All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to "The City of Tillamook, Oregon," for the sum of \$250.00, as a guarantee that the contractor will furnish an approved bond equal to 50 per cent of the contract within ten days after the awarding of the contract. All bids must be made out on blank proposals for the same. Blanks furnished upon application by the City Recorder or Architect. Plans and specifications may be seen at the City Recorder's office, Tillamook, Oregon, or at the Architect's office. The Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Chas. H. Burggraf, Architect.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals, addressed to the County Clerk of Yamhill County, Oregon, and indorsed "Proposals to complete Tillamook-Yamhill Joint Road," in accordance with the plans and specifications thereof, on file in the offices of the County Clerk of Tillamook and Yamhill Counties, will be received by the County Courts of said counties at the Court House at McMinnville, Oregon, until the hour of 2 o'clock p.m., July 24th, 1915, and at that time and place publicly opened and read. Each bid shall be accompanied by a certified check for a sum equal 5 per cent of the amount of the bid, and made payable to the Clerk of Yamhill County, and which shall be forfeited to the County Courts jointly in case the bid is accepted and the bidder shall, for a period 5 days from the date of awarding to him the contract, fail, refuse or neglect to enter into the contract and to furnish the bond required by law. Bids will be received for clearing, grubbing and grading any one or all of the sections as included between Station 0 plus 00 and Stations 295 plus 84.4. The County Courts reserve the right to reject any and all bids or to accept the bid considered the best for said Tillamook and Yamhill Counties. Tillamook-Yamhill Joint Road District.

By C. B. Wilson, Clerk of Yamhill County. J. C. Holden, Clerk of Tillamook County. First publication July 8, 1915. Last publication, July 22, 1915.

Sure Symptoms.

When hub is a trifle teary, Ambles home and murmurs "Dearie," Wife needs to make no query. She infers that he is beery.

Kaiser Wilhelm is to be presented with a bible. He will find justification in it. Everybody does.

OREGON STATE BOARD OF HORTICULTURE.

Notice of Quarantine, No. 2.

The fact has been determined by the President of the Oregon State Board of Horticulture that a dangerous potato disease known as the Powdery Scab of Potatoes (Spongospora subterranea), new to and not heretofore widely prevalent or distributed within and throughout the State of Oregon, exists in the County of Tillamook in the State of Oregon. Now, therefore, I, Chas. A. Park, President of the Oregon State Board of Horticulture, under the authority conferred by Section 2, of Chapter 246 of the General Laws of 1913, and Section 4, of Chapter 342 of the General Laws of 1915, do hereby quarantine the said County of Tillamook, and from and after the publication of this notice in a newspaper published within said County of Tillamook, it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to carry or transport any common potato or potatoes from the said County of Tillamook into or through any part of the State of Oregon, outside of said County of Tillamook. Done at Salem, Oregon, July 13, 1915. Chas. A. Park, President of the Oregon State Board of Horticulture. Executive office, Salem, Oregon, July 13, 1915.

James Withycombe, Governor of the State of Oregon.

I, James Withycombe, Governor of the State of Oregon, do hereby approve the foregoing notice of quarantine and designate the Tillamook Headlight, a newspaper published in said County of Tillamook, as the newspaper in which said notice shall be published. James Withycombe, Governor of the State of Oregon.

Statement.

Of the Tillamook County Bank of Tillamook, State of Oregon, showing the amount standing to the credit of every depositor July 1, 1915, who has not made a deposit or has not withdrawn any part of his deposit, principal or interest, for a period of more than seven (7) years immediately prior to said date, with the name, last known place of residence or post-office address of such depositor, and the fact of his death, if known. Name of depositor, C. L. Sariner. Residence or P. O. address, Tillamook, Oregon. Dead, if fact is known to Sec. or Cashier, unknown. Amount \$5.00. State of Oregon, County of Tillamook, SS.

I, Erwin Harrison, being first duly sworn, depose and say upon oath, that I am the cashier of the Tillamook County Bank, of Tillamook, County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, that the foregoing statement is a full, true, correct and complete statement, shown the name, last known residence or postoffice address fact of death, if known, and the amount to the credit of each depositor as required by the provisions of Sections 7378-7381, inclusive, Lord's Oregon Laws.

Erwin Harrison, Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of July A.D., 1915. C. A. McTeebe, Notary Public for Oregon. My commission expires Sept. 28, 1916.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon in and for the County of Tillamook. Lee R. Ijams, Laura M. Kerron formerly Laura M. Ijams, Leslie Ijams, Evelyn Ijams and Ethel Miller, formerly Ethel Ijams, Plaintiffs,

vs. Mrs. Melvina Venen and John Doe Venen, her husband, Frank Le Duck and Mary Roe Le Duck, his wife, Defendants.

To, Mrs. Melvina Venen and John Doe Venen, her husband; Frank Le Duck and Mary Roe Le Duck, his wife, and to you and each of you, defendants above named, in the name of the State of Oregon you and each of you are required and hereby commanded to appear and answer to the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the 27th day of August, 1915, being more than six (6) weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and if you fail to so appear and answer to the said complaint, in substance as follows: For a decree determining the adverse interests in and to block fifteen (15) in and of Miller's Addition to the town of Tillamook and State of Oregon and declaring the plaintiffs to be the owners in fee simple and entitled to the possession of said premises against any and all persons whatsoever, and yourselves in particular, and for the costs and disbursements of this suit, and for such further relief as to the Court may seem meet in the premises. This summons is served upon you further by virtue of an order of the above entitled Court, which order was made and entered on the 17th day of May, 1915, directing that publication thereof be made in the Tillamook Headlight, a newspaper of general circulation published in the County of Tillamook and State of Oregon for a period of six (6) successive weeks. Date of first publication July 15, 1915. Date of last publication August 26 15 Charles A. and Claud M. Jones, 1307-9 Yeon Building, Portland, Oregon. Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Notice to Contractors.

We can furnish sand in large quantities delivered on job cheaper than anyone else. F. N. Elliott, At Electric Light Dock.

Leaping the loop is a physical sensation went quite out of fashion when riding at sixty miles an hour came in.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a judgment and decree entered in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County, in the cause pending wherein Tillamook County Bank, a corporation is plaintiff, and Francis D. Mitchell, Ida J. Mitchell, G. W. Rice and Jane Doe Rice, his wife are defendants, which decree was entered on the 21st day of June, 1915, and in pursuance of an execution and order of sale issued upon said decree by the clerk of said Court bearing date June 11, 1915, I, at the day the 21st day of Aug. 1915, at the Court House door in Tillamook City, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand all of the estate, title and interest of the defendants, held on February 8th, 1913, or since acquired by them in and to the following described real property situate in Tillamook County, Oregon, to-wit: Lot 44 of Block 54, Bayoceno, for the purpose of satisfying a judgment rendered in said cause together with the costs and expenses of the sale. The judgment is for the sum of \$1,263.71, with interest at 8 per cent per annum from June 21st, 1915, \$125 as attorney's fees, and \$39.99 costs and disbursements. Dated this July 22nd, 1915. H. Crenshaw, Sheriff of Tillamook County, Ore.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County. Samuel Leback, Joseph E. Dillian, and William Penegor, Plaintiffs,

vs. Allan H. Wilson, Laura L. Wilson, Sretlana S. Phelps, S. W. Thompson and Floyd A. Swan. Defendants.

To Allen H. Wilson, Laura L. Wilson, S. W. Thompson and Floyd A. Swan the above named defendants: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled Court in the above entitled cause on or before six (6) weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, on or before six (6) weeks from the 24th day of June, 1915 and if you fail to so appear, for want thereof, the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief therein demanded, which is for a decree adjudging and decreeing that certain mortgage executed by Allen H. Wilson and Laura L. Wilson, his wife, as mortgagors, to Samuel Leback, Joseph H. Dillian and William Penegor, as mortgagees, of date July 2, 1909, and recorded at page 408, Book "S", Records of Mortgages, in the office of the County Clerk of Tillamook County, Oregon, to be a first lien upon all and singular the following described real estate, situate in the said County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, to-wit: The North half of the Northwest quarter of Section five (5) in Township (2) South of Range Ten (10) West of the Willamette Meridian, save and excepting therefrom the land heretofore conveyed to School District No. 7 by instrument recorded in Book "P", page 243, Deed Records of Tillamook County, Oregon. Also, beginning at a point on the U. S. Meander line at the Southeast corner of Lot six (6) of Section six (6) in Township two (2) South Range ten (10) West of the Willamette Meridian, and running thence North 46 1/2 deg. West, seven and thirty hundredths (7.30) chains, thence North 5 1/2 deg. West eight and eighty-seven hundredths (8.87) chains, thence North 5 1/4 deg. East, seventeen and eighty hundredths (17.80) chains, thence North eighteen and three-fourths (18 3/4) deg. W. twelve and sixty hundredths (12.60) chains, thence North 49 deg. West, two (2) chains, the foregoing being the meander line of high water, thence West ten (10) chains to lower line of low water as follows: South 57 deg. East eleven (11) chains, thence South 21 deg. East eight (8) chains, thence South 3 deg. West, eight (8) chains, thence South 7 deg. East nineteen and fifty hundredths (19.50) chains, thence 22 deg. East five and thirty hundredths (5.30) chains, thence South 76 deg. East four (4) chains, thence North one and eighty hundredths (1.80) chains to the place of beginning, containing fourteen and thirty-five hundredths (14.35) acres of tidelands. Also Lot four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) in Block three (3), in Netarts Bay Park, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, or in anywise appertaining, to secure the payment of the sum of \$3,050.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from July 2, 1909 due the plaintiff Samuel Leback, and the further sum of \$1,200.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from July 2, 1909 due the plaintiff Joseph E. Dillian, and the further sum of \$700.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from July 2, 1909 due plaintiff William Penegor, and the further sum of \$500.00 attorney's fees in this mortgage, and that the lien of said mortgage be adjudged and decreed to be superior to all claims, liens, interests and premises owned or claimed herein, and that said mortgage be foreclosed, and the proceeds applied towards the payment of said attorney's fees, principal and interest, of sale, and such further decree as the Court may seem equitable and just.

The above named defendants are also notified that service of summons in this suit is ordered to be had upon each of said defendants by publication thereof pursuant to an order rendered and entered by the above entitled Court on the 21st day of June, 1915, by which order the defendants

are required to appear and answer the complaint of plaintiffs filed herein on or before six (6) weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and defendants are further notified that the date of the first publication of this summons is June 24th, 1915. G. C. Fulton, S. S. Johnson, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

Notice.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County. In the matter of the estate of Jasper W. Buckles, deceased. To all whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, administrator of said estate intends to apply to the above entitled court or to the Judge thereof, on the 2nd day of August, 1915, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. for leave to resign as said administrator of said estate. And if permitted by said Court or the Judge thereof, will at said time and date resign as said administrator. Clark Smith, Administrator of the estate of Jasper W. Buckles, deceased.

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an execution and order of sale duly issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County, by the clerk of said court, upon a decree of foreclosure, dated June 30th, 1915, in said Court, in a case wherein John Hann is plaintiff and Gus Mahne and Marie Mahne, and M. W. Harrison, are defendants, said execution being dated July 1st, 1915, and to me duly directed, by the said Clerk and under seal of said Court, I have levied upon and will on Monday, the 2nd day of August, 1915, at 10:00 o'clock, in the fore noon of said day, at the court house door in said county, duly sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following described real property, situated in Tillamook County, Oregon, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section nine, Township three north of Range six West of the Willamette Meridian in Oregon. All being in Tillamook County, Oregon and containing one hundred and sixty acres. Said sale to be made by me, as Sheriff of Tillamook County, Oregon, for the purpose of satisfying the decree and judgment in the above entitled Court and cause, dated June 30, 1915, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of \$200.00, together with interest thereon from October 4, 1906, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and the further sum of \$75.00 attorney's fees therein, and for the sum of \$615 costs and for the costs of said sale. Dated July 1st, 1915. H. Crenshaw, Sheriff of Tillamook County, Ore.

Notice of Hearing Final Account.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed his final account as administrator of the estate of Albert Maurer, deceased, in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, and that said Court has fixed Monday, the 26th day of July, 1915, at 10:00 o'clock a.m. at the Court Room of said County, in Tillamook City, Oregon, as the time and place of hearing of objections if any, to the said account and the settlement of said estate. Dated this 24th day of June, 1915. Henry Becker, Administrator of the Estate of Albert Maurer, deceased.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County. John Stoker, Plaintiff vs. Otis Jones, Loyde Jones and Esther Jones, his wife Defendants. State of Oregon, County of Tillamook, SS. By virtue of a judgment order, decree and execution, duly issued out of and under the seal of the above entitled court, in the above entitled cause, to me duly directed and dated the 6th day of July, 1915, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said court on the 29th day of June, 1915, in favor of John Stoker, plaintiff, and against Otis Jones, Loyde Jones and Esther Jones, his wife, defendants, for the sum of \$308.75, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the 5th day of March, 1915, and the further sum of \$50.00 as attorney's fee, and for the further sum of \$184.75 costs and disbursements, and the cost of and upon this writ, commanding me to make sale of the following described real property, situate in the county of Tillamook and State of Oregon, to-wit: All of Lot numbered eight (8) in Block numbered nineteen (19), of Ocean View, as the same is marked and described on the plat of the said Ocean View on file and of record in the office of the County Clerk of Tillamook County, State of Oregon. Now, therefore, by virtue of said execution, judgment order and decree and in compliance with the commands of said writ, I will, on Saturday, the 7th day of August, 1915, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., at the front door of the Court House in the city of Tillamook, in said County and State sell at public auction, subject to redemption, for U. S. coin, the highest bidder, for U. S. coin cash in hand, all the within titled and interest which the within named defendants or either of them had on the date of the mortgage herein or since had in or to the above described real property or any part thereof, to satisfy said execution, judgment order, decree, interest, costs and all accruing costs. Dated, Tillamook, Oregon, July 7, 1915. H. Crenshaw, Sheriff of Tillamook County, Oregon. First publication, July 8, 1915. Last publication, August 5, 1915.