

Died.

Died, this morning Mrs. Mary Jenkins, age 78 years. She was one of the oldest persons in the county.

NETARTS.

Mrs. Boyington and family and Miss... are camping on the beach for a few weeks.

Dr. Mills, of Pleasant Valley, spent Saturday and Sunday at Netarts.

J. P. Allen and family, of Tillamook, spent Sunday on the beach enjoying and taking in the sea breeze and having a most pleasant time.

Miss Millie Phelps is very sick with typhoid fever.

C. B. Wiley and G. M. Watkins went to Tillamook Monday.

Miss Lillian Phelps, who has been sick and very low for the past five weeks, is recovering. She is able to sit up at present.

Netarts has quite a crowd of campers at the present time and there is room for lots more. Come and enjoy yourselves.

Mr. James, the Forest Grove merchant, with his family, left for their home in the Grove, Monday morning.

BOULDER CREEK.

Haying is in full blast, and everyone praying for sunshine.

Miss Lena Bays has been working for Mrs. Della Jensen during haying and Mrs. Rachel Woods for Mrs. Gladwill.

Wild blackberries are ripening fast these hot days.

Mr. Borba's family went to the beach last week.

Miss Ethel Ray and Miss Rachel Woods, attended church at Woolf Creek, Sunday P. M.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Dye were up from Coulsonburg Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Coulson passed Boulder Sunday en route up the river.

Our new mail service is highly satisfactory to all concerned, as far as we can learn.

News is uncommonly scarce so pray excuse brevity.

NEHALEM.

Miss Ora Seovell went out to Warrington again Wednesday after a short visit at her home.

The logging camp started up again Wednesday.

The schooner Monterey went out Sunday with a load of lumber from the mill.

Mr. Banker arrived Friday and will commence work at once at his mill, formerly owned by R. Krebs.

Dr. D. A. Watters came in Friday and held quarterly meeting Saturday and preached Saturday evening and Sunday.

Jim Johnson is running the gasoline boat between Nehalem City and the mouth of the river.

Siletz Reservation Opened.

The rush for land on Monday at the Oregon City Land Office kept the officials busy all day. The occasion was the opening of the Siletz Reservation, and when the office closed 122 claims were allowed and 244 receipts issued.

Many of the claims were in conflict, but some of these were adjusted so that out of the 141 filings recorded claims of only 17 conflict.

Of the 20,040 acres in the township, 18,880 acres were filed upon, leaving only 1160 acres not taken. Two thousand dollars was taken in payment by Receiver Bibebe.

Of the filings made fully three-fourths of them are by squatters. Some have not seen the land for years, while many who have lived on the land 14 months, as provided by law, will commute, paying \$150 per acre therefor.

The timber land act does not apply to the Siletz Reservation, and all the land Monday was taken as homesteads. Some of the squatters say that the land is very valuable; that some of the claims will cut as high as 12,000,000 feet, which will bring about \$2500.

Some of the squatters have filed before the Clerk in Lincoln County, where the land is situated, and will bring the total filings to about 160. All these will no doubt be in conflict with claims already allowed, which will result in contests to determine the entryman.

A western exchange tells of the janitor of a city school who threw up his job one day, and when asked by a friend what the trouble was, said: "Well, it's this: I'm honest, and I won't stand being shammed. If I ever found a pencil or anything else in the school when I was sweeping out I always gave it to the principal; but, just the same, the teacher or some one that's too mean to face me, gives me the sin."

"In what way?" asked the friend. "Well, just this: A little while ago I saw written on the board, 'Find the common multiple.' Well I didn't say a word, but I searched for garret to cellar and I couldn't find the darn thing. Well, again last night, in big writing, on the same board, it said, 'Find the common divisor.' Well, I said to myself, says I, 'both them darn things be lost now, and I'll get blamed for sweeping em, so I'll quit.'"

Rev. W. W. Lucas, a negro minister, secretary of the Negro Young People's Christian and Educational congress, preached a sermon in Macon, Ga., recently in which he told in an original and forcible way some homely truths to his race. He said: "I have decided that the only way to get rid of the 'Jim Crow' car is to get rid of the 'Jim Crow' negro. If I could use 200,000 bars of soap on the unwashed negroes that travel on trains and hang around depots I would solve the negro problem about 20 per cent. Lazy, ragged, barefoot fellows, longing for silver slippers and long white robes and counting themselves worthy; neglecting to provide a home for their families on earth and yet claiming a home not made with their hands in God's heaven! The white man is trying to make this earth blossom as a rose and the negro is getting ready to die! The white man is organizing societies to turn out at their funerals! Now, I object to a \$100 funeral for a 50-cent negro. The negro eats up and dresses away all he makes. One square meal on Sunday sweeps away all the wages of the week. He reminds me of the mule which ate the shipping tag from his leg. An old negro explained: 'Gee, dat mule don't eat up his whar-be-gwine!' That's what the negro does. He eats up his living."

The Mobilen grocers welcome and applauded his words.

General News.

Emperor William will confer decoration on about 300 Americans who came in contact with Prince Henry on his recent visit.

Mrs. H. A. Smith, widow of Representative Smith, committed suicide Sunday night by jumping into the river from the Morrison-street bridge in Portland. Despondency is given as the cause.

The Steamship Primus, of Hamburg, with 185 passengers on board, was cut in two and sunk by the tug Hansa, on the River Elbe, at 12:30 Monday morning. So far as is ascertainable about 50 persons were drowned.

A great ledge of nickle, copper and gold has been uncovered on Butcher Knife Creek, of Western Josephine County. The discoverers are A. H. Ramsay, and W. A. Ingram, the two prospectors who made the recent copper discovery on Slate Creek, located just over the divided from Butcher Knife.

John W. Mackay, of San Francisco, who has been suffering from heart prostration died at the residence at Carlton House Terrace, in London, on Monday. Mr. Mackay was the last surviving member of the four Bonanza Kings, Flood, O'Brien and Fair, the other three members of the quartet, having long since died.

Mrs. Maggie Mitchell Helinbold, the twice married daughter of Senator Mitchell of Oregon, was married in Washington on Monday to Francis Hoyt Griffin, a New York lawyer. The ceremony was performed at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, the Senator giving his daughter away. Intimate friends only attended the wedding.

Charles Stahl, a brother-in-law of Police Officer Jack Roberts, of Portland, was drowned at Seaside on Monday. Stahl was a powerful young man, about 35 years of age, and was on his way to the curb, became exhausted and was carried out to sea by a strong current which sweeps off to the north just outside the line of breakers.

Mrs. Geneva Taylor, 36, wife of Hiram Taylor, a poor farmer at the Looney Creek, Va. mines, a few miles from the Kentucky border, gave birth to triplets—all girls—Thursday night. Their weights were four, five and six pounds. This is the third time Mrs. Taylor has given birth to triplets and the nine children are all living.

Heavy rains in Central Iowa, Friday and Saturday are sending a flood down upon prosperous Missouri farmers, which will ruin many of them and cause losses aggregating, at a conservative estimate, \$2,500,000. There seems to be no hope for the country between Keokuk and Hannibal, 300 square miles, mostly planted in corn, with some thousands of acres of wheat in the shock.

The Army and Navy Journal, which is recognized as a semi-official publication, in commenting on Smith's 'Kill and Burn' case, says his retirement is morally at least, if not technically, an increase of the punishment adjudged against him and that it violates the spirit of the 112th article of war. The article concludes: "We regard the President's action not only as unjust, but as unwise and unfortunate."

"I'll tell you when the American negro will go back to Africa," said Bishop Abraham Grant, of Indianapolis, "when the old oak, that has braved the storms of 100 years, goes back to the acorn. Tell me this is not my country! I and my people helped to build these 200,000 miles of railroads, we brought forth the corn, the cotton and the rice. By the sweat of our face we have earned the right to sing, 'My Country, 'Tis of Thee.'"

The schooner Herman has sailed from San Francisco for the South Seas, ostensibly on a pleasure trip, but in reality it is said in search of buried treasures, amounting to \$70,000,000 reported to have been hidden on an island by the mutinous crew of a Japanese ship. Captain James Brown, a retired mariner of the Atlantic Coast, is in command of the Herman, and is accompanied by four or five Eastern friends. The little schooner was fitted out at an expense of \$18,000.

The heavy rains prevailing in Birmingham, N. Y., for the past few days reached a climax Saturday when three separate cloudbursts occurred within the limits of Rome County and several in surrounding territory to the northward, breaking mill dams, washing out railroad tracks and highway bridges, and doing other damage, besides delaying trains. Four persons are dead, and two are seriously injured. The loss to property will reach \$200,000.

Senator Hanna has interested himself in the case of Dr. Russell Wilson, a young Ohio physician, who has been sentenced to death because of having taken part in an alleged filibustering expedition against the Nicaraguan Government. Wilson was captured by a Nicaraguan vessel recently, and he among others was sentenced to death. Senator Hanna has telegraphed the State Department to look into the matter and plead that Dr. Wilson was on the alleged filibustering vessel in a professional capacity and not as an enemy to the Nicaraguan Government.

Four men were instantly killed and a fifth terribly injured by the explosion of a delayed blast on the line of the Lyle-Goldendale Railroad, one and one-half miles north from the Columbia River. The accident occurred in a rock cut where they were working. A number of blasts were fired at the same time, and as they thought all had gone off, men gathered around to resume work. Just then there was a terrific explosion of a kind which the fuse had not burned as quickly as the others. Four of the men were torn almost to shreds, and died instantly. A fifth, although terribly mangled, survives. He was placed on board a boat to be taken to a Portland hospital.

The summary of rural free mail delivery compiled by the postal authorities discloses a remarkable expansion of that branch of the postoffice. Although the first experiments were made more than six years ago, 9,491 rural mail routes are now in operation, supplying mail daily to the people residing in the adjacent vicinity. If each of these routes accommodated only 100 families it would mean nearly 1,000,000 families brought into direct contact with the business world by mail facilities and five or six times that number of individual persons. The time will come when the farmer will feel lost without his daily mail service just as much as he city business men.

The British government is likely to prove that John W. Mackay was domiciled in England, and to collect \$1,000,000 death duty.

The Irish census returns, just completed, show that in the past half century more than 3,000,000 Irish have emigrated, largely to the United States.

The Supreme Court has issued a writ forbidding the American Book Company to do business in Kansas until it secures a charter.

The earthquake at St. Vincent Tuesday, according to advices was local, and appears to have been confined to within a certain area, with Kingstone and its vicinity apparently the center.

Captain Walter Lyon, private secretary to Superintendent Lee, of the Oregon Penitentiary, regarding the payment of the reward to Mrs. Waggoner for the return of Merrill's body to the penitentiary. It was decided to take no action until Governor Geer's return, which will be in a day or two.

The statement is made in New York that Mrs. Strong, the mother of Putnam Bradley Strong, for whom the police are searching to find out what he did with \$250,000 worth of May Yoh's jewels, is seriously ill. Her son's escape is said to have caused her illness.

The drive organized in Cavite province last week for the capture of Felizardo and Montalton, the ladron chiefs, has failed. The chiefs broke through the cordon and escaped to the mountains. Twelve hundred constabulary were engaged in the drive, covering an area of 50 square miles.

A complete unofficial abstract of the vote for Governor at the June election has been compiled from the records in the hands of the several County Clerks. It shows Chamberlain's plurality to be 276, instead of 256, as heretofore supposed. The vote was: Chamberlain, 41,857; Furnish, 41,581; Hunsacker, 3483; Ryan, 3771; total, 90,292. About 2300 of those who cast ballots failed to mark their ballots so as to express a choice for Governor.

The double murder and suicide at Seattle, Saturday night turned out to be the result of deliberate planning for revenge rather than the result of a hasty quarrel. It now seems that David Thomas ran off with Samuel Lake's wife. Lake came to Seattle, smoothed the matter over, lived with the couple as a brother of the woman heretofore known as Mrs. Thomas, and when opportunity offered shot them both down and committed suicide. The death of Mrs. Thomas (or Lake) is momentarily expected.

Oleo manufacturers are not only loud in their denunciation of the new oleo law, but have begun a widespread campaign with a view apparently to stimulating a public sentiment that will sustain their demand for its immediate repeal. The test of the law will unquestionably determine its wisdom or folly, but prevailing on the same congress that enacted a law to repeal it would border on the legislative miracle.

The State Department has called upon the navy for a warship to be sent to Cape Haytien, Hayti, to protect American interests and also the citizens of other countries there. The request is based upon the following dispatch the United States consul at Cape Haytien: "Troops and a government warship are approaching to bombard Cape Haytien. There is great excitement among foreigners as to their personal safety."

Carrie Nation has come down another peg or two and is now advertising herself as a street fare attraction in Missouri. Several managers have received her literature, which bears a half-tone picture of the old woman, beneath which in this line: "American's Most Famous Woman." The fair season not being fully open yet, she is going about the state making speeches, selling hatchets and soliciting money to build a home in Kansas City, Kan., for "the destitute widows of drunks."

A field of wheat belonging to A. L. Knight, a renter of land on the Unatilla reservation, caught fire from sparks of a combined harvester, and before the flame could be checked 30 acres of wheat were destroyed. But for the presence of a large number of laborers, the fire would have been disastrous as it was, it took four hours to stay the fire, which was accomplished by plowing a number of furrows around it. The loss is about \$900, covered by insurance. The combined harvester was saved with difficulty.

A tempest in a teapot has been stirred up over the statements said to have been made in a letter to his wife of Consul-General E. S. Bragg, of Havana, to the effect that "Uncle Sam might as well try to make a whistle out of a pig's tail as to try to do anything with the Cubans."

This statement was published and created a flurry in Cuba, some of the radical papers going so far as to demand removal. No official action has been taken, however, and General Bragg has fallen back upon the traditional excuse that he was misquoted. What he did write in a confidential letter to his wife, which he did not expect to see the light of publication, was this: "When Uncle Sam got through trying to make an Anglo-Saxon out of a Cuban." Whether General Bragg will be called down for this reflection upon Uncle Sam remains to be seen. Official circles in Washington, however, take the view that his confidential confession to his wife has had the effect of practically destroying his usefulness at his present post in everything except the merest routine duties.

LOSS OF MILLIONS.

Corn and Wheat Destroyed by Mississippi Flood.

KEOKUK, Ia., July 20.—Exposition of the flooded district of the Mississippi River from Keokuk south shows conditions beyond the appreciation or realization of any but people of long experience with the father of waters in its most destructive mood. The situation is growing worse hourly. There is absolutely no slightest chance of stopping the flood, which is a dozen times the most costly of any in the history of the great river above St. Louis.

The correspondent of the Associated Press went over the worst damaged area in the steamer Silver Crescent and found everywhere the greatest crops ever known under water. People at the river cities give an immense mass of details, all to be generalized in losses aggregating many millions of dollars. Hundreds of farmers, rich 10 days ago, are penniless and homeless and hundreds are watching and praying that the great levees which are the only bulwark against millions of losses and many cases of penury will hold.

Careful estimates indicate the loss up to today at about \$5,000,000, with every prospect that it will be increased by \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 by the rise above which has not reached the lower stretches of the river. Most of this loss is on the Missouri side of the river between Keokuk and Hannibal.

Passing the water-lapped lumber yards of Keokuk, the mouth of the Des Moines River is seen to be nearly two miles wide. Normally there are two mouths and a delta covered with farms which are now under raging torrents. Alexandria was protected to the last by the Egyptian levee, the breaking of which would send four feet of water all over the town. Gregory is submerged except the white Church, in which services were held today, the congregation from the country reaching the house of worship by the railroad, which is still above the flood in a waste of waters miles wide. Other towns and cities on the island are beyond the danger line.

Immense fields are seen in a great lake with the shore line visible only with the glass, where the high bluffs bound the bottoms. Islands dotting the river at its normal stage have disappeared, except for the tops of trees or fringe of high shore willows protruding slightly while green coral reefs. Occasionally a house on piles is seen, but generally only roofs show to mark the center of farms of corn. On the edge of the flood corn gradually rises on a slope, tasseled tops ears and stalks appearing in order. In a few half submerged fields are tracks of wheat in the background and many more were washed to the Gulf of Mexico.

President Hill, of the Great Northern, has placed at the disposal of Colonel R. W. Richardson, good roads expert for the United States Government, a complete train, with the privilege of taking it over the lines of the system whenever he sees fit without cost. The train will be employed in making demonstrations of roadbuilding through the Northwest. The cost of operating the train will approximate \$100 a day, and an itinerary of 100 days is planned, representing the equivalent of a cash subscription from the Great Northern of \$10,000.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 580, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Saturday, the 4th day of September, 1902. He names as witnesses:

Frank H. Kearney, of Portland, Oregon; Walter C. Bailey, Wesley Rush and John B. Paquet, of Tillamook, Or.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 4th day of September, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 577, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 1st day of August, 1902. She names as witnesses:

Frank Long, Herbert Robbins, of Bay City, Or.; John R. Harter David Martiny, of Tillamook, Or.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 1st day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 576, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 29th day of August, 1902. He names as witnesses:

George H. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; Bessie M. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; William L. Riefenberg, of Bay City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 575, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 29th day of August, 1902. He names as witnesses:

George H. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; Bessie M. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; William L. Riefenberg, of Bay City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 574, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 29th day of August, 1902. He names as witnesses:

George H. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; Bessie M. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; William L. Riefenberg, of Bay City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 573, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 29th day of August, 1902. He names as witnesses:

George H. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; Bessie M. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; William L. Riefenberg, of Bay City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 572, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 29th day of August, 1902. She names as witnesses:

Albert W. Flank, David Martiny, Peter McIntosh and Wesley C. Brown, of Tillamook, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 571, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 29th day of August, 1902. She names as witnesses:

Albert W. Flank, David Martiny, Peter McIntosh and Wesley C. Brown, of Tillamook, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on August 16th, 1902, viz.:

H. E. No. 1872, for the N 1/2 of Sec. 26, 1p. 28, R. 8 W. She names the following witnesses to prove her claim to said land upon and cultivation of said land, viz.:

J. D. Edwards, of Tillamook, Or.; T. B. Handley, of Tillamook, Or.; James E. Brown, of Trask, Or.; H. C. Brown, of North Yamhill, Or.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 16th day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 570, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 1st day of August, 1902. She names as witnesses:

Frank Long, Herbert Robbins, of Bay City, Or.; John R. Harter David Martiny, of Tillamook, Or.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 1st day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Of Tillamook county, Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 569, for the purchase of the N 1/2 of Sec. 1, and S 1/2 of Sec. 15, and N 1/2 of Sec. 16, of Sec. 13, in Township No. 1 S, Range No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 29th day of August, 1902. He names as witnesses:

George H. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; Bessie M. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; William L. Riefenberg, of Bay City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims