

HEADQUARTERS FOR
DAIRYMEN'S SUPPLIES
AND
STEEL STOVES & RANGES.



We carry a Large Stock of
Hardware, Tinware, Glass
and China,
Oils, Paint, Varnish, Doors, Window
Sashes,
**Fine Line of Choice
GROCERIES**

Agents for the Great Western Saw.
McINTOSH & McNAIR CO.,
The Most Reliable Merchants in Tillamook County.

BEAVER.
Louie and Axom West are home for a short time from the logging camps near Astoria.
Miss Helen West and Miss Ida Nichols were horseback riding Sunday.
Mrs. West and Mrs. Bun, sr., visited Mr. McGinnis and family Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. Jackson are expected home from Nebraska soon.
Little Loris Hiner is on the sick list.
Dr. Mills was called to attend Mrs. Minnie Gilbert last week, who is suffering with a very severe attack of la grippe. We are glad to report she is slowly improving.
Mrs. Ginn is on the sick list.

NEHALEM.
The steamer Harrison arrived on Saturday and loaded on canned salmon, and she went out on Sunday.
Born January 7th, to the wife of W. N. Reddaway, a son.
There is a move on foot to organize a Co-operative Telephone Co. in Nehalem valley, including Foley and Miami.
We smile to hear a man roar because a school district has too much money, especially when he has three children to educate.
A letter from Don Ellis tells that Grandma Northrop died December 28th, at Grants Pass.
Miss Bertha Roe is having a week's vacation to visit her parents at Buna Vista. She was accompanied by Miss Clara Tolt, going by way of Seaside.
Hans Handy is in from California, visiting his brothers, Don and Charley.
The Gerald C. got out Sunday, having been bar bound six weeks. She will return on Tuesday on her way to Yquinn.
W. Hoskins is down from Foley, de-horning cattle for the ranchers.
The Nehalem Dairy Association elected officers Monday.

BLAINE.
Leap year past; the correspondent still single, with now no prospect of a wedded life, will try to tell what the people of Blaine are doing.
Miss Blanche Bailey returned home last week from a visit with her aunts, the Misses Coulson, of Tillamook City.
P. R. Coulson made a trip to the Hub last Saturday with a load of beef.
The pie supper at Mr. Moon's residence last Thursday evening was well attended.
Henry Smith, we are sorry to say, has left us to attend school in Salem.
Messrs. Smith, Holt and Ollie Woods spent Sunday with relatives at Spruce.
J. J. Howser is now content to be a common farmer since he failed to secure the office as Tillamook's representative at the Lewis and Clark Exposition.
J. Creevy is improving his home by putting in a new ceiling. We wonder what is the great rush so suddenly.

NETARTS.
Mrs. Hannenkrat, of Long Prairie, has been visiting with her sons, Clarence and Ralph Hannenkrat, on the Sand Spit, returning home the last of the week.
Mr. Hamilton, of this place, is pruning the Hodgdon brothers orchard at Fairview.
Ed Leach and Elmer Hoag, of Tillamook, were on the bay Friday and Saturday looking up timber lands.
Mr. and Mrs. Morris, of Cape Meares lighthouse, were at Netarts visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Phelps last Sunday.
W. E. Catterlin and family spent Sunday at the Maxwell place and taking in the beach.
Marvin Hodgdon, of Fairview, came over Thursday to look after his cattle that are running on the range here. He returned home Saturday.
Geo. Coffman went to the hub Monday, returning the same day.

For the first time since 1868, the electoral vote of Missouri was cast Monday for Republican Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates.

BOULDER CREEK.
Miss Zella Blackburn, who has been spending her two weeks' vacation at Tillamook, began a four month's term of school in this district Monday morning.
Mr. W. N. Bays and daughter Bessie, went to the city Sunday.
Master Leslie Jensen celebrated his ninth birthday Saturday, and in the evening a number of his school-mates were invited to pull taffy and enjoy themselves generally.
Mrs. Geo. W. Lucas who has been visiting relatives in the East for the past four months, is on her way home. Therefore Mr. Lucas no longer wears a doleful visage, but meets his friends with a jovial grin.
H. A. Chopard is building himself a new road so he can haul out some cedar, and later on some cascara bark.
Mr. Plank, of Tillamook, was a Boulder Creek caller last Sunday.
H. L. Jensen, R. M. Dingess and H. A. Chopard took a trip to Jotown Monday.
Mrs. Maggie Nicklaus and little sons, Tommy and Robert, came down Boulder last Wednesday, to visit friends in this neighborhood.
Mr. Walter Kinnaman came up from Beaver the first of the week.
Ralph Bunday was again calling on one of the "Boulder Bells," last Sunday evening.
We are informed there is a wedding planning, not a thousand miles from here.
C. A. Smith and mother, Mrs. R. A. Hardin, went to Beaver last Friday on business.
There are some hustlers on Boulder; they are pushing the new road right along.
Mr. Mattie Gray and family spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Chopard, last Thursday.
A fine new barn on the Hughy ranch is completed and is certainly a credit to Mr. Tompkins the builder, as well as a great improvement in the appearance of the place.
P. R. Coulson went to the metropolis Saturday and came home Monday.
Mrs. Ino. Borba was not able to return home from town when Mr. Borba came back, so she has been staying out there for the past week.
Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Kinnaman attended a dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Connie Dye of Spruce, last Sunday. The occasion being the birthday of Mr. and Mrs. C. Dye and little Roxie Woods.
Mr. Tompkins is hard at work laying the pipes which will carry water from a spring to his house, barn and milk house.
Several young people from Boulder Creek attended dance at Pearl Coulson's Tuesday night.

Lost in the Hills.
STEVENS, Wash., Jan. 9.—Harry Potts and Clarence Boyles, who came here Sunday with "Spider Johnson, all of Portland, to hunt pheasants, are lost in the timber three miles from town.
The trio stopped Sunday at the Joe Shapiro cabin, two and a half miles out, and at noon Potts and Boyles started over the hills, taking their guns. Johnson remained at the cabin. When night came the men had not returned and Johnson was alarmed. He summoned help from this city, but as yet Potts and Boyles have not been found.
Cries of wild animals were heard through the night, and while it is not thought that the men have been attacked the presence of cougar gives rise to rumors that they may be in grave danger. The general opinion, however, is that the men are lost and are walking around in a circle. They have a compass with them, it is said, but Johnson does not feel that it is worth anything.

Dr. P. J. Sharp, the experienced dentist is located in Dr. Wise's dental partr, and is prepared to do nothing but the best class work and give the best of satisfaction. If your teeth need fixing call upon him.

C. B. LEEP,
Boots and Shoes Neatly Repaired.
First Class Work Guaranteed.
Give me a trial,
Next to the Headlight Office.

LATIMER, BROS.,
BARBER AND HAIRDRESSER.
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING
SHAMPOOING, ETC
Electric Baths nicely fitted up. Good for persons suffering with rheumatism.

General News.
Japan has informed Chile that further sale of vessels to Russia will be followed by summary punitive measures.
The Chefoo correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph learns that General Nogo has begun the transport of his troops to the North, where they are to reinforce Field Marshal Oyama's army.
Francis J. Heney was appointed United States District Attorney for the District of Oregon by Judge Bellinger of the Federal Court. Mr. Heney at once took the oath of office and is now in charge of the place left vacant by the removal of John Hall.
The Times states that arrangements extending over several months to supply the Russian Baltic fleet have apparently come to an end. There is no longer a chain of storeships ahead and seemingly no arrangements have been made for the fleet's voyage.
Representative Hermann appeared on the floor of the House late Monday afternoon and went to his desk. He took no special part in the proceedings, but talked over his case with several members whom he met. Most of his time was spent in the Indian committee.

The captain of the German Steamer Progress, which vessel arrived at Chefoo after a four days' passage from Vladivostok, reports that the surrender of Port Arthur was not generally known at Vladivostok when he left there. He says that Vladivostok will prove to be a stronger fortress than Port Arthur.
Peter Grant and Nathan Solomon, of the Portland Club, have surrendered and conceded an unqualified victory, in the war to exterminate gambling in Portland. On Tuesday Grant and Solomon appeared in the State Circuit Court and pleaded guilty to all charges against them, and paid the fines imposed, amounting altogether to \$400.
Information which has reached certain reliable quarters states that the Russian Generals in Manchuria are losing confidence in General Kuropatkin, and that the Russian situation around Mukden is a serious one. It is feared that if Kuropatkin attacks the Japanese position along the Shakhie River, he will court disaster, and that his further retreat will mean the demoralization of his army.

Four Lion County cities now have development clubs, which will work for the upbuilding of the county, and will put forth special efforts during the Lewis and Clark Fair. Albany, Brownsville and Harrisburg have clubs in working order and a Board of Trade was organized at Lebanon last week, with S. M. Garland as president, G. W. Cruson as vice president and S. P. Bach as secretary.
The House committee on appropriations reported the pension appropriation bill carrying \$138,250,100. This is \$110,600 less than the current appropriation. The payment of surgeons' fees is increased \$10,000 and the amount for the payment of pensions is made \$137,000,000, instead of \$137,010,000, appropriated for the current year. The bill contains no new legislation.
Steamer Dalles City, one of the Regulator Line running between Portland and The Dalles, struck a rock on Tuesday forenoon two miles from Stevenson, and immediately began to founder. The captain turned her toward shore, and succeeded in reaching a sand bar 30 or 40 feet from land. There was a small panic on board, and the women were badly frightened, but no one was injured.

In every town and village may be had, the **Mica Axle Grease** that makes your horses glad.



Made in England and sold in the U.S.A.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
United States Land Office, Oregon City, Ore.
January 2d, 1905.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.
WILLIAM H. BANCKE, of Portland, county of Multnomah, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5542, for the purchase of the N. W. 1/4, S. W. 1/4 of section 4, in T. 2 S., R. 12 E., No. 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Monday, the 20th day of March, 1905. He names as witnesses:
C. Desmond, Samuel Daly, John Staseck, George Kaufman, of Netarts, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 20th day of March, 1905.
GEO. W. BIRRE, Receiver.
It is believed that the Russian casualties at Port Arthur will total 25,000.

establishing the rights already gained on streams in the matter of appropriations of water through the medium of the established courts. Embracing 58 sections and covering 23 typewritten pages, the law covers every use of water for purposes other than navigation.
John Parker, a young farmer, aged about 25 years, is in the Eugene hospital suffering from a serious gunshot wound. Parker, in company with a friend, was out hunting snipe Saturday afternoon. Becoming tired and footsore, they sat down on a rail fence. Suddenly the top rail broke, and Parker's gun in some manner was discharged, the load of No. 8 shot shattering his left shoulder, having entered at the armpit. Amputation of the arm at the shoulder will probably be necessary.
It is rumored that a Japanese squadron is at Diego Garcia, Chagos Islands. The Russian Admiral was informed January 2 that Japanese warships were proceeding to meet the Russian squadron, and the vigilance of the latter was redoubled. The aide-de-camp of the Russian Admiral, in an interview at Tamatave, Captain of the Island of Madagascar, was quoted as saying that the Russian squadron would require a month to cross the Indian Ocean.
By direction of the President, Secretary Hitchcock suspended Register J. T. Bridges and Receiver J. H. Booth, of the Roseburg Land office, at the telegraphic request of Mr. Heney. Heney reported that Booth and Bridges, by continuing in office, were able to "thwart the ends of justice." He said an investigation of that office showed its affairs were in bad shape, and said that further investigation should be had. The suspension of Bridges and Booth virtually closes the Roseburg Land Office, except for the filing of papers.

Five wireless telegraph stations will probably be stationed along the Washington, Oregon and Northern California coast in the near future. The Navy Department has ordered a joint report from Major William C. Langfitt, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., who has charge of all Government improvement work in Oregon, and Captain L. C. Heiler, United States Lighthouse Inspector, on the advisability of using the lighthouse stations for the wireless telegraph stations.
Dr. Edmund Klamke, of Ilwaco, Wash., ministered to wounded and suffering Russian soldiers at Niuchwang, immediately after the battle of Wanfango, while 12 Russian surgeons attached to the army were indulging in hilarious drunk. Following this battle, there were 800 wounded left in a field hospital with six Red Cross nurses and a dozen surgeons to care for them and the doctors went off to join in an orgy, leaving the unfortunate men to suffer the most intense agony and some to die as a result of neglect. Dr. Klamke and two British surgeons, who happened to be at Niuchwang, asked leave to visit the hospital and attend the needs of the wounded, but were denied permission. Later Dr. Klamke and one other doctor succeeded in entering the hospital and purely for humanity's sake did all within their power, doing much valuable service.

STATUES HAVE SMALLPOX.
Epidemic of Disease Among Bronze Figures in Athens—How They Are Affected.
A most extraordinary disease, extremely infectious and resembling smallpox among human beings, has broken out among the statues in the Egyptian room of the National museum here, says an Athens (Greece) correspondent of the New York Times. A few days ago the distinguished politician and archaeologist, Mr. Stephanos Skouloides, noticed some strange green marks on one of the bronze statues of the famous Egyptian collection presented to the museum in 1881 by Mr. Demetrios, of Alexandria. He at once communicated his discovery to the curator, who called in experts to examine the statue in question. They pronounced the marks to be due to an infectious complaint, to which bronze is liable, and which gradually spreads from the surface of the object affected to the inside, till the whole crumbles away into dust. The other bronze statues in the same room were then inspected, with the result that they were all found to be more or less tainted with the disease, while five of them had taken it in a most aggravated form. These five are the statues of Anta, the goddess of war; of Maout, wife of Jupiter Ammon; of Isis, and two statues of Osiris, one of them of the greatest value. Worse than that, the infection has spread to the Mycenaean room, which contains the results of the late Dr. Schliemann's excavations in 1876. There a dagger, which was found in the fourth and finest of the six tombs, has fallen a victim to the malady. Altogether about fifty statues are badly affected, and the loss will be enormous unless the plague can be stayed. A leading Athenian chemist pronounces the cause of the smallpox to be the presence of salt in the bronze of which the statues are made, and his remedy is to extract it by means of baths. Mr. Momphermatos, the minister under whose department the museum comes, is taking steps to save the bronzes.

OUR FLAMING PEAKS
Active Volcanoes Located in Uncle Sam's Domain.
More Numerous Than Those of Italy and Some the Largest in the World—Interesting Facts About Several.
Including islands "outside of the constitution" the United States is the world's leading volcano-owner, both in the number and the exceptional quality of its hot holdings, says the New York World.
Our flaming peaks are not historically so famed as Etna or Vesuvius, but they are many times as numerous as Italy's. Our Hawaiian Kilauea has the largest active crater known, and Mauna Loa one of the largest. From the cone base of the latter in 1852 burst a fountain of blazing lava 1,000 feet wide and from 200 to 700 feet high—the most awesome spectacle recalled by living man. In Haleakali we have the largest extinct crater.
Much of the soil of the Philippines is volcanic. Luzon, the largest island, has in the north the "smoking mountains" of Monte Agua and the Babuyones group, and in the south the three "burning mountains." Of the latter, Taal has its crater in a low cone rising from a volcanic lake as big as New York's lower bay. Albay killed 17,000 people in 1814, and Balusan in 1852 broke out in sympathy with Mauna Loa. There are three active volcanoes in Mindanao, one in Negros, and the name of Fuego ("Fire") tells its own story.
Porto Rico's only volcanic symptom is the earthquake habit. This is shared by the Danish islands, for which we are dickering. The opponents of the Nicaragua canal number 14 volcanoes near its route upon which we have an option.
Our tallest volcano, surpassing all save a few remote chimneys in South America, is St. Elias, in Alaska. Steaming away westward from his majestic summit lies a succession of high volcanoes, the last a trifling affair of 8,000 feet on the island of Unimak, well out in Behring sea.
Uncle Sam's "home farm" sustains its place among the outlying fields. The Yellowstone geysers are a semi-volcanic phenomenon seen nowhere else except in Iceland and New Zealand, northern California and a large part of the Rocky mountain states record in their physical features some of the vastest upheavals in geological history. Shasta, Hood, and numberless lesser cones are volcanic. On Mount Scott the climber can wade in recent volcanic ash, while the flat lands to the eastward are old lava beds of vast extent. Active eruption might take place at a number of points in this region. In Nebraska, whose soil is pitted with dried-up volcanic lakes, and low, extinct craters, the people of Ponca have recently been apprehensive of trouble from the smoking mountain Iona, which was in eruption in 1871.
As a rule, however, our volcanoes are fortunately so placid as to do comparatively little harm if they explode.

WILLIAM TELL UP TO DATE.
A Dime Knocked from a Man's Head by an Expert Swordsman Without Touching a Hair.
How would you like to take a chance at having a cavalryman cut a ten-cent piece off the top of your head with a sword?
Handle V. Phasey, the English bandmaster, was willing, and has a letter from a cavalryman stationed at Winnipeg, Man., to show for it, states the New York World.
Sergt. Page was admitted to be the most expert swordsman in the cavalry barracks, and had often boasted that in the "one-two" sword exercise, he could cut a coin off the top of a man's head without brushing a hair.
But until Mr. Phasey came along he had not found a man who was willing to do the "William Tell" act to help him make good his assertion.
When Mr. Phasey came to the barracks and was told of the sergeant's boast he immediately sent for the man and promised to provide the head and the coin for the experiment. The entire company gathered to see the thing done and preparations were made to take care of the bandmaster in case Page should clip off a slice of his head.
Sergt. Page bared his arm, placed Mr. Phasey in an erect position with a ten-cent piece on the very top of his head, stepped back about five feet, and began the "one-two" exercise.
"He slashed backward and forward in long sweeps with his heavy weapon," says Mr. Phasey, "each stroke coming closer, until the wind from the blade raised my hair each time. Finally he stepped a bit closer, and with a slanting downward stroke struck the coin clearly and sent it spinning across the barracks."
"The sergeant said afterward that he wouldn't repeat it for \$500. But I have a testimonial telling that I am the most foolhardy idiot that ever visited the cavalry barracks."

The Largest Sailing Vessel.
Germany has the largest sailing vessel in the world, the Preussen, of 8,000 tons, just launched at Geestemunde. She is owned by the firm that owns the former largest sailing vessel, the Potoki, of 6,000-odd tons, and will be used in the trade with the Pacific coast of America. The Preussen is 437 feet long and 53 feet wide. She draws 34 feet, and has a spread of sail of 45,000 square feet.—N. Y. Herald.