

Editorial Snap Shots.

We certainly think that it is unprofessional for M.D.'s to make examinations of blind pigs. Wonder whether the V.S.'s are inclined to think that way also.

We understand that the Judge gave one of the attorneys a straight talking to after the disgusting affair in the circuit court on Saturday. Wonder what he said to him.

Bootlegger Langworthy, it is claimed, wants to "Reform." The other bootleggers had better take to the woods if he does, for he will surely "peach" if he takes too much "Reform" aboard.

The doom that awaits Nordstrom should be a warning to a good many young men in this county. From the time that he left his home in Sweden at the age of 15 he had spent most of his earnings in drink.

Is it according to the code for any member of the Tillamook Bar Association to insult the bench, use vile epithets about the circuit judge, drag the profession down to the gutter and bring the county into disrepute?

It does not add to the dignity of the city council nor the respectability of the city for a councilman to pick a quarrel with business men and bring on a fight. Invoke the recall law and turn the quarrelsome councilman out of office.

We do not think that Judge Gallowsy need fear the threats of the lawbreakers in this county, for during the snap shot man's fight against the gambling dives and later against the saloons, we were threatened with all manner of persecution and violence.

After the disgusting fracas in the court house, we heard a respectable citizen of this city make the assertion that none of the attorneys engaged in bootleg cases would get any more of his business. And it may be that other respectable citizens are disposed to think the same way.

Suppose it had been the snapshot man who insulted the court and used vile epithets and disgusting language, about the judge, why, the lawbreakers would have howled themselves hoarse that we should be locked up or tarred and feathered. And we would have deserved that kind of treatment.

Drink is causing considerable trouble in this county. It sent one man to the gallows this week, made one attorney crazy, several bootleggers got heavy fines for peddling whiskey and drunks in the city bastille had a rip, roaring time smashing up things. Rah! Rah! Rah! For Old King Alcohol and Tillamook's Whiskey Ring.

It cost the taxpayers of the county about \$1,400 for the trial of Hembree in Polk county; it cost the taxpayers \$250 because the State's witness in the Wolfe rape case was spirited away to defeat justice; it cost quite a sum of money to prosecute local option cases in the justice court when the juries believe the perjurers before State's witnesses.

There is evidently going to be a clash between the police force of this city before long. The sooner it comes probably better it will be for the city. It is not our fight, however. But we would like to see the city officials working together harmoniously and for the city's interest, yet the continual tattle, backbiting and gossip about one and another cannot last much longer before it brings on a clash.

This is enough to puzzle a Philadelphia lawyer. A number of juries in Justice Sappington's court found several persons not guilty upon practically the same kind of evidence which juries in the circuit court found other persons guilty. We will leave it to the public to decide which court and juries are administering justice fairly. There is something radically wrong somewhere with our courts of justice—or injustice—in Tillamook county, with that condition of affairs.

That was pretty tough on V. Jacob, who was fined by Justice Sappington \$100 for violating the local option law. He appealed the case and was tried and found guilty in the circuit court and was fined \$300 and 20 days in the county jail. Whoever advised Jacob to appeal his case ought to pay the additional \$200 he was fined in the circuit court, for it seems to us that that kind of advice would soon bust a man up in business. Those who get caught in future had better get some "good" advice before they appeal their cases.

It is really too bad to see a bright young man like Attorney S. S. Johnson make so many foolish, senseless breaks, not only disgracing himself, but lowering the reputation of the city. Generally speaking, most persons regret the many disgraceful escapades that he has indulged in. It is true, no doubt, as he told the judge when apologizing to the court, that he had a most ungovernable temper, which he had tried hard to curb. Probably had Mr. Johnson's associations been with a different class in this city it would have spared him many things which he was sadly sorry for when he came to his sober senses. His strenuous fight for the liquor interests and bootleggers proved his undoing.

It is claimed that the original local option order which was placed on file cannot be found amongst the papers in the court house, and for that reason an effort is to be made to knock out the local option law in this county. No one need be surprised at anything being missing in Tillamook if it would free the lawbreakers, and as an illustration of this we need only refer to the spitting away of the witness in the Wolfe case. Ex-County Clerk Lamb testified that the order was placed on file, and he remembers distinctly all the circumstances attending the transaction. So there are only two conclusions to be drawn, the order has been either misplaced or someone has swiped it.

There were some persons who thought that Nordstrom was not entitled to a trial. That was a wrong idea. Give every person a fair trial, and this is what Nordstrom was entitled to and received in this county. The attorneys, Messrs. Severance and Coyne, who were appointed by the court, put up a good fight for the accused, thus insuring a fair trial. With the prisoner's confession of the crime and so much damaging evidence to be confronted the attorneys had a difficult case, and the attorneys for the prosecution in the second case, Messrs. Cooper and Holmes, put up a strong case for the State, and it was through their efforts that Nordstrom was found guilty. One thing we noticed, especially in the first trial, was the gentlemanly and courteous manner in which the attorneys conducted the case.

The effort that was made to prevent the Langworthy case being tried at this term of court was another instance in which the courts are being humbugged and the taxpayers put to expense. His attorneys claimed that he was sick, and no doubt he made a good pretext of being so and the case was continued from time to time. The climax came on Saturday, when Attorney Johnson, of the firm of Talmage & Johnson, undertook to bluff and insult the court, when it was found that the judge made up his mind that he would allow no more pettifoggery. Langworthy was so sick on Monday that he was taken to the court house in the sheriff's automobile and taken home in the same conveyance. Here is a dead give away. After the trial Langworthy became suddenly well and was able to be on the street.

A great many of our citizens have taken the untenable position that they would not believe informers in local option cases, and several juries in the justice court have fallen into the same error and allowed a lot of lawbreakers to go free. Let us put the matter in a different light. Suppose some individuals broke into your store or house and the robbery was witnessed by other parties, who informed on them, who would you believe, the robbers or the informers? The same way in murder cases, threatening one's life, setting fire to business or private houses, shooting stock, etc., who would you believe? Taking the juries in the recent bootleg cases in Justice Sappington's court, the jurymen not only disbelieved the informer, but must have believed some of the witnesses who went on the witness stand and perjured themselves.

Attorney Holmes made a plea that Bootlegger Langworthy had no money to pay a fine, and having repented and wishing to reform, he wanted the judge to remit the fine and allow him to go free, and after it has cost the taxpayers so much money to prosecute these cases. The way to reform hardened old bootleggers, Mr. Holmes, is to give them a jail sentence, and until this is done we do not expect to see bootlegging stop in this county. That word "Reform" was out of place in this case, just as much as it would have been had the same kind of plea been made in the murder case previous to passing sentence upon Nordstrom. The snap shot man, too, is going to make a plea, that a reform be started amongst the attorneys who have been dabbling in bootleg cases, which have resulted in an enormous amount of false swearing and perjury on the witness stand in Tillamook county. Oh, yes, the disgraceful fracas at the court house on Saturday shows plainly that reform would be a mighty good thing amongst some of the attorneys of this city.

Circuit Court Cases.

Astoria & Columbia River Railroad Company, a corporation, plaintiff, vs Lucy Barnard and John L. Barnard, defendants. Contemnation. Non suit as per stipulation and defendants to recover cost.

Astoria & Columbia River Railroad Company, a corporation, plaintiff, vs The Beals Land Company and Theodore Steinhilber, defendants. Contemnation. Dismissed.

Astoria & Columbia River Railroad Company, a corporation, plaintiff, vs Thomas Coates and Lavina Coates, defendants. Contemnation. Dismissed.

Astoria & Columbia River Railroad Company, a corporation, plaintiff, vs Robert C. Becker and Eastern Investment Company, defendants. Contemnation. Dismissed.

William G. Dwight, plaintiff, vs A. W. Atterbury, defendant. Damages and ejectment. At issue.

William G. Dwight, plaintiff, vs Christopher Christensen, defendant. Ejectment and damages. Argued this morning.

Walburga Jacob, plaintiff, vs Miami Lumber Co., a corporation, defendant. Damages. Settled and dismissed.

L. G. Freeman, plaintiff, vs Miami Lumber Co., a corporation, defendant. Damages. Defendant argued and overruled.

J. O. Drummond, plaintiff, vs Miami Lumber Co., a corporation, defendant. Writ of review. Motion to quash writ overruled.

Ellen Long, plaintiff, vs Gustav Trimpter, defendant. Damages. At issue.

In the Matter of the Estate of Eli Goodspeed, deceased. In Probate. Settled and administrator discharged.

E. Bergstrom, plaintiff, vs Helen E. Bergstrom, defendant. Divorce Decree as prayed for granted.

W. G. Dwight, plaintiff, vs Alex. McNair, defendant. To quiet title. At issue.

Hattie B. Marolf, Ethel M. Holden and Arthur E. Holden, plaintiffs, vs Preston E. Marolf, Carrie Marolf, Arthur N. Marolf, John C. Marolf, Wallace, Lola V. Marolf Lamb, J. D. Wallace and Martha E. Wallace, E. M. Lamb and P. E. Lamb, defendants. Partition. Continued by consent.

William Himes, C. H. Himes, Sarah A. Bayley and Fred Smith, plaintiffs, vs William Maxwell, Harrison Cleveland Smith and Charles Wesley Smith, defendants. To set aside deed. On demurrer.

Charles M. Lanning, plaintiff, vs Dwight Skinner and Mrs. Skinner, wife, defendants. For deed. Continued for term.

Fred P. Wittenberg, plaintiff, vs Vincenz Jacob and Walburga Jacob, defendants. To set aside deed. Settled and dismissed.

John B. Langley, plaintiff, vs Nellie Langley, defendant. Divorce. Divorce granted.

Walter A. Dimick, plaintiff, vs Yellow Fir Lumber Co., a corporation, defendant. Foreclosure. Confirmation of sale granted.

Elmore Packing Co., a corporation, plaintiff, vs Tillamook County, defendant. Appeal from Board of Equalization. Dismissed by stipulation, that the claim of over assessment on machinery is waived and the county admits the wrongful assessment on salmon and costs be allowed appellant.

Nehalem Packing Co., a corporation, plaintiff, vs Tillamook County, defendant. Appeal from Board of Equalization. Dismissed by stipulation.

Andy Nolan, plaintiff, vs The First National Bank, of Tillamook County, Oregon, a corporation, defendant. Suit for money. Motion to allow S. Viereck one of the defendants allowed.

Rose Weber, plaintiff, vs Gottfried Weber, defendant. Divorce. Decree granted.

Naturalization.—David Reddaway, granted; Joan Pierre Peters, rejected; John Wait, granted.

H. E. Noble vs Joseph M. Harrison, for quiet title. Motion to dismiss granted.

J. H. Filden vs J. T. Melner. Motion to open up default. Taken under advisement.

A. H. Malaney vs John Habbins and others. Application for foreclosing tax lien. Judgment granted.

A. H. Malaney vs J. H. Gilchrist and others. Application for foreclosing tax lien. Judgment granted.

A. H. Malaney vs R. Finley and others. Application for foreclosing tax lien. Judgment granted.

W. G. Dwight vs Theo Senn and others. Application for foreclosing tax lien. Judgment granted.

G. W. Dwight vs F. D. Hastrick. Application for foreclosing tax lien. Judgment granted.

Many weak, nervous women have been restored to health by Foley's Kidney Remedy as it stimulates the kidneys so they will eliminate the waste matter from the blood. Impurities depress the nerves, causing nervous exhaustion and other ailments. Commence today and you will soon be well. Pleasant to take.

—J. S. Lamar, Tillamook; Hawk & Miller, Bay City.

Hides Wanted.

I will pay more for hides than anybody in the county. Store room between Johnson & Talmage and T. H. Goynne's law office. N. E. MELCHIOR.

The Badge of Honesty

In every wrapper of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery because a full list of the ingredients composing it is printed there in plain English. Forty years of experience has proven its superior worth as a blood purifier and invigorating tonic for the cure of stomach disorders and all liver ills. It builds up the run-down system as no other tonic can in which alcohol is used. The active medicinal principles of native roots such as Golden Seal and Queen's root, Stone and Mandrake root, Bloodroot and Black Cherry bark are extracted and preserved by the use of chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce at Buffalo, N. Y., for free booklet which quotes extracts from well-recognized medical authorities such as Drs. Bartholow, King, Scudder, Coe, Ellingwood, and a host of others, showing that these roots can be depended upon for their curative action in all weak states of the stomach, accompanied by indigestion or dyspepsia, as well as in all bilious or liver complaints and in all "wasting diseases" where there is loss of flesh and gradual running down of the strength and system.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" makes rich, pure blood and so invigorates and regulates the stomach, liver and bowels, and, through them, the whole system. Thus all skin affections, blotches, pimples and eruptions as well as scrofulous swellings and old open running sores or ulcers are cured and healed. In treating old running sores, or ulcers, it is well to insure their healing to apply to them Dr. Pierce's All-Healing Salve. If your druggist don't happen to have this Salve in stock, send fifty-four cents in postage stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and a large box of the "All-Healing Salve" will reach you by return post.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic, medicine of known composition, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The Only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar—Made from Grapes—
A Guarantee of Pure, Healthful, Delicious Food

Report of the Condition of the Tillamook County Bank, At Tillamook, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business April 28th, 1909.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$151,088.29
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	11.57
Bonds, securities, etc.	19,868.60
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	4,817.28
Other real estate owned	3,308.89
Due from banks (not reserve banks)	22,000.78
Due from approved reserve banks	63,058.09
Checks and other cash items	968.57
Cash on hand	20,031.27
Total	\$285,153.34
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$30,000.00
Surplus fund	8,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,647.14
Individual deposits subject to check	175,186.29
Demand certificates of deposit	8,801.02
Time certificates of deposit	38,524.43
State deposits	4,582.89
Savings deposits	24,672.36
Liabilities other than those above stated	889.21
Total	\$285,153.34

State of Oregon, County of Tillamook, SS. I, M. W. Harrison, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. M. W. HARRISON, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of May, 1909, Myrtle O. Mills, Notary Public. Correct—Attest: H. T. Botts, Erwin Harrison, Directors.

Report of the condition of the FIRST BANK & TRUST COMPANY, At Bay City, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business April 28th, 1909.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$30,874.50
Bonds, securities, etc.	1,125.00
Banking house, furniture, fixtures and lots	3,727.70
Due from banks (not reserve banks)	165.54
Due from approved reserve banks	13,255.06
Checks and other cash items	561.58
Cash on hand	7,016.09
Total	\$56,725.47
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Surplus fund	289.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	749.15
Individual deposits subject to check	22,864.01
Demand certificates of deposit	902.50
Time certificates of deposit	2,359.36
State deposits	4,522.29
Savings deposits	39.16
Total	\$56,749.47

State of Oregon, County of Tillamook, SS. I, John O. Bozorth, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN O. BOZORTH, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of May, 1909. Inez V. Bozorth, Notary Public. Correct—Attest: R. J. Hendricks, Scott Bozorth, Directors.

GET THE HABIT and **FOLLOW THE CROWDS** to **"The Spa" KANDY KITCHEN.**

The only up-to-date Confectionery and Ice Cream Parlor in the City. The latest in fancy fountain drinks and ice cream delicacies.

TRIED TO BE NICE.
But Fannie Made an Awful Mess of It With the Old Lady.
"When Fannie is bent upon pleasing," sighed Fannie's younger sister, "she can certainly make a horrible mess of things. Last Sunday Charlie Evans, having arrived at the point where he felt he wanted his family's opinion of me, invited us both up to take tea with his mother. The minute I laid eyes on his mother I knew Fannie would get in trouble—she simply can't help getting nervously foolish when there's a religious person around."
"Charlie's mother kissed us and, addressing herself to Fannie as the elder, said something about our being very sweet to come and see a daughterless old woman. Whereat Fannie looked at Charlie and his two brothers and replied feelingly that it must be a terrible disappointment to have only them. Mrs. Evans, to rectify my sister's misapprehension, told us proudly that she had three more sons, not present."

"By this time Fannie realized that she had made a bad beginning and leaped further in with the supposition that the other three were off having a good time instead of moping at home. The older lady drew herself up and said severely:
"My three sons are in heaven, Miss Barnes."

"Oh, how awful!" came Fannie's ready gasp.
"No, not awful at all!" and Mrs. Evans was positively glaring at us. "I feel that they were specially blessed in being allowed to pass thus early to their Lord. They died as little children."

"Dear me, how glad you must have been!" blurted out flustered Fannie.
"By this time I had kicked a hole in her ankle, and that quieted her for awhile. She might have kept still for the rest of the evening had not her pet subject, the higher education of woman, come up for the old lady's disapproval. Then Fannie made a hand-spring into the conversation by remarking that when we had more educated mothers there would be less infant mortality.
"And, mind you, Fannie was really trying to be nice for my sake."—New York Times.

THE WORD "ALPHABET."

It Comes Through the Greeks and Hebrews From Phoenicia.
When we speak of our A B C's as our "alphabet" we are using a word hourly with age, that, as far back as we can trace it, came from the eastern shore of the Mediterranean sea, thousands of years before the Hebrews went up there and took possession of the land of Canaan. Back of the people who occupied that land before the events of Exodus were written we are not able to trace the word, for we have not sufficient knowledge of them or of their etymological history before we find them in Canaan.

It has been only within recent years that we have been able to know that the word "alphabet" came to us from the Phoenicians. Before that we supposed that it came to us from the Hebrews, through the Greek. As we say "A B C" the Greeks say "alpha beta" (the first two letters of their alphabet, which when it reached us became "alphabet"). This we supposed had come to the Greeks from the Hebrews, who called their first two letters "alph" and "beth," but since then we have found that both the Greeks and the Hebrews got the word "alphabet" from the same source, which was the Phoenicians.
The people of Phoenicia had the same letters, "alph" and "beth," which have suffered but little change in sound down to our A and B. Alph meant simply an ox, the sign of it being a conventional ox's head, with the lower part of the face turned slightly to its right, and beth meant a house, which was pictured by the outline of a primitive dwelling, which had a superfluous line added to distinguish it from other characters very like it, as we place a tall on the Q to distinguish it from an O. So the first two letters of our A B C's were originally an ox and a house and gave the name of all of the twenty-six letters which we call our "alphabet."—New York Herald.

Kissing the Book.
"Kissing the book" is a rather late development of the mere touching of the gospels with the fingers, which dates from the sixth century. It is likely that the kiss was originally intended not to increase the solemnity of the oath, but to signify reverence and affection for the book. The kiss appears to have come into fashion toward the end of the sixteenth century and would seem, from what George Fox says of it, to have been a Protestant innovation. According to Milton the unreformed method was simply to hold the gospels with three fingers above the book, typifying the Trinity, and two fingers below, typifying the twofold destruction of body and soul that an oath taker invoked upon himself if he swore falsely.

Politics and Poker.
A man who dips into politics occasionally may be compared to a man who engages in a poker game occasionally. He is liable to run into a professional and be worsted. The safe rule is to keep out of politics and poker.—Acheson Globe.

She Threw Him Over Twice.
"Why have you thrown over me Pitcoo?"
"Oh, I could never marry a man with a crooked leg."
"What made his leg crooked?"
"I ran over it with my motor car."—Success Magazine.