

THE RUSSIAN FLEET IS DESTROYED.

Were Panic Stricken on Sighting the Japs.

Rojstvensky Wounded and a Prisoner.

LONDON, May 30.—The London Daily Telegraph's Tokyo correspondent this morning gives details received from a correspondent in Korea of the fight between the Japanese and Russian fleets. He says that the Japanese torpedo attack Saturday night was carried out by moonlight and in smooth water. They completely encircled the Russians, the correspondent says, swarming like hornets and the attack proved successful. Sunday morning a Russian battleship and a cruiser were captured and another cruiser was sunk. Some of the Russian warships retired southward. The fighting was on a grand scale. The Borodino and Kametchka soon sank. The Russians were then thrown into disorder. The ships failed to answer the Admiral's signals and a complete lack of united effort prevailed. By 4 o'clock in the afternoon Rojstvensky was completely defeated, but pursuit continued after the fighting. The Japanese captured a battleship which was damaged severely, having been swept clean by shell fire, and eventually she sank, but all her crew were made prisoners.

Later the Admiral Nakimoff sank. LONDON, May 31.—The Daily Mail's Tokyo correspondent, cabling under date of May 30th, says: When the Kiaz Souvaroff was sunk Admiral Rojstvensky was transferred to another vessel, but was captured off Fumi today. He is said to be severely wounded in the arm. Admirals Nebogatoff and Voelkersam also are prisoners. All the ships of the Russian fleet have been either captured or sunk.

VLADIVOSTOK, May 30.—(4:30 P. M.) Two ships alone of Vice Admiral Rojstvensky's powerful flotilla, the swift cruiser Almaz and the torpedo board destroyer Grozny, lie at anchor here today in the curving harbor of Golden Horn, they having separated from the fleet in the early stage of the battle, which began in the Korean Strait Saturday, and headed, in obedience to orders, with full speed to Vladivostok.

Up to 4 o'clock this afternoon no other vessel of the Baltic fleet had yet arrived, and the signal stations at Askold and Rimsky-Korsakoff Islands reported none in sight.

LONDON, May 31.—The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Express reports that the cruiser Gromoboi, of the Vladivostok squadron, with nearly 800 men on board, issued from Vladivostok in the hope of joining the remnant of Rojstvensky's fleet, and that it struck a Japanese mine and sank with all hands. The correspondent says it is believed that Vice Admiral Skrydloff was on board the Oromoboi.

LONDON, May 30.—According to the correspondent of the Daily Mail at Seoul, Korea, early Saturday morning Vice Admiral Togo, with practically all the powerful fighting ships of the Japanese navy, was at Masanapho, Korea, when wireless signals from his scouts between Tsu and Quelpart Islands announced the approach of the Russian fleet in full force.

A few hours later the scouts reported that the Russians were not ascending the western channel, as had been anticipated, but that they were coming up the eastern channel, which caused some surprise. Admiral Togo immediately started at full speed around the north of Tsu Island and, when he doubled the island, he saw the Russians coming in two columns. He then brought a terrific fire to bear on the flank of the port column and, as the Russians fell into disorder, he forced them steadily eastward toward the Japanese coast, where they were attacked by every vessel that flew the Japanese flag.

Repeated torpedo attacks were delivered, some of them with the greatest success. The vessels which escaped, the correspondent says, will probably be able to reach Vladivostok and he adds that other operations of the utmost importance are proceeding.

TOKIO, May 30.—Official reports from Togo, who set out in pursuit of the fleeing Russians, are lacking today. It is reported that he sank several Russian ships during a running fight. At three o'clock it is reported that Rojstvensky, who fled on a torpedo destroyer, has been captured.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 30.—Captain Chagin, of the cruiser Almaz, has arrived at Vladivostok and telegraphed the emperor that he witnessed the sinking of battleship Kiaz Souvaroff and that Rojstvensky lowered on board the destroyer Boiny, which has not yet reached Vladivostok.

The case of the Kansas man who never told a lie is offset by that of several of his fellow statesmen who never told the truth.

LONDON, May 30.—The magnitude of Admiral Togo's victory is unprecedented in history. With each hour comes fresh details showing the enormous losses sustained by the Russians and it is evident that in no battle since the days of the Spanish Armada has any power suffered such a crushing and overwhelming defeat at sea as that sustained by Russia in the defeat of its Baltic squadron by the combined fleets of Japan.

From Tokio it was announced that there were 2,223 casualties on Russian ships which drifted ashore on Tsushima island and on the coast of Japan. Twelve hundred of the injured have been taken to Sasebo. The survivors say that the Russian officers died bravely, but were incapable of defending their ships or their lives.

It is evident that the attacks made by Togo threw the Russian officers into a panic and that they had no control over their crews. Orders signaled from the flagships were either ignored or badly executed. Fear seized many of the sailors and it was almost impossible to force them to do their duty. Seamen unfit for service threw themselves into the sea, maddened by the accurate fire of the Japanese gunners.

Survivors state that the aim of the Russians was very poor and that few of their shots told on the attacking forces while nearly every shell fired by the victorious Japanese left its mark upon their antagonists.

Hundreds of Russian sailors, many badly wounded, are coming ashore at Yamaguchi near the scene of battle in small boats or clinging to the wreckage. Fishermen the last few days have been busy rescuing survivors that are afloat on spars or debris from the wrecks.

Fighting still continues off Okina island, where Togo is continuing to press his advantages.

The fate of Admiral Rojstvensky is uncertain. A telegram from naval attaché at Tokio to government officials says it is reported that the Russian flagship Kiaz Souvaroff was sunk in action on Sunday, and that Vice-Admiral Rojstvensky perished.

A Paris dispatch received from Vladivostok states that four Russian warships arrived there this morning, among them the torpedo destroyer Bravi. It is reported in Vladivostok that Rojstvensky was aboard this vessel dangerously wounded, suffering from injuries received by bursting shells. He was taken to the hospital. The protected cruiser Almaz was one of the ships saved by flight.

A report from St. Petersburg states that the Russian flagship was destroyed and that Rojstvensky was badly wounded and placed on board a torpedo destroyer. The whereabouts of the destroyer is not known.

From Tokio it is reported that Admiral Rojstvensky has been captured with the torpedo boat destroyer on which he fled.

TOKIO, May 30.—It is officially announced that the four Russian war vessels captured by the Japanese were brought safely to naval ports today. The battleship Orel was brought to the port of Matsuzaki, the battleship Nicholas I. and the Admiral Apraxine and Admiral Seniavin, coast defense vessels, have been brought to Sasebo.

The report from Ksbe that a Russian cruiser has arrived off Hamada, 100 miles northeast of the scene of the battle is confirmed. She was badly crippled and a white flag was hoisted, and she had 200 Russian sailors aboard.

A steamer reports sighting the Russian cruiser Izumrud and a gunboat, probably the Kazarsky, at sea, the latter was leaking badly.

A Russian vessel, supposed to be the cruiser Smolensk has put into Shanghai. It is now possible to give a somewhat connected account of the battle. Vice-Admiral Rojstvensky's squadron entered the Straits of Korea on Saturday. It was in the afternoon that they were attacked by Togo, near Okonoshima, the southeast of Tsushima. The fighting lasted throughout the night, the attack being continued by the torpedo flotilla after sunset. Four Russian ships were sunk and others heavily damaged, while the damage to the Japanese was insignificant.

A pursuit of the northward retreating Russians was vigorously continued on Sunday and four battleships were compelled to surrender. Rear Admiral Nebogatoff and 3,000 other Russians were taken prisoners.

The cruiser Admiral Nakimoff was sunk near Tsu Island Saturday, seemingly by a mine or submarine, reports the captain who has been landed at Moji. The vessel was entering the straits with the fleet when there was a tremendous explosion and the warship speedily sank, carrying a majority of her crew to death. It is believed that many of the Russian ships were similarly destroyed, either by submarine vessels or specially paid mines.

The Japanese navy department claims that none of the Russian fleet has escaped into the ocean. The lighter ships may have got away through the Korean Straits, but their capture is expected by Admiral Togo, who will continue his pursuit of the remnant of the fleet until Thursday, when the slowest of the fugitives will be supposed to have reached Vladivostok.

The case of the Kansas man who never told a lie is offset by that of several of his fellow statesmen who never told the truth.

VICTORY BEYOND PRECEDENT.

Total Loss of Nineteen Ships by Russians, None by Japan etc.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The following official report from Tokio was received at the Japanese Legation today:

TOKIO, May 29.—Reports received from Admiral Togo at the Japanese headquarters.

First report received morning of May 27th.

Immediately on the receipt of report that the Russian squadron was in sight, our combined squadron started for attack. Weather is fine today, but with heavy seas.

Second report, received night of May 28th:

Combined squadron attacked Russian squadron near Okonoshima (southeast of Tsushima) and defeated it. At least four Russian ships were sunk and others were heavily damaged. Damage to our ships is insignificant.

Our destroyer and torpedo flotillas delivered attack after sunset.

Third report, received Monday, May 29th:

Main force of our combined fleet continued pursuit since the 27th, and attacked on the 28th, near Liancourt Rocks (northeast of Okonoshima). Squadron, consisting of Nicholas I., Orel, Seniavin, Apraxine, battleships, and Izumrud, cruiser, Izumrud fled, while remaining four vessels surrendered. No damage to our ships.

Victory of May 27th. According to statements of prisoners, vessels sunk in engagement May 27th were Borodino, battleship; Alexander III., battleship; Jemchug and three other ships.

Rear-Admiral Nebogatoff and about 2000 other Russians were taken prisoners.

The following are damages suffered by the enemy, in addition to those given above since commencement of battle, as reported by commanders not under immediate command of Togo and by observation stations:

Other Vessels Lost. Sunk—Admiral Nakimoff, Dmitri Donskoi, Svetlana, Admiral Usakoff, Kametchka, Irutshush and three destroyers.

Russian losses definitely known so far may be classified as follows:

Two battleships, one coast defense ship, five cruisers, two special ship, three destroyers were sunk.

Two battleships, two coast defense ships, one special service ship, one destroyer were captured.

It is not yet clear whether three vessels stated by prisoners to have been sunk are included or not in above list.

More Than 3000 Prisoners. There are more than 3000 prisoners, besides 2000 taken by main force of combined squadron.

The naval engagement is still in progress, so that it will take time before the final results can become known.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The official Japanese report on the latest details of the great naval battle in the Korean Straits is made in a cablegram received tonight by the Japanese legation here from the foreign office at Tokio, conveying Admiral Togo's dispatches up to this afternoon. The report says that Admiral Rojstvensky and another Admiral and staff officers were taken prisoners on the sinking of Rojstvensky's flagship Kiaz Souvaroff, Saturday night south of Ureung Island off the Korean coast. The total number of vessels lost to the Russians, according to Admiral Togo, now is 22, and he adds that, although the full particulars are not yet in, none of the Japanese ships was seriously injured and the loss to the first division of the Japanese fleet was over 400.

The report that the armored cruiser Dmitri Donskoi ran aground on Ureung Island, that the battleship Oslabi (already admitted by the Russian Admiralty) and the Navarin were sunk; that the battleship Sissoi Veliki went to the bottom Sunday morning; that the coast defense ship Admiral Oushakoff was sunk or disabled. The Japanese Admiral Misa was slightly wounded. The protected cruiser Almaz, which has already arrived at Vladivostok, is referred to in the report as "suspected to have sunk." The cablegram follows:

"Fifth report from Togo, received afternoon May 30:

"The main force of our combined fleet upon accepting surrender of that remaining Russian main force near Liancourt Rocks in the afternoon of May 28, has already reported, stopped pursuit and, while engaged in the disposition of surrendered ships, found in a southwestern direction the Admiral Oushakoff, a coast defense ship. Thereupon the Iwate and Yakumo were immediately dispatched in pursuit and invited her to surrender, but she refused and was sunk at 6 P. M. Her crew of over 300 men were rescued.

"Cruiser Dmitri Donskoi was also found in the northwestern direction at 5 P. M., and was immediately overtaken and fired on vigorously by our fourth division and second destroyer flotilla. She was attacked that night by the second destroyer flotilla, and the next morning was found aground on the southern shore of Ureung Island, off the Korean coast.

"Our destroyer Sasunami captured toward the evening of May 27 off the south of Ureung Island the Russian des-

troys Biedovy, wherein were found Admiral Rojstvensky and another Admiral, both severely wounded, together with 80 Russians, including staff officers from the flagship Kiaz Souvaroff, which was sunk at 5:29 P. M. on May 27. They were all taken prisoners.

"Our cruiser Bhitose, while cruising to the northward on the morning of May 28 found and sank another Russian destroyer.

"Our cruiser Nittaka and destroyer Murakumo attacked also at noon on May 28, a Russian destroyer, which finally went aground.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 31.—It is announced at the Admiralty that news has been received of the death of Admiral Voelkersham, heretofore reported a prisoner in the hands of the Japanese.

TOKIO, May 29.—The number of Russian vessels of all descriptions sunk and captured by Admiral Togo's feet now stands at 19. It is possible that three additional warships were sunk in the fight Saturday, and others later. The Navy Department refrains, however, from crediting reports of this nature until it is assured of their correctness.

It is believed that the Ural is the name of the captured transport, which has been omitted in the list previously cabled.

All today the captured ships with prisoners and wounded arrived at Sasebo and other Japanese seaports. The navy department has notified shipping men that the sea is free.

All Japanese reports state that the victory was accomplished without the loss or serious damage to a single battleship or cruiser. Many torpedo boats and their crews were destroyed, though none of the larger warships.

SOUTH PRAIRIE.

The gardens, fruit and potatoes show the effect of the recent visit paid us by our unwelcome caller, Jack Frost.

The meadows and grass are looking well after the recent warm rains, and the indications are good at this time for a good hay crop.

Miss Dora High gave a picnic to her pupils and the patrons of the school last Friday, after teaching a successful term of school.

A large attendance is expected at the school meeting next Wednesday to consider the advisability of uniting with the Tillamook school, and the levying of a tax for the transportation of the pupils back and forth to Tillamook.

Prof. Buel and wife and some of the scholars and patrons of the Fairview district gave an entertainment at the school house, which was appreciated by a good audience. A small admission was charged, of which part went to the Fairview organ fund and part to the South Prairie library fund.

Some portions of the Prairie is visited by caterpillars. They cover the trees, fences, ground and grass near the fruit orchards, which shows the need of the fruit trees being trimmed and sprayed at the proper time.

Miss Carrie Wells has been on the sick list with pleurisy, but is better.

Several of the neighbors are working in the logging camp of the Tillamook Logging Co., which is working on Mr. Squires' timber.

Dr. P. J. Sharp, the experienced dentist is located in Dr. Wise's dental parlors, and is prepared to do nothing but first class work and give the best of satisfaction. If your teeth need fixing call upon him.

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever, since sound waves enter the ear through the Eustachian tube, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous services.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Huge Task. It was a huge task, to undertake the cure of such a bad case of kidney disease, as that of U. F. Collier, of Cherokee, La., but Electric Bitters did it. He writes: "My kidneys were so far gone, I could not sit on a chair without a cushion; and suffered from dreadful backache, headache and depression. In Electric Bitters, however, I found a cure, and by them was restored to perfect health. I recommend this great tonic medicine to all with weak kidneys, liver or stomach. Guaranteed by Chas. I. Clough, druggist; price 50c."

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS WITH Dr. King's New Discovery FOR CONSUMPTION COUGHS and COLDS Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial. Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

Bring Your Job Printing to the Headlight Print Shop and you will Get Good Work and Save Money.

Real Estate Transfers.

Reported by H. T. Botts.

B. L. Eddy & wife to H. T. Botts, tract in block 1, Thayer's Addition to Tillamook, \$1350.

Isaac S. Ward to Charles Ray, tract in sec. 6, 5 S 10 W., and in sec. 1, 5 S 11 W. \$750.

W. S. Hare and wife to A. M. Hare and wife, Ne Se 1/4 sec. 23, 2 N 10 west. \$300.

Alfred R. C. Hansen and wife to A. M. Hare and wife, 160 acres in sec. 23, 2 N 10 west. \$1100.

U. S. Land Office to Walter P. Bottom, receipt, land in sec. 13 and 24 3 N 8 west.

Thomas W. Malaney and wife to John R. Malaney, land in sec. 19, 30 and 31, 4 S 10 west. \$500.

John Waterman to Emily McIntosh, one acre in Tillamook City \$1500.

C. L. Scherer and wife to J. F. Williams, 80 acres in sec. 16, 5 S 9 west. \$400.

Charles Hall to J. W. and J. H. Cochran 120 acres sec. 22 and 23, 3 N 6 west. \$5.

Ida E. Kellog and husband to Wright. Blodgett Co., 160 acres sec. 30 2 N 7 west. \$1000.

Elliott L. Bales to Everett R. Bales 1/2 interest in lot 16 sec. 26, 3 N 10 west. \$300.

Thos. J. Biby to John L. Childers and wife assignment of bond for deed for 170 acres, sec. 2, 2 S 9 west. \$600.

Geo. W. Lucas and wife to Chas. W. Seares 160 acres in sec. 24 and tract in sec. 15, 3 S 9 west. \$10

William Ralston et al by Sheriff to Nilus McMillan, tract near Garibaldi. \$726.43.

C. & E. Thayer to Peter Brown contract of sale for tract in sec. 25, 1 S 10 west. \$1000.

Frank Rowell and wife to Andrew H. Hess 40 acres sec. 16, 5 S 10 west. \$1200.

Tillamook County Bank to Chas. A. Johnson, quitclaim deed to lot 2, block 8, Park Addition to Tillamook. \$1.

Robert Birch to Aberdeen Manufacturing Co. 320 acres sec. 5, 6, and 7, 3 N 10 west \$2000.

U. S. A. to Robert J. Whitbeck 160 acres sec. 14, 3 N 8 west.

U. S. A. to Isaac A. Yager, lot 2 sec. 8, 2 S 9 west.

U. S. A. 160 acres to Clara A. Weiman in sec. 4 and 5, 3 N 6 west.

14 mortgages filed to secure in the aggregate \$14,235.76.

2 mortgages satisfied securing \$1300.

NETARTS.

Mrs. J. E. Tuttle and sons, Roy and Harry, were on the beach enjoying themselves for a few days.

Mr. Frank Roland, of British Columbia, was on the beach Saturday and Sunday.

H. D. Mahler, keeper of Cape Meares light station, was down to Netarts Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Pike are visiting with Mrs. Pike's father, Geo. Coffman, Mr. Pike will stay on the beach for several months.

Joseph Blazer and wife, of South Prairie, were visitors on the beach Sunday last.

Geo. Higgins, of the light-house was at Netarts Sunday.

Miss Ruth Easter is visiting on the bay for a few days.

Marvin Cone was home Saturday from the Yellow Fir mill where he has been working this summer.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Tillamook County.

Augusta Hunt, as administratrix of the estate of George Hunt, deceased, Plaintiff.

vs. Carrie A. Bai ey, W. C. Bailey and the Yellow Fir Lumber Co., a Corporation, Defendants.

By virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued out of and under the Seal of the above entitled Court in the above entitled cause to me duly directed, dated the 31st day of May, 1905, upon a judgment and decree entered in said Court on the 17th day of April, 1905, in favor of the said plaintiff, as administratrix of the estate of George Hunt, deceased, plaintiff, and in favor of the Yellow Fir Lumber Co., a corporation, defendant, and against Carrie A. Bailey and W. C. Bailey, defendants, commanding and requiring me to make sale of the following described real property, to-wit: Lots 1 and 2, in Block 1, in R. R. Hays' addition to the town of Tillamook, (now in the town of Tillamook) situated in Tillamook County, State of Oregon.

Now therefore, by virtue of said execution, judgment, order and decree, and in compliance with the command of said writ, I will on Friday, the 30th day of June, 1905, at the hour of ten o'clock a.m., at the front door of the Court house of said County, in Tillamook City, Oregon, sell to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the above named defendants or either of them had on the date of the mortgage of plaintiff herein, to-wit: On September 11th, 1901, or since had in and to the above described real property to satisfy said execution, judgment, order and decree, interest, and all accruing costs and expenses of sale.

Said property will be sold to satisfy the following sums due plaintiff, to-wit: \$290.00 with interest from date of decree at the rate of ten per cent. annum; \$50.00 as attorney's fee due plaintiff; and \$11.20 costs and disbursements with interest at six per cent. per annum from date of decree; and \$8.89 judgment recovered by plaintiff from the said defendants, costs and disbursements, all bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum from date of judgment.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1905. C. H. WOOLF, Sheriff of Tillamook County, Oregon.

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION and order of sale duly issued by the clerk of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Tillamook, dated the 25th day of May, 1905, in a certain suit in the Circuit Court of said county, wherein the said Carrie A. Bai ey, as administratrix of the estate of George Hunt, deceased, was plaintiff, and Vance Nodine, Allen & Gilbert-Kamaker Co., a corporation, and Tillamook County were defendants, in which said suit, said F. R. Beals, as plaintiff, recovered a judgment on the 15th day of November, 1904, against the above named defendants for the sum of \$621.25 with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the 29th day of November, 1903, and the further sum of \$115.00 as a reasonable attorney's fee and the costs of said suit (taxed at \$42.25), ordering, adjudging and decreeing that the real property described in plaintiff's mortgage and complaint, to-wit:

Beginning at the South West corner of the South East quarter of section eleven, in township two South of Range 10 West of Willamette Meridian, and running thence North along the West line of said South East quarter twenty rods; thence East at right angles to said West line eighty rods; thence South at right angles to said last course given twenty rods; thence West along the South line of said section eighty rods to the place of beginning, containing ten acres more or less.

Also, the East half of lot two in block four of McErmott's addition to Tillamook City, in Tillamook County, State of Oregon, be sold to satisfy said judgment, attorney's fees and all costs.

Therefore notice is hereby given that I will on Saturday, the 1st day of July, 1905, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the door of the Court House, in Tillamook City, Tillamook County, Oregon, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the real property in said order and decree and herein before described to satisfy said judgment and decree. The proceeds arising from such sale of said real property to be applied as follows: First to the costs and disbursements of this suit taxed at \$42.25 together with \$115.00 Attorney's fee and the costs, charges and expense of making such sale; second to the payment of the sum of \$621.25 with interest at eight per cent per annum from the 29th day of November, 1903, to F. R. Beals. Third, that the balance if there be any, to be paid to the clerk of said court.

C. H. WOOLF, Sheriff of Tillamook County, Oregon.

Oregonian and Headlight, \$2.25 a year.