

OFFICIAL PERFUMES.

Violet Flower That Knows Its Own Scent. There are few perfumes today that are made from chemicals, synthetic as the chemists call it. For perfumes were extracted from fruits, spices, woods or other natural substances. Perfume to be imitated was first made in 1874. Heliotropine, followed by others, obtained by oxidation of a substance of camphor. It is one of the most freely diffused of perfumes. This is the relation of turpentine. With the oil and aqua fortis a chemical is produced that can be distinguished from those of the valley of the Nile, varying according to the soil in which the chemicals are produced. Violet is a combination of essence extracted from lemon verbena or lemon yerbena on acetone, a substance pyrolytic acid. It has been able to counteract but a synthetic perfume is made from toluene, a mixture of benzine and coal tar, changed to a complex carburet, with azotic and sulphuric acids, and sold as musk. The cheap perfumes are limited they are almost always the flower extracts. So it is said that it is a wise man who knows its own perfume.—World.

THE PHONOGRAPH.

Its Invention Was the Result of a Cut on the Finger. An accident—a cut on the finger—caused Edison to invent the phonograph or talking machine. Mr. Edison told the story of this invention to a reporter. At the time, he said, he was singing into a telephone, and in the telephone's mouthpiece he had placed, for safe keeping, a fine steel point. Suddenly this point cut his finger. He found, to his surprise, that it had been moving here and there and roundabout, guided by the vibrations of his voice. He placed a strip of yellow paper under the steel point, replaced it in the mouthpiece and said the alphabet. The steel while he spoke ran over the paper, and for each letter of the alphabet it made a different mark or scratch. This was what Mr. Edison had hoped for. He now held the steel point still and drew the paper scratches slowly over it. There was given forth, very faintly, the alphabet as he had repeated it. Thus the principle of the phonograph—the registering and the reproduction of the voice's vibrations—was discovered through the cutting of a finger. It was Edison's finger, though, that was cut. Smith's or Brown's might have been quite backed off and no phonograph would have resulted.

BALKED THE BULL

Presence of Mind That Saved the Lives of a Little Child. A regiment of the German army resting in a country road was appalled to see a great bull madly pursuing a little child in a field near by and yet so far away that the child could not be reached in time to save it nor yet saved by the shooting of the animal. The bull had his horns down, and all the soldiers were horrified to see that in another moment the child must be gored to death. For an instant no one seemed to know what to do, and then the drum major shouted to the buglers of the band, who stood near with their instruments in their hands, to sound a loud blast. They looked agast. "Sound, I say, for God's sake, to save the child!" repeated the drum major. Then the buglers blew a blast at the top of their lungs. The drum major knew that animals of that species were so much affected by strange and high pitched musical sounds that they seemed compelled to imitate them. This bull proved to be no exception to the rule. As soon as he heard the bugle blast he paused in his pursuit of the child, glanced toward the band, raised his head and began to bellow madly. The buglers kept up as high and discordant a tumult as they could, and meantime soldiers were running to the rescue of the child. Before the bull had finished his attention to the bugles the child was in a place of safety.—New York Tribune.

ANIMAL HOSPITAL.

Established in the Orient Over Thousand Years Ago. It is said that more than 2,000 years ago the first animal hospital was established in the Orient. It was a Buddhist emperor of India, whose long reign from 264 B.C. abounded in many good deeds, probably the earliest to establish a hospital for the treatment of animals. Our Dumb Animals, a true humanitarian as well as a powerful sovereign and, at a vast domain, became impressed by the horrors of the slaughter of animals. He set up his desire for conquest, and he had such beneficent ideas as the conserving of plant-life, the digging of wells, the sending of missionaries, appointing special officers to supervise the establishing of hospitals for kind and animals. It is interesting to know that the last of Asoka's hospitals was for animals. It covered twenty acres and was divided into wards and courts for the accommodation of the patients. When an animal was sick or injured its master was to bring it to the hospital, and it was cared for without regard to the cost of its owner and where, if it found an asylum in old

ARTIFICE OF AN ARTIST.

The Secret of the Color in One of Turner's Pictures. The late Mr. Horsley, R. A., has recorded that at one time he studied almost daily one of Turner's finest water colors, called "The Snowdon Range," admiring especially the tender warmth of the light clouds encircling the moon. He tried all sorts of glasses to see if he could discover how the particular glow was gained, but without success. Chance revealed the secret. The picture began to buckle from its mount, and its owner, Sir Seymour Haden, put it into the hands of a noted expert to be remounted. When he had successfully removed it from its old mount the expert sent for the owner to show him what he had discovered. A circle of orange vermilion had been plastered on the back with an ivory palette knife where the artist wanted the effect and then worked off sufficiently far through the pores of the previously wetted paper to give the show of color, while retaining the smooth surface, without a trace of workmanship on the right side. This may have led Mr. Horsley himself to use, as he did, brilliant colors as the foundation for a white muslin dress.

STOCKINGS OF SILK.

The First Pair Queen Bess Wore Made a Hit With Her Majesty. Up until the time of Henry VIII stockings were made out of ordinary cloth. The king's own were made out of yard wide taffeta. It was only by chance that he might obtain a pair of silk hose from Spain. His son, Edward VI., received as a present from Sir Thomas Gresham "a pair of long silk stockings." For some years longer silk stockings continued to be a great rarity. Says Stow: "In the second year of Queen Elizabeth she sent her silk woman, Mistress Montague, presented her majesty with a pair of black knit stockings for a New Year's gift, which after a few days wearing pleased her highness so well that she sent for Mistress Montague and asked her where she had had them made, and if she could help her to any more, who answered, saying, 'I made them very carefully, of purpose only for your majesty, and, seeing these please you so well, I will presently set more in hand.' "Do so, quoth the queen, 'for indeed I like silk stockings so well, because they are pleasant, fine and delicate, that henceforth I will wear no more cloth stockings.' "And from that day up to her death the queen never wore cloth, but only silk stockings."—New York Herald.

Walking Canes.

From the time when man wandered through the pathless forests bearing on his shoulder a murderous budgeon with which to strike down his enemies the cane has never entirely gone out of fashion. The modern exquisite would feel as much at sea without it as did the beau of whom Steele's Tatler spoke in 1709, when it said that the cane had "become as indispensable as any other of his limbs" and that with "the knocking of it upon his shoe, leaning one leg upon it or whistling upon with his mouth he does not know how he should be good company without it." It may be flattering to the vanity of such a one to know that the grotesque and arabesque heads that he delights in displaying on his walking stick are lines descendants of the carved baton that the fools and jesters of the middle ages wielded.

A Cheerful Reason.

A French governor of the south Pacific colony of New Caledonia assumed his authority while the natives of New Caledonia were still cannibals. There had been rumors of an insurrection, and the admiral called before him a native chief, who was faithful to the French cause, and questioned him as to their truth. "You may be sure," said the native, "that there will be no war at present, because the yams are yet far from being ripe." "The yams, you say?" "Yes. Our people never make war except when the yams are ripe." "Why is that?" "Because baked yams go so very well with the captives."

Belgium Marriages.

In Belgium it is the custom to give certificates of marriages in the form of little books, which also contain a summary of the marriage laws and among a mass of other miscellaneous information directions for the feeding and care of infants. There are also places for entering the names and birthdays of the children of the marriage, the authorities considerably affording space for twelve such entries.

Explained.

"I hear that Miss Grumpy is a wonderfully correct person." "That's because of her occupation. She is a dressmaker's designer." "What has that to do with it?" "It makes her naturally lead a pattern life."—Baltimore American.

Incontestable Proof.

Insurance Agent—What are the proofs of your husband's death, madam? The Widow—Well, he has been home for the last three nights.

Ought to Know.

"I wonder how it feels to be dead?" "How should I know?" "You work in a store that doesn't advertise."—Houston Post.

If you seek to make one rich study not to increase his stores, but to diminish his desires.—F. G. C.

Name Spelt Originated. Few people know that the name Belgium was applied to a watering place with the resort of that name, which a hundred years ago was one of the best known in Europe. Its vogue has continued to the present day, though the high play that it famous is not now at the Belgian government. It is the "pearl of the Ardennes" and its name is merited, situated in one of the most charming of that range with a most country surrounding it. It would exceed the beauty of the drives in the height of summer well tended parks and Belgium are famous, and the country is dotted with beautiful houses.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Autograph Request. Reporters receive many queer requests of their official duty one that was sent to Mr. Jones, a western woman, who inquired of him, when he was in Germany many years ago, to give a fair in our country. I am making an autograph book for you to get me the autograph of the emperor and empress, prince and Bismarck, and to be very careful not to get near the edge of the squares, and to be allowed for putting together."

Near Fulfillment. I heard today that the ball of that tall tower building down by the strong gale was very near striking him. Jones often that highballs or later be the death of more American.

Autus and Caesar. I said Caesar as he drew majestically, "this is the side of you." "How?" demanded Brutus. "I answered Caesar just before he was an old friend."—Baltimore.

Ended the Matter. A fine morning, Sandy. "Saton—I said it was a fine morning, Sandy—Verra well. I dinna want the ar."

Checked by the Line. "Satty—Do you remember the time we met? It was in a fine morning, Sandy—Verra well. I dinna want the ar."

BOTTLE GOODS.

Table listing various bottled goods and their prices. Items include Pebleford, Clarke's Pure Rye, Echo Spring, Old Crow, Hermitage, Cyrus Noble, O.T.O., Kentucky Dew, John Dewar & Sons, Black & White, V.O.P., Sandy Macdonald's, Hunter Baltimore, Canadian Club, I. W. Harper, Harvester Old Style, Monogram, Kentucky Dew, Billie Taylor, Coronet Dry Gin, A.V.H. Gin, Gordon Sloe Gin, Gordon Dry Gin, Rock and Rye, El Bart Gin, Virginia Dare Wine, Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Angelica Wine, Zenfendel Wine, Tokey, Claret, White Grape Juice, Local Beer, and Domestic Beer.

Special Prices for Family Trade.

Table listing special prices for family trade. Items include Keg Beer (15 gallons \$5.75), Keg Beer (10 gallons 4.00), Local bottle Beer (6 dozen quarts 10.00), and Local bottle Beer (10 dozen pints 11.00).

Domestic Beers.

Table listing domestic beers. Items include Budwiser Beer (6 dozen quarts \$15.00), Budwiser Beer (10 dozen pints 16.00), and Old styler Lauger Beer (10 dozen pints 18.00).

WINES.

Table listing various wines. Items include White Port, Old Monk Brand (\$1.00 per gal.), Port Wine (1.00 per gal.), Sherry (1.00 per gal.), Claret (75c per gal.), Angelica (1.00 per gal.), Zenfendel (1.25 per gal.), and Tokey (1.25 per gal.).

WHISKEYS.

Table listing various whiskeys. Items include Monogram (per gal. \$5.00), White Corn Whiskey (per gal. 4.00), Harvester Old Style (per gal. 4.25), McBrayer, 13 years old (per gal. 6.00), Echo Spring (per gal. 4.25), Chestnut Grove Rye (per gal. 2.75), Kentucky Dew (per gal. 2.25), Alcohol (per gal. 4.00), and Cornet Dry Gin (per gal. 4.00).

Advertisement for Billy Stephens, Wholesale and Retail Dealer, located at Cor. First and First Avenue East. The ad includes the name 'BILLY STEPHENS' in large letters and the address.

Advertisement for Alex McNair Co., Dairy Men's Supplies and Steel Stoves & Ranges. The ad features an illustration of a stove and text stating: 'HEADQUARTERS FOR DAIRYMEN'S SUPPLIES AND STEEL STOVES & RANGES. We carry a Large Stock of Hardware, Tinware, Glass and China, Oils, Paint, Varnish, Doors, Window Sashes. Agents for the Great Western Saw. ALEX McNAIR CO The Most Reliable Merchants in Tillamook County.'

Advertisement for Foley Kidney Pills. The ad features the text: 'FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS for backache, rheumatism, kidney or bladder trouble, and urinary irregularities. Foley Kidney Pills are tonic in action, quick in results. Refuse substitutes. Chas. I. Clough, Tillamook.'

Advertisement for Mokatil. The ad includes an illustration of a person using a product and text: 'Ask for Mokatil. Home Made at the Cold Storage. Notice of Final Settlement. In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook. In the Matter of the Estate of William D. Jones, deceased, has filed in said county court his final account of his administration of said estate, and the county judge has appointed Tuesday the 2nd day of July, 1912, at 10 o'clock a.m., as the time for the hearing of objections to said final account and for the settlement thereof. Dated May 18th, 1912. DAVID W. JONES, Administrator. A. S. DRESSER & J. W. DRAFER, Attorneys for said estate. Helped to Keep Down Expenses. Mrs. J. E. Henry, Akron, Mich., tells how she did so: 'I was bothered with my kidneys and had to go nearly double. I tried a sample of Foley Kidney Pills and they did me so much good that I bought a bottle, and feel that they saved me a big doctor's bill.' Lamar's Drug Store. Mrs. M. A. McLaughlin, 512 Jay St. Lacross, Wis., writes that she suffered all kinds of pains in her back and hips on account of kidney trouble and rheumatism. 'I got some of Foley Kidney Pills and after taking them for a few days there was a wonderful change in my case, for the pain entirely left my back and hips and I am thankful there is such a medicine as Foley Kidney Pills.' Lamar's Drug Store.