

Editorial Snap Shots.

Those who have made new year resolutions should stick to them.

It cost the taxpayers of this county between \$1,200 and \$1,300 to prosecute Hembree for murder, and Governor Chamberlain turned him loose after one year in the penitentiary.

There appears to be bright prospects of work on the railroad starting again as soon as the weather will permit. It is to be hoped that some of the reports are true which are being circulated.

We hope the Dairy & Commercial Association will not think that we handed it a lemon this week. That is not our intention. We are in the newspaper business and give it simply as news so as to let people know where they are at.

It is no great surprise to be informed that Ladd & Tilton's bank helped to gobble up the funds of the defunct Title Guarantee and Trust Company. That is what was expected. Eut, oh my! That is a big barrel W. M. Ladd is over, with the Oregonian laying bare the facts day after day.

The new city dads will meet for the first time on Monday, and if they look after the city's welfare as well as the retiring officials they will be doing well, and we do think that ex-Mayor Botts and the ex councilmen are deserving of the thanks of the citizens for looking after the city's affairs.

There is another la grippe epidemic going over the country, again making its appearance in Oregon. It plays havoc with all classes, especially boozers and persons with low vitality. We feel sorry for the boozers, for they will find it difficult to dodge this new lid that is coming down on them. With Sunday closing of saloons and the anti-saloon sentiment spreading all over the country, and now la grippe threatening the boozers and the soaks, they must think that conditions are getting tropical for them.

The Oregonian is taking up the question of homicides in Oregon, which appear to be on the increase, and alarmingly so. Well, what's the use, anyway to bother arresting the murderers, putting the taxpayers to a lot of expense in trying the cases, when juries acquit murderers on the plea of insanity and the governor turns them loose if they happen to get into the penitentiary? That is the rotten system that is in vogue, and how long the people will stand it we do not know. Probably not before other citizens have been shot down or murdered in cold blood and the murderers are acquitted or paroled.

One of the objects of the "special interests" in this city is to make the county "wet," notwithstanding the fact that a large majority of the people who come to Tillamook City to trade prefer a "dry" to a "wet" town. Business men know this, for the vote at the two anti saloon elections show plainly the sentiment of the people in this respect. It is, then, to the interest of every business man to see to it that if their customers prefer "dry" towns to do their trading, that ought to be good reason why they should look after the business interests of the city. It is just as well for us to speak out and let the people of Tillamook know the facts. Here it is in a nutshell: The parties who ran disreputable saloons and gambling joints in this city want to get back into the business. It is not necessary for us to mention the methods whereby citizens were systematically robbed, for so many were "touched." The fight is now on and it will be up to the business men and voters of this county to decide in June whether they are going to allow the law-breakers and convicted gamblers to run saloons again in Tillamook county.

The saloon people are endeavoring to make people believe that the local option law is to prohibit people from drinking. It is nothing of the kind. It simply leaves it to the people whether they do or do not want saloons in the precinct, county or state in which they live. That is the gist of the local option law. Then they say that liquor is being shipped in. In answer to that, the newspapers nor anyone else have no right to butt in, for that is the private business of citizens. If the liquor was shipped in to be sold, that is a different thing. Local option amounts to this: Are you in favor or opposed to saloons in the precinct, county or state? The saloons have had a long trial, and the verdict of the people is that they have sold doctored whiskey, ran gambling joints, houses of prostitution, ruined young men and women, brought poverty to thousands of happy homes, are responsible for the large number of murders, robberies and other crimes which are on the increase, and alarmingly so, and which have become a source of great expense to the taxpayers. So in dealing with the local option question, these are facts which the saloon advocates cannot deny and refute. The people of Tillamook county were amongst the first in Oregon to shut out the saloons, because they saw for themselves that they were a curse to the county and the people. It was not because the citizens are prohibitionists that they voted for local option, but because they want to get rid of the places where crime, wretchedness, filthy language, poverty and lawlessness originate.

Commissioners' Court.

The Board of County Commissioners, composed of County Judge H. F. Goodspeed and Commissioners Geo. W. Bodyfelt and H. V. Alley, met this (Thursday) morning.

The first business taken up was the bills which were allowed for the November term, and warrants were ordered to pay them. These bills were published in the Headlight a few weeks since.

Register Printing Co.	8.25
Roger Mahoney, wood	25.00
King & Smith, brush	.70
Pacific State Tel. & Tele. Co.	8.10
McNair & Co., merchandise	8.59
G. B. Lamb, salary	133.33
K. Mills, salary	50.00
W. D. Bodyfelt, salary	39.00
G. B. Lamb, stationery and book	10.00
Glass & Prudhomme, merchandise	72.00
C. A. Johnson, salary	50.00
W. W. Wiley, salary and express	5.00
A. W. Severance, stamps	5.00
H. Crenshaw, salary	133.33
J. C. Holden, salary	50.00
Tillamook Lumbering Co	29.29
Herald printing	22.50
Capitol City Nursery, trees for Court House	13.00
Tillamook City Water Works	24.00
William Eason, 75 cords of wood	300.00
Tillamook City Water Works	21.00
H. A. Mills, work on road	41.00
W. R. Robedee, merchandise	4.90
Chas. Hart, work on road	3.50
Cloverdale Mercantile Co., merchandise	20.25
(Claim of A. K. Case for \$50.07 was allowed in the amount of \$44.67.	
Frank Worthington, gravel	12.50
B. Batzner, blacksmith work	7.40
Krebs Bros., lumber	114.48
G. B. Lamb, salary	133.33
A. M. Hare, salary	190.00
C. I. Clough, merchandise	147.15
Mason Bros., merchandise	2.50
W. D. Bodyfelt, salary	39.00
K. Mills, salary	50.00
C. A. Johnson, salary	50.00
A. M. Hare, salary	100.00
Frank Trout, refunded	3.99
H. Crenshaw, salary	133.33
J. C. Holden, salary	50.00
Pacific Tele. & Teleg. Co.	4.50
J. J. Rupp, wood	104.00
Glass & Prudhomme, merchandise	70.53
Mrs. J. M. Bodie, county poor	40.00
W. R. Robedee, merchandise	2.00
Fred Zaddach, supervisor	35.00
Jones & Kundson, merchandise	7.50
C. Randall, supervisor	69.68
W. W. Wiley, salary and express charges	85.43
G. C. Vaughn, supervisor	37.81
H. F. Goodspeed, salary	100.00
Carl Patzlar, merchandise	19.55
John Hickey, supervisor	57.93
Expenses Juvenile Court, Davis Case	20.00
T. E. Morris, team	25.75
Expenses Juvenile Court, Davis Case	166.47

COSTS BILL, STATE VS. U. S. BRYANT.	
A. T. White, justice	2.90
J. C. Bewley, constable	7.10
COSTS BILL, STATE VS. H. HANSWORTH.	
A. T. White, justice	1.70
J. C. Bewley, constable	1.80
A. T. White, justice fees in five State cases	9.75
A. T. White, justice fees in three State cases	5.85
COST BILL, STATE VS. JAMES WILSON.	
A. T. White, justice	11.15
J. C. Bewley, constable	11.50
W. A. King, juror	1.20
F. J. Bibby, juror	1.80
J. R. Eldridge, juror	1.20
E. W. Stanley, juror	1.40
S. McCargar, juror	1.20
Henry Lowry, juror	1.40
C. McMillan, witness	4.10
M. Peterson	1.70
Sam Tomlinson	1.90
W. O. Chase	1.70

WORK IN R. D. NO. 2.	
W. S. Hare	41.50
Malphus Johnson	25.00
Warren Hoakins	37.85
Earl Paul	15.00
Joe Price	5.00
Harry Crane	2.00
Hiram Perry	1.35
Ben Johnson	4.00
John Johnson	4.00
Clarence Tilden	11.00
John Hickey, team	21.25
WORK ON BIG KESTUCCA TOLL ROAD.	
I. C. Mills with team	18.50
A. A. Lane	3.75
A. S. Lane with team	5.00
WORK IN R. D. NO. 1.	
Emil Larsen and team	20.00
S. W. Linkhart	5.00
Fred Kabba and team	7.50
Fred Zaddach's team	10.00
Fred Kabba, sr.	2.25
Chas. Eason and team	38.50
L. Ludtke	18.50
N. P. Alley and powder	11.00
F. Kleinham	5.00
Hugo Klein	27.75
Wm. Derby	2.50
Edward Larsen	5.00
Wm. Knight	5.00
Bob Radecker	10.00
Fred Lang and team	17.50
Geo Knight and team	11.50
Wm. Armstrong and team	17.00
Wm. Tubbersing	6.75
Wm. Schollmeyer	11.50
Das Hickey	2.50
Paul Vedder	6.87
Frank Steinbauer	4.50
R. A. Crawford	2.50
F. M. Wakeley	7.50

Work in R. D. No. 6	
A. Arstell, team	4.00
Chas Ray	8.00
Chas Murphy	9.25
C. D. Ward	4.25
A. T. Blackburn	2.50
WORK IN R. D. NO. 3.	
Nick Nelson	21.50
Arthur Hays	17.00
E. Ginger	17.00
H. Olds	8.50
Jeff Harris	4.00
Guy Bunn	.50
Robert Nelson and team	12.00
Ed Hannekrat and team	6.00
B. Neilson	6.00
G. A. Beals and team	14.00
J. J. Rupp and team	4.00
James Hunt and team	4.00
Albert Olds	4.00
Luke Woolfe	2.00
H. Leach	15.75
John Erickson	12.00
Edwin Boquest	11.50
Frank Tone and team	17.50
O. Gulstrom	6.00
C. A. Svenson	14.25
J. W. McKinley	1.00
Ed Jacoby	1.00
A. E. Nichols and team	12.50
W. B. Elliott and team	3.50
Frank Wheeler	3.50
Dolph Tinnerstet	10.00
Jack Williams	1.00
M. C. Trowbridge	8.00

BANK HOLIDAY JURY EXPENSE.	
Arthur Hunt	3.40
E. K. Scovell	9.00
Harry Sweeney	9.00
Jacob Pesterfield	3.80
Lloyd C. Smith	5.60
Andrew Anderson	3.40
James Thompson	9.00
Frank Berns	3.40
Frank Worthington	8.00
G. B. Wallace	5.80
M. B. Petseys	4.40
Dee Tomlinson	3.40
W. N. Reddaway	9.00
O. P. Mattoon	7.20
Jos. Durrer	3.40
Frank Tone	3.40
W. J. Plank	2.40
C. C. Jensen	7.20
Tracy R. Elliott	3.80
Peter Nelson	4.40
Casper Schlappi, jr.	4.40
M. C. Kellow	8.20
Smith Elliott	4.90
Total	\$135.60

GARIBALDI.

Miss Elise Hoffstatter opened her school Monday after a week's vacation. Mrs. Frank Hobson arrived home Monday morning from Portland, where she has been in one of the leading hospitals for about two weeks. We are all glad to see Mrs. Hobson back again. She was accompanied by Mr. Hobson. Charlie Johnson is home this week. Dona and Charlie McMillan were guests at the Bay City Christmas tree, Christmas night and report a lovely time.

Grandma Peterson met with a severe accident last week, by running a decayed silver under her thumb nail. Ray Hultz, fish inspector at the cannery left on the Elmore Monday. V. A. Schlappi is still suffering with his sprained wrist. Several visitors called at the Life Saving Station Sunday.

Fred Young made a flying trip to Hobsonville Monday. Mr. McMillan has been suffering with lumb back the last week. The tug Vosburg towed two schooners out to sea Monday morning. The Elmore also crossed out over the bar bright and early.

The Gerald C. is loading salmon at the dock. Christie and August Shearers and Mr. Evans were guests from here at the Nehalem dance Tuesday night. Lots of ducks on the bay. Mr. John Pogue has been under the weather the past week. New year urged in quietly down at this end of the bay.

COFFEE

Good coffee is partly in buying and partly in making; like everything else.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best. We pay him

The Pure Food Law. Secretary Wilson says, "One of the objects of the law is to inform the consumer of the presence of certain harmful drugs in medicines." The law requires that the amount of chloroform, opium, morphine, and other habit forming drugs be stated on the label of each bottle. The manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy have always claimed that their remedy did not contain any of these drugs, and the truth of this claim is now fully proven, as no mention of them is made on the label. This remedy is not only one of the safest, but one of the best in use for coughs and colds. Its value has been proven beyond question during the many years it has been in general use. For sale by all Druggists.

Croup and Whooping Cough. The mothers of young children have no need to fear these diseases if they keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at hand. Mr. M. Davenport, of Paula Valley, Ind. Ser. writes: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for several years and have found it especially effective for croup and whooping cough." For sale by all Druggists.

Interesting Items.

The figures given in the public documents confirm the idea that, whatever may be the matter with currency supply, this is a time of great and general industrial prosperity.

In addition to his other troubles Secretary Cortelyou has been called into court. Some of the panic sufferers are complaining because they failed to get their quota of Panama bonds.

The voters who have come of age since 1900 have witnessed an era of prosperity and been a part of it. Mr. Bryan's idea that this class will turn his old minority into a majority is a strange delusion.

A question exists in the Illinois Legislature as to whether a majority vote passed the primary bill. There can be no doubt that the people of the state want a sensible primary law by much more than a two-thirds majority.

The emigrants returning from this country will remark when they get a home job that the pay for a day's work looks like thirty cents. Most of them will come back. A taste for Uncle Sam's wages is apt to be permanent.

A City of Mexico paper says of American political contests that "There is always a mysterious, unknown factor in presidential elections." In fifty years the Democrats have succeeded in electing one man, and consider the mysterious factor rather one sided.

The Duma has voted that the Czar shall no longer be officially known as the "autocrat" of all the Russians. Eliminating the word is a necessity if constitutional methods are to get a start. Probably the czar will see the logic of the situation and consent to the change.

One faction of the Democratic party wants a Southern candidate for president, another prefers a Western man and others are for an Eastern, Northern or Middle man. Looking the whole field over it is apparent that Col. Bryan is the only candidate who fulfills all of these requirements.

Boston's municipal debt is \$111,000,000. It has more than doubled in 12 years, piling up four times as fast as the wealth and seven and a half times as fast as the population. The city holds an election this month and people outside are not expecting it to decide to have more of the same kind.

An astronomer who observed the so-called canals of Mars during the summer says the flow of water, as far as it can be measured, takes place twice a year, first from one pole and then from the other, advancing with a regular speed of fifty-two miles a day. No particulars are given as to the movement of the canals along the top-path.

The venerable Austrian emperor who was supposed to be desperately sick two months ago has just delivered a speech from the throne in a firm voice, and showing no traces of illness in his face. Franz Josef seems to have understood his own case when he told his doctors that he considered work his best tonic.

With the shrill shrieks of the hundreds of whistles of industrial Birmingham, Ala., announcing the advent of the New Year, every saloon in the city closed its doors sine die. This was the time set for prohibition to go into effect in those counties of Alabama in which local option elections have been held during the year. There were exactly 50 counties of the state that closed the doors of the saloons permanently. This leaves 17 counties in the state in which liquor can be sold for another year. One year the entire state becomes prohibition by statutory act.

Lame Shoulder Cured. Lame shoulder is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles and quickly yields to a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Mrs. F. H. McElwee, of Boistown, New Brunswick, writes: "Having been troubled for some time with a pain in my left shoulder, I decided to give Chamberlain's Pain Balm a trial, with the result that I got prompt relief." For sale by all Druggists.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

CURES

Coughs, Colds, CROUP, Whooping Cough

This remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. It contains no opium or other harmful drug and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. Price 25 cents, large size 50 cents.

A LEGEND OF WORMS.

Prophecy of the Jewish Sage and Its Strange Fulfillment.

Raahil lived during the time of the first crusade, and one of the legends of Worms connects him with this event. He was one day seated with his pupils, when a knight, full panoplied, made his way into the school-house and with threatening mien thus addressed him: "Rabbi, thy name for wisdom has reached me and fain would I learn my fate from thee. I have assembled a host wherewith I purpose to drive the infidel Turk from the Holy City, but before I set out I demand to know whether my undertaking will succeed. Answer me at once. I have no time for delay."

The rabbi replied: "Thou wouldst learn the future from me? Alas, I am unable to foretell it. God alone can say what the future will bring forth. I have no powers of divination, and my faith forbids the assumption of them. Pray, therefore, forgive me if I am unable to accede to thy request."

"Rabbi," exclaimed the knight in tones of passion, "I will listen to no refusal. Well I know that thou canst foretell the future if thou wilt. As truly as I am Godfrey of Bouillon, so truly do I promise to protect thee and thy community from all harm, even if thou shouldst foretell disaster to me. But if it is a successful issue that thou hast in store for me I will right royally reward thee in addition on my return. What? Art thou silent? Speak or by heaven my sword shall open thy mouth wide enough."

"My liege lord," answered the Jewish sage, "there is only one above who can penetrate the future. Unless I would deceive thee, which I dare not do, at most I can but venture an opinion of what will happen to thee. Thy undertaking will only succeed in part. Of thy immense host but three men and one horse's head will return in safety." With blanched countenance Godfrey of Bouillon turned to depart, exclaiming as he went, "Take care, Jew, if I return to find thou hast deceived me!" Godfrey of Bouillon went up to Jerusalem, captured it and became its first king.

But his success was short lived, and the tide of war turned against him. Defeat and disease decimated his vast host until there remained but four riders of them all who made their way to Worms. "The Jew has not spoken the truth," he remarked as the gates of the city came in sight. "He said we should return with only three riders and a horse's head. He has lost his reward." They rode up to the gates and demanded admission. The massive door behind was raised, and they passed through. But as the fourth rider was about to follow it fell down again with a heavy thud, decapitating the horse and leaving its trunk and burden outside the city. "Conduct me to the rabbi," said Godfrey of Bouillon. "I must see him at once." But the rabbi had long since left Germany.

Knew His Habits. The following anecdote is given by an Indian officer as illustrative of the manners and customs of the wily Pathan: A certain general and his staff, while wending their way through one of the narrowest valleys of Tirah, were annoyed by the attentions of a solitary marksman, who from time to time sent a bullet unpleasantly close. At last the general turned to his orderly—a Pathan sower—and told him to dismount, take his carbine and try and stalk the mountaineer. The sower started off, and presently there was a crack and a gray bearded old Afridi tumbled headlong down the mountain side. The sower rejoined and fell into his place.

"Well done!" said the general. "But how on earth did you manage it so easily?" "Oh," replied the sower, "I knew his habits. He was my father."—London Truth.

Where Fat is Beauty. In Tunis when a man wants to take another wife he picks out a girl and then carries to her father a pair of bracelets and a pair of anklets from one of the other ladies of his household. The bracelets and anklets are slipped on the young woman, and several months are allowed for her fattening. She must fatten until she completely fills the four ornaments or otherwise the man has a right to refuse her, for in Tunis fat is beauty, and a permanently slender girl has no chance of marriage.

Lacking in Humor. Little Robble was entertaining Mr. Geezeley while Miss Tripperson was upstairs adjusting her back hair and giving her face a few final dabs with the powder puff. "My sister says you ain't got no idea of humor," said Robble. "Indeed!" Mr. Geezeley returned. "When did she say that?" "Just after you was here the last time. She said she seen you lookin' at yourself in the mirror several times, and you never laughed wunst."—Cleveland Leader.

Very Steady. Relative—Well, I sincerely hope you will be happy with him, Mandy. Is he a steady young man? Miss Mandy—Steady! My goodness, Aunt Judy, he's been coming to see me for more than eleven years.—London Punch.

Regal Magnificence. "The Muckrods have a new flat, I believe." "Yes, and it is something magnificent too. The bathroom is so spacious that it is possible to have two Turkish towels in it at once."—Judge.

A noble heart, like the sun, showeth its greatest countenance in its lowest estate.—Sidney.

THE PREY OF A GRIZZLY.

By a Little Oversight Bruin Was Robbed of a Good Meal.

In the early settlement of California grizzly bears were numerous and troublesome, but few men ever had a more singular experience with a grizzly than Paul Sweet, who kept a tannery near Santa Cruz. The story is told by Mrs. Dull in "My First Holiday."

Mr. Sweet was one day walking alone in the woods when he came suddenly upon a grizzly bear and he and two cubs. He was quite unarmed, and before he had time to consider any plan of action the bear was upon him. She struck him down, but he kept his presence of mind and lay perfectly quiet.

The grizzly stood over him for a minute or more, then seized him by the waistband and began dragging him along. He did not resist, and she dragged him for a dozen rods to a little sandy hollow, where she dropped him and began digging a hole in the sand. Into this hole she rooted the man, and then nosed and pawed the sand over him until he was buried from sight. The prudent animal, not being hungry at the moment, was making a cache of her prey.

Mr. Sweet's heart lightened as he realized the brute's intentions, and he began to hope that he might escape. He waited a few minutes after the bear had covered him in, and then, thinking that she had retired from the scene, he began to work himself free very cautiously. The grizzly was on the watch, however, and at the first movement of her prey rushed to the spot and with two or three strokes of her paw snugly tucked him in again.

Mr. Sweet instantly became motionless again and allowed himself to be reburied in the sand. Luckily his hat had slipped over his face, so that the sand did not fill his nose and eyes, and by raising his head a little he was able to throw off the sand sufficiently to breathe.

He was more wary next time and lay still for an hour or two until he felt pretty sure that the grizzly had retired from the spot. Very cautiously then he worked himself free from the sand and crept away.

LAPSE OF REASONING.

Instances by Two of the World's Greatest Benefactors.

To illustrate the kind of lapse of reasoning power from which great inventors are known to suffer, like that under influence of which Sir Isaac Newton cut one hole in a wall to let a cat pass through and then a small hole for the kitten, an old story in the life of Morse will answer well. Long before he invented the telegraph Morse was known to the officers of the patent office as a persistent applicant for patents. When his great invention of "distance writing" was about completed he wanted the Baltimore and Ohio Railway company to try it.

To get rid of him the president of the road turned him over to a subordinate. This official was struck with the beauty of the invention and became so interested in it that he sat up half the night discussing it with the inventor. At length Morse confessed there was only one thing which baffled him. "As long as the railroad runs," he said, "where poles may be erected it will be easy sailing, but when we come to the big bridges what is to be done then? We can't erect poles across the stream, and without them the wire would sag and perhaps break from its own weight. I confess I don't know what to do. Can't you suggest a way out of the difficulty?"

"Why don't you fasten the wires to the bridge?" asked his companion without a moment's hesitation. For a moment Morse gazed at him, with open mouth, and then exclaimed: "Why not, indeed? Why, I never thought of that. It's the very way!"

The layman's tip put the finishing touch to the work of the great inventor, and thus wires came to be strung on bridges when crossing large streams.

Bismarck's Retort.

One evening when the German troops were before Paris Duke Ernst of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha being grumbling in Bismarck's presence because the iron cross of the first class, given for bravery in the field of battle, had been distributed too indiscriminately. Bismarck replied that the distribution of such decorations was always a delicate and difficult task, "for," said he, "conspicuous merit has to be rewarded, but in some cases conspicuous position, with or without merit, cannot be overlooked. See now," he said, "Moltke has it, Roon has it, Blumenthal has it. Excellent! But," he added, "your highness and I have it, too, and surely it is not for us to grumble!"

An Odd Legacy.

Thomas Jefferson, the founder of the Jefferson family of actors, was remembered curiously in the will of Weston, who was himself an esteemed member of Garrick's company. Weston's will contained this item: "I have played under the management of Mr. Jefferson at Richmond and received from him every politeness. I therefore leave him all my stock of prudence, it being the only good quality I think he stands in need of."

A Heated Discussion.

"What's the matter with the fire eater? Been swallowing too many flames?" "Nope. He's been drinking too much brewwater."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

If you cannot obtain what you want the