

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

The Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Tillamook County. No. 1487.

vs. Plaintiff, vs. C. B. Collins, Earl Collins, V. L. Robinson, Vallie V. Robinson, French, W. H. Wilson, Longworth, Oneiatta Longworth, F. L. Kelley and M. Adelphe Kelly, Defendants.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County. Robert Osborn, Plaintiff, vs. William L. Riefenberg and Lillian C. Riefenberg, his wife John Storm, the unknown heirs of Obed S. Thomas, deceased, and also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein.

In the name of the State of Oregon you and each of you are hereby required to appear in the above entitled court on or before the 5th day of October, 1914, and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled cause, and if you fail to so appear and answer within said time, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the above entitled court for the relief demanded in his complaint, to-wit, for a decree as follows:

First: Decreeing that you, the said defendants, and the other defendants above named, or any of you, have no right, title or interest in law or in equity, of any kind of nature, in and to real property situated in Bay City, Tillamook County, State of Oregon, described as follows: Beginning sixty (60) feet west of the northwest corner of block four (4), James M. Fuller's Addition to the town of Bay City, Tillamook County, Oregon, being the northeast corner of the tract to be described, thence west two hundred (200) feet, thence east two hundred (200) feet, thence north one hundred (100) feet, to the place of beginning.

Second: Quieting the title of the plaintiff in said property and the whole thereof against each of you and each of the other defendants above named, and each and every person claiming by, through or under you or any of you, or any of the other defendants above named.

Third: Establishing and decreeing that plaintiff is the absolute owner in fee simple of the whole of said property above described, and that none of the defendants above named have any estate, title, claim or interest in said property or any part thereof.

Fourth: Perpetually enjoining and restraining you and the other defendants above named, and each of you and each of said other defendants, from asserting or claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in said real property hereinbefore described, or any part thereof.

Fifth: The said plaintiff will further apply to the Court for such other and further relief as to the Court may seem meet and equitable.

This summons is published by order of the Honorable Webster Holmes, Judge of the above entitled court, made on the 10th day of August, 1914, in and by which order it is prescribed this summons shall be published for six weeks in the "Tillamook Headlight", a weekly newspaper of general circulation printed and published at Tillamook, Tillamook County, Oregon, and requires you to appear and answer the complaint on or before October 5th, 1914. The date of the first publication is August 20, 1914.

Platt & Platt and J. Bailey, Portland, Oregon, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The East India troops Great Britain has furnished the allied armies in France have been heard from on the firing line in that country. Censored dispatches put their number at 30,000. The name of one of the officers, who was wounded in Monday's fighting, is given. These troops being officered by Englishmen, the name would reveal nothing but for the additional statement that the wounded officer is captain of the Nineteenth Lancers, a part of Fane's Horse Indian Army. One source of British re-inforcement is shown in this. The newspaper military experts are still struggling to the possibility of bringing 100,000 or more Russian Cossacks, and their horses into the fight via Archangel and the North Sea. One of the experts has seen private advices from a Dundee merchant, names withheld, who actually saw Adam-Zad walking in Scotland to be entrained for English Channel ports. We shall not be sure of the presence of Adam-Zad in France until his style of name appears in the casualty list. If it appears that he has gone the circuit proved that he has gone the circuitous route from France to Russia he is said to have traveled in such a brief time, the world can no longer call him "the bear that walks like a man."

vs. Plaintiff, vs. Marie Mahne and Marie Mahne M. W. Harrison, Defendants.

To Gus Mahne and Marie Mahne, above named defendants: You, and each of you, are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit and court, on or before the last day of the time prescribed in the order for the publication of summons herein which said order was made and dated September 10, 1914, and if you fail to so answer, for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in said complaint on file herein; for judgment against said defendants and each of them for the sum of \$200.00 together with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 4th day of October, 1906 until paid and for the further sum of \$75.00 attorney's fees herein, and for the costs and disbursements of this suit; that a certain mortgage mentioned in said complaint, for \$200.00 given by said defendants to plaintiff be foreclosed and the property covered by said mortgage, to-wit: the NE quarter of section nine Township three North of Range six west of the Willamette meridian, in Tillamook County, Oregon, be sold in the manner provided by law and the proceeds of such sale applied to the payment of said judgment, and that all persons claiming by through or under said defendants or either of them subsequent to the execution of said mortgage either as purchasers, incumbrances or otherwise be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, title,

claim or equity of redemption in and to said real property and every part thereof, and that said defendants, and each of them, be adjudged to pay any deficiency which may remain unpaid after applying the proceeds of said sale properly applicable to the satisfaction of said judgment, and for such other and further relief as to the Court may seem meet with equity.

This summons is served upon you and each of you, by order of the Honorable Webster Holmes, Judge of the above named court, dated Sept 8th, 1914, and the date of the first publication of this summons is the 10th day of September, 1914, and the date of the last publication thereof and the last date upon which you are required to appear and answer on or before is and will expire on the 22nd day of October, 1914.

T. B. Handley, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County. Robert Osborn, Plaintiff,

vs. William L. Riefenberg and Lillian C. Riefenberg, his wife John Storm, the unknown heirs of Obed S. Thomas, deceased, and also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein.

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Second: Quieting the title of the plaintiff in said property and the whole thereof against each of you and each of the other defendants above named, and each and every person claiming by, through or under you or any of you, or any of the other defendants above named.

Third: Establishing and decreeing that plaintiff is the absolute owner in fee simple of the whole of said property above described, and that none of the defendants above named have any estate, title, claim or interest in said property or any part thereof.

Fourth: Perpetually enjoining and restraining you and the other defendants above named, and each of you and each of said other defendants, from asserting or claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in said real property hereinbefore described, or any part thereof.

Fifth: The said plaintiff will further apply to the Court for such other and further relief as to the Court may seem meet and equitable.

This summons is published by order of the Honorable Webster Holmes, Judge of the above entitled court, made on the 10th day of August, 1914, in and by which order it is prescribed this summons shall be published for six weeks in the "Tillamook Headlight", a weekly newspaper of general circulation printed and published at Tillamook, Tillamook County, Oregon, and requires you to appear and answer the complaint on or before October 5th, 1914. The date of the first publication is August 20, 1914.

Such a feat would well entitle him to be called a bear who can move faster than ever man moved before.

A Tax on Neutrality.

A claim is made in one breath that the Wilson administration has saved us from war and finds it necessary to burden us with a war tax growing out of wars which other peoples are waging. The logic of such reasoning is that we must be taxed for war when there is war abroad, and that one of the duties of a neutral is to pay war taxes for the privilege of neutrality. This is entirely new reasoning, and it would discredit the administration utterly as a plea in extenuation if advanced undisputedly. This is so clearly recognized that the administration, taking its cue from Mr. Wilson himself, prefers the hardly less creditable course of attempting to obscure facts as a means of hiding a deficit in government revenues which could be seen before the first hostile gun was fired in Europe.

The present tariff law was drafted, admittedly, with a purpose to reduce revenues from imports \$40,000,000 to \$50,000,000 annually. Although the demand for the Baltimore platform was for "a tariff for revenue," Mr. Wilson and his representatives in the House, immediately after assuming power announced their intention of so enlarging the free list, and so reducing the schedules in all protected lines, while imports would shrink certainly \$40,000,000 and possibly \$50,000,000 a year. There was nothing evasive in their attitude at that time. They exhibited a candor which was really refreshing, and in marked contrast with the deception they are now attempting. The present effort at deception grows out of the overwhelming success of the policy of revenue reduction through tariff reduction. It became our melancholy duty, during many months following the early operation of the present tariff law, to point out the fact that, while the administration's expectation of largely increased imports was being realized, its estimate of loss in revenue was being much more than realized.

At the same time, the ordinary expenses of government, so far from being reduced, were increasing. The first year of the Wilson administration cost the country, in round figures \$100,000,000 more than the last year of the Taft administration had cost. A deficit was plainly in sight, and which Congress showed no disposition to reduce expenses, it was to be seen that a bond issue to raise current revenues was threatening. In the nick of time came a temporary suspension of imports from all warring countries in Europe, to serve the purposes of men looking for something to hide behind. The president was not above taking the lead in sounding an alarm which may be called a false alarm in the sense that it was an effort to mislead the public mind as to the origin of the impending deficit, which, he told Congress, was plainly indicated in the loss of customs revenue during the single month of August. He proposed a war tax to supply losses which, he said, promised to continue for some time, while he made no reference to the fact that they had then been continuing for some time. He lost no time in proving the form of his declaration of the emergency to be evasive and insincere. This fact is so plain that he is now finding himself more strongly opposed among the Democrats of the House than at any time before. Now, for the first time, we see the administration leaders in the House endeavoring to prevent instead of forcing the holding of a party caucus on an administration programme. The deficit must of course, be wiped out. The public credit must be sustained. There will be no party division on that point. But Democrats as well as Republicans, it now begins to appear, demand that the administration shall be honest with the people, and shall not, while acclaiming itself as having saved us from war levy a war tax upon us to cover the sources of a deficiency inaccurately attributed to a war in Europe.

All who are defeated in the great war may conclude to take up their residence in "the land of the free and the home of the brave."

Col. Roosevelt has been called to the colors in Kansas and Nebraska, where the Progressives are deserting to the Republican camp.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local application, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. It is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CLEGG & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Work not Ruled by Clock.

(Rural Spirit)

Commenting on the recent editorial in the Rural Spirit wherein it was stated that enactment for defeat of the proposed eight-hour law is up to the farmers, the Tillamook Headlight says: "The Rural Spirit is wrong. If the law is enacted it will be because the politicians fooled the farmers with the Oregon System. The law is apt to carry because all the unemployed and the employes as well will vote as a unit for the law. A large number of dairymen were in favor of the eight hour law for county and municipal employes. As long as the county pays the bill, it is O. K., but now that a bill is to be introduced that will affect the farmers, they are up in arms against it."

Eight hours a day for a county or municipal employes is purely a matter of interest to taxpayers. Everyone pays taxes directly or indirectly. If these taxpayers see fit to enact eight hour legislation for county and municipal work, they pay the bill and it is their privilege to limit hours of labor as they see fit. Municipal or county work is of an artificial nature. It can therefore be regulated. That which is not done today may be attended to tomorrow.

Farming is a work of seasons. Season is based upon natural law. Man-made laws cannot regulate seasons. We have no eight hour fruit, no twenty-four hour cows, and no rainfall that can be governed by laws. Weeds grow and must be cut. The ground bakes after the rainfall and must be harrowed at once or else moisture is lost. In the same parts of Oregon it requires more than eight hours to make the trip to freight cars with grain. Farm work is peculiar to itself. It is a task of today and not of tomorrow. In no other work does timelessness count for so much and frequently what is not done today cannot be done tomorrow.

The work of the mine, the mill, factory, shop, office or store can be done by two or three shifts a day with no loss in output or in quality of product. But the cow that is milked with change of workmen twice a day becomes unprofitable. There are weeks when more than eight hours a day are required on Oregon farms and there are weeks when a less number of hours serve to complete the work.

The enactment of the eight hour law for Oregon as it is written, will not create more jobs for more men and lengthen the period of work in country. It will cause one farmer to exchange work with another farmer. It will render idle more than half the farm hands in Oregon. It will result in many a fruit or dairy farm falling into the hands of the industrious Japs. The farm hands and farmers will make common cause in defeating the proposed eight-hour law in Oregon.

Do You Agree With This?

What is the Lord going to do about the eastern war, and how is he going to answer the conflicting prayers of the righteous in the warring countries. Take it from this oracle that the Lord is going to pass up that war, and he is not going to answer the prayers of those who are praying for the success of arms. The Lord did not have anything to do with starting that war, and he is not going to do anything to stop it. In this instance he is an innocent bystander, but unlike Belgium, he is far enough away, or, rather, the nations that resort to arms are so far away from him that there is no danger of bullets or prayers for the success of arms reaching him. The Lord is the Prince of Peace he came to earth to teach peace on earth and good will to men; he lived a perfect life and a perfect rule of action. The Lord said "Thou shalt not kill." The command is specific. The great teacher who, in the cause of peace, sought not even his own, was meek and mild and taught love as the greatest of all virtues, could not have anything to do with starting such a fracas as now envelops Europe. And it is not probable that he is going to busy himself to stop it by assisting either army to an early or late success. There is no evidence that the Lord steps in to stay the hand of the individual murderer, even though raised against his accepted beloved, and war is but murder on an enlarged scale. The measure of guilt, of leader and follower is a matter that cannot be discussed with profit here.—Corvallis Gazette-Times.

The Pacific Coast Condensed Milk Company has commenced the work of enlarging its plant in Hillsboro, and will expend from \$20,000 to \$30,000 in the enterprise. The present capacity is inadequate to care for the volume of milk available. The extension of the Mazdam roads makes that city more of a center for delivery of milk and the demand has become imperative for more room.

CEMENT, PLASTER, LATH, LIME, BRICK, FIRE BRICK, FIRE CLAY, ASPHALT, LAND PLASTER and COAL. LAMB-SCHRADER COMPANY. DOCKS; WAREHOUSE. FRONT STREET, BETWEEN 2nd & 3rd AVENUE WEST.

FOUNTAIN PENS 25 per cent off on Standard make Fountain Pens. Some Regular \$3.50 pens for \$2.00. C. I. CLOUGH CO.

F. C. FELTSCHAU Is now ready to take any Contract in the Cement and Building Line.

The Range With A Reputation Some of the Reasons Why Outwears Three Ordinary Ranges Economical In Fuel The Great MAJESTIC Charcoal and Malleable Iron RANGE It Should Be In Your Kitchen