

Advertising Rates.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS:	
First Insertion, per line	\$ 10
Each subsequent insertion, line	5
Business and professional cards,	
1 month	1.00
Homestead Notices	5.00
Timber Claims	10.00
Locals per line each insertion	5
Display advertisement, an inch,	
month	50
All Resolutions of Condolence and Lodge Notices, 5c. per line.	
Cards of Thanks, 5c. per line.	
Notices, Lost, Strayed or Stolen, etc., minimum rate, 25c. not exceeding five lines.	
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.	
(STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.)	
One year	1.50
Six months	.75
Three months	.50

Entered as second class mail matter July, 1888, at the post office at Tillamook, Ore., under the act of March 3, 1879.

The Tillamook Headlight.

Editorial Snap Shots.

We don't see any bids calling for a little more work on the Bayocean road. Surely that section is entitled to a way out before the end of the world is upon us.

Two more voters registered as progressives, making 10 in this county. Wanted, a few more Bull Moosers so that there will be enough in that party to name a county ticket.

In one week the cheese market in California declined 1 1/2c. per pound. Thanks to the free trade, "standpat" democratic party. Another week will see a still further decline.

If the fire warden would do a little rubbernecking he would find sufficient moss sod on some of the roofs to raise a garden. To-wit, on one of the shacks opposite Allen Page's. Take a look at it, ladies and gentlemen, and behold mossmackism in its true character.

An effort is being made in Oregon to induce the young folk living on farms to raise poultry, garden truck, fruit, etc. But the democratic party is handing this infantry industry a lemon, for the young Americans who raise eggs have to compete with eggs raised in China and by Chinamen.

Very few persons who have taken road work by contract in this county have made money, in fact, some have gone behind. The reason of this is they took the work at a loss, because they did not know what they had to buck up against until they started work. It is to be hoped that those who are figuring upon contract work won't fall into that kind of a hole.

Some of the dairymen, to their credit, take great pride in keeping their barns in a clean and healthy condition, while others are not as particular as they should be. Dirty barns means, as a rule, dirty, contaminated milk, which will not make high grade cheese. This county having a reputation for high grade cheese, it should also have a reputation for clean, light and wholesome barns.

Butter is selling in California at 22c. per pound. And the bad, wicked fellows who were called republican "standpaters" at the presidential election are beholding what they predicted would take place as a result of the progressive movement. The progressives eliminated the republican party in California at that time, but the recent registration shows that in numbers the republicans predominate in that state.

What with Kangaroo butter and cheese and eggs from China being dumped into the United State, it is a wonder to us how any dairyman in Tillamook county can affiliate with the free trade party. Is it a case of cutting off the nose to spite one's face? We believe there will be good many weak-kneed democrats, who are dairymen, before the year is out, especially in Tillamook county, when the size of their bank account becomes smaller every month.

C. E. Reynolds is advertising himself in an announcement that he is a candidate for county judge, upon a peculiar platform. Chances might have been may or

of this city, but he had cold feet when he needed a little backbone. We would like to ask the aspirant for the judgeship whether his novel platform was shipped in free of duty under the free trade policy of the democratic party, for it is evidently well greased with Kangaroo butter so that the voters can swallow it without any effort.

This news item from England is interesting to this section of the country: "The Times describes today the discovery in a London chemical laboratory of a process of manufacturing synthetically a pure and wholesome milk of high nutritive value from a basis of casein obtained from the soy bean. Excellent cheese and butter, the Times says, have been made from the synthetic milk." No one need worry about this. We have read similar items before, but Old Bossy is still doing business at the old stand.

The last few weeks Tillamook cheese received a great deal of good advertising as a result of the article prepared by the snap shot man of the annual output of cheese factories in the county, it appearing in full or in part in some leading papers in Oregon and California, and in the East. All this helps to increase the reputation of Tillamook cheese and stiffens the demand, as well as the price. We believe that the reputation of Tillamook cheese would be enhanced if we all talked, as well as preached, that no section in the whole of the United States could produce the same high grade cheese as is produced in this county.

Tillamook City will have some distinguished visitors in June when the G. A. R. encampment meets here, and although it is somewhat early in the year for a gathering of that character, we must hope and pray that the weather man will be good to us and that Old Sol will smile on the city and the visitor, for the success of the encampment depends largely upon the weather, that is the amusing feature. As this will take the place of a 4th of July celebration, and as it will be the largest number of persons to come to the city this year at one gathering, it will take united effort and a good deal of hard work on the part of the committee of management. By all lending a helping hand and the committees doing the work assigned them as promptly as possible, this will hasten the preparations. As the visitors will include ladies, of course the ladies of this city will help to receive and entertain them.

How's this for free trade: "Receipts of eggs during the past week amounted to 1780 cases, all of which arrived by way of Seattle." Here is another paragraph culled from a trade journal: "With a view to further importation of Oriental foodstuffs, it is reported that a movement is on foot among local financial and business interests that has for its object a line of refrigerating steamers to ply between San Francisco and Chinese ports. It is claimed upon investigation that there is an immense volume of commerce available in China, Manchuria and Siberia, including eggs, poultry, butter, beef and mutton, that only needs proper transportation facilities to land them in this country at bargain prices." This is alarming news for the producers of this country to digest, with gloomy forebodings as to what is going to happen when proper transportation facilities are available to dump immense amounts of foodstuffs in this country. So look out for "bargain prices" for agricultural products.

The eighteen large plants mentioned, with a total output last year of 3,505,516 pounds of cheese, which brought the sum of \$541,748.42 marketed the entire product through the selling agency conducted for them by Mr. Haberlach. The other four creameries, with an output valued at \$85,000, sold through various other channels; but the Haberlach system dominates the business of the county.

Mr. Haberlach sees a bright future for the cheese business in his section, but points to the need of cheap money for land-clearing operations that more pasturage may be had. He thinks if 5 per cent money could be had by the landowners of that section on long time the business would show wonderful increases year by year. One who goes to that section and sees the large areas of logged off lands now lying idle will feel the force of Mr. Haberlach's statement.

It might be well to point to the Tillamook co-operative operations among the dairymen for the benefit of canneries already formed and now forming for handling fruits and vegetables and turning into cash the by-products now going to waste in many sections. There is no better evidence to be gained in the West of the benefits of intelligent co-operation than that of the Tillamook dairymen.—Oregonian.

voted when they went to the polls for the eight hour law. In Tillamook County 621 of our citizens voted for the eight hour law and increase in taxation and 468 against. This is only one instance where the Oregon system is not only a detriment to good roads, but, at the same time, increases taxation.

Commissioner Edner has had enough of public office, and he has resigned. This is no surprise to us, for we always had an idea that Mr. Edner would become disgusted and quit. He, like other members of the court, are cussed for high taxation, cussed if they don't spend the road fund in this or that man's vicinity, in fact, threatened with recall by cranks and selfish individuals. We hope it is not characteristic of Tillamook, but it seems to us that no matter what bridge or road improvement is taken in hand, there are an unusually large number of persons in this county who commence knocking, which makes it exceedingly unpleasant for a county court.

We could mention numerous instances where some improvements were made and the very persons who knocked did not see the benefits until the work was completed. To illustrate this more fully. When the Cloverdale-Oretown cut off was first proposed there were those who vigorously opposed it, and to hear them talk at the time one would imagine that the county court was dumping a whole lot of the tax money into the sea. The wisdom of that improvement is now seen and those who had the pluck to push ahead are being commended. With so many instances like this to contend with, cussed if they do, and cussed if they do make improvements, it is no surprise to us that county commissioners become disgusted, and we suppose that this is the cause of Mr. Edner's resignation.

An Example in Co-operation.

An interview in The Oregonian, March 15, with Mr. Haberlach, secretary of the Tillamook Creamery Association, a corporation which is composed of eighteen of the twenty-two cheese factories in Tillamook County, is fraught with much food for thought for all interested in the upbuilding of Oregon. It also gives the intimation that the cheese manufacturers of the Northwest, as well as those of all other sections of our country, may see at least a small slump in prices when the new tariff law hits us with its full force.

Thus far there has been but little cheese imported under the new conditions, but Australia will likely undertake to compete with us to our disadvantage as soon as the cheese-shipping season opens.

The Tillamook manufacturers have accomplished wonders for their section, but we must remember that dairying conditions there are practically ideal. With a few exceptions, and those along the Pacific Coast in Oregon, are there any spots in Uncle Sam's domains where the dairy cow does as well as in Tillamook? But even under those conditions the cheese business of that section would not have prospered as it has except for the rare intelligence of the manufacturers displayed in their co-operative manufacturing and selling operations.

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For 60 days—two full enlargements in beautiful folders for \$1.00 at Monk's Studio.

To the Voters of Tillamook County, all Parties.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for County Judge, and, if nominated and elected, and of course I will be, I stand squarely on this platform as the oldest resident of Tillamook County, having come here when Mount Hobo was a hole in the ground and Necarney mountain was not yet sprouted. I will see that the time or men pay all taxes, relieving the farmers, so that all they will have to do is to pull teats and raise the price of butter fat, reduce the wages of the hired man, sell all the road machinery and fill the ruts with moss, raise the fishing licence to \$15.00 a year and do away with all game wardens. Look after my salary, etc. Now what more can a man do?
C. E. REYNOLDS.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Clerk, for re-election, subject to the Republican Primaries to be held May 1914.
Very respectfully,
J. C. HOLDEN.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Treasurer, of Tillamook County, Oregon, subject to the Republican Primaries to be held May 15th, 1914.
B. L. BEALS.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Sheriff of Tillamook County, Oregon, subject to the Republican choice in the Primaries to be held May 15th, 1914.
H. CRENSHAW.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

Having been urged by so many of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate on the Republican ticket for county sheriff for the coming primary election.
If nominated and elected will attend to my duties as required by law, to the best of my ability, without fear or favor to none.
EMMETT M. BALES.

To the Republican Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for nomination to the office of County Surveyor, on the Republican ticket, at the coming Republican Primaries.
If nominated and elected, I will conduct the affairs of my office to the best of my ability. With my engineering training and experience I feel capable of handling the work connected with the office; especially the road work, which is becoming more important than ever before.
Signed,
U. G. JACKSON.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as candidate for nomination at the Primary held May 15, 1914, as a Republican for the office of County Judge.
If nominated and elected it will be my endeavor to serve the people of the whole county to the best of my ability. I am in favor of good roads and believe that they should be constructed with regard to the future needs. It will be my policy if elected to use strict economy in the expenditure of the public funds of the county.
A. M. HARE.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for nomination for the office of county surveyor, on the Republican ticket.
If nominated and elected I shall at all times endeavor to administer the office with efficiency, accuracy and economy.
Respectfully,
ROSS L. SHREVE.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of County Coroner, at the primary election on May 15th, 1914.
Respectfully,
W. C. HAWK.

To the Voters of Tillamook County.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the nomination of Sheriff on the Democratic Ticket at the primaries in May. If elected I will perform the duties of my office to the best of my ability without fear or favor.
Respectfully,
N. J. MYERS.

To The Voters of Tillamook County.

Upon solicitation of my many friends throughout the county, I have decided to run for the office of County Surveyor on the republican ticket. If elected, I promise an economical and impartial administration. I invite your investigation and support.
L. F. WILSON,
Bay City, Ore.

The Forty Year Test.

An article must have exceptional merit to survive for a period of forty years. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was first offered to the public in 1872. From a small beginning it has grown in favor and popularity until it has attained a world wide reputation. You will find nothing better for a cough or cold. Try it and you will understand why it is a favorite after a period of more than forty years. It not only gives relief—it cures. For sale by all dealers.

DUTCH BELTED CATTLE.

Once Nearly Extirminated, They Are Now Bred by the Nobility.

Dutch belted cattle originated in Holland several hundred years ago. At the time of the great Holland wars they were nearly exterminated by the invading armies, and the few that remained became the property of the nobility, who have bred them pure ever since, but do not willingly part with them. They are known in Holland as Veldlargers, which name means "wrapped around with a sheet."
In color they are black, with a band of pure white entirely around the body. They may also have white fore feet, white hind feet and legs up to the gamsbrels and a white switch. The "belt" varies in width. On some it is but a few inches wide. On others it reaches back on the hips and forward on the shoulders. Usually it covers the body from just in front of the hips nearly to the shoulders.

They have the prominent eyes, thin neck, silky hair, soft skin, elevated flanks, broad hips, long, slim tails, shapely, well placed udders, prominent milk veins and so called milk form, which make up the dairy type of cow. They are very tame and docile, hardy and vigorous.—G. G. Gibbs in American Cultivator.

STOPPING THE EARTH.

It Would Generate Heat Enough to Turn Our Globe to Vapor.

The stopping of a projectile always results in the generation of heat. The velocity and weight of a projectile being known, the amount of heat developed by its stoppage can be calculated. In the case of large bodies moving rapidly the result of the calculation is something astounding.

For example, the earth weighs 6,000,000,000 tons and travels in its orbit at the rate of over eighteen miles a second. Should it strike a target strong enough to stop its motion the heat developed by the shock would be sufficient not merely to fuse the earth, but also to reduce a large portion of it to vapor. It has been calculated that the amount of heat generated by a collision so colossal would equal that obtained from the burning of fourteen globes of coal each equal to the earth in size.

And should the earth after its stoppage fall into the sun, as it certainly would be, the amount of heat that would be developed by its impact on the sun would be equal to that generated by the combustion of 5,000 earths of solid carbon.

Two Waterloos.

It is a very curious fact that a good many people do not know that two battles were fought at Waterloo. Both of these were fought against the French, the first under the command of the Duke of Marlborough on Aug. 17, 1705, who on this date actually occupied the same ground as the Duke of Wellington did a little more than a century later, June 17, 1815, the only difference being that the former was marching on Brussels and the latter was marching from Brussels. In the first battle the French were defending Brussels. They marched out to meet Marlborough, but owing to the slackness on the part of Schlangenbourg, the Dutch general, who was fighting with him, it was not a success, Marlborough only taking a few of the French troops as prisoners. The following one, fought against Napoleon by Wellington, proved to be one of the greatest victories ever recorded in the annals of England.

On a Monday Morning.

Monday morning is a hard test for the institution which we call life. Life may be all very well on Saturday night and Sunday morning, but how about Monday morning? If you wake up then with a pleasurable anticipation of the week of work which is ahead of you, you are a happy man. The instinct of the bad boy who plays truant never quite dies out of us. One dreams of a Monday morning when the sun is shining and the air is clear, of slipping quietly into one's clothes, of tiptoeing softly out of the house, of sealing the fence and crossing the meadow and losing oneself in the alluring woods, while time clocks remain unpunched and whistles blow in vain.—San Francisco Bulletin.

Improving It.

A foreigner meeting an American friend said to him, "How are you?" The latter replied, "Out of sight."
The man considered this very clever and decided to use the expression on the next occasion. Shortly after he was met by a friend, who asked, "How are you?" With visible pride he answered, "You don't see me."—New York Globe.

She Was Safe.

Little four-year-old Mabel was running downhill, holding her dress tightly.

"Be careful," called her mother, "or you will fall."
"Oh, no, I won't," replied Mabel, "cause I'm holding tight to myself."

Reassured.

"What is this white spot on that goldfish I bought from you?"
"He has simply shed a scale."
"Oh, I thought maybe the plating was wearing off."—Pittsburgh Post.

Better Chances.

Ted—I'm trying to find some one who knows me to go security on my note.
Tom—Don't you think, my boy, you'd better look for some one who doesn't know you?

Sorrow's crown of sorrow is remembering happier things.—Tennyson.

FREAKS OF NATURE.

An Uphill Waterfall and a Tree That Squirms Like a Snake.

Nature in the tropics, left to herself, writes John Burroughs, the naturalist is harsh, aggressive, savage; looks as though she wanted to bang you with her dangling ropes or impale you in her thorns or engulf you in the mass of her gigantic ferns.

Her mood is never as placid as same as in the north. There is a tree in the Hawaiian woods that suggests a tree gone mad. It is called the tree. It lies down, squirms and wriggles all over the ground like a wounded snake. It gets up and then falls to earth again. Now it wants to be vine; now it wants to be a tree. It throws somersaults; it makes the into loops and rings; it rolls; it reaches it doubles upon itself. Altogether is the craziest vegetable growth I ever saw.

It was near Pali that I saw what I had never seen or heard of before, a waterfall reversed, going up instead of down. It suggested Stockton's story of negative gravity.

A small brook comes down off the mountain and attempts to flake it leap down a high precipice, but the wind catches it and carries it straight up in the air like smoke. It is translated. It becomes a mere wreath hovering about the beetling crag.

Night and day this goes on, this wind snatching from the mountains this summery way the water it has brought them.—Century Magazine.

THE BASEBALL MASK.

It Was First Used in a Yale-Harvard Game in 1876.

Frederick Winthrop Thayer of O. has set Harvard '78, captain of the famous varsity nines of 1876, 1877 and 1878, was the inventor of the catcher's mask. The days when Thayer entered Harvard baseball differed somewhat from the present. A pitcher had to throw underhanded and his throw with arm stretched out. Then that changed, and as a consequence the ball was thrown much more swiftly. Dr. Harold C. Ernst, professor in the Medical school, was pitcher on the varsity nine, and James A. Tyng was catcher. They made a wonderful battery.

Thayer noticed that the more from given the pitcher the greater he came the risk of the catcher. He decided he let a few into the secret. He was going to make a mask. A few days before the Yale game of 1876 he came on the field with it. Save for the fact it was made more heavily, it was much similar to the masks in use today.

Thayer attached it to Jim Tyng's head, and from that moment the mask entered baseball. At first the players other than those in the varsity, as the spectators were inclined to ridicule it, and it caused no end of comment when it was worn by Tyng at the Yale game that year. Harvard won, and two years later team after team adopted the mask.—Boston Herald.

England's Lord Chancellors.

The lord chancellor under the early English kings used to live in the palace and had a regular daily allowance, his wages, as it appears from one of the records, being 30 shillings, a simnel cake, two seasons' simnels, one sextary of clear wine, one sextary of household wine, one large wax candle and forty small pieces of modern treasury spirit appears to have begun to walk abroad, for in the records the allowance of 5 shillings appears as if subjected to a reduction. If he dined away from the palace and was thereby forced to provide extra, then indeed he got his 5 shillings. If he dined at home he was not allowed more than 3 shillings and sixpence.—London Answers.

Cossack Troubadours.

Like the Spaniards, the Cossacks have a class of troubadours who instead of walking from village to village ride on horseback with their guitars and give performances of music and song in front of houses. They are treated with respect and rewarded generously according to their talents. There are also women troubadours among the Cossacks, and their performances in the pleasant surroundings of a garden or in a street scene are impressive.

British Death Duties.

Death duties on property in the British isles, whether belonging to natives or foreigners, are progressively ranging upward from 1 per cent of the estates of the value of between \$2,000 and \$2,500, 2 per cent between \$2,500 and \$5,000, 3 per cent on estates of \$5,000 and 15 per cent on estates of \$5,000,000 and over.
There are also legacy and succession duties, varying in percentage.

Autosuggestion.

"What does autosuggestion mean?" asked Binks.
"That's when your wife begins to figure out how much you and your family would save in car fare if you had your own machine," replied Binks.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

No Escape.

Crawford—If your friends poked fun at you for having the artistic temperament, you must have the laugh of them now that you are so successful in Penfield—Not at all. They sneer at me now for being commercialized.—New York Times.

If thou art a man, admire those who attempt great enterprises, even though they fail.—Seneca.