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(STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.)

One year.....	1.50
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The Tillamook Headlight.
Frederic Baker, Publisher.

JUSTICE AND CRIME.

Statistics show that fully half the time of the police of the United States is devoted to the single function of arresting drunken men and conveying them to the station. In San Francisco, for example, there were 30,851 arrests made by the police in the year 1909. Of these, 15,791 were for drunkenness, and about the same proportion holds for most of our larger cities. This information is gathered from an article in The World Today, which undertakes to discuss the prevalence of crime in the United States and analyze its causes. Evidently one of the principal causes lies in the fact that our police forces are so occupied with attention to drunkards that they have no time left to devote to criminals. When we remember also that another important fraction of their working hours is devoted to watching saloons and houses of ill repute, the subject stands in a light still clearer.

The explanation is not complete, however, not by any means. European nations have as many drunkards as we have, though our American saloon is a treasure which we may call unique. Germany, France, and England have also the social evil to deal with. But in spite of these facts their police forces, after arresting all the drunkards and watching the fallen women as closely as is necessary, have ample time to pursue and arrest criminals. In the United States out of each hundred homicides committed less than two are ever punished. Germany punishes 95 out of every 100, and even unprogressive Spain succeeds in punishing 85. The best we can do is to hang or imprison two manslaughterers out of every 100. The comparison looks discreditable. There must be some other reason for our delinquency besides the fact that our policemen are busy taking drunkards to the station and attending to the daughters of joy. In the law itself or in the administration of it there must exist some fatal defect.

The existence of such a defect becomes more apparent when we notice other facts which the writer in The World Today sets forth. He cites us, for example, to the comparative number of homicides for every million of population in the United States and in European countries. Georgia, to quote only one or two from the many parallels he draws, has more homicides yearly than the entire British Empire. Chicago's homicides outnumber four to one those of Paris and London combined. This startling fact cannot be due to the greater freedom of speech in Chicago for anarchists and rapid street orators are under stricter restraint there than in Paris or London either. In the capital of the British Empire a man may say pretty nearly what he pleases, but he is under notable restraint as to what he may do. Here we hamper the tongue, but leave the pistol free. Very likely it is useless to extend these figures. They have been published lately until everybody is weary of seeing them in print, and pungent comment has accompanied them in abundance. Judge Amidon has characterized our criminal administration as a menace to civilization. President Taft has said that it is a national disgrace. If talk could cure the evil, it would have been cured long ago, but the discouraging truth is that it gets worse every year instead of better. Each twelve-month sees the number of homicides increasing and the number of convictions smaller. It has long been comparatively safe to kill a man in the United States. It will not be a great while until students of society will class homicide among our less exciting sports. It will become a species of diversion suited only to mollycoddles. There will not be danger enough in it to attract a virile sportsman. Upon the whole, it is today more expensive and riskier to shoot a duck out of season than a man at any time.

The preoccupation of our police forces with comparative trifles is not the whole secret of this amazing condition. There are other reasons for it. We are beginning to realize that we are a nation of people who systematically despise the law. It is needless to recur to the fact that our great moneyed interests in some cases employ legal talent for no other purpose than to evade the law, but it is interesting to compare this with the parallel fact that the organized pickpockets of the country also indulge in the luxury of a general counsel to defend their interests. Some of the courts set an example of contempt for the law by the cavalier way they have of annulling legislation and modifying it to suit particular exigencies. If the judges look upon the law as an obstacle easily set aside, what must we expect of the people? A heavier burden of guilt lies upon the legal profession. If lawyers refused to play tricks with the law no tricks would be played with it. If there were no attorney willing to serve the organized pickpockets they could employ no general counsel. Corporations could not creep round the statutes unless lawyers showed them how to do it. Thus we discover at least two excellent reasons why crime flourishes in this country as it does nowhere else in the civilized world. In the first place, the officers whom we employ to prevent crime and arrest criminals are too much occupied with other matters. In the second place, the functionaries whose duty it is to administer justice are too much occupied in promoting injustice. Those who ought to be helping convict criminals are aiding them to escape. Such being the case, it is not much wonder that murder thrives and property is insecure.—Oregonian.

Loyalty to Home Town.

Next to a man's family, his personal friends and his business, nothing should arouse his energies in its behalf more thoroughly than the town in which he lives, pertinently remarks the Astoria Star. It is his home. It is the place which he earns his competence and educates his family. If he wants to make it as popular, as thrifty and as widely known as possible, he cannot afford to be indifferent to anything which will further those ends. It can be said a town that is not worthy of the devotion of its citizens in making it widely and generally prosperous is a town in which it is not worth while to live at all. If a town is worth anything it is worthy of our greatest energy, whether we receive an immediate dividend in dollars and cents or whether we merely take our share of the common benefits according to the town and community we call home. Everyone can be a boomer. Keep your money at home. Patronize those who patronize you. Spend your money among home institutions where you stand a good chance to get it back. Every dollar you spend with a home man finds its way back to your pocket. A dollar spent in some other town goes to help build up that town. A dollar spent here goes to help build up your home town. Figure it down fine and you lose money by buying away from home, even if you do get the article for less than what it cost you at home.

Marry and Live Long.

On the subject of matrimony Dr. Jacques Bertillon, the French statistician, differs in his advice from Punch, which summed up its counsel to those about to marry in the one word "Don't!" Dr. Bertillon, on the contrary, explains his reasons for believing that marriage and longevity go hand in hand. He calls in the aid of statistics to prove his contention that a married man or woman has 3 times as much chance to attain a ripe old age as a bachelor or a spinster, and with regard to me, he shows that the mortality among widowers is greater than among married men. Dr. Bertillon says that his father went thoroughly into this question and obtained statistics from other European countries which completely support this opinion, while he himself has studied later figures in France. So his advice to young men runs:

"Marry; you will do well even from a selfish standpoint. But watch carefully over your wife's health, as even from this egotistical point of view her loss will be a terrible misfortune, for your life depends in a great measure on her own."

Addressing himself to young women, he says:

"To you I give the counsel to marry in your most selfish interest, as married women have less mortality than spinsters of the same age, at least after the age of 30; but the difference is less for women than for men. The mortality among spinsters is much greater than among married women, but it is not twice as great, as in the case of men."

Dr. Bertillon does not take a cheerful view of the lot of the widow. He says:

"The mortality among widows is distinctly much greater than among married women of the same age. The sweet state of widowhood is, on the contrary, fatal to young widows. Their death rate from 20 to 25 years of age is twice that of married women at the corresponding age."

He gives the reason why matrimony conduces to longevity thus: "Married people lead a more regular life. They are more surround-

ed and therefore more controlled, discreet through this control may be, and it must be discreet if it is to be useful. Their physical life, like their moral life, is healthier, quieter, more natural."

In French statistics of one year which Dr. Bertillon has selected the deaths in a thousand men among bachelors between the ages of 35 and 40 were 19, while those of married men were only 8. Between the age of 55 and 60 the figures were 41 for the former and 23 for the latter.

With women the mortality was 12 and 8 between 35 and 40, and 24 and 18 between 55 and 60. The death rates among widows and divorcees were respectively, 15 and 51 women a thousand.

It is said that Mr. Taft is planning to send our Tariff Board to Ottawa to endeavor to arrange an adjustment which will let Canada in on our minimum scale of duties when the time comes at midnight on March 31, for the drawing of the line against the countries which neglect or refuse to make peace with us at their custom houses. Part of the Board is already in Ottawa. Canada and France are the only countries of any importance which are still outside the tariff pale. If they persist until the end of this month in unduly discriminating against us in their tariffs the maximum scale of the Payne act will be applied to the dutiable imports from them at our custom houses, which will be an advance of 25 per cent above the normal line.

What may be regarded as a renewed warning from the administration that it will enforce the laws against illegal trusts and monopolies was given to the public on Washington's birthday by Attorney General Wickersham before the annual convocation of George Washington University in the City of Washington. Mr. Wickersham compared the present American trouble with the trusts to the hardships resulting to the English people by Queen Elizabeth's granting of trade privileges and concessions to her favorites. The antitrust laws had been placed there in order that the individual might not be enslaved by the aggregations of capital.

Judge Hand of the Federal Circuit Court at New York has granted to Wilbur and Orville Wright an injunction restraining Louis Paulhan the visiting French aviator from making further flights in Farman or Bleriot aeroplanes because of their infringement on the Wright patents. The judge then fixed the bond of \$25,000 for a month, which Paulhan must file in case he should wish to risk a flight, this sum to secure the Wrights in case the courts should sustain their patent contentions.

As the various investigations of the cost of living proceed the diversity of theories on the subject is a marked feature and each separate industrial interest places the responsibility somewhere else. Some insist that trusts and secret combinations are to blame; some enlarge on the increased production of gold and a resulting decline in gold as a measure of value, and others point to cold storage and the pure food law. Partisans will see no cause for high prices except a protective tariff, ignoring the fact that prices have largely advanced in free trade England, and the British ministry four years ago, with Lloyd George in the lead, set on foot an investigation of the high cost of food in England and on the Continent, and have thus far published three bulky volumes on the subject without reaching any definite conclusion, except that the rise is general the world over. Any one who goes into an examination of the matter with a rigid theory soon discovers that he can not make the facts in the case bend to his purpose as he may have confidently expected. The problem has more sides than one or two.

Stubborn as Mules

are liver and bowels sometimes; seem to balk without cause. Then there's trouble—Loss of Appetite—Indigestion, Nervousness, Despondency, Headache. But such troubles fly before Dr. King's New Life Pills, the world's best Stomach and Liver remedy. So easy. 25c. at Chas. I. Clough.

Stiff Neck.

Stiff neck is caused by rheumatism of the muscles of the neck. It is usually confined to one side or to the back of the neck and one side. While it is often painful quick relief may be had by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Not one internal treatment. When there is no fever and no swelling as in muscular and chronic rheumatism Chamberlain's Liniment will accomplish more than any internal treatment.—For sale by Lamar's Drug Store.

Pneumonia follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar which stops the cough, heals the lungs and expels the cold from the system.—C. I. Clough.

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon, will receive Bids for 100 cords of either Alder, Fir or Hemlock wood, to be cut forty six inches in length, and corded in the Basement of the Court House, on or before October 1st, 1910. A certified check equal to 5 per cent. of amount of the bid must accompany each bid as a guarantee that the bidder will execute a bond for the completion of the contract if awarded the same. All bids must be filed in the office of the County Clerk of Tillamook County, Oregon, on or before 9 o'clock A. M., Wednesday, the 8th day of April, 1910. The County Court reserving the right to reject any and all bids. By order of the County Court.

J. C. HOLDEN, County Clerk.

Saved a Soldier's Life.

Facing death from shot and shell in the civil war was more agreeable to J. A. Stone, of Kemp, Tex., than facing it from what doctors said was consumption. "I contracted a stubborn cold" he writes, "that developed a cough, that stuck to me in spite of all remedies for years. My weight ran down to 130 pounds. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery, which completely cured me. I now weigh 178 pounds." For Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Asthma, Hemorrhage, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough and lung trouble, its supreme. 50c. \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Chas. I. Clough.

An Ideal Cough Medicine.

"As an ideal cough medicine I regard Chamberlain's cough remedy in a class by its self, says Dr. R. A. Wilshire of Gwynneville, Ind. "I take great pleasure in testifying to the results of Chamberlain's cough medicine. In fact I know of no other preparation that meets so fully the expectations of the most exacting in cases of croup or coughs of children. As it contains no opium, chloroform or morphine it certainly makes a most safe, pleasant and efficacious remedy for the ills it is intended to cure.—For sale by Lamar's Drug Store.

No Substitute.

Accept no substitute for Foley's Honey and Tar. It is the best and safest remedy for coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. Contains no opiates and no harmful drugs. Remember the name, Foley's Honey and Tar, and accept no substitutes.—C. I. Clough.

Prof. Sverdrup says he expects the South Pole to be discovered within two years. If it is not discovered more than once in that time it will be surprising.

Samuel J. Tilden could not have been president, but had he lived to this day he would have kept Rockefeller, Carnegie and Morgan hustling for the money belt.

Uncle Sam's coast artillery marksmen hit the target once in five times at a distance of four miles. A levathan approaching our shores can depend on a warm reception.

President Taft, before a distinguished audience at Washington on the 19th, gave unqualified support to the project to erect in the capital city a \$2,000,000 memorial hall in honor of George Washington. Many members of Congress, senators, judges, and other high officials were present, and the meeting was under the auspice of the George Washington Memorial Association. Taft said that the people must raise the funds if possible, but that if the amount fell short Congress would have to make up the difference. He deprecated the idea that the residents of Washington ought to have the local suffrage, urging that Washington is a national city.

Capt. Bogardus Again Hits the Bull's Eye.

This world famous rifle shot who holds the championship record of 100 pigeons in 100 consecutive shots is living at Lincoln, Ill. Recently interviewed, he says—"I have suffered a long time with kidney and bladder trouble and have used several well known kidney medicines all of which gave me no relief until I started taking Foley's Kidney Pills. Before I used Foley's Kidney Pills I was subjected to severe backache and pains in my kidneys with suppression and often times a cloudy voiding. While up on arising in the morning I would get dull headaches. Now I have taken three bottles of Foley's Kidney Pills and feel 100 per cent better. I am never bothered with my kidneys or bladder and once more feel like my own self. All this I owe solely to Foley's Kidney Pills and I freely recommend them to my fellow sufferers."—C. I. Clough.

Good Cough Medicine for Children.

The season for coughs and colds is near at hand and too much care cannot be used to protect the children. A child is more likely to contract diphtheria or scarlet fever when he has a cold. The quicker you cure his cold the less the risk. Chamberlain's cough remedy is the sure reliance of many mothers, and a few others who have tried it are unwilling to use any other. Mrs. F. F. Starcher of Ripley, W. Va. says I have never used any other than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for my children and has always given good satisfaction. This remedy contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given as confidently to a child as to an adult.—For sale by Lamar's Drug Store.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds—Prevents Pneumonia

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office, at Portland, Ore.,
March 5th, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that HERBERT V. ALLEY, who post-office address is Nehalem, Oregon, did, on the 15th day of July, 1909, file in this office sworn statement and Application, No. 027075, to purchase the Lots 2 and 3, Section 30, township 1 south, range 7 West, Willamette Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the act amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, and the said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 24th day of May, 1910, before T. H. Goynes, United States Commissioner, at Tillamook, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat an entry.

CHAS. B. MURKIN, Register.

Notice of Final Account

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That T. J. Bowles, administrator of the estate of THOMAS WALTER BOWLES, deceased, has filed in the County Court of Tillamook County, Oregon, his final account as such administrator, and that the hearing of same has been fixed by said Court for Monday, the second day of May, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m., of said day, at the County Court room, in the Court House, in Tillamook City, Tillamook County, Oregon. All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified to then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why said account should not be settled and allowed, as therein prayed for.

T. J. BOWLES,
Administrator of the estate of Thomas Walter Bowles, deceased.
Dated March 17th, 1910.

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