HARMONIOUS REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Nominates a Good County Ticket- Instruct Delegates for Hermann and Eddy.

One of the most harmonious republican conventions ever held in Tillamook City took place on Saturday. It was called to order by Mr. A. W. Severance, who, for the fourth consecutive time had that honor conferred upon him, and briefly review the success that had attended the republican party since he had become the chairman of the central committee. In speaking of national politics, the speaker said that whatever Theodore Roosevelt stands for the republican platform would stand for, and the platform would suit the man. The republican party stood for the isthmian canal, building a navy to protect our commerce and for a wider civilization. Speaking of county affairs, Mr. Severance called attention to the need of improvement on county roads in all parts of the county. They should not sacrifice their interest in good roads, for that was the aim of the republican party in previous years. Mr. Severance admitted that he had tried to bring the different factions in the republican party together, for his loyalty to the party had prompted him to do so, and if anyone wanted to dole out censure for trying to bring about harmony, he was willing to take the blame. He did not know who the candidates would be, and closed with the assurance that the convention would nominate honest and respectable men.

H. T. Botts was chosen temporary chairman and Homer Mason secretary.

Committee on organization and order of business was composed of A. W. Severance, H. V. Alley, C. Ray, W. R. Robedee, J. M. Morgan.

Committee on credentials was composed of T. W. Lyster, W H. Cooper, S. W. Elliott, Jacob Bloom, S. Scovell.

The temporary organization having been made permanent, the convention proceeded with the nominations, with the following results:

Congressional Delegates.

The first informal ballot taken was for a delegate to the congressional convention, which brought out the following nominees: A. W. Severance with 43 votes; H. T. Botts, 12; M. W. Harrison, 1; J. W. Maxwell, 2; B. L. Eddy, 5; W. D. Stillwell, 4; W. G. Chance, 1; H. V. Alley, 4; H. Leach, 3; C. Ray, 3. Severance having the majority of votes, was unanimously elected.

Second informal ballot gave H. Mason 3votes; W. D. Sillwell, 15; H. T. Botts 34; W. G. Chance, 4; C. Ray, 7; B. L. Eddy, 17. Botts was chosen the second delegate by unanimous consent.

On the third informal ballot B. L. Eddy received 38 votes. The second highest being W. D. Stillwell with 20 votes. Eddy was also chosen by unanimous consent.

The next informal ballot the four leading were: H. Mason, 16; W.D Stillwell, 30; T.W.West, 10; D. Robedee, 12. By unanimous consent Mason and Stillwell were chosen the delegates.

Vote for Joint Representative

The informal vote for joint representative brought out the following nominees: J. J. Houser, 27; T. W. West, 35; C. Ray, 10; E. G E. Wist, 3; H. Rogers, 4; W. G. Chance, 3.

The next vote decided who the convention wanted for joint representative, the choice falling upon T. W. West, of Beaver, although J. J. Houser, of Blaine, to the surprise of a large number of delegates, gave West a close run. The vote was: West, 45; Houser, 33; Ray, 5; Rogers, 2.

State Delegates.

The convention unanimously decided that the delegates to the congressional convention should also act as the delegation to the state convention.

Vote on County Officers.

For County Clerk, the informal ballot gave A. J. Stillwell 2 votes; J. C. Holden, 32; G. B. Lamb, 48; G. B. Alley, 3. The next ballot gave Lamb the nomination with 49 votes against 35 cast for Holden and 1 for Stillwell.

For Sheriff, E. W. Stanley received 50 votes in the informal ballot; H. Leach, 21; Redding 2; G. W. Grayson, 13. Leach moved that Stanley be elected by acclamation, but this being out of order, another vote was taken, which gave Stanley the nomination with 55 votes. Grayson obtained 17 votes and Leach 15.

For Assessor, A. M. Hare being the only aspirant, he was elected by acclamation. The convention showing more enthusiasim over his nomination than any of the others.

For County School Superintendent, W. W. Wiley received 66 vote on the informal ballot; T. B. Handley, 8; E. H. Whitney, 10. On the next vote being taken Wiley increased his majority to 70, which gave him the nomination, while the vote for Handley was 4 and Whitney, 8.

For Treasurer, W. H. Cooper was nominated by acclamation; as were also F. L. Sappington for County Surveyor; George Loerpabel for county commissioner; and C. E. Reynolds for coroner.

Justices and Constables.

1st Justice District—Justice, E. S. Svenson; constable, W. N. Reddaway.

2nd Justice District—Justice, G. B. Alley; constable, O. E. Quick.

3rd Justice District—Justice, I. Hiner; constable, E. E. Rowland.

Resolutions.

The resolutions that were unanimously adopted were:

Resolved, "That the delegates to the congressional convention be, and they are hereby instructed to use every honorable means to secure the renomination of Hon. Binger Hermann to congress."

Resolved, "That the delegates to the state convention be, and they are hereby instructed to use every honorable means to secure the nomination of Hon B. L. Eddy as a circuit judge for this judicial district."

Resolved, "That should any vacancies occur among any of the candidates named by this convention, the county central committee is hereby authorized to fill such vacancies."

List of Delegates.

Nehalem.—S. Scovell, H. B. Alley, J. Effenberger, H. Tohl, Geo. Cox, E. H. Lane (by H. Tohl proxy), Fred Zaddach, O. Bergman.

Foley.—R. D. Sales, G. Knight.

Garibaldi.—Wm. Mills, P. Svenson, (by Lee Alley proxy), N. McMillan, (by Wm. Mills proxy), Lee Alley.

Bay.—C. Patterson, A. Finlayson, Will Hare, C. A. Elliott, J. Kodad, S. W. Elliott.

Barnegat.—J. A. Biggs, Geo. Higgins.

Fairview.—Henry Leach, Morrison Mills, Frank Severance, Grant Mills, J. J. Rupp, Henry Olds, S. V Anderson, Wm. Tinnerstet, Wm. Maxwell.

Hoquarton.—C.Wallin, Homer Mason, M. W. Harrison, F. R. Beals, B. L. Eddy (by H. T. Botts proxy), C. A. Johnson, W. H. Cooper, F. M. Trout, A. T. White.

Tillamook.—R. D. Peckham, Andrew Anderson, H. T. Botts, C. E. Hadley, H. E. Weston, W. H. H. Cary, W. I. Stephens, O. W. Brush, F. D. Vincent, W. S. Hays, A. McNair, (by Homer Mason proxy), A. W. Severance.

South Prairie.—Henry Rogers, H. B. Johnson, T. W. Lyster, Dan Murphy, Guy Vaughn.

Netarts — J. M. Morgan, C. B. Wiley, C. T. Desmond

Carnahan.—Jacob Blum, A. Blum, C. H. Blake.

Sandlake.—Ed. Hays, James Atkinson, E. E. Webb, (by James Atkinson proxy).

Beaver.—Jos. Bixby, Isaac Hiner, E. K. Gilbert.

Hebo.—Chas. Ray, John Iler, Frank Worthington, C. C. Jensen.

Union.—W. D. Robedee, E P. Wells, H. A. Miles, Louis Fletcher, Frank Norburg.

Little Nestucca.—C. Christensen, A. W. Fletcher, (by C. Christensen proxy), T. H. Wilson.

Dolph —M. Peterson, — Doty.

Blaine.—E. E. Rowland, J. J. Hollett, John Creecy.

Cost of Making Creamery Butter.

An investigation by the Iowa state dairy commissioner concerning the cost of making a pound of butter revealed that the cost in whole milk creameries, including all expense except the hauling of milk, and freight to market and commission, varies, according to the reports made to his office, from 1.2 cents to 6 cents per pound. The lowest figure is given by a co-operative creamery making nearly 500,000 pounds of butter from whole exclusively; the highest figure comes from a co-operative creamery, which made a little less than 30,000 pounds of butter.

The table following will show that the average cost of making butter for the whole state in whole milk creameries approximates 2¼ cents per pound. The creameries average about 105.000 pounds of butter made, so that the expense of running the average creamery is something like $2,350 per year.

In creameries making—

Not more than 50,000 pounds	3.14c.
Between 50,000 and 100,000 lbs	2.36c.
Between 100,000 and 150,000 lbs	1.99c.
Between 150,000 and 200,000 lbs	1.78c.
Between 200,000 and 300,000 lbs	1.71c.
For the state	2.28c.

Average for first and second classes 2.22c.

The average of the first and second classes is about the average make of the creameries of the state, viz., 104,518 pounds of butter. The fact that the average cost in these average creameries is about the same as the average cost for the state tends to strengthen the idea that the above figures are correct, especially in view of the fact that more than half of the creameries in the state are included in these two classes.

The statistics from gathered-cream creameries are very low in number in regard to cost of making butter, and vary from 0.8 of a cent per pound to 1.7 cents per pound, the average being 1.15 cents. It is evident, of course, that there will be less investment in a creamery without separators and less expense to run it.—Jersey Bulletin.

Wonderful Nerve.

Is displayed by many a man enduring pains of accidental Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sore feet or stiff joints. But there's no need for it. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and cure the trouble. It's the best Salve on earth for Piles, too. 25c. Chas. I. Clough, druggist.

WANTED.

SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE in this county and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise an old established business house of solid financial standing. Salary $21 weekly, with Expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address Blew Bros. & Co., Monon Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

South America by Rail.

Among the great projects that are being considered at this time with a view to the expansion of commerce, especially between the United States and the countries south of us, none is more important than that of constructing a great railway to unite the northern and the southern continents. This is a subject which has been talked of for many years and which has the endorsement of some of the most practical and the wealthiest of our great capitalists. Men who represent millions are in an organization whose object is to promote the construction of an inter-continental railroad, connecting the northern and southern continents of this hemisphere by a band of steel that would contribute more than anything else to preserve peace between them and promote trade that would be of mutual advantage.

The idea of a panamerican railway originated years ago and repeatedly talked of since by men of the highest standing in the financial and railway world, seems to be in a fair way to become a material proposition. The special commissioner appointed by President Roosevelt to investigate conditions in the South American countries with reference to the construction of the proposed railway has made his report and its facts and recommendations are such as to justify the conclusion that the proposed enterprise cannot only be successfully carried out, but would prove profitable as an investment. That is all that American capital will need to know in order to embark in the enterprise and carry it to success.

Mr. Pepper, the commissioner sent out bo the president, furnishes some very interesting facts. He found that our sister republics to the south are very much alive to the necessity of the inter-American as well as lateral railways, if they are to take the place in the world's horizon indicated by climate, resources and productiveness. Argentine is building northward to Bolivia, says the report of Commissioner Pepper, and Mexico southward to Guatemala. Negotiations are going on for a line through Nicaragua and a similar activity is beginning to appear in Costa Rica. Chile is to tunnel the Andes, thus connecting with the Argentine rail systems. Peru is anxious to bring rails to its deposits of coal and copper and is considering ways and means for the extension of lines to trade centers. It is said that the link of greatest difficulty and uncertainty in the great railroad scheme is the long one through the isthmus and the republic of Colombia, but this is not regarded as impracticable to construct.

According to Commissioner Pepper, only 4.800 miles of railroad are lacking, all the way from Mexico to Argentine, to make the vast system complete and over this distance much of the work is going on within the different countries. The entire cost of the construction of the proposed intercontinental railroad is set down at $150,000,000 and there seems to be no doubt that the investment would be fairly profitable from the beginning. That in binding together countries of the northern and southern continents of America the proposed railroad would be of the greatest possible benefit is an indisputable proposition. The construction of a railroad uniting the northern and southern continents of this hemisphere may not be achieved in the near future, but there can be no doubt of its ultimate accomplishment.

Gleanings from the Wayside.

Stock raising, like nothing else, will keep up the fertility on the farm.

* * *

In Missouri the state sends its agricultural professors, free of expense, to each farmers' institute.

* * *

Director Gage of the Iowa experiment station, says that land in Iowa sells for more money per acre than it does in New York state.

* * *

Congressman Adams of Wisconsin is the farther of a bill to increase the $15,000 appropriation for each state experiment station to $20,000 for the coming year, and an annual increase of $2,000 for the next five years for "original research and experiments bearing directly on the agricultural industry of the United States, having due regard to the varying conditions and needs of the respective states and territories."

* * *

Exports of breadstuffs for this much of the fiscal year continue small, as compared with other years. Since July 1 there have been but $114,000,000, against $146,000,000 last year and $152,000,000 for the year before this. In the eight months, from July to February, 1899, they were $189,000,000. In February, just past, breadstuff exports were only $10,992,000, the lowest monthly figure which has been reached in many years. February of last year they were $17,000,000.

* * *

The increased exports of hogs, cattle and sheep compensate in some manner for the small figures in breadstuff exportations. In the eight months of the fiscal year ending February, 1894, exports of these provisions animals were $27,000,000, against only $17,000,000 in the corresponding months of last year and $20,000,000 in the year previous. The figures for this year are far above the average.

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Sewing Machines.

Now is the time to buy a new Sewing Machine for $22.00, with drop head and all the latest improvements at McINTOSH & McNAIR'S. It is the BONITA SEWING MACHINE, and they range in price from $22 to $35, with ball bearings. They are little beauties, perfectly made and something new on the market. These machines are a better article than the peddlars are charging $65 and $75 for.

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No shoddy goods. It will pay you to call and examine my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

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No charges for sewing rips on shoes purchased of me.

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