of the annual statement	The second secon
of the Mutual Life In-	Premiums returned dur-
mrance Company,	Losses paid during the
Pennsylvania, a list day of December, 1910,	Losses incurred during the year 21,767.50
of the Insurance Commis- rof the State of Oregon, pur-	outstanding 448,932.00
CAPITAL	J. F. THORELL, President. T. A. KEITH, Asst. Sec.
unt of capital paid	Synopsis of the annual statement
INCOME.	Preferred Accident Ins.
the year \$4,702,682 25	Company, Of New York, in the State of New
year 1,029,050.47	On the 31st day of December, 1910,
received during	made to the Insurance Commis- sioner of the State of Oregon, pur- suant to law:
facome \$5,827.616.08	CAPITAL.
DISBURSEMENTS.	Amount of capital paid up \$ 350,000.00
ents, annuities and arreader values \$ 2,124,813.68 ideads paid to olicy holders dur-	Premiums received dur-
olicy holders dur-	Interest, dividends and rents received during
he year on capital	the year
ommissions and salar- ies paid during the	ces received during the year
year	Total income \$ 1,460,856.83
paid during the year. 86,306.47 mount of all other ex- penditures 297,502.57	Losses paid during the
Total expenditures. 3,577,541.36	year, including adjust- ment expenses, etc . \$542,716.16 Dividends paid on capi-
Assets,	tal stock during the year 84,000.00
tate owned 1,386,200.00	ries paid during the year
and bonds owned . 7,017,965.50	Taxes, licenses and fees paid during the year. 28,990.30
and collateral, etc 5,964,273.39	Amount of all other expenditures 46,243.76
pelicy loans (net) 6,350,332.37 ash in banks and on hand 273,243.89	Total expenditures. \$1,300.072.45
ferred premiums 395,816.95	Value of real estate owned 00
	Value of stocks and bonds owned 1,672,288.49 Loans on mortgages
Less special deposits in	and collateral, etc00 Cash in banks and on
Total assets admitted	Premiums in course of collection and in
in Oregon	transmission 193,968.43 Interest and rents due
Net reserve\$19,469,162.94 Total policy claims 172.820.00	and accrued 14,857.65
Net reserve	Total assets\$ 2,124,158.05 Less special deposits in any State (if any
Total Habilities paid for\$21,663,571.02	there be)
Total insurance in force December 31, 1910 126,218,844.00 BURIAGO IN OREGON FOR THE	in Oregon \$2,124,158.05 LIABILITIES.
YEAR.	Gross claims for losses unpaid
ing the year, 58 172,527.00	Amount of unearned premiums on all out-
In the year, 58	Due for commission and brokerage 51,236,70
paid during the none	All other liabilities 41,759.42
fincurred during none	Total liabilities \$907,415.48 Total premiums in force December 31, 1910, \$1,251,484.58
tending in Oregon Scember 31, 1910 819.275.00	BUSINESS IN OREGON FOR THE YEAR.
ANCE COMPANY,	Total risks written dur- ing the year 871,600.00
By H. H. FOUSE, Secretary. Statutory resident general agent d attorney for service: J. HENDENHALL, Portland, Ore.	Gross premiums re- ceived during the
J. INDENHALL, Portland, Ore.	Premiums returned dur- ing the year 793.75
ynopsis of the annual statement	Losses paid during the year
Vational Live Stock In-	Losses incurred during the year
f Portland, in the State of Oregon,	outstanding in Oregon December 31, 1910. 4,501.00
in the Mst day of December, 1910,	THE PREFERRED ACCIDENT INS.
	By WILFRID C. POTTER, Sec. Statutory resident general agent and attorney for service:
INCOME.	L. W. CRONAN. NOONAN & HUMPHRY, Gen. Agents,
during the year in cash and notes \$53,209.07	Yeon Bld., Portland, Or.
	John B. Langley
Tetal income \$53,756.75	
DISBURSEMENTS.	TEAMING AND HAULING
year	GRA EL SCREENED OR
year	UNSCREENED.
ficenses and ficenses and during the	WOOD FOR SALE.
pendlare 6,773.40	Bell Telephone, 1207.
ptal gipenditures \$52,152.09	S. VIERECK.
Assets.	Tillamook Bakery,
books ewned \$ 13,050.00	OPPOSITE THE ALLEN HOUSE.
receivable, se-	Corner Stillwell Ave. and Firs St. West, and both Phones.
1,376.30	
collection and in trans-	ALL KIND OF BREAD.
6,975.83 633.38	
Total assets ad-	On Rainy Days
LIABILITIES.	A Fish Brand Slicker
ms for losses \$3,110.00	will keep you dry
of unearned	And give you full value in comfort and long wear
risks . 22,634.22 commission red besterage 727.21	83.00
Total liabilities \$27,501.43	Buld by first-class Retailers the country over. Send for our Free Catalogue
ance in force	Aven Sens tot APL VIAS CRIPTOE DA

ce in force

written dur-

IN OREGON FOR THE

580,377,00

MODERN METHODS OF BUY ING ON THE FARM.

3, 168, 35 Average Farrer Prefers to Buy His Goods Direct and Have 23, 347, 50 Them Delivered at His Door.

J. TOWER CO. TOWERS

/ISH BRAND

BOSTON, U. S. A.

OWER CANADIAN CO., LA

The average farmer of today feels that he has as much right to have his goods delivered at his door as 448,932.00 the party who lives in town, and as time goes on the tendency in the farming communities is more and more towards buying their supplies direct and having them delivered right at their door. As a result of these conditions in all the enter-prising farming communities you New York, in the State of New York, the 31st day of December, 1910, de to the Insurance Commisner of the State of Oregon, purint to law:

will find the grocer's wagon, tea and coffee wagons, meat wagons, etc. There is no getting around the fact that these institutions for the convenience of the farmers are here to store. will find the grocer's wagon, tea

One thing that is particularly noticeble is, that the sale of domestic medicines, stock remedies, flavoring extracts, spices, toilet articles, etc., thought the medium of the modern medicine wagons driven by up-to-date salesmen of today has this competition there has been a great improvement in the quality of \$542,716.16 town.

medicine companies do not go to cutious and other horrors. the expense of much newspaper advertising and as a result they are enabled to give a large package of surperior goods at a less and archives and bulged with pistols price then the manufacturer who and rolls of spies' reports. 28,990.30 marked their goods through other channels. To illustrate the high quality of these preparations it is Total expenditures. \$1,300.072.45 only necessary to mention the fact that the most of these medicine salesmen practically leave their goods on trial with their customers in the park of Yildiz, on seeing the and as a result most every farmer buys at least a part of his supplies from the medicine wagons.*

There was a time before the enact-

ment of the pure food laws over the country that there were a lot of old 193,968.43 peddlers of fake nostrums traveling about the country marketing an entirely different line of stuff, 14,857.65 an but the enactment of the pure food laws seems to have driven this undesirable class of venders out of the field and it is very doubtful if one of these old time fakirs could go into the average farming com-munity and do enough business to \$2,124,158.05 keep a going. The farmer of today demands the best goods because he has the money to pay for them. Times are not what they were 25 years ago when grain and stock were selling at a low price and every farm had a mortgage upon was continually changing its internal arrangements, walling up doors, open-ing new ones, narrowing passages, di 741,013.29

The farmer of today is the most 51, 236, 70 independent person on earth. They are independent and they know it, \$907,415.48 and woe to the person who tries to dictate as to how and were they premiums in force cember 31, 1910, ... \$1,251,484.58 shall spend their money.—Duluth Telegraph-Herald, May 28, 1909.

R. R. Roberts, representing J. R. Watkins Medical Co., who has the agency for Tillamook county, is 871,600,00 now located in Tillamook City, and will call on you soon. He carries spices and extracts, toilet articles, 5,294.75 stock and poultry, tonic and med-icine. Residence one block west of the new blacksmith shop in the Alderman property. Both phones.

> Warning to Railroad Men. Look out for severe and even dangerous kidney and bladder trouble resulting from years of railroading. Geo. E. Bell, 639 Third St., Fort Wayne, Ind., was many years a conductor on the Nickel Plate. He says: "Twenty-years of railroading left my kidneys in terrible condition. There was a continual pain across my back and body ever knew in what room he hips and my kidneys gave me much would sleep on any given night. Bedistress, and the action of my bladder was frequent and most painful. I got a supply of Foley Kidney Pills and the first bottle made a wonderful improvement and four bottles cured me completely. Since being cured I have recommended Foley Kidney Pills to many of my railroad friends."—C. I. Clough.

A Special Medicine for Kidney Ailmenta. from annoying urinary irregularities due to advancing years. Isaac N. Regan, Farmer, Mo.. says:

Attacks School Principal cipal, Chas. B. Allen, of Sylvania, Ga., is thus told by him. "For more than three years," he writes, "I suffered indescribable torture from rheumatism, liver and stom-ach trouble and diseased kidneys. All remedies failed till I used Eleccuring stomach trouble, female complaints, kidney disorders, bil-iousness, and for new health and vigor. Try them. Only 50c. Chas. I. Clough.

Foley Kidney Pills. Neutralize and remove the poisons that cause backache, rheumatism, nervousness and all kidney and bladder irregularities. They build up and restore the natural action of these vital organs.—C. I. Clough

Foley's Honey and Tar for the This statement was quite unfounded sittlemen. Is best and safest for all and it was a long time information and oughs, colds, croup, whooping resure and colm his frightened has ough and brenchits. No opinies,

The Crafty Turkish Despot Wore a Crown of Terror.

HIS PALACE LIKE A PRISON.

Yildiz, a Place of Mystery, Was the Production and the Abode of Fear Unutterable-His Dread of Assassination and His Horror of the Dark.

For long years Abdul Hamid had been haunted and tormented by the nightmare of death. In every shadow he seemed to see an assassin. All his vast power could not bring him one moment of peace and happiness. Not for one moment was Turkey's mon-

Year by year his fears had been of the dark. At night Yildiz always grown to an enormous proportion in the 10 to 15 years. Of course, all come restless, and he would waken come restless, and he would waken manufacturers are right after the at the slightest sound. Sometimes he at the slightest sound. Sometimes he would come out of his sleep with a would come out of his sleep with a start, frightened by a nightmare, and .00 the goods handled by these wagons, and our farmer friends tell us that it ness. At such times he would find the is a recognized fact in the farming solltude of his room unbearable, and communities that a superior line of goods is handled by these wagons, compared with similar lines of goods who would read to him from one of usually sold over the county in his favorite books, those giving dewho would read to him from one of The idea is right here, that these talled accounts of assassinations, exe

Everybody at Yildiz was afraid of being shot by him. He was likely to fire at the slightest action that might seem to him suspicious. There is a story that one day a gardener working sultan approach, rose quickly from a stooping posture to assume a respectful attitude. Abdul Hamid, startled by his sudden appearance and suspect ing some evil motice, at once fired at him. The man fell dead. Later, as no weapon was found on his body, it had to be acknowledged that a blunder had been committed. Such is the tale told by the son of the late Prince of Samos, who was one of the sultan's ministers.

Yildiz, scene of innumerable horrors had been built by Abdul Hamid him self, and he had made it more like a labyrinth than a palace. It was the production and the abode of fear unut terable. Surely no sane mind planned it. To guard against conspirators get ting a plan of his residence its master was continually changing its internal viding rooms by partitions, making windows and closing them again. It was a constantly changing maze.

To spare himself the danger of cross ing the graveled path that separated his apartments from his harem he had linked his residence by flying bridges to the harem on the one side and to the imperial theater on the other. This theater was a gloomy little place, where the monarch would sit entirely bidden from view in his box while ac tresses and singers from Paris and other European cities entertained him. He never came into view, never applauded, and the visible audience consisted of a few members of his family

The building used by Abdul Hamid as his private residence looked more like a proson, for all the lower windows were securely barred and the heavy fron doors were of great strength and capable of being firmly bolted inside.

Every room in the palace was provided with a couch on which the sul tan could sleep if he felt inclined. No fore retiring to rest he would some times call his attendants and say to them: "Keep a good lookout. I am going to sleep tonight in this room." But he would invariably sleep some where else,

On the roof of the imperial apartments was an astronomical observatory which had been fitted up with an exceedingly good telescope by a Parisian firm. This observatory was a Many elderly people have found in Foley's Kidney Remedy a quick relief and permanent benefit from kidney and bladder ailments and serve his own purpose of emigrates. for he used it almost exclusively for the purpose of watching the residence Regan, Farmer, Mo. says: the purpose of watching the leaders of Prince Yusuf Izzedin, eldest son of Abdul Aziz and heir presumptive to complete cure in my case and I Abdul Aziz and heir presumptive to want others to know of it."-C. I. the throne. Its glass was never turn. ed upon the beavens.

But sometimes from his lonely lookout the monarch saw stranger things A severe attack on school prin- than the residence of Prince Yusuf, things that no other human being had ever dreamed of. There were times when his morbid imagination played curious pranks with him.

It was on the day following an attempt upon his life by one Ali Souavi tric Bitters, but four bottles of this and a revolt at Tcheragan, both of wonderful remedy cured me com- which incidents greatly upset him, pletely." Such results are com-mon. Thousands bless them for his observatory with a wild look in his that Abdul Hamid burried down from eyes and called his first secretary, who at that time was All Fuad Bey. He led the secretary to a window, and, polating to the sublime perte some miles away, he said, trembling with

"Did you see them? They have met youder to proclaim my downfall." "Who?" asked the startled secretary.

"My ministers," exclaimed the sultan. "My own ministers are now in the act of dethroning me. Can't you This statement was quite unfounded.

ar.- r'tilladeiphia Ledger.

RIDING THE BUZZARD.

The Ricebird Uses His Bulky Enemy These Dexterous Animals Easily as an Aeroplane.

People generally associate size and brute strength with victory, especially among the lower animals. Many times, however, this is far from being the case, especially in the bird kingdom. Among the rice flats of the Carolinas there abound at some seasons of the year tiny ricebirds, birds so small that it takes two dozen for a good meal. though bones and all are eaten.

The great buzzard is found circling over the flats at all seasons. He dreads the time for the ricebird to come, for he is then nearly pestered to death. is a common sight to see one of these little birds fly up to a buzzard and. after dedging this way and that round the awkward bulk, finally alight well forward between the buzzard's wings on the back. Here the tiny passenger grabs a few feathers in his beak and holds on for grim life. After enjoying a ride for as long as he desires the little fellow hops off and is gone before Mr. Buzzard is well aware of it.

The peculiar part of the whole thing is that apparently the only purpose the ricebird has in getting on the back of the buzzard is to take a free ride. It puzzles every one who chances to see the little drama to find any other reason, yet the fact remains that it is a frequent occurrence, and the little birds seem to enjoy it immensely .-New York Tribune.

INDIAN DEATH CUSTOMS.

Graves of the Hopi and the Hogans of the Navajos.

The Hopi Indian believes that the couls of all deceased adults go to the Grand capyon. When a man dies a grave is dug. The nearest relative of the deceased carries the body to the grave, places it in a sitting posture facing the Grand canyon, erects a long pole between the legs, locks the dead man's fingers around it and fills the To the top of the pole, prounding above the ground, he ties one end of a string and leads the other end in the direction of the Grand canyon. At the end of four days it is believed the soul leaves the body, climbs the pole and with the string to guide it goes to its eternal home in the canyon.

The Navajos, on the contrary, are very superstitious about handling dead They believe that the evil opirit that kills the person hovers around the hogan, as they call their lodge, awaiting other victims, and a hogan in which a death occurs is never occupied again. Navajo hogans are always built with the entrance facing the east. When a death occurs in one of them an opening is invariably made in the north side. Therefore when one sees a hogan with the north side knocked out he may be certain some one has died in it.-Dillon Wallace in

Antiquity of the Dog.

nts, with figures of dogs comewhat of the greyhound type, Even in those remote days the dog century B. C. was highly esteemed. Coming down a Little later, we read that Ulysses the grandest of all the sacred books 8,000 years ago was recognized by his next to the Bible. Zoroaster, whose dog Argus after his swineherd had sayings it contains, was born in the failed to do so.

Plutarch speaks of Alcibades, who ald. cut off the tail of his dog, and Myron, the sculptor, immortalized the animal by chiseling his image in marble. The Pomans valued their dogs and kept them from the chase and also as pets. Alexander the Great owned a veteran fit to tackle a lion.

A Bibulous Goose.

Geese will live to a great age, and some few years ago I came across a very venerable goose (male or female I cannot now say) in Westmoreland ta unexpected circumstances. I was walk- laid and engraved as any real accouing from Milnthorpe to Arnside and at terments is occasionally to be seen, Ganaside found an acquaintance sit- and old prints show the boys playing ting on a seashore bench feeding a pet goose with biscuits steeped in ale. Ho of the French revolution had their toy told me that this goose had been in his guillotines.-Collier's, family for over forty years and was partial to beer, stout and even gin.

Rev. James Hall, M. A., told of a goose in Stirlingshire, Scotland, that had been killed by accident after living at the same place for "above eighty years."-London Field.

Skating on a Tennis Court.

When one is building a tennis court provision may easily be made for a rink by excavating from six inches to one foot deeper than the surrounding ground and making this depressed area as much greater than his court as his purse or surroundings will permit. Twenty-five feet in the clear outside the lines of the court will give an area of over 11,000 square feet-an ample space for a number of people to occupy without crowding. The court msy be flooded by means of a hose attached to the house faucet, first saturating the ground and then when it has frozen flooding the court.-Suburban Life.

Deafness of Blue Eyed White Cats. All white cats are not deaf, but most blue eyed white cats are. It has never been discovered why the blue eyed cots should have the tendency to denfness, but it is a fact, while there has never been a case known of a yellow eyed or green eyed white cat being deaf unless by accident.-St. Nicholas

Duty stands for the most part close at hand, unobscured; simple, immediate. If any man has the will to hear her voice, to him is she willing to en-Peabody.

TRAINING SEALS.

Taught to Perform Tricks. "The cardinal principle in training animals," says an animal trainer, "is not to attempt to make an animal do anything contrary to the nature of its particular species. To be successful a trainer must know enough about the habits of the animals he has under training to fit the tricks he would teach them to their natural bent.

"The sent is very easily taught. You begin with one seal, some small pieces of fish and a string. You let the seal sit on his pedestal, something he likes to do by nature; then you throw him one of the pieces of fish, and he naturally and easily catches it. Next you tie a piece of fish on the end of your string and swing it toward the seal. He catches this, too, and you keep moving away from him and swinging the fish to him from an increasing distance. Now you are ready to begin with the bet or cornucopia. You put a piece of fish in the bottom of it and toss it to the seal. The seal is dexterous by nature, and his nose, quickly detecting the fish in the tip of the cone, seeks it out. The cone catches on his snout, and he bites out the fish and tosses the cone aside. Before long he comes to associate the cone with fish, and he will catch any number of sim-Har ones and toss them aside when be fails to find what he wants.

"Balancing the big rubber ball is based on the same principle. The ball is soaked in fishy brine and thrown to the seal. He gets the odor and tries his best to get into the ball and find what he is after. This results in his balancing the ball on his nose, a feat to which his supple neck and his natural feeding habits are all adapted, and then he gets his piece of fish as a prize."-New York World.

BIBLES IN THE WORLD.

The Scandinavian Eddas the Most Recant of the Seven.

The world has seven Bibles. They are the Koran of the Mohammedans, the Eddas of the Scandinavians, the Tripitaka of the Buddhists, the Five Kings of the Chinese, the Three Vedas of the Hindus, the Zendavesta and the Scriptures of the Christians.

The Koran is not older than the seventh century of our era. It is a compound of quotations from the Old and New Testaments, the Talmud and the gospel of St. Barnabas. The Eddas of the Scandinavians were published in the eleventh century and are the most recent of these seven Bibles. The Buddhists' Tripitaka contain sublime morals and pure inspirations. Their author lived and died in the seventh century before Christ.

The sacred writings of the Chinese are called the Five Kings, "king" meaning web of cloth or the warp that keeps the threads in their places. They contain the choicest sayings of the best ages on the ethicopolitical duties It is impossible to say when dogs of life. These sayings cannot be traced were first domesticated, but some of to a period higher than the eleventh the earliest traces are found on Egyp- century B. C. The Three Vedas are and it is the opinion of great scholars which date back to at least 3500 B. C. | that they are older than the eleventh

> The Zendavesta of the Persians is twelfth century B. C .- New York Her-

History In Toys. The history of the world is crystal-lized in the children's toys. Each great war leaves soldiers in the nursery cupboard dressed correctly to a strap and button. This has always been so. As each successive age in the world's history has gone by the weapons of that age have passed to the hands of the boys as toys. There are in our great museums miniature crossbows, spears and shields. Toy armor as finely inwith such figures. Even the children

There was a time when dollars were minted in England. In March, 1797, the mint issued stamped Spanish dollars worth 4s. 9d., but they were called in seven months later. It was from the Spanish coin that America got the idea of her almighty dollar, but the name was made in Germany. At least "thaler," of which "dollar" is a corruption, was. The original thaler was the silver guldengroschen, coined in 1518 by order of Count Schlick from the allver of Joachimsthal, in Bohemia, and known at first as the "Joachimsthaler." Thus the name means etymologically "of the valley."—London Chronicle.

An Obliging Doctor.
"Doctor, I've tried everything and I can't get to sleep," complained the voice at the other end of the telephone. "Can't you manage to do something for me?"

"Yes," said the doctor kindly. "Just hold the wire and I'll sing you a fullaby."-Success Magazine.

Just Rebuke. Billy-What would you do tf I should kiss you? Milly-I'd slap your face. Billy-Then I won't. Milly-You coward!-Philadelphia Record.

Cutting. "Miss Keenly has an awfully sharp tongue, hasn't she?" "I should say so! She's cut most of her friends off her list with it."

Goodness does not more certainly fer sent he his ready puest. Francis make men happy then happiness nakes them good.-Lander.