

The Doctor's Imagination. "I have a good story on one of Wash- ington's best known oculists," said a prominent clubman, addressing some friends in the billiard room of the Metropolitan club. "My eyes had troubled me for some months, and finally I went to see the doctor about them. "After a thorough examination he said that the muscles were badly strained, and then he gave me a prescription for drops to be used in my eyes three times a day. When I left he gave me an appointment for that day week, as he said he could not examine my eyes for glasses until they were in their normal condition. "Well, I mislaid that blessed prescription, and as I was particularly busy that week I had no time to get another copy. So in some trepidation I kept my second appointment. "As the doctor examined my eyes I hesitated a moment about telling him I had not used the drops, when he took the words out of my mouth and the breath out of my body by remarking with pleased emphasis: "Your eyes are very much improved. That medicine which I gave you is certainly wonderful. It always has such prompt and satisfactory results. "It was all I could do to keep silent," concluded the speaker, laughing. "But I wasn't quite sure how he would take the joke. You see, he may not have a sense of humor."—Washington Star.

Comets in Olden Days. People nowadays do not regard the comet as one of those signs that fore- run the death or fall of kings, but the superstition was still current in the time of Queen Elizabeth, though, to the amazement of her courtiers, the queen calmly scorned it. It was also thought that if the sovereign would refrain from looking at the malignant celestial passerby no harm would come to her. On one occasion Elizabeth's attendants about and curtained her win- dows, but her majesty, as might have been expected, with "a courage un- swearable to the greatness of her es- tate," caused them to be opened, cry- ing as she looked up: "Jacta est alea— the die is cast!" Then, like King Knut on the meadow, she read her people a homily, asserting that her "steadfast hope and confidence were too firmly planted in the providence of God to be blasted or affrighted with those beams which either had no ground in nature whereupon to rise or at least no war- rant in Scripture to portend the mis- hap of princes."

Queen Elizabeth as an Ale Drinker. There is an amusing letter written by the Earl of Leicester to Lord Burgh as to the lack of sufficiently strong ale for the queen at Hatfield. "There is not one drop of good drink in her here. We were fain to send London and Kentworth and divers other places where ale was. Her own was so strong as there was no able to drink it." Ale and bread to the chief items of the royal diet. The quantity of ale con- sumed by ladies at breakfast in those days was considerable, for in the reign of Henry VIII the maids of honor were allowed for breakfast "one chet fe, one manchet, two gallons of ale and a pitcher of wine." A Lady Lucy ate a mighty tonk of the national brew. Her breakfast was a chine of beef, a loaf and a gallon of ale, and her pillow meal a posset porridge, generous with mutton, a loaf and a gallon of ale.—Westminster Gazette.

His Class. The head of a large mercantile house received not long ago a letter from a millionaire banker in the west asking that the latter's son be placed in some business house where he could learn things from the bottom up." The writer explained that his offspring was "no good at home."

Dear Sir—Your hopeful has arrived. I have given him employment in my establish- ment for a week with others of his class. One of these young men has just bought a \$200 yacht, and another comes to the city in a \$3,000 motor car. No doubt your son will find his surroundings congenial.

—Harper's Weekly.

A Bad Cast. Mr. Land—Why do you treat me so coldly? Why didn't you answer the note I wrote you last Thursday? Miss Brubaker—Sir, I don't wish to have anything more to say to you. You began your note by saying you "thought you would drop me a line." I want you to understand that I'm not a fish.

An Illustration. Little Harry—Pa, what's a foregone conclusion? Pa—Anything that's sure to follow something else. To give you an illustration, if I were to lock the drawer of my desk it wouldn't be twenty minutes before your mother would break it open for the purpose of finding out what I was trying to con- ceal.—Cleveland Leader.

Forgetful. "I suppose," said the beautiful girl, "that you often burn the midnight oil?" "No," replied the poet. "I hang my hat on the doorknob, so the landlady can't look through the keyhole and catch me burning the gas."—Judge.

Inquisitive. "Send my boy to a boarding school?" "What for?" "He asks such questions. He wanted to know last night if a shoe- maker could breathe his last."

There is nothing so true that the error of error have not warped it.—Puck.

A Wasted Present. "What in the world shall I send Aunt Betsy, John?" demanded the mas- terful lady of the mild little man. "A workbasket or a book?" he sug- gested. "Don't be a fool, John! You're no taste. I'll send her one of those fancy boxes of soap."

And she lifted to her nose a box containing six round tablets of per- fumed soap. "Yes," she continued, "this is the very thing!" "But, my dear, really"—he protest- ed. "You be quiet, John! Now, wrap this up, miss!"

Two days later a packet arrived from Aunt Betsy, and in haste they opened it to see how she had taken their thoughtful present. Under the wrap- ping was the affectionate message: "Niece—Herewith I return the box of shaving soap you sent me. I am too old to appreciate the joke of be- ing regarded as a bearded lady. Your aunt, Betsy."

Then, but only for a moment, the mild little man smiled.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Dreadful Assault. Justice Ball, an Irish judge, was noted for his amusing manifestations of ignorance, but whether they were real or pretended has never been clearly established. He tried a case in which a man was indicted for robbery at the house of a poor widow. The first witness was the young daughter of the widow, who identified the pris- oner as the man who had entered the house and smashed her mother's chest. "Do you say that the prisoner at the bar broke your mother's chest?" said the judge in astonishment. "He did, my lord," answered the girl. "He jumped on it till he smashed it entirely."

The judge turned to the crown counsel and said: "How is this? Why is not the prisoner indicted for murder? If he smashed this poor woman's chest in the way the witness has described, he must surely have killed her."

"But, my lord," said the counsel, "it was a wooden chest."—Cornhill Maga- zine.

The Buds. Old Dr. Ryland, clergyman and edu- cator, was greatly beloved in the south, and his visits were always en- joyed by his former pupils and par- ishioners. In his later years it was his custom to offer prayer whenever he made a ministerial call. On one occasion he called at a house where three of his former pupils were stay- ing. These ladies were all past the thirtieth year mark, but in the eyes of the old gentleman they were still girls, which explains the petition he offered:

"Lord, bless these dear girls, just budding into sweet womanhood." This was too much for one of the number, who, taking advantage of the doctor's deafness, added this clause sotto voce: "Alas, Lord, budded, bloom- ed, faded and still unpicked!"

Got His Discount. "The other day I was in a village general store," said a drummer, "en- deavoring to make a sale of jewelry when a farmer entered. "Give me," said the farmer, 'a half pound of tobacco, three bars of soap, five yards of blue baby ribbon and a pair of good suspenders.' "The articles were brought forth, in- spected, approved and wrapped up. They came to 95 cents. "Yes," said the farmer, '95's right. But there's the discount. You advertise a 5 per cent discount, don't you? "We do, sir," said the clerk, 'but only on purchases of \$1 or over.' "On the counter lay a basket of pocket combs marked at 5 cents apiece. "Well, I'll just take one of these," said the farmer. 'That'll make us square.'"

A Stingy King. In the beginning of the eighteenth century the now so powerful German empire was nothing more than the little kingdom of Prussia, having just dropped its title of duchy of Branden- burg. The country was very poor and the military discipline very harsh. Frederick William I. was hard, cross and stingy and did not even know what it was to make a present. His reputation was so widely spread that it became a byword to say that a man had worked for the king of Prussia when he had done an unprofitable task.

Excusable. "I suppose," remarked the coy wid- ow, "that you are not an advocate of early marriage?" "Oh, yes, I am," replied the scanty haired bachelor. "Then," continued the c. w., "why is it you are still a bachelor?" "That's quite another matter," an- swered the bachelor. "The only mar- riages I believe in are early ones, be- cause there is some excuse for youth- ful follies."—Chicago News.

Couldn't Fool Her. Mrs. Murray Keith, a venerable Scotch lady, from whom Sir Walter Scott derived many of the traditions and anecdotes wrought in his novels, taxed him one day with the author- ship, which he stoutly denied. "What!" exclaimed the old lady. "D'ye think I dinna ken my ain groats among other folks' kail?"

Explained. Little Willie—Say, pa, what is the difference between "well" and "good"? Pa—I have noticed, my son, that about the only time when you are good is when you are not well.—Denver Post.

The Reason. The reason d'etre of the family who can't live on \$10,000 a year is usually some other family who won't.—Puck.

Economical. "I believe I have found the prize woman economist," said an east side baker the other day. "She has just moved into my neighborhood, and I understand the family is by no means poor. The wife came into my place Monday and bought a dozen small cakes. I supposed they were for tea that evening. Imagine my astonish- ment when she came back Friday evening carrying a small paper sack, from the depths of which she carefully drew forth three of the identical cakes I had sold her four days before. Nod- ding her head toward them, as she set them down on the counter before me, she said sweetly: 'Won't you please exchange these for some fresh ones?' at the same time indicating a batch that I had brought from the oven not half an hour before."

"Well, what did you do?" asked the baker's sympathetic friend. "Do?" I gave her three of the fresh ones. I think I must have been mes- merized. Next thing I know she will be bringing back the bread crusts to have new loaves put inside them."—Columbus Dispatch.

Odd Baby Customs. Among the Parsees when a child is born a priest takes the place of the medicine man, carefully noting down all details of birth and "calculating its nativity" to a nicety. Having graciously consulted the parents, he announces the child's name. Baptism by water and by fire follows, the infant being first dipped in a tub and afterward taken to church to be held over a flame.

In Persia the baby is laid on the floor while five names on five different slips of paper are either tucked under the edge of the carpet or hidden in the Koran. The first chapter of this holy book is then read and a slip drawn at random. The chosen name is confided to the baby's ear, but lest he should forget his wee memory is tagged by fastening the paper to his clothing.—Los Angeles Times.

Origin of His Name. In correcting the exercises of her class a teacher recently observed a new name inscribed on one of the pa- pers—Tom Brown. She looked round the class, but could see no new boy. Not a little puzzled, she requested Tom Brown to stand. Up jumped Tommy Smith, and the teacher got more puzzled still. "Your name's Smith," she said, "not Brown."

Tommy looked not a little abashed and shifted uneasily from one foot to the other. "Please, ma'am," he said, "it's ow- ing to family trouble. I didn't do it, please, ma'am."

"But," she said sternly, "I repeat, your name is Smith."

"Please, ma'am," said the boy, "it's changed now. Ma's married the lodger."—London Mail.

Things He Saw. A gentleman in a Liverpool restau- rant the other day thought he would have a joke with the waiter and asked him if he had ever seen a sausage roll. "Yes," replied the waiter. "I have not only seen a sausage roll, but I have seen a biscuit box, a table spoon, a bicycle pump, a penny stamp, a chimney sweep, a chain link, a nose gay, a camera slide, a garden fence, a sword fish, a spoke shave, a wall flow- er."

But when he got to "a fire escape" the gentleman thought it was time he escaped too. As he was going the waiter went on with "a tap turn, a cake walk, a moun- tain climb, a sky lark, a honey comb."

But by this time the customer was hurrying down the street in a dazed condition.—Liverpool Mercury.

They Tax All Signs. Every sign in Rio Janeiro is taxed. A cafe having a special "sorzete" or ice, to serve makes a placard and hangs it to a doorknob or to one of the palm trees in tubs which commonly decorate such establishments. The notice thus posted must have a revenue stamp attached. Permanent signs are taxed on a permanent basis, tempo- rary signs on a stamped basis. A sign "House For Rent" bears a revenue stamp. Under such circumstances the tax on signboards or billboards is the expected thing, but naturally there is much less general use of such forms of advertising.

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HEADQUARTERS FOR DAIRYMEN'S SUPPLIES AND STEEL STOVES & RANGES. We carry a Large Stock of Hardware, Tinware, Glass and China, Oils, Paint, Varnish, Doors, Window Sashes, Fine Line of Choice GROCERIES. Agents for the Great Western Saw. ALEX McNAIR CO. The Most Reliable Merchants in Tillamook County.

Notice of Sale. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.—That the undersigned will on Friday, February 7th, 1908, at the farm of the under- signed, situate in Sections 17, 18, 19 and 20, Township 3 North, Range 10 West, W.M., in Tillamook County, Oregon, and formerly owned by P. C. Warren, at one o'clock p.m., sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all or a portion of the following property, to-wit:

13 head of cattle, consisting of 1 cow, upward of 8 years old; one cow 5 or 6 year old, one coming three-year old and ten steers of various colors and ages, the same being all of the cattle of every description owned by P. C. Warren, of Warrenton, Oregon, and now upon the premises mentioned.

This sale will be made under the provisions of Sections 5674 and 5675 Bel- lenger & Cotton's Annotated Codes and Statutes of the State of Oregon, for the purpose of enforcing a lien held by the undersigned against and upon said prop- erty for the pasturing thereof, amount- ing on October 1st, 1906, to \$85.00, together with the cost of keeping said property since that date to date of sale, and cost of the sale of same, and so much of said property will be sold as will be necessary to discharge all of said amounts.

Dated this 16th day of January, 1908. W. S. CONE, S. G. REED.

A Most Valuable Agent. The glycerine employed in Dr. Pierce's medicines greatly enhances the medicinal properties which it extracts from native medicinal roots and holds in solution much better than alcohol would. It also possesses medicinal properties of its own, being a valuable demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic and antiferment. It adds greatly to the efficacy of the Black Cherry- blood, Golden Seal, root, Stone root and Queen's root, contained in "Golden Medical Discovery" in soothing chronic, or lingering coughs, bronchial, throat and lung affections, for all of which these agents are recommended by stand- ard medical authorities.

In all cases where there is a wasting away of flesh, loss of appetite, with weak stomach, as in the early stages of con- sumption, there can be no doubt that glycerine is as a valuable nutritive and aids the Golden Seal, root, Stone root, Queen's root and Black Cherry bark in promoting digestion and building up the flesh and strength, controlling the cough and bringing about a healthy condition of the whole system. Of course, it must not be expected to work miracles. It will not cure consumption except in its earlier stages. It will cure every severe, obstinate, chronic cough, bronchitis, and all other troubles, and chronic sore throat with hoarseness. In acute coughs it is not so effective. It is in the lingering hang-over coughs, or those of long standing, even when accompanied by bleeding from lungs, that it has performed its most marvelous cures.

Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Gen- eral Med. College, Chicago, says of glycerine: "In dyspepsia it serves an excellent purpose. Holding a fixed quantity of the peroxide of hydrogen in solution, it is one of the best manufactured products of the present time in its action upon encrusted, disordered stom- achs, especially if there is ulceration or cat- arthral gastritis (catarrhal inflammation of stomach), it is a most efficient preparation. Glycerine will relieve many cases of dyspepsia (heartburn) and excessive gastric (stomach) acidity."

"Golden Medical Discovery" enriches and purifies the blood, cures blotches, pimples, eruptions, scurfy swellings and old sores, or ulcers.

Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., for free booklet telling all about the native medicinal roots composing this wonderful medicine. There is no alcohol in it.

EVERYTHING FOR PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS. We specialize on prescription compounding and therefore carry a stock which represents everything that physicians hereabout are likely to prescribe. All new worthy pharmaceuticals are here as soon as out and our line of prescription drugs is complete at all times. Only goods of highest purity and quality are ever used.

Physicians who are ac- quainted with our stock and methods invariably feel sure of best results from the medi- cines they have prescribed when they see our label on the bottle. Expert services day or night. Prices as low as anywhere. May we fill your prescriptions? CHAS. I. CLOUGH, Reliable Druggist, Tillamook, Ore.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Portland, Ore., November 15th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

HUGO KLEIN, Of Nehalem, county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 761, for the purchase of the N 1/2 Sec. No. 11, in township No. 3 north, Range No. 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the United States Land Office, at Portland, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 28th day of January, 1908. He names as witnesses:

J. R. Hicks, of Nehalem, Oregon; Oscar Bergman, of Nehalem, Oregon; Lura Alley, of Nehalem, Oregon; August Davidson, of Nehalem, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 28th day of March, 1908.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

Notice of Appointment of Execu- tors. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.—That Thomas Roberts, Annie Roberts and Blaine Hays have been appointed executors of the estate of ELLA R. HAYS, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present them, with the proper vouchers, within six months from the date of this notice, to the above named executors, at the office of Carl Haberlach, Attorney-at-Law, at his office, Tillamook City, Oregon. Dated this 8th day of January, 1908.

THOMAS ROBERTS, ANNIE ROBERTS AND BLAINE HAYS, Executors of the estate of ELLA R. HAYS, deceased.

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If you want either a Vibrating Shuttle, Rotary Shuttle or a Single Thread (Chain Stitch) Sewing Machine write to THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY Orange, Mass.

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PRICE 50c a Bottle, Trial Bottle Free.

CHAS. I. CLOUGH, Reliable Druggist, Tillamook, Ore.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Ore., October 31st, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

HUGO KLEIN, Of Nehalem, county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 761, for the purchase of the N 1/2 Sec. No. 11, in township No. 3 north, Range No. 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the United States Land Office, at Portland, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 28th day of January, 1908. He names as witnesses:

William Langworthy, of Portland, Oregon; William Schum, of St. Johns, Oregon; Edward F. Brown, of Portland, Oregon; Herman Spring, of Portland, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 28th day of January, 1908.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Ore., November 15th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

WILLIAM H. EFFENBERGER, Of Nehalem, county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 762, for the purchase of the W 1/2 Sec. No. 11, in township No. 3 north, Range No. 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the United States Land Office, at Portland, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 29th day of January, 1908. He names as witnesses:

Hugo Klein, of Nehalem, Tillamook County, Oregon; J. R. Hicks, of Nehalem, Tillamook County, Oregon; Oscar Bergman, of Nehalem, Tillamook County, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of January, 1908.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Ore., November 15th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

COLLEEN V. PRESTON, Of Nehalem, county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 764, for the purchase of the S 1/2 Sec. No. 11, in township No. 3 north, Range No. 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the United States Land Office, at Portland, Oregon, on Friday, the 7th day of February, 1908. He names as witnesses:

Peter J. Sharp, of Tillamook, Oregon; Oscar Bergman, of Nehalem, Oregon; Henry Fohl, of Nehalem, Oregon; John Hicks, of Nehalem, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of February, 1908.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Ore., December 24th, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

WILLIAM LANGWORTHY, Of Jewell, county of Clatsop, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 765, for the purchase of the Southwest quarter, Section No. 25, in Township No. 4 North, Range No. 9 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver, at Portland, Oregon, on Tues- day, the 17th day of March, 1908. He names as witnesses: William Langworthy of Portland, Oregon; William Schum, of St. Johns, Oregon; Edward F. Brown, of Portland, Oregon; Herman Spring, of Portland, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 17th day of March, 1908.