

THE HOLSTEIN-JERSEY TEAT PULLERS.

The Controversy as to the Merits and Demerits of the Two Breeds.

TO THE EDITOR TILLAMOOK HEADLIGHT. Sir,—In your valuable paper of March 22nd you give considerable space to an attack on the Holstein-Friesian breed of cattle by Mr. J. F. Martin, of Tillamook. Assuming that you believe in the American principles of "fair play" and "square deal," I ask your permission to answer some of Mr. Martin's assertions.

1.—He asserts that the Holstein-Friesian breed has been fixed into "a subordinate position." When? Where? How? By whom? The Holstein-Friesian cows, by all the authentic, scientific, undisputed records, made by men having no interest in the breed, hold the first position as milk yielders, as butterfat producers, as butter makers and as cheese makers, not only in Holland, where these famous cows originated, but in all parts of the world into which they have been introduced. Besides the quantity in which these cows lead, the quality of their milk is rated the highest by all European and other scientists, hygienists and physicians. The Holstein-Friesian milk has no equal as a food for humans. Its fine solids and butterfat are so proportioned as to be an ideal human food. As producers of the greatest quantity of milk of the finest food quality the Holstein-Friesian cows hold the lead in the milk procession. To assert that they are in a "subordinate position" is to display either dense ignorance or mean malice. As producers of fine beef, also, they lead. A fine Holstein-Friesian carcass of 1,200 to 1,400 pounds will sell for more money as beef, than two carcasses of Jersey cows weighing 750 to 800 pounds each. In this respect they lead all other breeds.

2.—The Holstein-Friesian breeders do not "impose upon the credulity of farmers by boastful claims that are little short of false," as Mr. Martin claims. If he were called into court on a libel charge, he would find it very difficult to substantiate that insulting and malicious charge. The Holstein-Friesian breeders merely publish the results of tests of their cows made, not by themselves, not even by men favorable to the breed, but by agricultural station experts, who take charge of the cows, feed them, milk them, subject them to the scientific test, record the results and publish the records. No other cows are thus tested by disinterested parties. No other records are so plain, so reliable and so indisputable as are the Holstein-Friesian records. Mr. Martin should contrast these records with the "private" and "churn" records of the Jersey cows, and from the comparison draw a conclusion concerning records "a little short of false."

3.—Mr. Martin asserts that the Holstein-Friesian breed was "proven inferior to others as dairy animals at St. Louis." Again I question his assertion and motive. The best Jersey cows that could be secured were at St. Louis. The only Holstein-Friesian cows there were sent by farmers, and not by the association of the breed. The cow that gave the most milk, the most butterfat and the most butter in the 120 days of the contest was Shadybrook Gerben, a Holstein-Friesian cow. If the cow that came out ahead was "proven inferior," then Mr. Martin's queer assertion stands. The 15 Holstein-Friesian cows gave 96,169.9 pounds of milk, or 6,411.3 pounds per cow. The 25 Jerseys gave 124,524.2 pounds, or 4,980.9 pounds per cow. Yet the cows that led in yield were "proven inferior!" The Jersey men claim that their cows make butter more cheaply than do the Holstein-Friesian cows. Doubtless the Holstein-Friesian cows do cost \$3 to \$5 per head, per year more for feed than do the Jerseys, but they more than offset the extra feed by extra milk, by extra butter, by extra skin-milk to feed back or convert into casine, and by extra manure. To put \$5 more a year into a cow that will yield \$30 more in milk is good business.

4.—St. Louis was a show test, and the Holstein-Friesians beat the Jerseys there. Farm tests repeat the Holstein-Friesian victories. In the year ended August 1st, 1904, Mr. Robert McKeand, of Tackerville, Pa., published in "Hoard's Dairyman" the record of his two herds of cows, one Jersey, one Holstein-Friesian. The Jersey numbered 159 head and produced in the year 225,000 pounds of milk, or about 4,625 pounds per cow. The Holstein-Friesian herd numbered 33 cows and produced 308,233 pounds, or 9,280 pounds per cow. Would a practical farmer consider Mr. McKeand's Holstein-Friesians "proven inferior" to his Jerseys? The two herds were cared for and fed under similar conditions on his farm, and his 33 Holstein-Friesians gave 81,233 pounds more of milk than did his 51 Jerseys. Suppose the Jersey cost, say, \$50 a head to keep, or \$1,500 for the year, and that the Holstein-Friesians cost \$55 a head, or \$1,650, would not the former be better off in making 306,233 pounds of milk for \$1,815 with 33 Holstein-Friesian cows, in making 225,000 pounds for \$2,500 with 50 Jersey cows? Perhaps Mr. Martin can figure out that it would pay a man to put in \$685 more and take out 81,233 pounds less of milk. The 33 McKeand Holstein-Friesians would probably average close to 1,200

pounds in weight, or 39,600 pounds, and 50 Jerseys would average 800 pounds, or 40,000 pounds, and if at the end of the year the two herds had been beefed, the 33 Holstein-Friesians would have sold as beef for more than the 50 Jerseys. Because of the superior vigor of the Holstein-Friesian cows, the 33 would have raised at least 30 calves, while the 50 Jerseys, at the usual rate of loss of that puny breed, might have raised 20 calves.

5.—Had the Jerseys in this case averaged 4.5 per cent fat in their milk, their butterfat product would have been 10,125 pounds. Had the Holstein-Friesians averaged 3.5 per cent fat, their butter fat product would have been 10,779 lb. That is, 33 Holstein-Friesians would have produced 654 pounds more of butterfat than 50 Jerseys. Which breed was "proven inferior" in this case?

6.—Mr. McKeand's record shows that one Holstein-Friesian cow is equal to about two Jersey cows in yield. His 83 cows could be reduced to about 66 cows by putting on all Holstein-Friesians. That would mean 17 stalls less, with less labor, less feed and less care to produce the same total of milk. Wherever farmers try breeds alongside of each other, as in this case, there is no doubt that the comparison will prove the Holstein-Friesians the greatest earners, and therefore the most profitable cows to put on for the production of milk.

7.—Mr. Martin's talk about the "Holstein folks" in their "dilemma" is simply nonsense. The sale of the Holstein-Friesians are increasing yearly. The most prosperous dairy farms in the world are those that have Holstein-Friesian cows. This is true of Holland, of California, of New York, of New Jersey, of Pennsylvania and of other states. In the eastern states the most willing over profitless milk production is heard in the regions where the producers of milk have tied themselves down to the little, wretched, shriveled, feeble Jerseys, and their hopeless grades, which are the most discouraging scrubs in the form of cows to be found on this terrestrial ball.

8.—Yes, the dairy farmers are "scurrying the country to buy Holstein cows." Within the month, in Orange county, in New York, at sales both public and private, dairy farmers have paid \$45 for nine months Holstein-Friesian calves, \$70 for 11 months ones, \$110 for 18 months ones, and \$125 for two-year-old ones, and are taking all they can induce owners to sell at those figures. Other regions east and west and central report similar good prices. In all creamery districts the owners of Holstein-Friesian cows are making the best profits, and in such counties as Delaware and Otesago and Chenango, in New York, the owners of Jerseys and Jersey grades are putting on Holstein-Friesians in considerable numbers.

9.—The Jersey cow is a toy cow. She is the pet of the millionaires, such as the Vanderbilts, the Twomblys, the Mortons, the Hoods and others to whom it makes no difference whether her milk costs five cents or ten cents a quart to produce. The great William M. Evarts once told his guests on his Vermont farm that his Jersey milk and his champagne stood him in about the same cost.

10.—Such authorities as "Hoard's Dairyman," which is opposed to the Holstein-Friesian breed, ridicule the Jersey claims and misrepresentations in connection with the St. Louis demonstration. As there was no real competitive test there, the Jersey claims are ridiculous. The Holstein-Friesian Association did not have anything to do with the show there. As it was, the private parties who put in Holstein-Friesians came out ahead. The Holstein-Friesian cow, Shadybrook Gerben, was the winner, and she was purchased by a Jersey breeder after the show.

11.—Mr. Martin's wholesale imputation of dishonesty and rascality to the Holstein-Friesian breeders is characteristic of the Jersey advocate. There are no falsifications by the Holstein-Friesian breeders. Their records of cows are above suspicion, as they are made by men outside the Holstein-Friesian circle. St. Louis record shows that the best Holstein-Friesian cow there was Shadybrook Gerben, who gave in 120 days 8,101.71 pounds of milk and 282.6 pounds of butterfat, while the best Jersey cow there, Loretta D, gave only 5,802.71 pounds of milk and 380.161 pounds of butterfat. It is true that, by reason of the grosser coarse quality of the Jersey milk, Loretta D's 380.161 pounds of fat made 339,637 pounds of butter, while, because of the finest quality of the Holstein-Friesian milk, Shadybrook Gerben's 282.6 pounds of milk made 330,361 pounds of butter. That fact is a point in favor of the Holstein-Friesian milk and butter. In that case the 330 pounds of butter contained about two pounds more of casein and other non-butter elements than did the 330 pounds of Holstein-Friesian butter. The coarse Jersey butterfat particles take up in churning more casein, whey and other things than will the finer particles of Holstein-Friesian butterfat. It is the extra non-butter stuff that gives the extra "flavor" to Jersey butter. Pure butterfat has little or no flavor. Pure butter will have only the flavor of the fat, which is faint and delicate. Pure milk, absolutely clean milk, is not "high flavored," no matter whether it be Holstein-Friesian or Jersey milk.

12.—The Jersey advocates can not get away from the facts the Holstein-Friesians are the greatest producers of the finest quality of milk, butterfat, butter and cheese on earth, that they are the longest-lived, the most prolific and the most easily kept cows on earth, that they range in yield from 7,000 pounds of milk per year upward, while the toy Jerseys range from 6,500 pounds per year downward, and that the Holstein-Friesians are the most economical makers of milk in the world to-day. F. L. HOUGHTON, Brattleboro, Vt.

THE CIRCUIT COURT. The Alderman Shortage Cases Again Continued. Circuit Court, which was in session all last week, adjourned on Saturday last until the 24th July. The cases against the bondsmen of the late Sheriff Aldermen were again continued. Below will be found the docket and what action taken in each case: C. A. Keep vs. The Oregon Pacific Navigation Co., a corporation. Action for money. Dismissed. G. A. Edmunds vs. W. J. Smith. Action for money. Default. Tillamook Lumbering Co., a corporation vs. Annie Eastman and others. Action suit. Continued. N. P. Hansen vs. Louis Pleck and others. Suit to set aside title. Continued until July. J. P. Atkin and C. A. Doly vs. The Tillamook Water Co. Foreclosure. On motion of defendant case was continued until 24th July.

Tillamook County vs. Edith M. Alderman, administratrix, J. L. Jones, J. H. Hathaway, J. W. Jennings, M. H. Larsen, P. McIntosh, G. W. Grayson, W. G. Chance, G. W. Kiger, J. S. Elliott, deceased, by C. A. Elliott, executor, F. E. Beals, H. F. Goodspeed and James Hughey. Suit for money and to restore bond. Case was submitted on brief. Defendant was given 30 days to file brief and plaintiff given 20 days thereafter to file answer in brief.

Tillamook County vs. Edith M. Alderman, Geo. Geinger, W. B. Alderman, John Paquet, J. W. Jennings, F. B. Ely, C. Desmond, W. S. Hays, J. C. Quick, J. H. Hathaway and M. F. Leach. Suit for money and to restore bond. Same as above. Tillamook County vs. Edith M. Alderman, administratrix, W. S. Hays, Peter Brant, H. F. Goodspeed, F. M. Laub and M. W. Harrison. Suit for money and to restore bond. Same as above. Tillamook County vs. Edith M. Alderman, administratrix, Peter Heisel, H. B. Brown, Henry Rogers, P. McIntosh, J. Donaldson, L. G. Freeman, Mrs. R. Hays, Frank Wheeler, Eli Goodspeed and W. G. Chance. Suit for money and to restore bond. Same as above. Thos. F. Williams vs. V. Jacob. Action for money. Plaintiff granted permission to file reply and cause continued.

Frank Kroth vs. Tillamook County and C. E. Hingworth. Writ of review. Motion to dismiss disallowed and case taken under advisement, each party to furnish briefs. Geo. W. Phelps vs. Tillamook County and Geo. N. Hoelgard. Writ of review. Argument submitted, case taken under advisement, each party to submit briefs. Ella R. Hays vs. J. W. Maxwell. Action for money. Dismissed without cost. R. Robinson vs. the R. Robinson Cheese Co. Action for money. Motion to make more certain and specific overruled. Demurrer overruled. Defendant to answer within 20 days. That part of motion to dismiss crossed bill in equity disallowed. Defendant given 25 days in which to plead and case continued until July 24th.

Helen Jackson vs. Robert Jackson. Suit for divorce. Divorce granted as prayed for in complaint. Edith M. Alderman vs. Tillamook County. Injunction. Demurrer sustained. Plaintiff gave notice of appeal to the supreme court. R. L. Wade vs. N. G. Dighton. Action for money. Default and judgment and attached property ordered sold. Maurice W. Northrup vs. Rosa P. Northrup. Suit for divorce. Default for plaintiff. Charles A. Johnson vs. Pearl E. Johnson. Suit for divorce. Continued for service. Edmond Fitzpatrick and others vs. Frank Fitzpatrick and others. Suit to quiet title. Motion to strike out portion of reply disallowed. Oregon appointed guardian Catherine Fitzpatrick. Guardian given 30 days to file answer. Plaintiff given 20 days thereafter in which to plead.

C. Desmond and J. W. Maxwell, Chas. Desmond and others. Suit to set aside title. Chas. Desmond appointed guardian for Minnie and Hattie Desmond. Guardian having filed his report, testimony was taken and decree ordered as prayed for in the complaint. Tillamook City, Ore., a municipal corporation vs. Lyle De Roy, Quick and others. Suit to quiet title. Decree on stipulation. Frank Allender vs. Joe Blaser. Action for money. Jury trial and a verdict of \$25 for plaintiff. A. Roenicke vs. Chas. Nelson and Chas. Ray. Suit for damages. Trial set for July 24th. P. McIntosh vs. Alex. McNair. Action for money. This was a jury trial and a verdict was returned in favor of defendant.

Human Blood Marks. A tale of horror was told by marks of human blood in the home of J. W. Williams, a well known merchant of Beasley, Ky. He writes: "Twenty years ago I had severe hemorrhages of the lungs, and was near death when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery. It completely cured me and I have remained well ever since. It cures Hemorrhages, Chronic Coughs, Settled Colds and Bronchitis, and is the only known cure for Weak Lungs. Every bottle guaranteed by Chas. I. Clough, Druggist, 50c, and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Agent Wanted. Wanted, a man to sell in this field exclusively for one of the largest nurseries in the west. Cash advanced weekly on orders.—Address Washington Nursery Company, Toppenish, Washington.

HEADQUARTERS FOR DAIRYMEN'S SUPPLIES AND STEEL STOVES & RANGES. We carry a Large Stock of Hardware, Tinware, Glass and China, Oils, Paint, Varnish, Doors, Window Sashes, Fine Line of Choice GROCERIES Agents for the Great Western Saw. ALEX. McNAIR CO., The Most Reliable Merchants in Tillamook County.

Bids Wanted. Notice is hereby given that the County Court of Tillamook County, will receive bids for the board and care of George Myers and Asa Woods. All bids must be sealed and filed with the county clerk, on or before 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday May 2, 1906. Dated at Tillamook, Oregon, this 16th day of April, 1906. G. B. LAMB, County Clerk.

Bids Wanted. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.—That the County Court of Tillamook County, will receive bids to lease the Big Nestucca and Little Nestucca Toll Roads. The said lease will be for a period of one year or two years, or 3 years or 4 years, or 5 years, bids separately for the above periods are wanted, the court reserving the right to accept or reject any or all bids, under the following conditions: Bids must be made for both roads. All payments must be made in cash, 1/4 of the first year lease to be paid when the bid is accepted and the bond of the bidder and contract is properly executed; 1/4 to be paid on or before September 1st, 1906, and 1/4 payable January 2nd, 1907. Thereafter each year rent must be paid as follows: 1/4 payment on or before January 2nd; 1/4 payment on or before May 1st; 1/4 payable on or before September 1st of each year. All money paid for the lease of said roads will be expended on the two Toll Roads each year under the supervision of the County Clerk. All bids must be filed with the County Clerk on or before 10 o'clock a. m., Wednesday, May 2nd, 1906. The bids will be opened at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day. Every citizen interested in this matter is invited to be present on the above date and discuss the Toll Road proposition with the court. By order of the County Court. G. B. LAMB, County Clerk.

Rheumatism Makes Life Miserable. A happy home is the most valuable possession that is within the reach of mankind, but you cannot enjoy its comforts if you are suffering from rheumatism. You throw aside business cares when you enter your homes and you can be relieved from those rheumatic pains also by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. One application will give you relief and its continued use for a short time will bring about a permanent cure. For sale by Chas. I. Clough's Drug Store.

Cows for Sale. For sale, three 2-year old heifers, coming in May, from good cows, Jersey and Durham.—Apply to Albert Mason.

Warning. I hereby give notice that no corporation, company, individual or dealer has any right to use the words "Golden Cheddar" or any cheese or box containing cheese without my permission, as I am the originator of the label, which has always been my private property and is my registered trade mark.—R. ROBINSON, Tillamook, Ore.

Notice. School District No. 9 will receive bids until May 1, 1906, for 60 cords Hemlock and Alder wood, to be delivered in basement of school house. Leave bid with ALVA FINLEY, District Clerk.

Cows for Sale. For Sale.—Three good cows, two in milk, one just fresh. One will be in the first of May, Jersey and Holstein.—Inquire of J. W. Beatty, Beaver, or phone to Coney Dye.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Oregon, March 15th, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

EDWARD T. HALTOM, Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 6281, for the purchase of the S 1/4 of Section No. 4, in Township No. 1 North, Range 10 West, and Sec. 1/4 of Section 9, in Tp. 1 North, Range 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver, at Portland, Oregon, on Friday, the 15th day of June, 1906. He names as witnesses: W. M. Harrison, of Tillamook, Ore.; Louis Kellenburg, Hobsonville, Ore.; Blake Thompson, of Hobsonville, Ore.; Walter C. Bailey, of Hobsonville, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 6th day of June, 1906. ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Oregon, Jan. 23rd, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

ZELLA HARRISON, Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 6265, for the purchase of the N 1/4 of Sec. 14, Section 5 and N 1/4 of Sec. 15, Range No. 10 West, and N 1/4 of Sec. 10, Range No. 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver, at Portland, Oregon, on Monday, the 7th day of May, 1906. She names as witnesses: Geo. H. Williams, of Bay City, Ore.; Geo. W. Kiger, of Tillamook, Ore.; Robert Watt, of Bay City, Ore.; Gust Nelson, of Bay City, Ore.; Maps, Waer C. Bailey, of Tillamook, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of May, 1906. ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Oregon, March 15th, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

F. GOODWIN, Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 6234, for the purchase of the E 1/4 of Section 8, and West 1/4 of Sec. 9, in Township No. 9, in Township No. 9, in Township No. 9, in Township No. 9, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver, at Portland, Oregon, on Friday, the 15th day of June, 1906. She names as witnesses: Wesley Rusk, of Tillamook, Ore.; William Easter, of Tillamook, Ore.; Frank East, of Tillamook, Ore.; George Benson, of Seaside, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 15th day of June, 1906. ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Oregon, April 17th, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

WILLIAM HENSON, Of Portland, county of Multnomah, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6278, for the purchase of the S 1/4 of Sec. 14, Sec. 8, and S 1/4 of Sec. 9, in Tp. 1 North, Range 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver, at Portland, Oregon, on Friday, the 15th day of June, 1906. He names as witnesses: Robert Watt, of Bay City, Ore.; Geo. Watt, of Bay City, Ore.; D. W. Knowles, Bay City, Ore.; Chas. Pike, of Bay City, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 6th day of June, 1906. ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Oregon, February 12th, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

LARS M. NYSTROM, Of Clatsop county, Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6284, for the purchase of the W 1/4 Sec. 14, S 1/4 Sec. 14, of Section No. 29, in Township No. 2 North, Range No. 9 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver, at Portland, Oregon, on Saturday, 28th day of April, 1906. He names as witnesses: George A. Robinson, of Westport, Oregon; James I. Stoddard, of Westport, Oregon; Louis Nystrom, of Westport, Oregon; William Norris, of Nehalem, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 28th day of April, 1906. ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Oregon, January 26th, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

WILLIAM L. PROVOST, Of Bay City, county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6268, for the purchase of the S 1/4 of Sec. 14, Sec. 14, and N 1/4 of Sec. 14, in Township No. 2 North, Range No. 9 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk, at Tillamook, Ore., on Monday, the 7th day of May, 1906. He names as witnesses: Geo. H. Williams, of Bay City, Ore.; Geo. W. Kiger, of Tillamook, Ore.; Robert Watt, of Bay City, Ore.; Gust Nelson, of Bay City, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of May, 1906. ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Oregon, March 9th, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

RHIMINA J. McPEE, Of Nehalem county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 6266, for the purchase of the W 1/4 of Sec. 14, and N 1/4 of Sec. 14, of section No. 32, in township No. 2 North, Range No. 9 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the County Clerk, at Tillamook City, Ore., on Wednesday, the 6th day of June, 1906. She names as witnesses: Harry T. Crane, of Hobsonville, Ore.; Malphus Johnson, of Hobsonville, Ore.; Martin H. Ripley, of Hobsonville, Ore.; William M. Norris, of Hobsonville, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 6th day of June, 1906. ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

TIMBER LAND, JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Portland, Oregon, Feb. 10th, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

ADDIE THOMPSON, Of Nehalem county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 6276, for the purchase of the S 1/4 of Sec. 14, S 1/4 of Sec. 14, and N 1/4 of Sec. 14, in township No. 3, in township No. 3, in township No. 3, in township No. 3, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the County Clerk, at Tillamook City, on Monday, the 7th day of May, 1906. She names as witnesses: William Norris, of Nehalem, Ore.; Andrew Peterson, of Garibaldi, Ore.; Frank Crane, of Hobsonville, Ore.; Harry F. Crane, of Hobsonville, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of May, 1906. ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

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