

A BARGAIN.

80 Acres---\$1,000.

South half South East quarter section 6, township 2 South, range 9 West, W.M., known as G. O. Brock place.

Address W. A. Brock, Pendleton, Ore.

Stray Bicycle.

A bicycle was left in G. C. Vaughn's barn at South Prairie on the night of July 23rd. Owner can recover same by describing it and paying for this notice.

Account Book Lost.

Lost, on the street in Tillamook City, an account book with McIntosh & Mc Nair and Mrs. McGee. Please leave it at this office if found.

Hogs for Sale.

For sale, 12 head of hogs, weighing 100 to 150 pounds. All in good condition and will be sold cheap. Apply to W. D. Gladwell, Beaver, Or.

Short Horn Bull for Sale.

For sale, a thorough bred short horn bull, 5 year old and fine stock.—Apply to W. D. Gladwell, Beaver.

Cattle for Sale.

12 first class Milk Cows, to be fresh in March and April;
5 Heifer Calves;
3 two year old Heifers;
2 two year old Steers;
1 very good Bull, three years old.
To be seen at my farm at Nestcott.
B. INDORE.

NETARTS.

Captain Dodge, of the schooner Gerald C, went to Tillamook Wednesday to visit with his family while his boat was being unloaded here.

Allen Page was at Netarts Sunday. Frank Trout, of Fairview, brought over a load of campers Friday.

Rev. Bowers and family, of Albany, are camping on the beach. Mr. Bowers is pastor of the Christian church at Albany.

Presiding Elder Neff (of the U.B. church) and family, Dr. Smith and wife and Miss Lottie Freeman are camping at Happy Camp.

Mr. Ben O'Hara left for Fortland Friday last to be gone a week or ten days. Robt. Eichinger, Claud Hunt and Geo. Eichinger were down from the lighthouse road Sunday.

Ed. Fitzpatrick came over from South Prairie after his family, who have been camping on the beach for several days. Dave Fitzpatrick was on the beach Sunday.

W. S. Buell and family left for their home at Sheridan after a visit of several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Wiley.

G. M. Watkins went out to Forest Grove, Saturday, with a view to trade his farm for valley property.

G. L. and W. H. Kingery left for their home at McMinnville Friday last.

H. H. Kingery and C. E. Harris left for their home Friday, at Greenville, Siskiyou Co., Cal.

Dave Jones and family, of Tillamook, were camping on the beach the first of the week.

The gasoline schooner Gerald C, came into the bay on the 19th with the light house supplies. She also brought in H. D. Mahler's household goods, furniture, etc. She sailed on the 20th for Nestucca Bay to take out a cargo of cheese.

B. H. Johnson passed through here Saturday en route for South Prairie, he having been working on the lighthouse. The lighthouse road is in fine shape.

Captured in Barber Shop.

RENO, Nev., Aug. 24.—J. W. Woods, one of the escaped convicts from Folsom on July 27, was arrested this morning by Constable Wilson and Officer Leeper, while being shaved in a barber shop.

Constable Wilson was standing on Second street this morning when he noticed a man answering the description of Woods come around the corner from Center street and enter the barber shop. Wilson started to enter the shop, but, seeing a revolver in the man's belt, decided to get help. Together with Leeper, he entered the shop and covered Woods with a revolver and handcuffed him. Woods offered no resistance. Woods was taken to jail and turned over to Sheriff Hayes.

Woods said he came to Reno from Truckee on a freight train last night. He asked Deputy Sheriff Maxwell to let Constable Murphy, captured last night, occupy the same cell with him, for, he said, "you should treat me well as long as I live. I know that hanging awaits me, and it cannot possibly do any harm to let me see Murphy."

SEE THE

Tillamook Lumber Company
FOR
SHINGLES and BOXES.
Shingles \$2.25 1000.

Big Railroad Project.

GUTHRIE, O., Aug. 24.—Plans for a gigantic railroad with a trunk line connecting Hudson Bay with British Columbia, Buenos Ayres and South America and having a network of branches, was disclosed today when articles of incorporation of the Pan-American Railroad Company, with capital stock placed at \$250,000,000, were filed here with the Secretary of the Territory.

The purpose of the corporation it is said, is to build a line of railway extending from Port Nelson, Hudson Bay, in a southerly direction, crossing the line of the Canadian Pacific near Winnipeg, Manitoba, through North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory to Galveston; from Galveston through Mexico to the boundary line of Central America, through the Isthmus of Panama, thence through the United States of Colombia to Ecuador and finally through the republic of Peru to Buenos Ayres on the Atlantic Ocean.

The plans include a branch line beginning in the republic of Peru, and extending through Chile to Valparaiso on the South Pacific Ocean.

The estimated cost of the Pan-American Railway is \$250,000,000, and the estimated length 10,000 miles.

General News.

At Berlin a clique of usurers and marriage brokers has been demanding \$50,000 from Count Franz Joseph and Maria von Lurich-Monnich, since his marriage with Miss Marie Satterlee, of Titusville, Pa., at Buffalo, N.Y., in June, 1901, which sum the Count has refused to pay. The public prosecutor has now brought proceedings against the usurers for attempted swindling.

It is reported that a man by the name of Swaidler died Saturday in the western part of Lane county, near Swiss Home, from some kind of poisoning. His wife is of the belief that he was poisoned, and states that he had been sick about ten days before he died. He was thought to be dead a week ago, but revived. A doctor was called from Eugene, but the man died before he reached the place.

The El Dorado ditch people at Malheur county are having trouble on account of water, and much dissensions is rife among holders of stock who cannot obtain sufficient water for irrigation. Saturday seven sticks of dynamite were placed under the flume for the purpose of blowing it up. Only one stick exploded, yet considerable damage was done. Had the miscreants understood how to use the deadly explosive, irreparable damage would have resulted.

On a warrant from Kentucky, Mrs. Nina Thompson was arrested at Walla Walla, Wash., on the charge of arson, alleged to have been committed in Kentucky three years ago. The grand jury returned an indictment against her, but before the warrant could be issued she had flown. The officers of the state have been on her track ever since. Robert Langford, her son, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary three months ago for grand larceny.

Harvey Jilson, a pioneer of Asotin County, Wash., aged 73 years, is believed to have fled the country to avoid prosecution for embezzling the funds of estate of J. T. Wilsey, deceased. A bench warrant for the arrest of Jilson has been issued and Deputy Sheriff Steward, who went to Asotin County to serve it, telephoned to the Sheriff's office that Jilson has sold his property and gone, no one knows where. Jilson was under \$1000 bonds to appear at the Superior Court for trial charged with L. G. B. Carter and L. Sch... of Malheur, where his bondsmen. The... and the issuance of the bench warrant on being notified that Jilson was preparing to leave the country.

Caia Robinson, a sheepherder for J. C. M. Feteridge, was arrested at Streets, Ore., while parading the enter with a cocked revolver in his hand. A few weeks ago Robinson had quarreled with his wife and threatened her with violence, and on her complaint was placed under bonds to keep the peace, and she had entered a suit for divorce, but later they had made up and were living together. The quarrel was renewed, and Mrs. Robinson came to town. Robinson followed her, and was acting in a threatening and violent manner, when one of his bondsmen complained to the Sheriff and asked that he be arrested. Robinson resisted, and for a time stood the Sheriff off, but a rifle in the hands of one of the citizens persuaded him to drop his revolver and surrender.

Dr. P. J. Sharp, the experienced dentist is located in Dr. Wise's dental parlors, and is prepared to do nothing but first class work and give the best of satisfaction. If your teeth need fixing call upon him.

Cohn & Co. are in a position to meet all competition in the price of Chittam Bark. See them before you sell.

The best cup of Coffee in town. Lunch at any time, at Vogler's bakery.

The Religion of Work.

Recently they had a convention of religion at Chicago. The eminent educators and preachers of the country—really some of the most eminent—gathered to discuss how to teach religion and good living to children. Their essays and addresses were profound, but the one man to put the most common sense into his talk was the president of Oberlin college. He said—well, we will quote the account of the Chicago Journal:

"To allow a child to grow up in idleness and selfishness in the home is a hideous crime. A return to home chores would be a distinct addition to religious education. Parents should see that children have some daily service to render in the home and thus learn unselfish duties."

Chores for the children is common sense. The devil, who we believe is a very active individual, certainly rejoices when he sees a child reared in idleness. "Satan finds some mischief still for idle hands to do." He always will.

One reason why country children live more successful lives than city children is that country children are put to work at an early age. Habits of industry are formed by the child early put to work. Habits of industry are the basis of success in life. Unfortunately, too many farmers overdo this matter and make their children work too hard and thereby deprive them of education. But more children—certainly more city children—are injured by too little work than are by too much work. Even in country towns it is to be seen that it is the boys who are raised in idleness who turn out to be hoodlums and bums.

Miles on Disarmament.

On the day of his retirement General Miles said in an interview that partial disarmament of the nations of the world is possible today, practicable and most desirable. He thought the United States should take the initiative and suggest an international congress to meet at Washington at which an agreement would be drawn up by the military leaders of the world, and duly adhered to by each government represented, providing that the strength of their respective armies should be based on population, that each nation should maintain an army with a maximum strength of one to every 1,000 of population and a minimum of one to every 2,000. He said that in this way the relative power of each can be preserved, its people relieved of an unnecessarily heavy burden of taxation, its army increased in efficiency and its government, its liberties and its institutions strengthened and made firm.

General Miles expressed the belief that this would make for the peace of the world and probably in this he was correct, though there are many who hold the view that great armies and formidable navies are conducive to the preservation. The trouble in regard to this matter is that no nation is willing to take the initiative in reducing armament. When the question was before the British House of Commons a short time ago Prime Minister Balfour said that the government was not unfavorable to disarmament, but felt that Great Britain should not take the initiative. Where the United States to do so and suggest an international congress to consider the subject and propose an agreement it is doubtful if there would be any practical result. However desirable disarmament may be, it is quite certain that none of the great powers is yet ready for it.

Dairy Pointers.

A well-to-do dairyman, who is keeping an account of the milk which each cow is giving, observed that one of his best cows had dropped off almost one-half in milk flow. Investigation convinced him that the only cause was that this cow's teats had become very sore, and that she was thus made nervous and uneasy at milking time. As soon as her teats were healed she again resumed her normal flow of milk.

Men who make a business of getting the greatest possible quantity of milk from their cows are usually the ones to have cows calve in the fall, says the Live Stock Reporter. A better price is obtained for milk in winter than in summer. The opportunity to properly feed and care for cows in a comfortable stable, away from flies and other summer annoyances, during the fresh milk flow, is important. As the milk begins to fail, the change from feed to pasture comes at the right time to do the most good.

Within recent years many changes have taken place in butter making. It was formerly supposed that most any one who was neat and tidy could make good butter. Since investigations have been pursued along scientific lines we find that it requires skilled labor, says Stockman and Farmer. The men who are pursuing dairying at our schools now are possibly 25 per cent in advance both in education and skill of the students who took dairy work seven or eight years ago. As we look the country over we find the people who have become famous in the dairy world are men of unusual intelligence, who would undoubtedly have made a success in most any other line of business.

Irrigation is the most promising and practical means of building up the great states in the West and anything that makes the West strong makes it better for Tillamook, the wettest spot on the Coast and the best spot in Oregon.

THE OLD RELIABLE



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

A Survival of the Fittest.

Senator Chauncey Depew, who is now rusticiating in London, has given out an interview for publication concerning the causes of the recent depression in American railway and industrial securities and the consequent contraction of credits in the American metropolis. Dr. Depew has diagnosed the case as a natural sequence "of the struggle between the good and the bad among our corporate investments with the survival of the fittest."

This may be a correct version, but the great medicine man of the Vanderbilt tribe appears to have no appreciation of the tremendous strain the financial fabric is undergoing in the effort to survive, nor does he venture to prescribe any remedy. An eminent writer on American finance declares that "the prevailing conditions in this country are analogous to those which led to the depression abroad and especially in Germany three or four years ago. Great industrial enterprises on a fictitious capitalization were created. Prominent banks were influenced to give these their countenance and support. When the crash came financial institutions found themselves loaded with undigested and indigestible securities. Money was not to be had—the public was not eager to buy and the hardest kind of hard times in Germany ensued."

How much money has been sunk in the recent strain for the survival of the fittest is incalculable. The shrinkage in United States Steel and kindred industrial securities foot up into an appalling aggregate, and the water wrung out of railway stocks approximates many hundreds of millions. How far the contraction in over-valued securities will ultimately effect trust companies and savings institutions which hold several billions of these depreciated stocks and bonds as collateral for loans and investments of depositors is problematic. That these tremendous losses could have been averted no well informed person can truthfully gainsay. Everybody conversant with the methods of trust promotion and the capitalization of these gigantic corporate combinations must have realized that however prosperous the country might be, there must sooner or later come a time when the securities floated by these concerns would become a menace to financial stability and tend to precipitate ruinous money panics, bringing to a crisis the inevitable struggle for the survival of the fittest.

If the disastrous consequences of periodic financial disturbances caused by over-capitalization were confined to trust magnates, trust promoters and speculators in capitalized wind the country could look on the agonizing struggle for survival with equanimity, but the victims of speculative over-confidence and credulity are not confined to Wall street or New York City. Their natural tendency is to create distrust and shake confidence in all parts of the country and the forced liquidation caused by the rapid contraction of stock and bond values would doubtless have caused general business depression had it not been for the extraordinary commercial and industrial activity and the vast reservoir of wealth in the shape of crops that keep the channels of trade in constant motion.

The present struggle for the survival of the financially fittest forcibly emphasizes the imperative necessity for publicity and supervision of corporations engaged in interstate commerce and more especially the enormous aggregations of capital invested in corporate form classed as trusts. When these concerns come under the supervision of the Department of Commerce, just as the national banks of the country are under the supervision of the Treasury department, and when fictitious capitalization and fraudulent manipulation of these corporations are made criminal offenses punishable in the same manner as are criminal manipulations of national banks, and when a violation of the trust regulation laws will subject corporations to forfeiture of their charters and franchises, the struggle for the survival of the fittest will not be so fierce and deadly.

There are times when the minute man is the man of the hour.

Is the quartermaster three-quarters when he gets a better half?

A woman who has a secret cannot keep it secret that she has one.

A man would rather be called "a bad egg" than have it thrown at him.

The literary lion with whiskers is certainly bearded in his den.

State Normal School.



Training School for... arranged especially for... for all branches of the... approved methods for... graded work taught in... school. The demand for... this school as teachers to... supply.

The Training Department consists of a nine grade course, including English, History, Drawing and Physical Education. Normal course the best and quickest way to State Certification. Fall term opens September 22nd. For catalogue or information, E. D. RESSLER, President; Or J. B. V. BUTLER.

GANGLOFF AND SNUFFER

FOR GRAHAM, WHOLE WHEAT, PRIDE HILLS, U.S. BEST and SPOTLES. Also all kinds of FEED.

CELEBRATED STUDEBAKER BUGGIES, WAGONS, SURRIES.

SMITH & JENKINS

Successors to L. N. Barnes, DEALERS IN

PRIME MEATS, LARD, At the NEW MEAT MARKET

Only Prime Meats Handled. Give Call. Hides Wanted.

Quick's Delivery Wagons deliver, Highest Cash price paid for stock.

Fir and Spruce Lumber

Spruce and Cedar Shingles. Cheese and Butter Boxes a specialty.

SLAB WOOD, 16 inch, \$1.80 per DELIVERED.

Orders for Lumber promptly attended to.

TILLAMOOK LUMBER COMPANY

J. S. LAMAR,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT

I have the largest and best assorted stock of Wines and Liquors that has ever been imported in this City.

Whisky, \$2.25 to \$8.00 per gal.
Wines, \$1.00 to \$3.00 per gal.

Don't drink cheap doctored stuff when you can buy it pure and unadulterated from me.

WILL SELL AT COST Until the 1st of Sept.

Bargains In Ladies' and Gent's Boots and Shoes.



P. F. BROWNE, Agent.

Sewing Machines

Now is the time to buy a new Sewing Machine. \$22.00, with drop head and all the latest improvements at McINTOSH & McNAUL. It is the BONITA SEWING MACHINE, and they range in price from \$22 to \$35 with ball bearings. These are little beauties, perfectly made and something new on the market. These machines are a better article than the peddlars are charging \$65 and \$75 for.

Quick Brothers HOUSEHOLD MOVERS AND DRAYMEN.

Heavy Tramping is a Specialty with Our Delivery wagon delivers to country or city.