

# HANDSOME \$400 UPRIGHT PARLOR GRAND PIANO.

## Mason, Pennington & Co. and the Tillamook Headlight

**WILL GIVE AWAY, absolutely without cost, the CLAXTON UPRIGHT PIANO shown below.**

This is open to anyone, and nomination blanks may be obtained at the Tillamook Headlight office, at Mason, Pennington & Co.'s store, or cut from this ad. This will be the most interesting advertising proposition ever held in Tillamook County, and everybody has an equal opportunity to secure this Beautiful Upright PARLOR GRAND PIANO.

### How to Get Vote Tickets.

With every purchase made at MASON, PENNINGTON & CO.'s STORE votes will be given—100 VOTES FOR EVERY DOLLAR'S WORTH PURCHASED. Votes in the same proportion will also be given to persons paying accounts. If any of our friends need anything in Ladies' Dress Goods, Suits, Underwear, Millinery, Shoes, etc., and Gent's Clothing and Furnishing, Boots, Shoes, Rubber Goods, etc., or anything carried by an up-to-date General Merchandise Store, get them to patronize Mason, Pennington & Co. and give you their votes. Now is the time to get busy. The earlier you start the more advantage you will have in final count. The date of the closing of the contest will be May 1, 1913.

Cut out Coupon below and present or mail to Mason, Pennington & Co. or the Tillamook Headlight.

If they owe on account get them to pay it and secure votes.

**Claxton Upright Grand Piano**  
**Voting Contest.**

Cut this Coupon out and bring to  
**Mason, Pennington & Co.**  
It will Count 100 Votes.



No. 1 Name of Contestant will not be known. 2. No name of candidates will be published. 3. Every Contestant gets 2,000 votes to start with. 4. Every Contestant gets a number. 5. Standing by Numbers published weekly in The Tillamook Headlight. 6. All votes must be brought in Wednesday for recording. 7. Votes must not be written on. 8. The votes in packages with Contestant's number and amount on top slip. 9. Color of Certificates will be changed each month and must be recorded before change. 10. Votes are transferable only before recording. 11. Contestant having the largest number of votes on May 1, 1913, wins Piano. THIS IS SURELY A PRESENT WORTH WORKING FOR.

### How to Get Vote Tickets.

With every yearly subscription to The Tillamook Headlight accompanied by \$1.50 in cash, 5,000 votes will be given. This applies to back subscription, and you can pay for as many as you desire. You can also get votes on job printing—100 votes for each dollar paid on either job advertising or printing. All leading merchants in Tillamook, Oregon, patronize The Tillamook Headlight, and they will be glad to give you the votes when they pay any of their accounts. But the best way to get votes is to get subscriptions to the paper, as the schedule of votes is so much greater for subscription than for anything else. You will be surprised how easy it is to get subscriptions to the Headlight if you try. Closes May 1, 1913.

The Tillamook Headlight is the pioneer newspaper of Tillamook County, which for the past twenty five years have been boosting for the county, advocating good roads and other improvements.

**NOMINATION BLANK.**  
**Good for 2,000 Votes.**

I hereby accept the nomination as a contestant on the Claxton Piano Contest. Please place these 2000 votes to my credit.

Name ..... P.O. ....

**Also Two Gold Watches and a \$25 Silver Toilet Set. Silver Wear Every Week to the contestants.**

**Advertising Rates.**

**LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS:**

First insertion, per line ... \$ 10  
 Each subsequent insertion, line ... 5  
 Business and professional cards,  
 1 month ..... 1.00  
 Homestead Notices ..... 5.00  
 Timber Claims ..... 10.00  
 Locals per line each insertion ... 5  
 Display advertisement, an inch,  
 1 month ..... 50

All Resolutions of Condolence and Lodge Notices, 5c. per line.  
 Cards of Thanks, 5c. per line.

Notices, Lost, Strayed or Stolen, etc., minimum rate, 25c. not exceeding five lines.

**RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.**  
 (STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.)

One year ..... 1.50  
 Six months ..... .75  
 Three months ..... .50

Entered as second class mail matter July, 1888, at the post office at Tillamook, Ore., under the act of March 3, 1879.

### The Tillamook Headlight.

#### Editorial Snap Shots.

Don't get worried about the street pavement. The heavy teaming will soon prove its endurance.

The next five weeks will be tax paying days. Happy is the man who is not "touched" for a few hundred dollars.

A bounty on gophers and moles would help some in exterminating these pests in this county, for they have become far too numerous.

The committee on city streets might be inquiring whether the cellar on the corner of Main street will be finished before the end of another year.

Rumors continue to be circulated that the United Railways is figuring with contractors for the construction of the road into Tillamook at an early date.

The State Legislature is now wrestling again with a number of road bills. The same thing was on the tapis two years ago, but Governor West, for personal, petty reasons, vetoed the bills.

The excitement over the pavement and sewer assessments is gradually exhausting itself. It is not surprising, for the agitation was started by those who had an axe to grind or for some personal reasons.

The business men who belong to the Commercial Club intend

to trade with those who belong to the club. That is right and proper and comes under the head of the "pull together" spirit to help boost the city and one another.

The next time that Bro. Cotton attends a meeting in this city we hope that he will leave his "hot air" at Bay City. Most of our citizens who have seen him butt in and make long-winded speeches are about tired of hearing him talk. Well talk is cheap, so that accounts for it.

We called attention to the unsafe condition of the bridge across the slough last summer, but it rocks just as bad if not worse when a team and wagon with two yards of gravel passes over it. We don't want to see the city officials arrested for criminal negligence should anything happen to the bridge and somebody lose their life.

What a favorable opportunity the preacher threw away in the effort to enforce the law and catch a bad man red-handed. It is one thing to orate and agitate about law enforcement, but when put to the test and given an opportunity to put it into practice, and then fails, why, sheriffs and marshals should not be condemned when they have no clues to work on.

Tillamook County is somewhat behind other progressive counties in making an effort to induce home seekers to locate here by way of publicity work. One reason is on account of lack of funds for that purpose. At least \$5,000 a year could be expended to good advantage. It is the live, wide-awake counties that are doing the advertising which are catching the new settlers.

There is a strong, growing sentiment in the country that is opposed to the white slave traffic and for the purity of the home, and any reform movement along these lines should have the hearty support of our citizens. It is appalling to see how many young girls are lured away from homes and parents to lead a life of shame, debauchery and premature death, for that is the terrible price that is paid by girls and young women who forsake the path of virtue and cause deep sorrow to parents and other relatives.

The city dads, as well as those who have been attending the council meetings, have been enjoying the luxuries of the

Commercial Club. We can't blame the city officials much in wanting to meet in the club rooms and not in their barn looking quarters in the city hall. Perhaps by driving the city dads from the club rooms they will be inclined to fix up more progressive quarters for themselves.

It may not be a very humane or Christian method of handling the criminal class, but the snap shot man would like to help tar and feather the individual who swindled the \$10 from Rev. I. E. Meese which had been subscribed by the U. B. church for the woman whose husband was killed. Anyone who would do a mean, heartless trick like that needs a wholesome lesson. It is more than probable that he is one of the convicts Governor West turned lose on the state.

It would now be in order for the Tillamook Commercial Club to pass a resolution thanking the Southern Pacific Co. for giving the county railway connections again, for it was a most perplexing state of affairs it had to contend with, to say nothing of the large expenditure of money it took to replace the damage done by the wind and rain storms. It is fortunate that the loss falls on a big corporation, for had the road been owned by some person of limited means the road would be still tied up.

One thing more than another which will help to boost and advertise the county will be the improvement of Tillamook bar, and which will be of inestimable benefit to the whole of the central part of the county, for waterways will do more to create industries and pay rolls than highways. Prospects look good for a great deal of activity in Tillamook county this year with a large number of visitors seeking investments and new locations. Developments will come in rapid succession once they are started, and by this time next year many important industrial undertakings will have been decided upon. Tillamook county, certainly, has a bright future, which is now on the eve of development.

One of the stipulations in the project for the improvement of the bar is that the Port of Bay City will have to agree to create and maintain an effective channel between Bay City and the City of Tillamook of at least equal capacity to that authorized by the existing project, which provides for a depth of 9 feet at mean high water. As

it is going to take considerable money every year to keep open the channel from Bay City to Dick's Point, we are inclined to think that our friends at Bay City will soon come to the conclusion that it is a wilful waste of the taxpayers' money to remove the silt which congregates in the channel between these two points every year, when that useless expenditure would have been avoided had the Sturgeon channel been opened up instead of being partly closed up at one end. A letter from the Engineer to the Port of Tillamook some time ago is useful information and proves what we have stated about the heavy cost of maintenance. No one wants to see good money thrown when all this could have been avoided had the natural channel been used. The taxpayers have some rights to be heard now that the Port of Bay City, and not the government, will have to foot the bills for the maintenance of the channel to Tillamook City.

#### Suffragists Abroad and at Home.

The difference in the methods of the British and the American suffragists in pushing their propaganda are being shown in a striking way these days. After a contest lasting three or four years the suffragists at last were enabled to bring their issue up in Parliament. When it came up there it encountered as great violence of language as was shown against the Irish home-rule bill in its recent passage through the House of Commons, with this exception that while the opponents of home rule were Tories solely, the cabinet was divided on suffrage, nine of its members, among them being Premier Asquith, being hostile and seven of them favorable. The speaker ruled that the form and substance of the franchise bill had been altered so completely by the amendment striking out the word "male" that the measure ought to be presented in the shape of a new bill. Then the cabinet dropped the bill, and the direct action wing of the suffragists, under the lead of Mrs. Pankhurst, have decided to resume their war on members of Parliament and on society in general.

Now contrast these violent methods with the peaceful programme under which the American suffragists have been working. In the campaign of 1912 they won in Arizona, Kansas and Oregon, making nine states in all in which women have the ballot on the same terms as men. The other six states, in most of which women have been voting for years, are Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Idaho, Washington and California. Suffrage was defeated in a special election in Ohio in September, 1912, when it was voted on as one of the forty-two proposed amendments to the state constitution. It was defeated in Wisconsin and Michigan in November. Its failure in Wisconsin, where it has been championed for years by Mr. La Follette, surprised the country, but the liquor interests of Milwaukee were more powerful than the senator. The same element

was chiefly responsible for its defeat in Michigan. Out of a total vote of 550,000, it failed in Michigan by a margin of about 600.

During the past few days while Parliament was being convulsed by the proposition, suffrage quietly and in an entirely orderly way pushed itself through both branches of the New York Legislature, with only a few votes in opposition. If it passes the Legislature a year hence it will be referred to the people for final action in 1915. The proposition has passed one or both branches of the legislatures of Montana, Nevada and South Dakota also, and will be taken up immediately by Ohio, Wisconsin and Michigan, which defeated it in 1912. It is also before the legislature of Massachusetts, New Jersey and other Eastern states, and will probably be introduced in the Missouri Legislature in a week or two. And everywhere the propaganda is being pushed in an orderly way.

Mr. Wilson will visit the Panama Canal next summer before the water is turned in. It will give him a first class chance to refer to esteemed predecessors.

Throughout the country the parcel post is adding \$1,000,000 a day to the postal revenue. The new facilities will not lack cash to keep them in lively motion.

Government aid to the several states in the construction of good roads is one of the propositions that all parties and all factions can unite upon for the common welfare.

And now government officials are to answer the question of "What is pure water?" It may be more difficult than the one already answered of "What is pure whiskey?"

Three girls in Columbus jumped from an upper story of a burning factory into a river and swam ashore. The new woman is acquiring some valuable accomplishments.

A few American dreadnoughts in Mexican waters will be an effective safeguard to American citizens on the wrong side of the border, and to American business that has strayed too far from home.

Coastwise trade in the United States amounts to something immense. It has preserved the skill of Americans as shipbuilders, and these are but two of the advantages of the national coastwise policy.

Postmaster General Hitchcock's recommendation that the parcel post law be so amended as to include books ought to receive immediate and universal approval. Books and etables should enjoy a lower rate of transportation than any other form of merchandise.

Kansas, Oklahoma and parts of Missouri have for many years enjoyed the luxury of natural gas for heating and manufacturing purposes. The commodity has recently changed from a luxury to a necessity and its use must now be restricted to lighting and cooking. Army women, by which term is meant the wives, daughters and sisters of army officers, favor restoration of the canteen. They are just as good women as those not connected with the army and know a great deal more about the canteen question. They may be acquitted in advance of any desire to increase drunkenness and immorality among the soldiers in the midst of whom they must live, but should be credited with the natural instinct of self protection to reduce it.

Millions of packages were sent by parcel post during the first week of the new law. The people have been ready for it a long time, but Congress was slow to find it out.

A Confederate \$10 bill was passed in a neighboring town last week. How long will it take some folks to learn that special stamps only will send a parcel through the mails.

Gen. Botha, the old Boer warrior, has never ceased fighting for his country. He is determined the South Africa shall be something more than a mere adjunct of the British Empire.

Parcels in the mails must not be so tightly sealed that their contents can not be readily examined by the postal authorities. The old joke about the postmistress and postal cards will be freshened up for another run.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has amended the parcel post regulations to permit printed descriptive matter to be sent in parcels. There should be further amendment permitting bills for the goods contained in the package to be inclosed. In this way farmers and others could send the bill with the goods and not be put to the expense of an extra letter.

The ultimate effect of the decision of the United States Supreme Court that it is illegal to operate a corner in any article of interstate commerce, is bound to be an increased public sentiment against all forms of speculative trading carried to its logical conclusion. They are based entirely upon margin operations. They have no other foundation than the dealing in representatives of material things, without their being necessarily anything material to represent, as is shown when more wheat or cotton is bought or sold than the visible supply. The man who sells has none to sell and the man who buys wants none. All that either is desirous of doing is to raise or lower the price.

Plans have been approved by the War Department to prepare on the battlefield of Gettysburg a camp containing 54,000 tents for the 60,000 or 70,000 survivors of the Union and Confederate armies of the fiftieth anniversary in July next. For this event Congress has appropriated \$150,000, the State of Pennsylvania \$250,000, and other states will provide for transportation expenses. The first week of July, 1863, was one of the great results in the civil war. As the tremendous struggle at Gettysburg ended Vicksburg was surrounded with a garrison of 27,000 men, a remarkable military coincidence and climax. On November 19 of the same year President Lincoln delivered his brief but immortal speech at the national dedication of the field.

William Rockefeller must have service of a subpoena, commanding his presence before the Jupo House committee as a witness, before he can be held as advised of the summoning. Nobody doubts that he is thoroughly advised of that fact. It is knowledge of that fact which has forced him to remain under cover during all of the inclement weather and has now in spite of his sheltered life brought on a severe attack of laryngitis. Still, according to a legal fiction, which is well worth preserving, Mr. Rockefeller doesn't know that a subpoena has been issued for him, in the only legal way in which a witness can be made to know through service.