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RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

(STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.) One year, 1.50. Six months, 75. Three months, 50.

The Tillamook Headlight.

Fred C. Baker, Publisher.

Admiral Evans begins to think that rheumatism is intractable, the remedies recommended to him having passed the 3000 mark. According to some American tastes, all the world loves a titled fortune hunter, even if the parties in the case are middle-aged and have had previous matrimonial experiences.

The report that an automobile in Wyoming was attacked by a wolf gives rise to the inquiry why, if the speed was defective, the honk and gasoline odor were not turned on.

Emma Goldman had a nervous collapse because she could not hire a hall in which to deliver an address. It appears to be dangerous for a confirmed orator to leave off suddenly.

Throughout our history the navy has been so busy in belting the enemy that it had no time to notice any of the defects in construction that cause such deep concern among the experts.

"Poise, dignity, sanity and reason become a mighty people," says Senator Knox, Pennsylvania's favorite son has the faculty of stating a statesmanlike thought tersely and forcibly.

Vermont maple sugar is selling in Boston at 35 cents a pound. It seems a shame to take the money when the article is offered in so many parts of the country at the price of brown sugar.

The women of Seattle have decided that the line should be drawn against Asiatic immigration, provided they are allowed to keep their Japanese cooks. In the presence of the kitchen problem an international issue fades into insignificance.

Charles E. Littlefield, the member of the House from the Second Maine District, who was opposed at the last election by all the power of organized labor for his outspoken opposition to labor legislation, has resigned his seat to take up the practice of law at New York. He says that duty to his family demands that he quit politics. A report was sent out from Washington to the effect that Littlefield had left the House in order to engage in an aggressive fight on organized labor as attorney for the Citizens' Industrial Association, but this was denied both by the head of the association and by Littlefield himself.

At a railway banquet in Chicago the counsel for one of the big roads urged the formation of a new party, to be devoted entirely to the defense of railway interests. He says it ought to be easy to organize the 1,500,000 railway employees into a party which would oppose such harmful legislation against the roads as has been enacted in many states in the past two years. "Only one man," he says, "can stop the anti-railroad legislation which prevails, and he is the voter. We should organize railway men into a compact political party, and I believe a competent leader will arise if we sound this call now." This sort of folly would be mischievous if it were to be heeded by any considerable number of persons. But it will receive very little attention.

Not long since, Magistrate Whitman, of New York City, in addressing the New York lawyers' club, was moved to make a most scathing arraignment of the liquor traffic. He said: "Personally, if I had the power, I would close every saloon in the United States, and I am not a crank or fanatic on the liquor question. I drink myself, whenever I care to, and probably shall continue to do so. I am willing that every other man shall have the same rights that I have. But when you sit on the bench that I sit on and see seventy per cent of the cases which come before you, and see the misery, distress and crime, all due to liquor selling—I say, any man with red blood in his veins is likely to feel that the world would be infinitely better off if the liquor saloons could be crushed out, cost what it may. I believe it is the most abominable, the most outrageous and most inhuman influence in New York City today."

Soon after the adjournment of the conference of labor leaders at Washington last week, and the presentation of their "bill of grievances" to Congress, President Gompers of the Federation of

Labor issued an "Address to Workers" throughout the country, urging them to hold mass meetings in every town and city on the evening of the third Sunday or Monday in April, the 19th or 20th, in which to "voice fully and unmistakably labor's protest against the Supreme Court decision, which strips labor of the rights and liberties which we had supposed were guaranteed by the constitution." At these meetings it is planned that resolutions be passed demanding legislation by Congress covering the bill of grievances, including an amendment to the Sherman law exempting labor unions and all associations with out capital stock and not run for profit from the provisions of that law against trusts or combinations in restraint of trade. Finally the address calls upon the workers to "defeat our enemies" at the polls.

Notice to Dairymen.

The Holstein Cattle Association of Tillamook County is arranging with some of the best known breeders of the East for a large consignment of young pure bred Holstein Cattle, the greatest milk and butter producers of the world. Quit raising scrubs. Head your herd with an animal of this excellent breed. For particulars apply to CHAS. KUNZE, President, A. BENSCHKEIT, Secretary

Notice to Timber Cruisers.

Notice is hereby given that the County Court of Tillamook County Oregon, will receive sealed bids for the cruising of all the timber lands in Tillamook County. The county will not pay for the cruising of any lands on which there is less than 100,000 feet of timber or ten thousand feet of piling on each subdivision, forty acres. The cruiser, however, will be required to go over and examine all timber lands in the county, even though there may be less timber than the amount above stated for each forty acre tract. Two separate bids are to be submitted, one for single running and one for double running. The court will require the one to whom the contract is awarded to file with the court a satisfactory bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his contract. All bidders are required at the time of filing the bid, to deposit with the court a certified check in the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars as a guarantee of good faith. The contractors to be required to have the work all completed and the reports of the cruise filed on or before September 1st, 1908. All bids must be filed with the County Clerk on or before 2 o'clock p.m. April 15th, 1908. The Court reserves the right to refuse any and all bids. By order of County Court, G. B. LAMB, County Clerk.

The Independent Church.

TO THE EDITOR TILLAMOOK HEADLIGHT. The purpose of the Independent Church is to encourage the American idea of the liberty and exercise of conscience. What the Church teaches, or what the Bible teaches, is left to others to determine. The light of conscience originated with the theory that God is a Spirit, and that mankind is susceptible to the guiding influence of the Spirit. What Moses and Christ taught was applicable to men who had no sense of a conscience. Every man who subscribes to the light of conscience is above the dictation of Christ or Moses and their followers. The blind need a guide, yet I would consider it a great burden to spend my life leading the blind. They must be led. Others seem to aspire the task. We have been taught that the Jew was blind to the light of Christ. Now is it not just as possible for the believer in Christ to be blind to the inspiration of the Spirit? Circumcision or baptism do not signify "born of the Spirit." If men act from a sense of conscience, what will become of the preacher? Let me ask, what became of the Jewish Rabbi? Every believer in Christ ceased to support him. He had nothing to do but to look for another job. As the money plays out the preachers grow scarce. We do not wish to discourage those who feel it their duty to support the preacher, but to exercise the impulse of conscience, and there will be no need of a preacher. The liberty of conscience came in contrast to an established religion where men were compelled to appear religious. If religious bodies were more strict there would be a greater incentive to enjoy the liberty of conscience. We are taught what God did with the children of Israel, and what Christ did when he was on earth, but we hear nothing of what God does in Spirit. Stamp out the conscience and you defeat the Spirit. J. C. GOVE.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the County Court of Tillamook County will receive bids for the board and care of George Meyers, a county charge. All bids must be filed with the County Clerk on or before 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesday, the 6th day of May, 1908. G. B. LAMB, County Clerk.

A Twenty Year Sentence.

"I have just completed a twenty year health sentence, imposed by Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which cured me of bleeding piles twenty years ago," writes O. S. Woodraver, of LeRayville, N. Y. Bucklen's Arnica Salve heals the worst sores, boils, burns, wounds and cuts in the shortest time, 25c. at Chas. I. Clough's drug store.

THE ARTICHOKE CLASS.

Where Clara Barton Spelled on Her First Day in School.

On the morning of her first day to "regular school" Clara Barton was taken on the strong shoulders of her eldest brother, Stephen, a mile through the deep drifts to the schoolhouse. It was the winter term, and the pupils, as was usual at that time, included not only the large boys and girls, but in reality the young men and young women of the neighborhood. Little Clara, then about five, was the baby of the school.

She confesses in her book, "The Story of My Childhood," that she recalls no introduction to the teacher, but was set down among the many pupils in the by no means spacious room, with her spelling book and the traditional slate, from which no one could separate her.

"I was seated on one of the low benches and sat very still," Miss Barton remembers. "At length the majestic schoolmaster seated himself and, taking a primer, called the class of little ones to him.

"He pointed the letters to each. I named them all and was asked to spell some little words, 'dog,' 'cat,' etc., whereupon I hesitatingly informed him that 'I did not spell there.' "Where do you spell?" he asked. "I spell in 'artichoke,'" that being the leading word in the three syllable column in my speller."

The schoolmaster good naturedly conformed to the little girl's suggestion, and she was put into the "artichoke" class to bear her part for the winter and read and "spell for the head."

OFFICE DROWSINESS.

It May Be the Beginning of Serious Mental Trouble.

"Some men are quite martyrs to office drowsiness," said a physician to a patient who was complaining of that feeling. "Any monotonous sound near them, the hum of traffic outside or even the scratching of a clerk's pen is sufficient to induce a feeling of sleepiness which it is almost impossible to resist. The worst of it is that this symptom seldom is regarded as anything serious, though I have known it to be the beginning of critical mental trouble. Far more often, however, it is merely the effect of constitutional eccentricity, though in either case a few simple remedies might be tried with advantage.

"For example, I always advise the old indigestion cure—a glass of hot water—when the feeling comes on. To keep the eyes tightly closed for two or three minutes and then bathe them in very warm water often gives relief at once. And another good idea is to lower the head for a few seconds to a level with the knees. Above all, one should never give in to the feeling of drowsiness by taking a short nap in the hope of waking up brighter after it. At the same time the condition of the office might be looked to. The slightest defect in ventilation will often cause one man to be affected by office drowsiness even if other persons in the same room feel nothing of it whatever."—New York Press.

The Dignified Course.

An attorney examiner once had a candidate before him who apparently was unable to answer the simplest question. At last the examiner lost his temper and, with sarcastic emphasis, quite lost on the youth before him, said: "Suppose, sir, that you were a captain in command of a company of infantry; that in your rear was an impassable abyss; that on either side of you towered perpendicular rocks of untraversable height; that before you stood the enemy, a hundred men to each one of yours. What, sir, would you do in this emergency?" "Sir," said the aspirant to military honors, "I should resign."—Pearson's Weekly.

Similar Result.

There are certain delicate shades of expression of which a Frenchman is, as a rule, past master. One member of that fluent nation, stranded in New York, was setting forth his troubles to a lawyer. "I understand from what you say that you are convinced your friend Lecomte has stolen your purse," said the lawyer. "No, no, monsieur! Not so fast!" cried his client. "I only say that if Lecomte had not assisted me to hunt for it I should have found it again."

The Reform He Advocated.

The editor of a British weekly journal, wishing to know what reforms well known men desired to see effected during the year, once applied to Sir W. S. Gilbert, among others. The author of "The Mikado" answered: "Dear Sir—A reform which I am particularly anxious to see carried into effect is that editors would cease to trouble busy people for gratuitous contributions."

Sure to Be Converted.

When the south sea islander said to the missionary, "I will call and dine upon you tomorrow," the missionary realized that he was bound to be converted.—Brooklyn Eagle.

The Fun of It.

"Dear, I only play poker for fun." "But you bet, don't you?" "Well, there wouldn't be any fun without a little betting."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Didn't Like His Head.

Manager—My stock in trade is brains. Principal Girl—You've got a funny looking sample case.—London Pick-Me-Up.

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NOTICE TO THE PEOPLE OF TILLAMOOK CITY AND COUNTY.

THE RED FRONT SHOE STORE. WILL SELL ALL STOCK ON HAND AT COST. Strictly for Cash Until Further Notice.



So as to make room for a large stock for Spring and Summer Shoes that will shortly arrive from Chicago. Come and get Bargains out of the largest and best selected stock of Shoes in the City. P. F. BROWNE, Agent.

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CARL HABERLACH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Deutscher Advokat. Office across the street and north of the Post Office.

T. H. GOYNE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office: Opposite Court House. TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

A. W. SEVERANCE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

R. T. BOALS, M.D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. TILLAMOOK. Office: Olson Building. Residence: One block South of Catholic Church.

DR. I. M. SMITH, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office over J. A. Todd & Co. Tillamook, Ore.

W. C. HAWK, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. BAY CITY, OREGON.

THOMAS W. ROSS, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office: Opposite Post Office. Residence: Allen House, Tillamook, Ore.

F. R. BEALS, REAL ESTATE, FINANCIAL AGENT. Tillamook, Oregon.

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