

**REPUBLICAN TICKET**

For U. S. Senate—  
ROBERT A. BOOTH.  
For Congress—  
WILLIS C. HAWLEY.  
For Governor—  
JAMES WITCOMBE.  
For State Treasurer—  
THOS. B. KAY.  
For Supreme Court—  
THOS. J. M'BRIDE.  
HENRY J. BEAN.  
T. L. HARRIS.  
HENRY I. BENSON.  
For Attorney General—  
GEO. M. BROWN.  
For Supt. Public Instruction—  
J. A. CHURCHILL.  
For State Engineer—  
JOHN C. LEWIS.  
For Commissioner of Labor—  
O. P. HOFF.  
For Railroad Commissioner—  
FRANK J. MILLER.  
For Supt. Water Division No. 1—  
JAMES T. CHINNOCK.  
For Representative—  
T. B. HANDLEY.  
For Circuit Judge—  
HARRY H. BELT.

**THE COUNTY TICKET.**

For County Judge—  
A. M. HARE.  
For County Clerk—  
J. C. HOLDEN.  
For Sheriff—  
H. CRENSHAW.  
For Treasurer—  
B. L. BEALS.  
For Surveyor—  
R. L. SHREVE.  
For County Commissioner—  
(Two years.)  
F. L. SAPPINGTON.  
(Four years.)  
FRANK OWENS.  
For Coroner—  
S. M. WENDT.

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Entered as second class mail matter July, 1888, at the postoffice at Tillamook, Ore., under the act of March 3, 1879.

**THE TILLAMOOK HEADLIGHT.**

**Editorial Snap Shots.**

The dairymen of Tillamook county have lost at least from 2c. to 3c. per pound on their butter fat this summer as a result of Democratic free trade. Remember this when you go to the polls next month, Mr. Dairyman.

Those that contend that the prohibition measure does not contain a penalty clause are mistaken. As it will be unlawful to sell liquor should prohibition carry, the present laws with penalty will cover the case.

Such extravagance is to be wondered at, when we see the willful waste of good lumber, labor and money being added to the old shack on First street, known as the old Headlight office. This is enterprise of the back trot grade order.

There isn't a town in Oregon but a big pay roll, like the sawmills R. A. a big pay roll, like the saw mill R. A. Booth started in several towns of the Willamette Valley. But the Democrat are putting up a dirty fight on Mr. Booth and circulating all manner of untruthful reports. It will avail them nothing, for Mr. Booth is going to defeat the Democratic free trade candidate with a large majority.

When we hear of life long Democrats in Tillamook who are going to desert the West-Smith-Chamberlain machine and vote the Republican ticket, there must be something radical wrong with the Democratic party. And there is no doubt about that. Isn't that the party that gave us free trade and the West spectacular performances which caused every other state in the Union to snicker at Oregon.

Governor West is a political ringster. Didn't he place Smith on his political "slate," and didn't the latter agree to carry on the governor's fool policies before the people were given

an opportunity to be heard at the primary election? Dr. Smith is the machine candidate of the West faction of the Democratic party. And it looks to us that West is "working" the dry vote and Smith the "wet" vote. Any old thing to fool the people

The manner in which the German army went through Belgium rough shod, is appalling, yet it is not surprising that the sentiment of the American people is with Belgium, which was a happy, prosperous country before the war. But the militaryism of Germany had no respect for treaty obligations. Just consider the happy homes and the women and children who have had to suffer because of the whims of crowned heads of Europe, and the death and destruction of property. Poor little Belgium, it is to be pitied.

About 50 years since the snap shot man heard temperance lecturers predict that in a few years liquor would be wiped from the face of the earth. We have heard the same predictions a good many times since, and we are hearing them again today, and if we live another 50 years, no doubt, we shall hear the same thing. When we look over the statistics and see the enormous increase in the consumption of liquors of all kinds, it looks to us that temperance orators and prophets are not confining themselves strictly to gospel truth.

Cheese took another drop on Tuesday as the result of Democratic free trade, with little or no demand for Tillamook Cheese. The price of cheese in Wisconsin is the lowest in many years, a large quantity having been sold last week for 12 1/2c. Are you going to vote for more Democratic free trade next month? A whole raft of our citizens, and dairymen as well, bolted the Republican party two years ago, who wanted a change. Well they've got what they voted for and should not complain. Haven't we got free cream, free milk, free lumber, free fish, free meat, free eggs, free wool, etc?

Not one word is heard these days about Statement No. 1, the Oregon System, the sovereign rule of the people, etc., for the politicians rode these hobbies to death in the previous elections and it is necessary to have something new to fool the people and to divert their minds from the real issue that confronts them, which is Republican protection for American producers and manufacturers vs. Democratic free trade and competition with cheap foreign labor. This is a clean cut issue. "Wet" and "dry" does not cut any figure in this issue. Which do you favor of the two policies?

The Democratic free trade fallacy is tough on Tillamook we are willing to admit. The price of cheese is again on the downward grade, saw mills have had to close down and money for harbor improvements denied Nehalem. But this is not all. Business and employment has been on the bum ever since the Democratic party came into power, with the prospect that this will grow worse. And the Democrats have the gall to ask the people to vote for them so that free trade and cheap foreign labor can undersell the home manufacturers and producers. It is to the interest to every voter to go to the polls next month and vote the republican ticket from top to bottom. It is now up to the voters to decide which they want Republican prosperity or Democratic free trade.

What with free trade closing the saw mill down at Wheeler and extravagance of the Democratic party in "knocking" the appropriation for the improvement of Nehalem harbor from the rivers and harbors bill, our friends in the North end of the county have probably had enough of Democratic policies. Republicans in that as well as in all other parts of the county will fall in line next month and vote a "straight" Republican ticket, for they see it is to their own advantage to do so. We feel sorry that the Nehalem appropriation is cut out, for when local people show the amount of push and enthusiasm as the people of Nehalem have in harbor improvements, it is wrong to deprive them of the necessary funds, especially when there is considerable local money in the enterprise.

The special election called for next Monday to vote on several amendments to the city charter is for the purpose of placing the city in proper shape to do business and place the credit of the city on a better foundation. These are necessary amendments and it is hoped that the voters will pass these measures. All the measures are proposed by the City Council and are necessary to carry on the government of the city in a proper manner, and it is to the interest of the city and the taxpayers that they pass. They have been prepared and published at considerable expense, and should they fail to carry

this will have to be done over again at some future time. Take a few minutes time next Monday and go to the polls and vote "Yes" on all the measures.

There is a wider split in the Democratic party in Oregon than most persons imagine, and it is not confined to one locality, brought about by the West-Smith Chamberlain faction of the Democratic party wanting to dominate the other factions. For instance, we see that Colonel C. E. S. Wood, a life long Democratic, jumped the fence because he has no faith in Chamberlain and that faction of the Democratic party. The Colonel in a speech related that two years ago when Dr. Harry Lane was the Democratic candidate for the Senate, both Dr. Lane and Frank S. Myers—now postmaster of Portland—came to him and said that they had no confidence in Senator Chamberlain, that they had no trust or faith in him, that they believed him to be treacherous and in fact supported Jonathan Bourne. This will give some idea as to the spirit amongst Democrats.

Our rattled brain governor is making a fool of himself again. Read what he says, "The next legislature is going to crucify the people's most cherished possessions—direct legislation—and we need a man in the governor's chair who will give this crowd the fight of their lives—a man who will stand for the rights of the people." It seems to us that the people of the state nominated tickets at the primary election and will cast their ballots again next month, at the general election, and that being the case, will any sane person dispute the fact that those who are elected will be by the sovereign rule of the people? And how does Governor West know who the people will elect as legislators before the election? Such Tommyrot is characteristic of the governor, and certainly laughable to those who watch his antics. It shows plainly that we need a level headed, business man like Dr. Withycombe at the head of the state government, and not a cranky crank.

There is a movement on foot to defeat F. L. Sappington, for county commissioner, who is the nominee of the Republican party. The snap shot man can say this without fear of contradiction, that Mr. Sappington is the best qualified candidate running for county commissioner, for he is not only a civil engineer, but a practical road builder and knows from actual experience how they should be constructed in this wet climate. But how often it does occur that when it comes to selecting men to conduct county business, especially in road building, the taxpayers select those least suitable. And then they wonder why their taxes are so high, and so much good money squandered on roads. We believe that F. L. Sappington and F. L. Owens, will make a good road team, and with A. M. Hare as county judge, the taxpayers will have a clean, economical, progressive administration of county affairs. Mr. Sappington obtained the Republican nomination and is entitled to the support of the party.

The trouble with Oregon is the taxpayers have been experimenting with politicians to run their national and state affairs instead of selecting successful business men. We wonder how many persons in Tillamook county will take this into consideration when they cast their vote next month. Just to illustrate this more fully, Senator Chamberlain and Governor West are politicians and have made their livelihood in that way. But no one ever heard of them starting industries, giving employment to men or placing large amounts of money in circulation. Oh, no, it is the taxpayer's money they put into circulation. On the other hand, those who have watched the successful business career of R. A. Booth knows full well that Oregon and working men and industries have been greatly benefitted by his efforts, and that of Dr. Withycombe in giving the best years of his life to develop the agricultural resources of the state and make this a greater Oregon. This is the contrast between the four men that no one can deny. Oregon needs more men like Booth and Withycombe, and less politicians and political cranks.

A large number of citizens are of the opinion that prohibition will carry with an overwhelming majority in Oregon next month. It may, but we doubt it for the reason there are those who think and think honestly, that the prohibitionists are encroaching upon their personal liberties, for the prohibitionists are decidedly outspoken in their efforts, not only to prohibit the manufacture and sale of liquor in Oregon, but will endeavor to prohibit its importation into the state. This is where the prohibition law is defective, for it should have had a clause to prohibit the importation with proper penalties for doing so.

We will quote the law as it appears in the official pamphlet:

"From and after January first, 1916, no intoxicating liquors shall be manufactured, or sold within this state, except for medical purposes upon prescription of a licensed physician, or for scientific, sacramental or mechanical purposes. This section is self executing, and all provisions of the Constitution and laws of the state and of the charters and ordinances of all cities, towns and other municipalities therein, in conflict with the provisions of this section, are hereby repealed."

**Southern Oregon United.**

The effect to open the Southern Oregon State Normal School at Ashland seems to have secured the quite general support of the counties of Southern Oregon. This fact should help that effort, for the people of the state have too long considered the state's schools as means of "passing out" spoils from the state treasury to the several localities where they are situated.

The school was in operation under biennial appropriations from the legislature for fourteen years. In the session of 1909 the appropriation bill, after passing the house, failed in the senate, and the regents were without authority to continue the school. The plant consists of two main school buildings, women's dormitory, men's dormitory, gymnasium, library, heating plant, and considerable equipment—all of this the property of the state of Oregon and free from indebtedness or incumbrance of any kind. The school is under the State Board of Normal School Regents, a board appointed from citizens of counties having no state educational institution, hence its management in the interest of the entire state is assured. No citizen of Jackson County is on the board.

The committee behind this effort, composed of prominent citizens from each of the seven counties of Southern Oregon, emphasizes these points in their argument for the re-establishment of the school.

They point out, first, that a Normal school is not a school of high education, but for the sole purpose of training teachers in the common schools. Second, that the state spends over \$5,000,000 annually on its common schools and that, from a standpoint of economy alone, this school should be maintained that the common schools may have trained teachers. In other words, that this \$5,000,000 of taxpayers' money shall be spent through teachers who know their business. The efficiency of our common school teachers should be of prime concern to citizens. He employs a clever lawyer; he is particular about the doctor he calls in. How much more particular he should be with the ability of the trainer of his children.

President Campbell of the State University says: "There could be no greater extravagance than that of spending large sums of money on public schools which are 'kept' by untrained teachers."

Third, it is pointed out that the history of every state in the Union proves that all Normal Schools (and the same is true to some extent of the colleges) are decidedly local as to their spheres of influence. For instance, the Normal School at Monmouth has only thirteen pupils from the seven counties of Southern Oregon and only thirty-three from the eastern half of the state.

In vain have eastern states undertaken to make one large centrally located Normal School serve all the state. The attendance has come mostly from its immediate neighborhood and the rest of the state has been without the influence of Normal training in its common schools. The result has been that state after state has changed to a policy of taking the school to the people. Oregon is the only state in the Union that ever reduced the number of its Normal Schools. California has eight Normal Schools and 85 per cent of her common school teachers have had Normal training. Oregon has one Normal School. Eighty per cent of last year's applicants for teachers' certificates had no training above the eighth grade.

It is pointed out that the various collateral facts pertaining to a proper location for a Normal School are decidedly favorable in respect to Ashland. Climatically, it cannot be surpassed. The size of the town (6,000) gives the school a local constituency, which furnishes a substantial basis on which to build as well as to maintain a thoroughly efficient training school. Ashland has one of the finest high schools in the state; it is the oldest high school in the state outside of Portland.

The committee wisely makes little ado about the attitude Jackson county has taken toward other educational interests in this state; but it is fair to call attention to the fact that

in the Normal School vote of 1910 Jackson county gave the largest county majority for the Normal School at Weston and the second largest (Multnomah only exceeding) for the Monmouth Normal. In 1912 the Agricultural College and U. of O. millage bill received the second largest county majority from Jackson; and in 1908 and 1913 the University of Oregon appropriation bills received their third largest (Multnomah and Lane leading) county majority from Jackson. The vote of other Southern Oregon counties was proportionately as strong. Their people believe in and support state schools.

**Summons.**

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County.

John Hahn, Plaintiff,  
vs.  
Gus Mahne and Marie Mahne and M. W. Harrison, Defendants.

To Gus Mahne and Marie Mahne, the above named defendants: You, and each of you, are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit and court, on or before the last day of the time prescribed in the order for the publication of summons herein which said order was made and dated September 8th, 1914, and if you fail to so answer, for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in said complaint on file herein, to-wit: for judgment against said defendants and each of them for the sum of \$200.00 together with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 4th day of October, 1906 until paid and for the further sum of \$75.00 attorney's fees herein and for the costs and disbursements of this suit; that a certain mortgage mentioned in said complaint, for \$200.00 given by said defendants to plaintiff be foreclosed and the property covered by said mortgage, to-wit: the NE quarter of section nine Township three North of Range six west of the Willamette meridian, in Tillamook County, Oregon, be sold in the manner provided by law and the proceeds of such sale applied to the payment of said judgment, and that all persons claiming by through or under said defendants or either of them subsequent to the execution of said mortgage either as purchasers, incumbrances or otherwise be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claim or equity of redemption in and to said real property and every part thereof, and that said defendants, and each of them, be adjudged to pay any deficiency which may remain unpaid after applying the proceeds of said sale properly applicable to the satisfaction of said judgment, and for such other and further relief as to the Court may seem meet with equity.

This summons is served upon you and each of you, by order of the Honorable Webster Holmes, Judge of the above named court, dated Sept 8th, 1914, and the date of the first publication of this summons is the 10th day of September, 1914, and the date of the last publication thereof and the last date upon which you are required to appear and answer on or before is and will expire on the 22nd day of October, 1914.

T. B. HANDLEY,  
Attorney for Plaintiff.

**Does Prohibition Fulfill Its Promises?**

Thinking people of every religious creed and political belief should give earnest heed to the expressions of opinion from eminent divines, educators, editors, governors, judges, legislators, and others prominent in every walk of life, who have publicly voiced their sentiments concerning prohibition in words similar to these:

"Prohibition drives underground the mischief which it seeks to cure, making it more difficult to deal with the evil and impossible to regulate the trade." Bishop Hall, Vermont.

"Prohibition has been disastrous to the cause of temperance." Bishop Clark, Rhode Island.

These men are sincere and conscientious. They deplore drunkenness and cry against it as a great evil. Who, indeed, does not? Yet they know from observation and experience, that prohibition does not put a check upon intemperance but that, on the contrary, it gives rise to evils even greater than intemperance itself.

—Paid Advertisement

E. D. Ulrich, Chamber of Commerce, Portland, Oregon.

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