Tillamook Jottings.

Mr. A. F. McIntire, of Portland, is in the city.

Jack Crawford come in on the stramer this morning.

Mr. Alfred F. Sears, jr., is registered at the Larsen house.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Harris came in on the steamer this morning.

Mr. W. E. Kertson, wife and son are registered at the Allen house.

Prof. E. H. Whitney, of Washington, is in on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Botts.

The steamer Sue H. Elmore came in from Astoria this morning with 23 passengers and 50 tons of freight.

The Forest Grove ball team, which is billed to play Tillamook tomorrow came in this morning on the Elmore.

Mr. Thomas Coates returned to the city this morning with his sister, who has come from England on a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Brant returned to the city this morning after several weeks visit with their daughter at White Salmon, Wash.

The steamer Geo. R. Vosburg will not get her main shaft from Astoria until the next trip of the Elmore, as it was not repaired when that vessel left that port.

WILSON RIVER.

Peter Wilson's new house is nearly completed.

Paul Erickson's son is again able to be up and around.

Billy Williams is hauling lumber out on to his ranch and fixing up in general.

Judge Cooper was seen on the river, presumably on business.

The pile drivers are at work establishing a foundation for the new bridge across the river.

Should there be anyone who wished to take a few pointers in gardening, the writer will kindly direct such to Mr. E. Gladd.

Gust Wicklund has employed Mr. Melchior to do some carpenter work. Gust s one of our successful ranchers and believes in spreading out.

Burned at the Stake.

DETROIT, Mich., July 1.—The closing exersises at St. Vincent's school came to a most spectacular finish during the production of the drama "Althea" by the pupils of this school. Miss Annie McMahon was playing the title role, and the audience was closely following the lines telling of the persecution of the Christians by the Greeks. The heroine in the closing scene of the last act was burned at the stake in the midst of wild excitement. Miss McMahon as Althea was dressed in a Grecian gown of flimsy material, and when she was tied to the stake and the fire started her dress caught in the flames, and the next instant she was writhing in agony and her flesh was burned and blistered. She may not recover.

Begin Drilling for Coal.

SALEM, Or., June 30.—A company of New York capitalist today began drilling on the Blair Forward farm, in the Waldo Hills, east of Salem, to ascertain whether coal exists there of quality and quanity to make mining profitable. In 1890 pieces of coal were found in a creek on the farm and upon search the outcropping of a stratum of coal was found on a hillside. The vein of coal and slate six feet thick was followed into the hillside 100 feet. The men now at work have drilled 30 feet through sandstone, and from the nature of the sandstone, formation are led to believe that the prospects are good for finding coal of merchantable quality. The coal found in the tunnel made fire sufficienly hot to weld a bar of iron an inch thick, and coked well. It is believed coal found a greater depth will be of still better quality. The Diamond Drill Contracting Company, of Spokane, has the contract to drill 100 to 1000 feet, according to what may be found.

Oregon Sprung a Leak.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—A special to the Examiner from Seattle says: The steamer Oregon is ashore at Dutch Harbor with eight feet of water in her hold. On the voyage North, the Oregon began leaking badly before she had passed Vancouver Island, and it was found necessary to keep the pumps going constantly to keep her afloat. She reached Nome with two feet of water in her hold and her machinery very badly out of repair.

As soon as the passengers and cargo were landed, Captain Seely decided that he could make St. Michael, where the vessel could be safely beached and repaired. After leaving Nome the rudder post gave out and refused to answer her helm. Fortunately the weather was good, and Captain Seely was able to make temporary repairs. As the leak had not increased and did not appear to be dangerous, he decided that he could reach Seattle in safety, and so did not stop in St Michael. With the pumps going continually he found it impossible to keep the water down, and as it was gaining at a dangerous rate, he was compelled to put into Dutch Harbor and beach her.

The Oregon had some south-bound passengers on board, but the number is not known. It is believed the vessel can be saved.

The Philippine Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Philippine civil government bill, as finally agreed upon today, provides for a Philippine Legislature of two houses one the Philippine Commission and the other an Assembly elected by the natives, except Moros and Pagans. But this Legislature is not to be created until after a census has been taken and a condition of peace shall have been established and prevailed for two years. The Legislature is to elect two commissioners to represent the island in Washington. The powers of the Legislature are defined in an extensive bill of rights, which sets forth the individual rights of citizens and their protection against unjust laws.

Authorities is given to issue bonds for the purchase of the friar lands, and when purchased they shall become part of the public domain. The public lands are to be open to homesteaders, similar to the American system, and to prevent corporations from absorbing the lands, corporation holdings are limited to 1025 hectares, or 2500 acres. Corporations also are stringently regulated in holding mining and agricultural lands.

The money standard and the permanent money system are left for future settlement. The banking system is also postponed. Provisions is made for subsidiary and minor coins. Authority is given to issue bonds for harbor and other improvements.

General News.

The loyal colonials in South Africa will receive $10,000,000 as an indemnity for war losses. The refrain of pay, pay, pay still rings in Mr. Bull's ears.

The Secretary of the Navy announces that the four new battleships authorized by Congress will be named the Washington, the Tennessee, the Louisiana and the Connecticut.

Secretary Root states the cost of the war in the Philippines to be $170,000,000. The Democratic editors who have placed it at $600,000,000 will please notice and allow the discount.

A statement of earnings for the first quarter issued by the United States Steel Corporation shows the net earnings to be $40,000,000 as compared with $26,000,000 for the same quarter last year.

The Boer war lasted thirty-two months and cost the British 7792 killed in action and 13,250 victims of disease, a total of 21,042. If the Boers lost half as many the conflict was one of the biggest little wars in history.

James Barnstable of Antioch gossiped that he had seen certain young ladies on the village nude, bathing in a creek, at Lake Villa, Ill. W. A. Williams, postmaster, forced Barnstable to apologized to the young ladies. He also took the gossiper to his house and held him while Mrs. Barnstable applied a horsewhip.

An American warship will be sent at once to Hayti for the purpose of protecting American lives and property endangered by the revolution now progressing there This action was decided upon by the Navy Department upon the request of Consul Livingston at Cape Haytien.

Senator Elkins, of Pennsylvania, addressed the Senate on his resolution providing for the annexation of Cuba. He said his resolution had been missunderstood, as it was his sole intention to annex Cuba only in event that Cuba should take the initiative. He declared the annexation to be in the interest of both counties.

Under the anti-trust law of Kansas, proven trusts cannot collect for goods sold. In the City Court Tuesday a debtor pleaded immunity from a meat bill to the Cudahys, on the ground that an illegal trust existed between plaintiff and the Jacob Dold Packing Houses in Wichita. Decision was reserved until July 15.

According to official reports there have been in Manila up to date 1740 cases of cholera and 1385 deaths from the disease. The same reports for the provinces show 9444 cases and 7038 deaths. Lieutenant-Colonel Louis M. Maus, the Insular Health Commissioner, says that there probably have been 2000 which it has been impossible to get records.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, assaulted Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, just after the Senate adjourned from executive session. The affair was the result of the bitter controversy which the two Senators had during the afternoon. Bailey demanded that Beveridge retract the language uttered at that time, and when the latter declined Bailey seized him by the throat and threw his weight upon him at the same time. The two men were separated, however, before damage was done.

News comes from Palatka, Fla., that country people in the interior are greatly excited over the discovery of a secret negro society, called "St. Andrews' Aid Society." Its avowed object, it is claimed, is hostility to the whites. Mr. Goodson, a leading citizen of Grandon, was shot and killed by two negroes Saturday night. One negro was shot while resisting arrest and the other escaped. On the person of the dead negro was found cards and the constitution of this society, "hostility to the whites" being the motto. The whites will ferret out the members and break up the society.

Heretofore it has been almost as easy a matter to obtain a divorce in Rhode Island as in the Dakotas, but the conditions in this regard are radically changed by the new divorce law which went into operation Tuesday. The most important clause in the new law is that requiring a bona fide residence in the state of at least two years before applying for a divorce. This is expected to put a stop to the practice of wealthy women of New York and elsewhere going to Newport, establishing a so called residence and in a few months obtaining an annullment of the marriage contract on the ground of non-support.

Seldom has legislation been enacted, after long efforts, the results of which are so uncertain as those of the new oleomargarine law. It taxes oleomargarine, colored to resemble butter, ten cents a pound, but reduces the tax on the uncolored to one-quarter of a cent a pound—just enough to keep the industry under the supervision of the international revenue bureau. The Commissioner decided in a recent case that a mixture of June butter, with its natural high color, with oleomargarine, would not be subject to the 10 cent tax, and the view accordingly gained some currency that this would afford a new lease of life for the "oleo" industry. It will be seen on a little reflection, however, that June butter would prove a pretty expensive ingredient, and that the extreme terms of the law, which were ment to be prohibitive, would permit the manufacturer to pay but 9¼ cents more for the amount of June butter which was necessary to float a pound of "oleo" than for the quantity of "oleo" itself, with the coloring matter. So while there is a possibility of some business developing along this line, it does not promise to be large.

A Great Snob Was Snubbed.

LONDON, June 28.—The absence of the name of William Waldorf Astor from the list of coronation honors is quite generally commented upon. It is the first positive evidence that the king does not like Astor.

Reports to that effect have been current for a long time and generally believed, and the truth of the reports is placed beyond doubt by the complete failure of the monarch to take any notice of a "subject" who has sought so hard to please him in a list which contains the names of many obscure and commonplace people.

It is reported that King Edward, when approached on the question of giving Astor a baronetcy, used language somewhat broader than he is accustomed to in emphasizing his wish that Astor would go back to America and stay there. So far as King Edward is concerned, Astor is likely to remain simply a subject.

Personal and Otherwise.

The latest story about King Christian of Denmark is that he was taking an early morning walk recently when a ragged fellow approached with every respect and said: "May I ask your majesty for your portrait as a momento?" The king was pleased at this appearance of loyalty, but regretted that he had not a portrait with him. The tramp slyly suggested: "Pardon, your majesty, but if you look in your purse you will probably find one." King Christian laughed at the novel mode of asking for alms and gave the man a couple of crowns.

"Keep working and you will keep alive," is the advice of Senator Pettus, who carries his 81 years with surprising case. One morning recently he was found hard at work at 7 o'clock, sleeves rolled up, chewing tobacco and grinding out letters. To the surprised remark of a friend he said. "I rise every morning at 5 unless I have been up late the night before. The secret of living long is to work hard. I notice that all my friends who got rich and then retired are dead. I never get rich and I never get tired. The most deadly disease I know is to quit work."

During the late Arkansas campaign, in which Senator Jones was defeated in the primary fight for the senate, Governor Jeff Davis was on the stump against Mr. Jones. At one meeting the governor called attention to the expenditures of a senate committee of which Jones was a member. Said he: "I notice ladies and gentlemen in the list of missellaneous expenses of the committee in its published report of last month an item of $12 for castor oil—for castor oil, I say. What in the world they need so much castor oil for no one knows. Why, that is enough castor oil to move the previous question in the senate of the United States."

An example of the estimation in which the late Congressman Amos Cummings was held in New York was given two members of the congressional delegation which went over from Washington to attend his funeral. A cabman demanded $3 for a very short drive and the congressmen thought it was too much. They appealed to a policeman, who said that when people came to New York for a good time they must expect to pay for it. "But we diden't come for a good time," said one of the visitors. "We came here to help bury our old friend Amos Cummings." "What! Amos Cummings," said the officer. "Say, cabby, you take a dollar and get away quick as you know how."

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow stands six feet four inches in his stockings, but when seated shows little or no indication of his great stature. The other day a country postmaster called to pay his respects and found Mr. Bristow seated in a low office chair with his long legs stowed out of sight. The rural visitor, a little fellow, stepped up to the desk with out stretched hand and Mr. Bristow proceeded to untangle himself. He is very deliberate in his movements and as he slowly raised himself to his feet the ruralite dropped his hand and gasped: "Good Lord, is he never going to stop getting up?"

Hallett Kilbourne has been adjudged of unsound mind and committed to the St. Elizabeth's hospital for the insane at Washington. Mr. Kilbourne was formerly one of the prominent real estate brokers of Washington. He became widely known about twenty-five years ago because of his suit against the sergeant-at-arms of the house of representatives to recover $100,000 as damages for false arrest and imprisonment. The jury which heard the testimony awarded Mr. Kilbourne damages in the full amount asked. The sum was afterward reduced to $28,000, which was paid by congress.

A free lance circular called "The Wall Street Giasutus" was circulated among New York brokers a few days ago. It voiced in light vein and sentiment that Pierpoint "After conquering more than he and his Morgan has too much influence in the finances and industries of the country. "Roar I, Rampage I" has several paragraphs on that subject, including these: generals can wisely control the great American Napoleon of Grab is crying, 'More, more, more!' How much have you contributed to his 'rake-off' in the steel trust, has railroad submerger? Sell a little Morgan short. Too much risk on one man. But remember the Giascutus is a big bull on the country."

Congressman Cannon of Illinois gesticulates wildly with his left hand while speaking. This peculiarity gave "Sunset" Cox an opportunity to embarass the Illionois man on one occasion. Mr. Cannon wanted to address the house on a bill in which he was much interested and Mr Cox, who was speaker protem., agreed to recognize him. "How long can I have?" asked Cannon. "As long as you keep your left hand in your pocket," was the reply. When "Uncle Joe" arose to speak he had his hand in his pocket all right, but just about thirty seconds he began to saw the air with it. "The gentleman's time has expired", said Cox camely, bringing the gavel down amid a roar of laughter, for everybody had heard of the bargain.

When, some years ago, the Lake Shore railroad put on a service of "flyers" and imposed an extra rate for tickets on the special trains, John Newell, then president of the system, decided that passes, half-rate tickets, etc., should not be accepted as fare on the limited express runs. Of course there was no intention that the restriction concerning passes should comprehend the "courtesies" extended to officials of others railroads, says the Philadelphia Times, but a clerk's mistake forwarded to D. W. Caldwell, president of the Nickel Plate road, a pass inscribed:

"Not good on Lake Shore limited trains."

Within twenty-four hours the mails carried to Newell a pass signed by Caldwell and bearing the inscription in red ink across the face:

"Not good on passenger trains."

Newell and Caldwell were enemies from that day until the death of the former.

In one of his essays the late Edwin L. Godkin threw a very neat little harpoon into Henry Cabot Lodge in the following style: "In 1884 I learned of the prospect of Blaine's nomination from Henry Cabot Lodge, who called at the Evening Post office. He told me, with the proper expression of countenance, that there was a ferious cloud hanging over the republican party, that there was danger of Blaine's nomination and that he was on the way to Washington then to see some of the leading men with a view of preventing it if possible. I heartly approve of all that the good young man told me he had in mind and cheered him on his shining way. But I was chastened by seeing him on the stump for the said Blaine by the month of July."

State Normal School, Monmouth, Or.

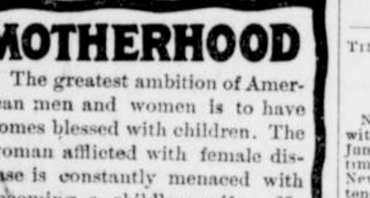
Graduates of the school are in constant demand at salaries ranging from $40.00 to $100.00 per month. Students take the state examinations during their course in the school and are prepared to receive state certificates on graduation. Expenses range from $120.00 to $175.00 per year. Strong Normal course and well equipped training department. The fall term opens September 16th.

For catalogue containing full information address.

E. D. RISSLER, President.
Or J. B. BINTER, Secretary.

The Best Home Newspaper.

TILLAMOOK HEADLIGHT AND WEEKLY OREGONIAN, $2.25.



MOTHERHOOD

The greatest ambition of American men and women is to have homes blessed with children. The woman afflicted with female disease is constantly menaced with becoming a childless wife. No medicine can restore dead organs, but Wine of Cardui does regulate derangements that prevent conception; does prevent miscarriage; does restore weak functions and shattered nerves and does bring babies to homes barren and desolate for years. Wine of Cardui gives women the health and strength to bear healthy children. You can get a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui from your dealer.

WINE OF CARDUI

143 Market street,
Memphis, Tenn., April 14, 1901.
In February, 1901, I took one bottle of Wine of Cardui and one package of Thedford's Black-Draught. I had been married fifteen years and had never given birth to a child until I took Wine of Cardui. Now I am mother of a fine baby girl which was born March 31, 1901. The baby weighs fourteen pounds and I feel as well as any person could feel. Now my home is happy and I never will be without Wine of Cardui in my house again.
Mrs. J. W. C. SMITH.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department", The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Red Shoe House

I have just received direct from Chicago, the best quality and latest styles of footwear. Consisting of Gentlemen's, Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes that was ever offered for sale in the City of Tillamook.

It will pay you to call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

NOTICE.

No charge made for sewing rips or nailing soles on shoes purchased of me.

P. F. BROWNE,
Agent and Salesman.

Department of the Interior.
United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
June 13th, 1902.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the approved plat of Township 8 South, Range 9 West, has been received from the Surveyor General of Oregon, and on

JULY 21st, 1902,

At 9 o'clock a m., of said date, said plat will be filed in this office, and the land therein embraced will be subject to entry on and after said date.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.
WM. GALLOWAY, Receiver.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In pursuance of a decree of foreclosure and order of sale rendered in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, on the 9th day of June, 1902, in the suit of T. T. Geer, Governor of the State of Oregon, F. I. Dunbar, Secretary of State of the State of Oregon, and Charles S. Moore, State Treasurer of the State of Oregon, constituting the State Land Board of said State, Plaintiffs, vs John S. Judd, Mary E. Judd, Studebaker Bros., Manufacturing Company, a corporation, and George A. Edmunds, Defendants, and of an execution duly issued out of the said Court in the said suit on the 16th day of June, 1902, I will expose for sale, and sell as the law directs, at the Court House door of said County in the City of Tillamook City, State of Oregon, on Saturday, the 26th day of July, 1902, at the hour of eleven o'clock a.m., the real property situated in the County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, and described in said decree and order of sale as follows, to wit:

The South East quarter of the North East quarter of Section sixteen (16) in Township one (1) South of Range nine (9) West of Willamette Meridian, and also a tract described by beginning at the corner of Sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), in Township one (1) South, Range nine (9) West of Willamette Meridian, running thence North to the quarter section corner between said Sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16); thence East sixty (60) rods; thence South parallel with the line between Sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) to intersect the true line between Sections fifteen (15) and twenty-two (22); thence West on said line sixty (60) rods to the point of beginning, containing sixt (60) acres and containing in all one hundred (100) acres lying in Sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) in Township one (1) South of Range nine (9) West of Willamette Meridian.

Said real property will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand to satisfy the sums due upon said decree, to wit: The following sums due plaintiffs, to wit: the sum of $346.65 with interest thereon at eight per cent per annum from June 9th, 1902, until paid, the further sum of $50.00 as an attorney's fee, the further sum of $32.40 paid for taxes with interest thereon at six per cent per annum, from June 9th, 1902, until paid, and plaintiff's costs and disbursements taxed at $5.00; also the following sums due defendant Studebaker Bros., Manufacturing Company, to wit: The sum of $186.71 with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from June 9th, 1902, until paid and the further sum of $25.00 as an attorney's fee, and the costs and disbursements of said defendant taxed at $5.00 and the accruing costs and expenses of sale.

Dated at Tillamook City, Oregon, June 17th, 1902.

H. H. ALDERMAN,
Sheriff of Tillamook co., Ore.
By E. W. STANLEY, Deputy.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
June 23rd, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

RYON G. HACKETT,

Of Tillamook, county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5801, for the purchase of the Ne ¼ of Se ¼ and S ½ of Se ¼ of sec. 18, and Ne ¼ of Ne ¼ of sec. No. 19, in township No. 1 S. range No. 8 W. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Saturday, the 6th day of September, 1902. He names as witnesses:

Frank H Kearney, of Portland, Oregon; Walter C. Bailey, Wesley Rush and John B. Paquet, of Tillamook, Or.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 6th day of September, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Oregon City, Ore.
June 28th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook City, Oregon, on August 9th, 1902, viz:

WARREN N. VAUGHN,

Heir at law of Charles W. Vaughn, deceased; H.E. 13,576, for the W ½ of Se ¼, Sw ¼ of Ne ¼ and Lot 2, Sec. 6, tp. 3 S. R. 7 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.:

William Bodyfelt, of Trask, Oregon; James Kodad, David Martiny and Edward Carey, of Tillamook, Oregon.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Oregon City, Ore.,
June 28th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Or., on August 11th, 1902, viz:

ELI THOMAS COULSON;

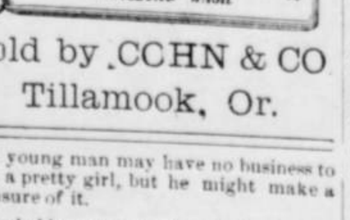
H.E. 11,701, for the E ½ of Ne ¼ and N ½ of Se ¼, sec. 21, T. 3 S, R. 9 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Ernest Haag, Edward Kinnaman and Joseph Bixby, of Beaver, Oregon; James Hughey, of Tillamook, Or.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

BEST HARD WHEAT FLOUR,



Sold by COHN & CO
Tillamook, Or.

A young man may have no business to kiss a pretty girl, but he might make a pleasure of it.

Probably you never heard of the man who was killed by kindness—but if you did it was nothing more than hearsay.

The difference between a restaurant and a cafe is not so much in the quality of the food as in the size of your pocket-book after the reckoning.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Oregon City, Ore.,
May 17th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on July 9th, 1902, viz:

MILTON G. PFOUTZ;

H.E. 13633, for the Sw ¼, sec. 18, tp. 6 S, R. 9 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.:

Henry Belor, of Dallas, Ore.; Stephen Bauer, Micheal Greiveldinger, Paul Kingston, of Emma, Ore.

CHARLES B. MOORES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Ore.,
May 20th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

HELEN WATT,

Of Tillamook, county of Tillamook, State (or Territory) of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 5757, for the purchase of the S ½ of Sw ¼ of Section No. 15 in Township No. 2 N, Range No. 10 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook county, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 1st day of August, 1902. She names as witnesses:

Frank Long, Robert Robbins, of Bay City, Or.; John R. Harter, David Martiny, of Tillamook, Or.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 1st day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
United States Land Office.
Oregon City, Oregon,
June 12th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

WINFIELD C. TROMBLEY,

Of Bay City, county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5,785, for the purchase of the Ne ¼ of Section No. 2, in Township No. 3 South, Range No. 8 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber and stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, Oregon, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday, the 29th of August, 1902. He names as witnesses:

George H. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; Bessie M. Williams, of Bay City, Oregon; William S. Hare, of Foley, Oregon; William L. Riefenberg, of Bay City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1902.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
June 12th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878; entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

WILLIAM S. HARE,

Of Tillamook, county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 5784, for the purchase of the Nw ¼ of section No. 2, in Township 3 S, Range No. 8 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon on Friday, the 29th day of August, 1902. He names as witnesses:

Winfield C. Trombley, George H. Williams, Bessie M. Williams and William L. Riefenberg, of Bay City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1902.

CHAS B. MOORES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
June 12th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

BESSIE M. WILLIAMS,

Of Bay City, county of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 5783, for the purchase of the N ½ of Sw ¼ and N ½ of Se ¼ of Section No. 4, in Township No. 3 S, Range No. 7 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook City, Oregon, on Friday the 29th day of August, 1902. She names as witnesses:

William S. Hare, of Foley, Oregon; Winfield C. Trombley, George H Williams and William L. Riefenberg, of Bay City Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1902.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

FOREST RESERVE SELECTION.
United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
June 10th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that A. B. Hammond, whose post-office address is Portland, Oregon, has made an application to select under the Act of June 4th, 1897 (30 Stats. 36, the following described tract of surveyed land, to wit:

Northeast quarter of Southeast quarter, Section Nineteen, Northeast quarter of Northeast quarter, Section Thirty, Township Three North, Range Nine West, W.M.

Within the next thirty days from the date hereof, all protests or contests against the selection on the ground that the land described or any portion thereof, is more valuable for its mineral than for agricultural purposes, will be received and noted for report to the Commissioner of the General Land Office at Washington, D.C.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

FOREST RESERVE SELECTION.
United States Land Office.
Oregon City, Oregon,
June 19th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that A. B. Hammond, whose post office address is Portland, Oregon, has made application to select under the Act of June 4th, 1897 (30 Stats. 36), the following described tract of surveyed land, to-wit:

Southwest quarter of Northeast quarter, Section Thirty-three, Township Four North, Range Nine West, W.M.

Lot One, Section One, Township Three North, Range Ten West, W.M.

Within the next thirty days from the date hereof, all protests or contests against the selection on the ground that the land described or any portion thereof, is more valuable for its mineral than for agricultural purposes, will be received and noted for report to the Commissione of the General Land Office at Washington, D.C.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,—That in pursuance of a decree and order of sale rendered in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, on the 9th day of June, 1902, in the suit of Embert Maroll, Plaintiff, vs. Ann Malaney, Sophia Johnson, Mary A. Magarrell, T. J. Lucy and E. C. Magarrell, Defendants, and of an execution duly issued out of the said Court in the said suit on the 12th day of June, 1902, I will expose for sale, and sell as the law directs at the door of the Court House of said county, in Tillamook City, Oregon, on Monday, the 21st day of July, 1902, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., the real property situated in Tillamook County, Oregon, and described in said decree and order of sale as follows, to wit:

The W ½ of Se ¼ and lots 6, 7, 8, and 9 of section 19, Tp. 4 S, R. 10 W of the Willamette Meridian in Oregon, except the following lots in the town of Ocean Park, to wit:

Lots 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18, in Block 1; all of Block 2; all of Block 3; Lots 1, 2, 4 and 11, of Block 10 and Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15 and 16 of Block 11 and Lots 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22 of Block 12.

Dated at Tillamook City, Oregon, this 16th day of June, 1902.

H. H. ALDERMAN,
Sheriff of Tillamook Co., Ore.

esting and comforting ... there is a host of unbelievers who are ungallant enough to second the motion of St Louis, "You'll have to show me."

Self-denial is the thermometer ... charity.