

Editorial Snap Shots.

Probably less will be heard about boys getting drunk now it is known who is dispensing it.

What with the bad boys, the bad men, the bad girls and the bad weather, Tillamook has been having a lively time.

The flooding of the river bottom lands looked bad to those who do not know the good it was doing, and next year's hay crop will be the best proof of that.

We are inclined to think that a number of bootleggers have real cause to be thankful today that they were not caught in the Sheriff's muck rake and are not in jail.

It looks to us that the business men should take more interest in the city's welfare in the future than in the past. Elect the leading business men to serve on the city council, and then the bad reputation the city has fallen into will soon be blotted out. Try it next year.

This is Thanksgiving day. And what are you thankful for? The editor is thankful that Tillamook County will soon emerge from its long bottled up condition and that it will not be long now before the county will have railroad connections, following which will be a steady industrial growth.

There are a few persons who are trying to make much ado because the editor called attention to the fact that parents were setting a bad example to their children. But we do not care one iota about their criticism or indignation. Complaints are made quite frequently about the bad conduct of young people and there must be a cause for it.

It will be noticed that the County Court is calling for bids for the construction of another mile of the Netarts road. That is a good move, and when the Tillamook bridge and the road to Netarts are completed it will be a great improvement in helping to open up that section of the county. One thing, however, most of us will remember for a long time, and that is the shaking up one used to get in going to Netarts.

Whenever a person's cow or horse happens to get loose, or the farmers' stock happens to stray into the city, they are pounced upon at once and put into the pound. But when near beer joints violate law and betray the confidence the city council place in the proprietors to keep law abiding places, it looks as though they are immune and the city officials wink at their conduct. Strange, isn't it?

We fail to see any justice in this: The State's witness was called to the witness stand in the circuit court last week, and failing to put in an appearance, Attorney Holmes said to the judge "Let's in jail," when, in fact, he was in the sheriff's office. If the editor made a similar break like that and published even a sentence saying that the attorney was in jail, when he was only in the sheriff's office, he would consider his feelings and reputation damaged several thousand dollars, and the editor would be sued for libel. We want to refer this matter to the learned and legal lights of this city and ask them this question: If it is libelous for an editor to publish a false statement like the above, we would like to know why a similar assertion, made in open court by an attorney, and addressing the bench, is not also libelous matter?

We are informed that the bootleggers intend to fight Sheriff Crenshaw at the next election. The lawless class does not want a sheriff to do his sworn duty, but they want the taxpayers to pay him for keeping his eyes closed. The same thing applies to city politics, the lawbreakers want a mayor, council and marshal who will not interfere with them, but let anyone else violate a law and see how they will howl. The Circuit Court Judges, the Prosecuting Attorney and the Sheriff have shown that they are earnest in having the laws enforced, and if the people of this county would give them their support, furnishing the officials with information which they are now or may be in possession of, there would not be much lawlessness in Tillamook County, for it is only a small proportion of the citizens who have brought the county into disgrace. But as for fighting Sheriff Crenshaw, he need have no fear, the respectable, law-abiding citizens of the county are backing him and approve his action in rounding up the bootleggers.

The Port of Tillamook has decided that those who have encroached upon the water front must remove their docks to the harbor line, which is the north line of the Thomas donation land claim. It will not be

long now before those who have encroached upon the water front will receive official notification to vacate. This will cause some trouble and expense, but those who have to move had just as well do so with good grace, for the commerce of this city needs a wider and deeper harbor. It was suggested at the meeting of the Port that property owners who own the water front be assessed for the cost of dredging to a certain depth opposite their property. This may appear somewhat hard to those who are now using the water front for public and private use, but this is the most equitable way of making non-resident property owners on either side of the water front pay their proportion for the improvement of their property abutting on the slough. How the Port will decide this we do not know. It is an open question, and with the mandate to vacate and the possible expense of dredging the slough in front of their property, the water-front squatters and property owners will have something to discuss pro and con from now on.

Mrs. A. B. Allison, wife of one of the bootleggers who is now in the county jail, called upon the editor and told him that he had done an awful thing in bringing religion into the bootleg cases. That is a somewhat strange idea, for was simply mentioned a little incident in Allison's career where he treated the boy in a saloon after being baptized in a church. He had a perfect right to do so and it was none of business to say anything about it at the time. When Allison was arrested for bootlegging we looked upon it as one of the peculiarities of human nature and simply mentioned the incident without comment. So we fail to see wherein the editor connected religion with bootlegging as much as Allison did when he joined the church and was baptized and then went into the bootleg business. Truly some people can swallow a mountain and strain at a knot. Yet the most funny thing is Mrs. Allison admitted that her husband was where he belonged in jail. We will not discuss that. Mrs. Allison ought to know and be the best judge as to that. We want to say this to the dear sisters who are real mad with the editor. Give your husbands a good paddling when they return home from durango vile for not having more love and respect for their wives and children in getting into such disgrace.

The Headlight is more convinced than ever that our present system of road building is wrong, is expensive, and results are not obtained for the large amount of money expended upon them. We are willing to admit that the County Court and the road supervisors are doing the best they can, but it is the system and the road laws, which they have to follow, which is a stumbling block. What is needed and what we have contended for is a practical engineer at the head of the road work, but it is hard to get people to break away from a system of road building followed so many years, and especially by those who have been in the habit of making a living, or part of a living, at road work. The system of allowing every Tom, Dick or Harry have charge of road building, simply because they may have a political pull, should appeal to one's judgment that the best results cannot be obtained nor a uniform system of road building adopted. When those who contemplate erecting a \$100,000 building go to an architect for advice and plans, it is considered good business sense. It was just the same with building a railroad into this county, for the engineer had to first establish the grades and prepare the plans and specifications. What would we have thought of the late Mr. Harriman if he had sent a number of farmers into the county to do that work? Road construction, like railroad or any other large undertakings, require an engineer or practical person at the head of them. Next year this county will probably expend \$100,000 on road work without a practical, experienced engineer at the head. It may be that nothing will be done to change the system of road building for the present, but it will have to be done before the best results are obtained.

Commissioners' Meeting. The Board of County Commissioners met last week and took up several matters.

In the matter of the construction of the third mile of Netarts road, the County Clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for the same, to be filed by January 5th, 1910.

In the matter of the approval of the plat of Brighton Beach, the same was approved.

Beall & Co., merchandise ... \$332.35
Jas. Buffin, Tillamook river bridge ... 117.23
W. R. Illingsworth, work on roads ... 56.00
W. Rush et al, removing trees from road ... 3.75

Absolutely Pure... Royal Baking Powder improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of the food. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

HEAVY RAIN STORMS.

Rivers on a Rampage and Bottom Lands Flooded.

The heavy rain and wind storms, which succeeded one another in rapid succession for two weeks, reached its height on Sunday night, when torrents of rain, accompanied by a heavy wind, swept over the whole country, and next day every river in the county was on a rampage and the bottom lands flooded. As the day advanced the rivers raised rapidly, which caused considerable fear, for the rain poured down on Monday and this added to the gravity of the situation. It was late Monday night when the flood reached its height, the highest, probably, in eight years.

On the water front in Tillamook City there was much activity, for Hoquartun slough was no longer a peaceful and safe tide slough, but a real live river on a rampage, the water rushing across the bottom lands from the Wilson river and the whole Wilson river country was inundated and a strong freshet running over the land. B. C. Lamb was the first to get uneasy, and he hustled a crew of men to get the freight in the warehouse raised up. This proved a wise precaution, for by the afternoon the whole dock was under water about a foot, and at night it was 22 inches. Although somewhat higher D. L. Shrode also saw that his freight was in danger and the mill company put a crew of men to work. This also proved a wise precaution, for about eight o'clock Monday night the water made its appearance in some parts of the warehouse when the slough was at its height. Some anxiety was felt for the bridge and about a million feet of logs above the bridge belonging to the Tillamook Lumber Manufacturing Company. A strong current forced the logs down stream, and to prevent the bridge and logs from breaking, a large manila tow rope was lashed to the bridge, and even that did not prevent the north end of the bridge from lifting. The

lumber yard, engine and boiler rooms of the lumber company were flooded. The electric light plant and trouble but kept running until the water was a few inches of the fire, when it had to close down. The fill at the trussel belonging to the county partly washed out and put a stop to travel in that direction, and the dairymen could not reach the Tillamook Creamery with their milk.

A. Foland had the misfortune to get his leg broken in attempting to prevent the new bridge in course of construction at Beaver from going out, and Dr. Boals was sent for to set the injured limb.

The storm interfered with the mail to this city. Monday only letter mail arrived via Trask. Tuesday no mail arrived by that route, and in the afternoon of Wednesday, the stage managed to get through with Sunday's and Monday's mail from Portland. The Bay City mail was unable to get through on Tuesday and Tuesday and the south stage had to go round by way of Fairview on Tuesday.

Notice to School Boards and Teachers.

Notice is hereby given that the school library books are now ready for distribution at my office. Please call and get your books as soon as convenient, that you may derive a benefit from them for the present term of school. If you wish your books left at any place of business in Tillamook City, notify me of the fact and then you may secure them when in town, although I should not be at my office. In districts where it is not probable that you will be able to get them for some time, I will forward by mail at your request, if you choose to pay postage on same. Respectfully, W. S. BUEL.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Cures backache and irregularities that if neglected might result in Bright's disease or diabetes.—Chas. I. Clough.

Report of the Condition of the TILLAMOOK COUNTY BANK, At Tillamook, in the State of Oregon, at the close of Business, November 16th, 1909.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts \$197,438.32 Overdrafts, secured and unsecured 137.50 Bonds, securities, etc. 36,408.54 Banking house, furniture and fixtures 4,817.28 Other real estate owned 4,075.75 Due from banks (not reserve banks) 26,825.34 Due from approved reserve banks 73,086.77 Checks and other cash items 336.40 Cash on hand 37,247.19 Total \$380,373.09

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in \$30,000.00 Surplus fund 850.00 Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid 1,855.32 Individual deposits subject to check 244,313.36 Demand certificates of deposit 7,287.15 Time certificates of deposit 44,406.79 Certified checks 38.00 State deposits 2,829.33 Savings deposits 48,674.64 Liabilities other than those above stated 118.50 \$380,373.09

State of Oregon, County of Tillamook, SS. I, M. W. Harrison, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. M. W. HARRISON, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of November, 1909: H. T. Bots, Notary Public. Correct—Attest: Elwii Harrison, D. F. Fitzpatrick, Directors.

Notice of City Election.

Notice is hereby given, that an election will be held on Monday, December 6th, 1909, at the City Hall, in Tillamook City, Oregon, from nine o'clock a.m. until 12 o'clock a.m., and from one o'clock p.m. until four o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing the following officers of said Tillamook City, Oregon: Recorder, Treasurer, one Councilman from the first ward of said city, one Councilman from the second ward of said city, one Councilman from the third ward of said city, one Councilman from the fourth ward of said city, and one Councilman from the fifth ward of said city, one Water Commissioner from the fifth ward of said city and one Water Commissioner at large; and that A. J. Stillwell, Alex. Watt and W. O. Chase have been appointed Judges and W. G. Dwight and H. E. Morris, Clerks of said election.

That a Caucus will be held at the opera house in said city, on Saturday, November 27, at 7:30 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for said offices.

By order of the Common Council of Tillamook City, Oregon, dated November 18th, 1909.

T. B. HALDLEY, City Recorder.

Report of the Condition of the First Bank & Trust Co., At Bay City, in the State of Oregon, at the close of Business November 16th, 1909.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts \$34,977.60 Overdrafts, secured and unsecured 28.55 Bonds, securities, etc. 1,125.00 Banking house, furniture and fixtures 4,027.20 Due from banks (not reserve banks) 298.20 Due from approved reserve banks 12,245.55 Checks and other cash items 1,684.78 Cash on hand 7,242.70 Total \$61,629.58

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in \$25,000.00 Surplus fund 280.00 Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid 940.83 Individual deposits subject to check 27,356.43 Demand certificates of deposit 755.00 Time certificates of deposit 3,226.30 State deposits 3,973.01 Savings deposits 86.01 Total \$61,629.58

State of Oregon, County of Tillamook, SS. I, John O. Bozorth, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN O. BOZORTH, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of November, 1909. Inez V. Bozorth, Notary Public. Correct—Attest: R. J. Hendricks, Scott Bozorth, Directors.

For Sale Cheap. Fine lot of Oak Furniture and household goods, including new drop head Singer sewing machine, Edison Phonograph and 80 records, 1900 Washing Machine, Encyclopedia, etc. Call or phone L. A. Andrews, Fairview.

This is to give notice that milk, delivered, will be charged in future at the following rates: Pint, 4c; Quart, 7c; Gallon, 21c.

Croup Cured and a Child's Life Saved. It affords me great pleasure to add my testimony to that of the thousands who have been benefited by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My child, Andrew, when only three years old was taken with a severe attack of croup, and thanks to the prompt use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy his life was saved and today he is a robust and healthy boy. Says Mrs. A. Coy, Jr., of San Antonio, Texas, this remedy has been in use for many years. Thousands of mothers keep it at hand, and it has never been known to fail. For sale by Lazar's Drug Store.

No Case on Record. There is no case on record of a cough or cold resulting in pneumonia or consumption after Foley's Honey and Tar has been taken, as it will stop your cough and break up your cold quickly. Refuse any but the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar in a yellow package. Contains no opiates and is safe and sure.—Chas. I. Clough.

A Methodist Minister Recommends Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. "I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for several years for diarrhoea. I consider it the best remedy I have ever tried for that trouble. I bought a bottle of it a few days ago from our druggist, Mr. R. R. Brooks. I shall ever be glad to speak a word in its praise when I have the opportunity."—REV. J. D. KRAPP, Pastor M. E. Church, Miles Grove, Pa. Sold by Lazar's Drug Store.

S. M. KERRON, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, CONCRETE BUILDING, Tillamook, Oregon.

HORRORS OF THE ARCTIC.

Terrible Experience of the Crew of the Ill Fated Jeannette.

When Ross in 1818 touched at Etah the Eskis thought they were being visited by ghosts. With her white sails appearing on the horizon, where the sky meets into an abyss of ocean, what else could the ship be but some great white winged ghost, and what those strange creatures on her deck but lost souls? They thought she a great bird, had flown from the moon, whose wood was abundant, and when they saw her close, her wooden belly and her masts, they whispered, "How much wood there is in the moon—how very much!" Wood is like gold to the Eskis.

One of the unhappy crew of the Jeannette writes: "I put some mercury to freeze and beat it out on the arctic. Our frozen bread looked like black soap. We divided meat, oil and bread with a hatchet. Joshua forgot to put on his right glove; in a moment his hand was frozen. The poor devil whined to thaw his lifeless hand in warm water. It was immediately covered with pieces of ice. The doctor was forced to cut the unlucky mate's hand off, and he died next day. Toward the middle of January a caravan of Eskis came to ask us for some dried fish and bread. We added a little tobacco to their presents, which they received with tears of joy. The chief, a feeble old man, told us that the week before he had eaten his wife and two sons."

Cold more terrible than the white wolf and bear seizes its victims unaware, instantaneously, fatally. The cold purifies the blood, sharpens appetite, favors digestion and stomach. It soothes to sleep by bringing death in the midst of beautiful dreams. This intense cold, so dry, so pure, stops profusion, sweetens the air by greatly increasing its density and purifies water. Cold takes the place of cooking, for it makes raw meat, raw fish and fallow eatable.

A Roman nosed people could not hold their own in the arctic. A Roman nose would be too often frozen off. The Eski flat nose is less exposed. The name Eskimo, or raw foot eaters, is a nickname given by the Labrador Indians. Their true name in their own tongue is Inuit and means "man." If patriotism be a virtue the Eskis have it surpassingly. Never was a land of verdant groves, golden harvests and snow mirrored in the streamlets and silver waves better beloved than their snow fields and ice hills and gloom, shuffling tents and igloos.—New York Press.

THE CENTURY PLANT.

It Blooms, Says a Florist, Every Twenty-five to Forty Years.

"The regular century plant," said an expert in floriculture, "is not a cactus. It belongs to a family by itself. It has a large, broad leaf, sometimes two or three feet long, and sometimes two or three inches thick where they branch from the center. There are two varieties, one the variegated and the other green. The only difference is that the variegated has a white stripe along the outer edge of the leaf. Both bloom every twenty-five to forty years. A stock perhaps eight or ten inches in diameter shoots up from the center to a height of fifteen or twenty feet, and around this stock cluster small blossoms. They are neither pretty nor fragrant. They were formerly supposed to bloom once in a hundred years.

"The nearest thing to a century plant is a night blooming cactus. It is a cactus and blooms once in about every twenty-five years or so. The flower is large, very beautiful and has a delightful odor. One plant may have several blossoms, but each flower lasts only one night.

"There is no such plant as a 'century cactus.' The cactuses that many have mistaken for 'century cactuses' will bloom in four or five years if kept under glass or about seven years if not in a hothouse. Because they are so long in blooming, I suppose, they have been called 'century cactuses,' and the name has been handed down until it is considered the proper term for them. They bloom yearly after the first blossoms appear. They are just an ordinary cactus, but they have a pretty, fragrant flower."—Seattle Times.

The Canny Scot. In the differences that would sometimes arise between members of his tenantry the Duke of Argyll was often invited to arbitrate upon the matter in dispute, and he used to tell a characteristically Scottish story of one of the occasions. Two tenants having waited upon him and asked him to decide the question at issue, the duke put what he always regarded as a very necessary preliminary question, "Will you abide by my award?"

"Well, your grace," was the reply of one of the hard headed old disputants, "I'd like to ken first what it is."—Loudon Chronicle.

The Other Way With Him. "Remember, sir, that you owe something to your constituents," said one member of a town council to another.

"Humph!" said the other. "If you owe anything to your constituents all I've got to say is that you're lucky. Why, there are not half a dozen voters in my ward that have not borrowed money from me."—Stray Stories.

Pitfalls of Slang. Host (in India)—Do you see that fanatic over there? He has sat on that corner and in that posture without moving for six months. Traveler (from America)—Gee, that's going some!—Chicago Tribune.

Little minds are tamed and subdued by misfortune, but great minds rise above it.—Irving.