

TILLAMOOK HERALD

Published Every Week.

TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week. Presented in a Condensed Form, Which is Most Likely to Interest Our Many Readers.

Alphonso XIII is now king of Spain. A race riot at Atlanta Ga., resulted in eight deaths.

Mount Pelee is again active. A new volcano has broken out to the north.

An anarchist plot to take the life of the king of Spain has been discovered.

A tornado swept through Texas, killing 50 people and injuring a hundred more.

A high wind along the California coast did much damage off San Francisco.

United States trade in the far East shows great gains during the past year, being 400 per cent in British India alone.

The Kaiser may come to Washington to the unveiling of the statue of Frederick the Great, which he presented to the United States.

Mount Pelee shows signs of continued activity.

The fetes in honor of King Alfonso's coronation began Saturday at Madrid.

Packers say the increase in the price of beef is due to the rise in value of corn.

Emperor William will present to the United States a statue of Frederick the Great.

There is a good prospect that the Indian war pension bill will be passed this session of congress.

All the Boer leaders are assembled at Vereiging, Transvaal colony, to vote on the British terms of peace.

Richard Croker says that he favors Robert Van Wyck, ex-mayor of New York, as the head of Tammany Hall.

The sea has encroached from 10 feet to two miles along the St. Vincent coast since the explosion on Mount Pelee.

A father and his two sons murdered two constables in Queensland and cremated the bodies. The details of the crime are shocking.

William J. Bryan is at Havana visiting.

The senate has passed the fortifications appropriation bill.

Scientists fear another eruption on the island of St. Vincent.

Two American swindlers were cleverly kidnaped from Canada by detectives and brought back to the United States.

The Parisians are more interested in the auto races than in the calamity that befell the French colony at St. Pierre.

A delegation from the Haytian provisional government has gone to confer with the insurgents in an endeavor to avert civil strife.

The burning of the dead of St. Pierre in great pyres saturated with oil and tar, led to the belief that Fort de France was being destroyed by fire.

The fetes marking the inaugural of the new Cuban republic began Friday night with a banquet to Governor General Wood and his staff by the veterans of the two wars for Cuba's liberty.

Congress has raised its relief appropriation to half a million dollars for Martinique.

The Danish parliamentary committee is deadlocked on the Danish West Indies treaty.

There are 2,000 dead at St. Vincent island from the volcanic disturbance in the West Indies.

French troops are entering the dead at St. Pierre very slowly. Looting of the bodies has begun there.

Since the capture of General Methuen the British have reduced the force of General Delarey by 800 men taken prisoners.

The president has ordered a review of the Rathbone case. This may necessitate amendment of the Cuban criminal law.

Three thousand and fifty gas workers are on strike in Chicago because their companions had been discharged for joining a union.

Oregon has received 14 gold medals, four silver medals, 18 bronze medals and 82 honorable mentions at the Charleston exposition.

At Tucuman, N. M., three men were killed in a fight.

The strike in the Oregon City woolen mills is practically over.

Americans will own the ships of the new shipping combine, but they will fly the English flag.

The coal shortage is already apparent at Reading, Pa. in consequence of the Scranton mines being idle.

Over 2,000 pounds changed hands in betting upon a game of ping pong in London recently.

Athens expects to be visited by more than 10,000 tourists, chiefly English and American, during the present month.

Sixty-two miles an hour is to be the average speed maintained by a new train to run on the English service, between Paris and Calais. The journey will only occupy three hours.

TORNADO IN THE SOUTH.

Ninety Dead and Over 100 Injured by a Storm in Texas.

Dallas, Tex., May 20.—A special to the News from Goliad, Tex., says:

Ninety are dead. Over 100 are wounded. In addition there is a gaping wound in the town—the path of one of the most destructive cyclones ever known in Texas. The tornado struck this place about 3:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, lasting only about five minutes, leaving death and disaster everywhere in its wake.

It came from the southeast without a warning, completely demolishing a strip about two blocks wide through the whole western part of the town, about a mile long. Among the many houses demolished are the Baptist church and parsonage, just built, the Methodist church and a colored church. It is impossible to estimate the number of houses destroyed, but it is thought the number will reach 100. The amount of damage done cannot be approximated, but it is very great. All the human dead and wounded have been taken care of. The path of devastation is strewn with all kinds of debris and dead and wounded animals. The pitiful cries of the wounded are to be heard everywhere, and at times are heartrending.

A report from the country around Goliad is to the effect that no damage was done.

A special train bearing the O'Conner guards, six physicians, nurses and many volunteers, came from Victoria, and also a special train from Cuero, bringing physicians, nurses, druggists and volunteers. Although everything is being done for the relief of the wounded, cries for physicians and medical attention are everywhere heard. So far 90 dead and 120 injured have been reported.

BOTH ON ONE TRACK.

Passenger and Freight Train Meet in Nebraska and Four Men Killed.

Lincoln, Neb., May 20.—Four or less were killed and four others more or less injured in a collision on the Burlington's Billings line, at 3 o'clock this morning.

The collision occurred a mile east of Hyannis, between the Portland-St. Louis flyer, east bound, and an extra stock train, west bound, with 25 cars loaded with cattle for the eastern range. There is nothing definite to indicate who was responsible for the two trains moving in opposite directions being on the same track, and no details as to the rate of speed at which either was going.

It was necessary to build a track around the wreck, and this has indefinitely delayed the arrival of the passenger train, which was due here at 1 o'clock this afternoon. A wrecking crew was sent out from Alliance bearing surgeons. Hyannis is in Grant county, 70 miles east of Alliance, which is a division headquarters for the Wyoming extension.

Lincoln, Neb., May 20.—Reports from the scene of the wreck tonight say the passenger train had orders to meet the freight at Hyannis, but the orders were misread. With a full head of steam the passenger train dashed into the two engines of the freight train. The engines, a baggage car, one coach and three stock cars were completely wrecked.

BIG BOER DRIVE.

British Columns Capture Four Hundred Prisoners At One Nail

Vryburg, Bechuanaland, May 20.—The immunity which Lord Kitchener granted to the delegates to the Vereening conference of Boer leaders and their immediate followers from molestations by the British columns has not prevented the consummation of one of the biggest drives of the war, which has just wound up against the Bechuanaland blockhouse line. General Hamilton and other commanders have gathered in 400 prisoners, including 100 rebels and recalcitrant Boers who have caused much trouble in the past.

Among the prisoners are a brother of General Delarey and several other commanders.

The movement was remarkable for the lack of resistance by the Boers, most of who surrendered, after aimless dodging, without fighting. There were no British casualties. Five hundred Boers managed to escape in the earlier stage of the drive.

Admiral Sampson's Will.

Washington, May 20.—The will of the late Admiral William T. Sampson, just filed, leaves everything to the widow, save \$4,000 of life insurance, which is left for equal division among the four daughters. In the petition asking for the admission of the will to probate, Mrs. Sampson, who is named as sole executrix, says the admiral died possessing stocks and other securities valued at \$8,500 and a tract of land at Manchester, N. Y., known as the Marmon Hill farm, valued at \$10,000. The will is dated at Key West, Fla., April 16, 1899.

Maine Town Burned.

Houlton, Me., May 20.—Fire here today destroyed the greater part of the business portion of the town, 75 residences and three churches, entailing a loss of \$100,000, only one third of which is covered by insurance. One hundred and twenty families are rendered homeless. The fire started in the rear of a market and grocery store and in an incredibly short time it was sweeping through the business section of the town.

NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

Tillamook is being benefited by a rate war between two navigation companies.

The settlement of the weavers' strike at Oregon City hinges upon the recognition of the union.

A great deal of enthusiasm is being aroused throughout the state in the Lewis and Clark fair project.

Professor F. S. Dunn, of the Chair of Latin in the University of Oregon, has tendered his resignation, to take effect at the close of the college year.

The Geiser Grand Hotel Company has been incorporated at Baker City with a capital stock of \$100,000. The new corporation has acquired the Geiser Grand hotel.

State Senator G. C. Brownell, of Oregon City, fell in trying to catch a train at that place, and narrowly escaped being ground under the wheels of the last car. He was bruised but not seriously injured by the fall.

The Oregon State Grange Patrons of Husbandry will convene its 29th annual session in the senate chamber of the capitol at Salem on Tuesday, May 27. The grange will be in session until the Thursday evening following, when a big banquet will be spread.

The board of county commissioners of Clackamas county has granted a franchise to the Oregon City & Suburban Railway Company to lay down and operate railroads, telephone, telegraph and power lines upon the Abernethy road and the Oregon City and Oswego road.

The Linn county court has appropriated \$800 for the completion of a road from Albany to the southern boundary of Linn county, on the way to the Blue River mines, the remainder of the road to be built by private subscription. It is believed this will do much towards the further development of the claims on the Albany side of the Calapoocia mines, some of which are pronounced rich.

Many emigrants are arriving daily at Medford.

The number of strangers now pouring into Oregon is being felt even in the backwoods. A year ago it was believed that all the public timber land worth taking had passed into private hands, and investors were buying freely from the original locators. But since then the more inaccessible and less timbered land is being eagerly sought by people anxious to file on timber tracts.

The fruit growers around Medford are jubilant over the recent rains and the fact that prospects for a good yield are better than for years.

The mill on the Lucky Bart group at Gold Hill is running day and night on ore from the Doubtful claim. A 30-inch vein of high grade free milling ore assaying \$45 per ton was recently struck in this claim, which will bring the Lucky Bart group to the front again, something over \$150,000 having already been mined from the several ledges on the property.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 65½@66c; bluestem, 67c; valley, 65c.

Barley—Feed, \$20@21; brewing, \$21@21.50 per ton.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.25@1.30; gray, \$1.15@1.25.

Flour—Best grades, \$2.85@3.40 per barrel; graham, \$2.50@2.80.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$15@16 per ton; middlings, \$19@20; shorts, \$17@18; chop, \$16.

Hay—Timothy, \$12@15; clover, \$7.50@10; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 1.50@1.65 per cental; ordinary, \$1.25@1.35 per cental; growers prices, \$2.25@2.50 per cental; new potatoes, 3@3½c.

Butter—Creamery, 16@17½c; dairy, 12½@15c; store, 10@12½c.

Eggs—15@15½c for Oregon.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12½@13c; Young America, 13½@14½c; factory prices, 1@1½c less.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$4.50@5.00; hens, \$5.00@5.50 per dozen; ducks, \$5.00@6.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 13@14c, dressed, 15@16c per pound; geese, \$6.50@7.50 per dozen.

Mutton—Gross, 4½c per pound; sheared, 3½c; dressed, 7½c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, 6½c; dressed, 7½@8c per pound.

Veal—6½@8c for small; 6½@7c for large.

Beef—Gross, cows, 4½c; steers, 5½c; dressed, 8@8½c per pound.

Hops—12½@15 cents per pound.

Wool—Valley, 12@14; Eastern Oregon, 8@12c; mohair, 25c per pound.

The British administration in India is alarmed by rumors of sedition in Afghanistan.

All the flour consumed by the 11,000,000 people in Siam comes from the United States.

Swans on the Thames at Eton and Windsor are being fed from the local boat rafts, as the birds are unable, owing to the severity of the weather, to obtain a sufficiency of food for themselves.

RICH STRIKE OF GOLD.

Sumpter Mine Yields a Streak of Ore Which Assays \$50,000 to the Ton.

Baker City, Or., May 19.—A message from Sumpter says that the strike in the Goleconda mine, which was reported Thursday, proves to be much greater than at first supposed. The vein sunk from the 200 foot level has opened up the ore shoot which was first discovered in 1899, and afterwards lost because the former owners persisted in looking for it to the south of the main shaft, assuming that it dipped in that direction. There is a rich pay streak in the vein matter that averages 16 to 18 inches wide, and the assays made today from samples of ore from this portion of the vein run \$50,000 to the ton. It is free milling ore, and so rich that some of the specimens run over 50 per cent pure gold. Aside from being very valuable the specimens are exceedingly beautiful.

On one side of this rich pay streak there is three feet of sulphurets that assays \$700 to \$1,000 to the ton, and on the other side there is a wide strip of good milling ore. A careful examination of the ground and the vein establishes the fact that it is a permanent vein, and not a pocket that has been opened.

The Goleconda was sold by the Englishes, father and son, of Danville, Ill., to a syndicate composed principally of Pendleton people and J. H. Robbins, of Sumpter, for \$300,000 cash.

HOLD MANCHURIA.

Concessions to England Furnish an Excuse for Russian Occupation.

Pekin, May 19.—A second railroad agreement, which Sir Ernest Satow, the British minister to China, and Yuan Shi Kai, director general of the Pekin-Shan Hai Railway, signed the same day the agreement restoring the Pekin-Shan Hai Kwan line was made and which the parties there attempted to keep secret, has become known among the diplomats and is arousing opposition from the powers interested in railroad projects. Friendly observers regard Great Britain's railroad agreements as a serious diplomatic blunder. Before they were signed it is said, there was no apparent obstacle that Russia could urge for failing to fulfill the Manchurian convention. Now the Russian diplomats frankly say these railroad agreements furnish obstacles such as were contemplated by the stipulation in the Manchurian convention that Russia would evacuate if no other powers interposed obstacles. For Great Britain to abandon its second agreement means loss of prestige; to insist upon it means grave complications in the Manchurian question.

PORT CHALMETTE CASE.

Louisiana State Authorities May Take Action in the Matter.

Washington, May 17.—As the president, after considering the report of Colonel Crowder, has decided that he cannot interfere with animal shipments at Port Chalmette, La., and as the executive is the only branch of the government clothed by the Constitution to pass upon the application of the laws of neutrality, as expressly affirmed by the Louisiana courts recently, it is believed here that the Louisiana state authorities will seek to make an issue with the federal courts by undertaking to do what the president himself has not seen fit to do.

It is presumed that in due course the executive's decision will be communicated to the governor of Louisiana, who first brought the Port Chalmette operations to the attention of the national government.

Diction in Iowa Liquor Case.

Des Moines, Ia., May 17.—The state supreme court has ruled that the sale of liquor to "boot-leggers" and other resident violators of the Iowa law, cannot be prohibited when the sales are made by agents of non-resident dealers. The court holds that the section of the Iowa liquor law, known as the "millet law," prohibiting such sales, is in conflict with interstate commerce laws and is, therefore, unconstitutional. The effect of the decisions to prevent further seizure of liquor in the hands of express and other transportation companies and disposes of dozens of such cases now pending.

Philadelphia Record Sold.

Philadelphia, May 17.—By order of the United States court of Eastern Pennsylvania, James M. Beck, special master commissioner, sold at public auction 9,050 shares of the 10,000 shares of the Philadelphia Record Publishing Company, par value \$100. William S. Stenger, of Philadelphia, bought the stock for \$2,300,000. Mr. Stenger is an attorney. He also purchased \$470,000 of the issue of \$500,000 6 per cent bonds of the Record Company, for which he paid the sum of \$654,000.

Would Buy the Philippines.

London, May 19.—When asked if there was any truth in the statement that he had offered to pay \$20,000,000 for the Philippines, provided he was authorized to announce to the Filipinos that their independence would be acknowledged ultimately by the United States, Andrew Carnegie replied: "Yes, and I meant it."

Injunction in Minnie Healy Case.

Helena, Mont., May 17.—Counsel for the Amalgamated Copper Company and the Boston & Montana Company have applied to the supreme court for an injunction restraining F. Augustus Heinze and the Montana Ore Purchasing Company from operating the Minnie Healy mine, pending the appeal in the suit of the now celebrated Minnie Healy case, which only reached the supreme tribunal this week. The court set the application for hearing Tuesday, May 20.

HALF MILLION MEN

WILL BE CALLED OUT BY THE COAL MINERS.

Will Practically Tie Up the Industries of the Country, Paralyze Business and Inconvenience the People all Over the United States—A Special Session of Mineworkers Will Consider the Matter.

Hazleton, Pa., May 19.—The anthracite mineworkers, in convention here, directed to continue the strike of the 145,000 men against the mineowners and to fight it out to the bitter end. While the leaders are cautious and will not forecast their actions, it is not unlikely that the miners' fight will be carried into the bituminous coal regions and into other fields of industry. Mineworkers for eight months have been looking forward to the strike that is now upon them. For the strike they have saved their money, and are considered to be in better shape today for a fight than they were in the great strike of 1900. That strike ended in a 10 per cent advance after a six weeks' pension. The operators are on record as being unalterably opposed to granting the men any concessions, and they have personally informed the mineowners' leaders of that fact. The workmen fear that the present fight may mean the destruction of their organization, because they believe that the mineowners are bent more on wrecking their union than they are in opposing the demands for higher wages and shorter work days.

STILL IN ERUPTION.

The Volcano on Mount Pelee Continues to Send Forth Lava.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, May 17.—The signal station here reports that large fire was seen Tuesday night in the direction of Fort de France, Martinique, at which place are 50,000 refugees.

The British steamer Savan arrived here during the morning, and reports Mount Pelee to be still in eruption. The trend of the flow from the volcano is to the north.

The search parties which are removing the dead from St. Pierre have discovered safes and much precious metal in stores and dwellings of the town. No one is permitted to penetrate into St. Pierre beyond the strand running along the sea front, and a cordon of soldiers has been placed around the town. The St. Pierre Cathedral is all down, with the exception of one tower, and of the theater the walls alone are now standing.

The convent, which contained 200 girls and 36 nuns, has disappeared, as has the college, where 70 boys and 22 priests and professors were domiciled.

THE PRIMROSE PATH.

Two Idaho People Journey to the Sad and Bitter End.

Oro Fino, Idaho, May 15.—Dr. E. J. Leadbrooke, a prominent physician of Moscow, and Miss Winnie Booth, 13-year-old daughter of Rev. G. M. Booth, pastor of the Methodist church at Moscow, committed suicide here. The couple arrived in this city Saturday evening and spent the night at the hotel. Sunday evening they attended the Epworth League meeting, and retired to the hotel. They did not appear for breakfast in the morning, and at noon, when the door of their room was opened, the girl was found dead in the bed. Beside her was Leadbrooke in a dying condition. He passed away in the afternoon. The couple had taken morphine by hypodermic injection. A note was left by them on the table, stating they had sent letters to Moscow, and that people would arrive from that point to take charge of the bodies. Leadbrooke was a married man and was wealthy. Miss Booth was a school teacher. Leadbrooke came to Moscow about a year ago from Minnesota and became acquainted with Miss Booth in church work. He was also the physician of the Booth family.

Wages Materially Increased.

Louisville, Ky., May 17.—On account of the increase in the cost of doing the Continental Tobacco Company during the day ordered an increase of 10 per cent in the wages of all its employees in Louisville, who number more than 5,000. It is said that the order of the company is general, and that from 30,000 to 35,000 of its employees throughout the United States will be benefited.

Elect New Moderator.

New York, May 17.—Dr. Henry Van Dyke, professor of literature at Princeton university, was late in the afternoon elected moderator of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, which body has just begun its deliberations here. He was elected on the second ballot.

Forestall Americans.

London, May 17.—In consequence of the receipt of information regarding the activity of American firms, chief engineering, electrical and mining concerns, which are preparing to dispatch heavy shipments to South Africa immediately after peace is declared, the colonial secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, has authorized the dispatch of a commission of experts in engineering, surveying, etc., to traverse the entire country and report immediately upon the requirements of South Africa under the new conditions.

The Monon Line Sold.

New York, May 17.—Confirmation of the report that the joint control of the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville system has been acquired by the Louisville & Nashville and Southern railroads comes from several authoritative sources. The terms of the deal were disclosed, but it is generally believed that the new interests in Monon pay something like \$75 for the company and \$85 for the preferred. The total capital stock of the road is \$15,000,000.

Big Deal in Arizona.

Bisbee, Ariz., May 17.—It is rumored that control of the Green Consolidated Company has passed to new people, who are said to be the principal owners of the General Electric Company, of New York. It is alleged the new owners have acquired the Green Consolidated on a basis of about \$100 a share for control of the property. That figure represents a transaction aggregating a sum in excess of \$30,000,000. The purchase is said to have been for cash.